

LM4128/LM4128Q SOT-23 Precision Micropower Series Voltage Reference

General Description

Ideal for space critical applications, the LM4128 precision voltage reference is available in the SOT-23 surface-mount package. The LM4128's advanced design eliminates the need for an external stabilizing capacitor while ensuring stability with capacitive loads up to 10 $\mu\text{F},$ thus making the LM4128 easy to use.

Series references provide lower power consumption than shunt references, since they do not have to idle the maximum possible load current under no load conditions. This advantage, the low quiescent current (60 $\mu A)$, and the low dropout voltage (400 mV) make the LM4128 ideal for battery-powered solutions.

The LM4128 is available in four grades (A, B, C, and D) for greater flexibility. The best grade devices (A) have an initial accuracy of 0.1% with guaranteed temperature coefficient of 75 ppm/°C or less, while the lowest grade parts (D) have an initial accuracy of 1.0% and a tempco of 100 ppm/°C.

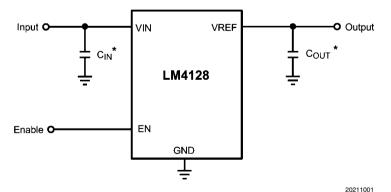
Features

- Output voltage initial accuracy 0.1%
- Low temperature coefficient 75 ppm/°C
- Low Supply Current, 60 μA
- Enable pin allowing a 3 µA shutdown mode
- Up to 20 mA output current
- Voltage options 1.8V, 2.048V, 2.5V, 3.0V, 3.3V, 4.096V
- Custom voltage options available (1.8V to 4.096V)
- V_{IN} range of V_{REF} + 400 mV to 5.5V @ 10 mA
- Stable with low ESR ceramic capacitors
- SOT23-5 Package
- -40°C to 125°C junction temperature range
- LM4128AQ/BQ/CQ/DQ are AEC-Q100 Grade 1 qualified and are manufactured on an Automotive Grade Flow

Applications

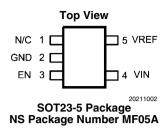
- Instrumentation & Process Control
- Test Equipment
- Data Acquisition Systems
- Base Stations
- Servo Systems
- Portable, Battery Powered Equipment
- Automotive & Industrial Electronics
- Precision Regulators
- Battery Chargers
- Communications
- Medical Equipment

Typical Application Circuit



*Note: The capacitor C_{IN} is required and the capacitor C_{OUT} is optional.

Connection Diagram



Ordering Information

Input Output Voltage Accuracy at 25°C And Temperature Coefficient	LM4128 Supplied as 1000 units, Tape and Reel	LM4128 Supplied as 3000 units, Tape and Reel	Part Marking	Feature
0.1%, 75 ppm/°C (A grade)	LM4128AMF-1.8	LM4128AMFX-1.8	R5AA	
	LM4128AMF-2.0	LM4128AMFX-2.0	R5BA	
	LM4128AMF-2.5	LM4128AMFX-2.5	R5CA	
	LM4128AMF-3.0	LM4128AMFX-3.0	R5DA	
	LM4128AMF-3.3	LM4128AMFX-3.3	R5EA	
	LM4128AMF-4.1	LM4128AMFX-4.1	R5FA	
	LM4128BMF-1.8	LM4128BMFX-1.8	R5AB	
	LM4128BMF-2.0	LM4128BMFX-2.0	R5BB	
0.00/ 75 nnn/00 (B are da)	LM4128BMF-2.5	LM4128BMFX-2.5	R5CB	
0.2%, 75 ppm/°C (B grade)	LM4128BMF-3.0	LM4128BMFX-3.0	R5DB	
	LM4128BMF-3.3	LM4128BMFX-3.3	R5EB	
	LM4128BMF-4.1	LM4128BMFX-4.1	R5FB	
	LM4128CMF-1.8	LM4128CMFX-1.8	R5AC	
	LM4128CMF-2.0	LM4128CMFX-2.0	R5BC	
0.50/ 100 /0.70	LM4128CMF-2.5	LM4128CMFX-2.5	R5CC	
0.5%, 100 ppm/°C (C grade)	LM4128CMF-3.0	LM4128CMFX-3.0	R5DC	
	LM4128CMF-3.3	LM4128CMFX-3.3	R5EC	
	LM4128CMF-4.1	LM4128CMFX-4.1	R5FC	
	LM4128DMF-1.8	LM4128DMFX-1.8	R5AD	
	LM4128DMF-2.0	LM4128DMFX-2.0	R5BD	
1.0%, 100 ppm/°C max	LM4128DMF-2.5	LM4128DMFX-2.5	R5CD	
(D grade)	LM4128DMF-3.0	LM4128DMFX-3.0	R5DD	
	LM4128DMF-3.3	LM4128DMFX-3.3	R5ED	
	LM4128DMF-4.1	LM4128DMFX-4.1	R5FD	

Input Output Voltage Accuracy at 25°C And	LM4128 Supplied as 1000 units, Tape and	LM4128 Supplied as 3000 units, Tape and	Part Marking	Feature
Temperature Coefficient	Reel	Reel	D044	15004000 1 4
	LM4128AQ1MF1.8	LM4128AQ1MFX1.8	R6AA	AEC-Q100 Grade 1
	LM4128AQ1MF2.0	LM4128AQ1MFX2.0	R6BA	qualified. Automotive Grade Production Flow*
0.1%, 75 ppm/°C	LM4128AQ1MF2.5	LM4128AQ1MFX2.5	R6CA	Grade Froduction Flow
(AQ grade)	LM4128AQ1MF3.0	LM4128AQ1MFX3.0	R6DA	
	LM4128AQ1MF3.3	LM4128AQ1MFX3.3	R6EA	
	LM4128AQ1MF4.1	LM4128AQ1MFX4.1	R6FA	
	LM4128BQ1MF1.8	LM4128BQ1MFX1.8	R6AB	AEC-Q100 Grade 1
	LM4128BQ1MF2.0	LM4128BQ1MFX2.0	R6BB	qualified. Automotive
0.2%, 75 ppm/°C	LM4128BQ1MF2.5	LM4128BQ1MFX2.5	R6CB	Grade Production Flow*
(BQ grade)	LM4128BQ1MF3.0	LM4128BQ1MFX3.0	R6DB	
	LM4128BQ1MF3.3	LM4128BQ1MFX3.3	R6EB	
	LM4128BQ1MF4.1	LM4128BQ1MFX4.1	R6FB	
	LM4128CQ1MF1.8	LM4128CQ1MFX1.8	R6AC	AEC-Q100 Grade 1
	LM4128CQ1MF2.0	LM4128CQ1MFX2.0	R6BC	qualified. Automotive
0.5%, 100 ppm/°C	LM4128CQ1MF2.5	LM4128CQ1MFX2.5	R6CC	Grade Production Flow*
(CQ grade)	LM4128CQ1MF3.0	LM4128CQ1MFX3.0	R6DC	
	LM4128CQ1MF3.3	LM4128CQ1MFX3.3	R6EC	
	LM4128CQ1MF4.1	LM4128CQ1MFX4.1	R6FC	
	LM4128DQ1MF1.8	LM4128DQ1MFX1.8	R6AD	AEC-Q100 Grade 1
	LM4128DQ1MF2.0	LM4128DQ1MFX2.0	R6BD	qualified. Automotive
1.0%, 100 ppm/°C max	LM4128DQ1MF2.5	LM4128DQ1MFX2.5	R6CD	Grade Production Flow*
(DQ grade)	LM4128DQ1MF3.0	LM4128DQ1MFX3.0	R6DD	
	LM4128DQ1MF3.3	LM4128DQ1MFX3.3	R6ED	
	LM4128DQ1MF4.1	LM4128DQ1MFX4.1	R6FD	

^{*}Automotive Grade (Q) product incorporates enhanced manufacturing and support processes for the automotive market, including defect detection methodologies. Reliability qualification is compliant with the requirements and temperature grades defined in the AEC-Q100 standard. Automotive grade products are identified with the letter Q. For more information go to http://www.national.com/automotive.

Pin Descriptions

Pin #	Name	Function
1	N/C	No connect pin, leave floating
2	GND	Ground
3	EN	Enable pin
4	VIN	Input supply
5	VREF	Reference output

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Maximum Voltage on any input -0.3 to 6V Output short circuit duration Indefinite Power Dissipation ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$)

(Note 2) 350 mW Storage Temperature Range -65°C to 150°C

Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) 260°C

Vapor Phase (60 sec)	215°C
Infrared (15sec)	220°C
ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	
Human Body Model	2 kV

Operating Ratings

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Maximum Input Supply Voltage} & 5.5\text{V} \\ \text{Maximum Enable Input Voltage} & \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \\ \text{Maximum Load Current} & 20\text{mA} \\ \text{Junction Temperature Range (T}_{\text{J}}) & -40^{\circ}\text{C to} \\ & +125^{\circ}\text{C} \end{array}$

Electrical Characteristics

LM4128-1.8 (V_{OUT} = 1.8V) Limits in standard type are for $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ only, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the junction temperature (T_J) range of -40°C to +125°C unless otherwise specified. Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise specified $V_{IN} = 5V$ and $I_{LOAD} = 0A$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min (Note 4)	Typ (Note 5)	Max (Note 4)	Unit
V _{REF}	Output Voltage Initial Accuracy					
	LM4128A-1.8	(A Grade - 0.1%)	-0.1		+0.1	%
	LM4128B-1.8	(B Grade - 0.2%)	-0.2		+0.2	
	LM4128C-1.8	(C Grade - 0.5%)	-0.5		+0.5	
	LM4128D-1.8	(D Grade - 1.0%)	-1.0		+1.0	
TCV _{REF} / °C (Note	Temperature Coefficient	LM4128A-1.8			75	
6)		LM4128B-1.8			75	n n n / °C
		LM4128C-1.8			100	ppm / °C
		LM4128D-1.8			100	
IQ	Supply Current			60	100	μΑ
I_{Q_SD}	Supply Current in Shutdown	EN = 0V		3	7	μA
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{REF} + 400 \text{ mV} \le V_{IN} \le 5.5 \text{V}$		30		ppm / V
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta I_{LOAD}$	Load Regulation	$0 \text{ mA} \le I_{\text{LOAD}} \le 20 \text{ mA}$		25	120	ppm / mA
ΔV_{REF}	Long Term Stability (Note 7)	1000 Hrs		50		ppm
	Thermal Hysteresis (Note 8)	-40°C ≤ T _J ≤ +125°C		75		
V _{IN} - V _{REF}	Dropout Voltage (Note 9)	I _{LOAD} = 10 mA		200	400	mV
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		170		μV _{PP}
I _{SC}	Short Circuit Current				75	mA
V _{IL}	Enable Pin Maximum Low Input Level				35	%V
V _{IH}	Enable Pin Minimum High Input Level		65			%V

LM4128-2.0 (V_{OUT} = 2.048V) Limits in standard type are for T_J = 25°C only, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the junction temperature (T_J) range of -40°C to +125°C unless otherwise specified. Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at T_J = 25°C, and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise specified V_{IN} = 5V and I_{LOAD} = 0A.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Output Valtage Initial Assurage		(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Note 4)	
V_{REF}	Output Voltage Initial Accuracy					
	LM4128A-2.0	(A Grade - 0.1%)	-0.1		+0.1	%
	LM4128B-2.0	(B Grade - 0.2%)	-0.2		+0.2	
	LM4128C-2.0	(C Grade - 0.5%)	-0.5		+0.5	
	LM4128D-2.0	(D Grade - 1.0%)	-1.0		+1.0	
TCV _{REF} / °C (Note	Temperature Coefficient	LM4128A-2.0			75	
6)		LM4128B-2.0			75	400
		LM4128C-2.0			100	ppm / °C
		LM4128D-2.0			100	
Ι _Q	Supply Current			60	100	μΑ
I _{Q_SD}	Supply Current in Shutdown	EN = 0V		3	7	μΑ
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{REF} + 400 \text{ mV} \le V_{IN} \le 5.5 \text{V}$		30		ppm / V
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta I_{LOAD}$	Load Regulation	0 mA ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 20 mA		25	120	ppm / mA
ΔV_{REF}	Long Term Stability (Note 7)	1000 Hrs		50		ppm
	Thermal Hysteresis (Note 8)	-40°C ≤ T _J ≤ +125°C		75		
V _{IN} - V _{REF}	Dropout Voltage (Note 9)	I _{LOAD} = 10 mA		175	400	mV
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		190		μV _{PP}
I _{sc}	Short Circuit Current				75	mA
V _{IL}	Enable Pin Maximum Low Input Level				35	%V
V _{IH}	Enable Pin Minimum High Input Level		65			%V

LM4128-2.5 (V_{OUT} = 2.5V) Limits in standard type are for T_J = 25°C only, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the junction temperature (T_J) range of -40°C to +125°C unless otherwise specified. Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at T_J = 25°C, and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise specified V_{IN} = 5V and I_{LOAD} = 0A.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min (Note 4)	Typ (Note 5)	Max (Note 4)	Unit	
V_{REF}	Output Voltage Initial Accuracy						
	LM4128A-2.5	(A Grade - 0.1%)	-0.1		+0.1	%	
	LM4128B-2.5	(B Grade - 0.2%)	-0.2		+0.2		
	LM4128C-2.5	(C Grade - 0.5%)	-0.5		+0.5		
	LM4128D-2.5	(D Grade - 1.0%)	-1.0		+1.0		
TCV _{REF} / °C (Note	Temperature Coefficient	LM4128A-2.5			75		
6)		LM4128B-2.5			75	/ 00	
		LM4128C-2.5			100	ppm / °C	
		LM4128D-2.5			100		
Ι _Q	Supply Current			60	100	μA	
I _{Q_SD}	Supply Current in Shutdown	EN = 0V		3	7	μA	
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{REF} + 400 \text{ mV} \le V_{IN} \le 5.5 \text{V}$		50		ppm / V	
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta I_{LOAD}$	Load Regulation	0 mA ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 20 mA		25	120	ppm / mA	
ΔV_{REF}	Long Term Stability (Note 7)	1000 Hrs		50		ppm	
	Thermal Hysteresis (Note 8)	-40°C ≤ T _J ≤ +125°C		75			
V _{IN} - V _{REF}	Dropout Voltage (Note 9)	I _{LOAD} = 10 mA		175	400	mV	
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		275		μV _{PP}	
I _{sc}	Short Circuit Current				75	mA	
V _{IL}	Enable Pin Maximum Low Input Level				35	%V	
V _{IH}	Enable Pin Minimum High Input Level		65			%V	

LM4128-3.0 ($V_{OUT} = 3.0V$) Limits in standard type are for $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ only, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the junction temperature (T_J) range of -40°C to +125°C unless otherwise specified. Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise specified $V_{IN} = 5V$ and $I_{LOAD} = 0A$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min (Note 4)	Typ (Note 5)	Max (Note 4)	Unit	
V _{REF}	Output Voltage Initial Accuracy		(Note 4)	(Note 5)	(Note 4)		
REF	LM4128A-3.0	(A Grade - 0.1%)	-0.1		+0.1	%	
	LM4128B-3.0	(B Grade - 0.2%)	-0.2		+0.2		
	LM4128C-3.0	(C Grade - 0.5%)	-0.5		+0.5		
	LM4128D-3.0	(D Grade - 1.0%)	-1.0		+1.0		
TCV _{REF} / °C (Note	Temperature Coefficient	LM4128A-3.0			75		
6)		LM4128B-3.0			75	/ °C	
		LM4128C-3.0			100	ppm / °C	
		LM4128D-3.0			100		
Ι _Q	Supply Current			60	100	μΑ	
I _{Q_SD}	Supply Current in Shutdown	EN = 0V		3	7	μΑ	
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{REF} + 400 \text{ mV} \le V_{IN} \le 5.5 \text{V}$		70		ppm / V	
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta I_{LOAD}$	Load Regulation	0 mA ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 20 mA		25	120	ppm / mA	
ΔV_{REF}	Long Term Stability (Note 7)	1000 Hrs		50		ppm	
	Thermal Hysteresis (Note 8)	-40°C ≤ T _J ≤ +125°C		75			
V _{IN} - V _{REF}	Dropout Voltage (Note 9)	I _{LOAD} = 10 mA		175	400	mV	
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		285		μV _{PP}	
I _{SC}	Short Circuit Current				75	mA	
V _{IL}	Enable Pin Maximum Low Input Level				35	%V	
V _{IH}	Enable Pin Minimum High Input Level		65			%V	

LM4128-3.3 (V_{OUT} = 3.3V) Limits in standard type are for T_J = 25°C only, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the junction temperature (T_J) range of -40°C to +125°C unless otherwise specified. Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at T_J = 25°C, and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise specified V_{IN} = 5V and I_{LOAD} = 0A.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min (Note 4)	Typ (Note 5)	Max (Note 4)	Unit	
V_{REF}	Output Voltage Initial Accuracy						
	LM4128A-3.3	(A Grade - 0.1%)	-0.1		+0.1	l %	
	LM4128B-3.3	(B Grade - 0.2%)	-0.2		+0.2		
	LM4128C-3.3	(C Grade - 0.5%)	-0.5		+0.5		
	LM4128D-3.3	(D Grade - 1.0%)	-1.0		+1.0		
TCV _{REF} / °C (Note	Temperature Coefficient	LM4128A-3.3			75		
6)		LM4128B-3.3			75		
		LM4128C-3.3			100	ppm / °C	
		LM4128D-3.3			100		
Ι _Q	Supply Current			60	100	μΑ	
I _{Q_SD}	Supply Current in Shutdown	EN = 0V		3	7	μA	
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{REF} + 400 \text{ mV} \le V_{IN} \le 5.5 \text{V}$		85		ppm / V	
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta I_{LOAD}$	Load Regulation	0 mA ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 20 mA		25	120	ppm / mA	
ΔV_{REF}	Long Term Stability (Note 7)	1000 Hrs		50		ppm	
	Thermal Hysteresis (Note 8)	-40°C ≤ T _J ≤ +125°C		75			
V _{IN} - V _{REF}	Dropout Voltage (Note 9)	I _{LOAD} = 10 mA		175	400	mV	
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		310		μV _{PP}	
I _{sc}	Short Circuit Current				75	mA	
V _{IL}	Enable Pin Maximum Low Input Level				35	%V	
V _{IH}	Enable Pin Minimum High Input Level		65			%V	

LM4128-4.1 ($V_{OUT} = 4.096V$) Limits in standard type are for $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ only, and limits in **boldface type** apply over the junction temperature (T_J) range of -40°C to +125°C unless otherwise specified. Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$, and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise specified $V_{IN} = 5V$ and $I_{I,DAD} = 0A$.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min (Note 4)	Typ (Note 5)	Max (Note 4)	Unit	
V _{REF}	Output Voltage Initial Accuracy						
	LM4128A-4.1	(A Grade - 0.1%)	-0.1		+0.1	%	
	LM4128B-4.1	(B Grade - 0.2%)	-0.2		+0.2		
	LM4128C-4.1	(C Grade - 0.5%)	-0.5		+0.5		
-	LM4128D-4.1	(D Grade - 1.0%)	-1.0		+1.0		
TCV _{REF} / °C (Note	Temperature Coefficient	LM4128A-4.1			75		
6)		LM4128B-4.1			75	/ °C	
		LM4128C-4.1			100	ppm / °C	
		LM4128D-4.1			100		
I _Q	Supply Current			60	100	μΑ	
I _{Q_SD}	Supply Current in Shutdown	EN = 0V		3	7	μΑ	
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	$V_{REF} + 400 \text{ mV} \le V_{IN} \le 5.5 \text{V}$		100		ppm / V	
$\Delta V_{REF}/\Delta I_{LOAD}$	Load Regulation	0 mA ≤ I _{LOAD} ≤ 20 mA		25	120	ppm / mA	
ΔV_{REF}	Long Term Stability (Note 7)	1000 Hrs		50		ppm	
	Thermal Hysteresis (Note 8)	-40°C ≤ T _J ≤ +125°C		75			
V _{IN} - V _{REF}	Dropout Voltage (Note 9)	I _{LOAD} = 10 mA		175	400	mV	
V _N	Output Noise Voltage	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		350		μV _{PP}	
I _{SC}	Short Circuit Current				75	mA	
V _{IL}	Enable Pin Maximum Low Input Level				35	%V	
V _{IH}	Enable Pin Minimum High Input Level		65			%V	

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage may occur to the device. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications, see Electrical Characteristics.

Note 2: Without PCB copper enhancements. The maximum power dissipation must be de-rated at elevated temperatures and is limited by T_{JMAX} (maximum junction temperature), θ_{J-A} (junction to ambient thermal resistance) and T_A (ambient temperature). The maximum power dissipation at any temperature is: $P_{DissMAX} = (T_{JMAX} - T_A)/\theta_{J-A}$ up to the value listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings. θ_{J-A} for SOT23-5 package is 220°C/W, $T_{JMAX} = 125$ °C.

Note 3: The human body model is a 100 pF capacitor discharged through a 1.5 $k\Omega$ resistor into each pin.

Note 4: Limits are 100% production tested at 25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed through correlation using Statistical Quality

Note 5: Typical numbers are at 25°C and represent the most likely parametric norm.

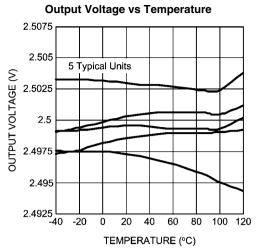
Note 6: Temperature coefficient is measured by the "Box" method; i.e., the maximum ΔV_{REF} is divided by the maximum ΔT .

Note 7: Long term stability is V_{REF} @25°C measured during 1000 hrs.

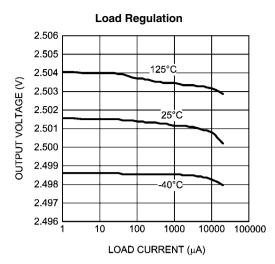
Note 8: Thermal hysteresis is defined as the change in +25°C output voltage before and after cycling the device from (-40°C to 125°C).

Note 9: Dropout voltage is defined as the minimum input to output differential at which the output voltage drops by 0.5% below the value measured with a 5V input.

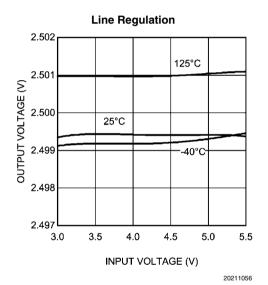
Typical Performance Characteristics for 2.5V

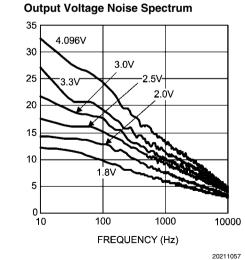


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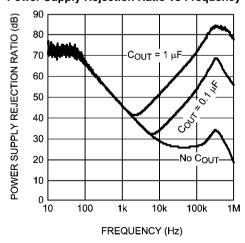


OUTPUT NOISE VOLTAGE (µVrms/rt(Hz))

0.1 - 10 Hz Noise 200 µV/DIV 1sV/DIV

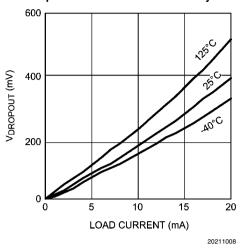
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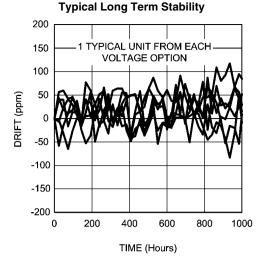
Power Supply Rejection Ratio vs Frequency



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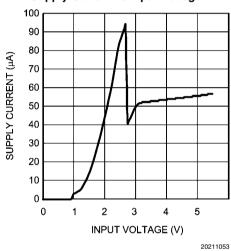
Dropout vs Load to 0.5% Accuracy



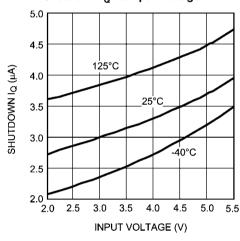


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Supply Current vs Input Voltage

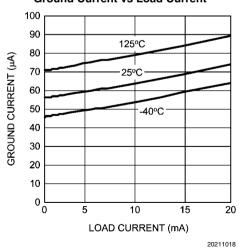


Shutdown I_Q vs Input Voltage



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Ground Current vs Load Current



V_{IN} = 3V to 5V

2V/Div...
V_{IN}

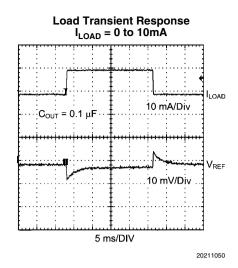
C_{OUT} = 0.1 μF

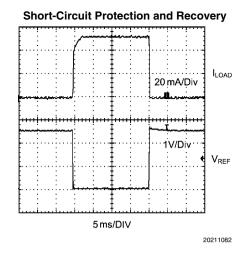
10mV/Div

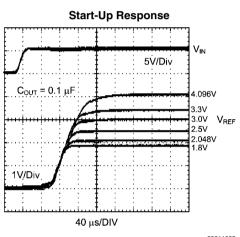
1 ms/DIV

Line Transient Response

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Application Information

THEORY OF OPERATION

The foundation of any voltage reference is the band-gap circuit. While the reference in the LM4128 is developed from the gate-source voltage of transistors in the IC, principles of the band-gap circuit are easily understood using a bipolar example. For a detailed analysis of the bipolar band-gap circuit, please refer to Application Note AN-56.

SUPPLY AND ENABLE VOLTAGES

To ensure proper operation, V_{EN} and V_{IN} must be within a specified range. An acceptable range of input voltages is

$$V_{IN} > V_{REF} + 400 \text{ mV } (I_{I,OAD} \le 10 \text{ mA})$$

The enable pin uses an internal pull-up current source ($I_{PULL_UP} \approx 2~\mu A$) that may be left floating or triggered by an external source. If the part is not enabled by an external source, it may be connected to V_{IN} . An acceptable range of enable voltages is given by the enable transfer characteristics. See the Electrical Characteristics section and Enable Transfer Characteristics figure for more detail. Note, the part will not operate correctly for $V_{EN} > V_{IN}$.

COMPONENT SELECTION

A small ceramic (X5R or X7R) capacitor on the input must be used to ensure stable operation. The value of C_{IN} must be sized according to the output capacitor value. The value of C_{IN} must satisfy the relationship $C_{IN} \ge C_{OUT}$. When no output capacitor is used, C_{IN} must have a minimum value of 0.1 µF. Noise on the power-supply input may affect the output noise. Larger input capacitor values (typically 4.7 µF to 22 µF) may help reduce noise on the output and significantly reduce overshoot during startup. Use of an additional optional bypass capacitor between the input and ground may help further reduce noise on the output. With an input capacitor, the LM4128 will drive any combination of resistance and capacitance up to $V_{RFF}/20$ mA and 10 µF respectively.

The LM4128 is designed to operate with or without an output capacitor and is stable with capacitive loads up to 10 µF. Connecting a capacitor between the output and ground will significantly improve the load transient response when switching from a light load to a heavy load. The output capacitor should not be made arbitrarily large because it will effect the turn-on time as well as line and load transients.

While a variety of capacitor chemistry types may be used, it is typically advisable to use low esr ceramic capacitors. Such capacitors provide a low impedance to high frequency signals, effectively bypassing them to ground. Bypass capacitors should be mounted close to the part. Mounting bypass capacitors close to the part will help reduce the parasitic trace components thereby improving performance.

SHORT CIRCUITED OUTPUT

The LM4128 features indefinite short circuit protection. This protection limits the output current to 75 mA when the output is shorted to ground.

TURN ON TIME

Turn on time is defined as the time taken for the output voltage to rise to 90% of the preset value. The turn on time depends on the load. The turn on time is typically 33.2 μ s when driving a 1 μ F load and 78.8 μ s when driving a 10 μ F load. Some users may experience an extended turn on time (up to 10 ms) under brown out conditions and low temperatures (-40°C).

THERMAL HYSTERESIS

Thermal hysteresis is defined as the change in output voltage at 25°C after some deviation from 25°C. This is to say that thermal hysteresis is the difference in output voltage between two points in a given temperature profile. An illustrative temperature profile is shown in *Figure 1*.

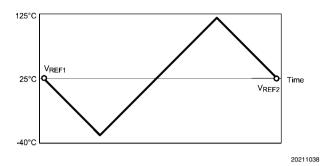


FIGURE 1. Illustrative Temperature Profile

This may be expressed analytically as the following:

$$V_{HYS} = \frac{|V_{REF1} - V_{REF2}|}{V_{RFF}} \times 10^3 \text{ mV}$$

Where

V_{HYS} = Thermal hysteresis expressed in ppm

V_{RFF} = Nominal preset output voltage

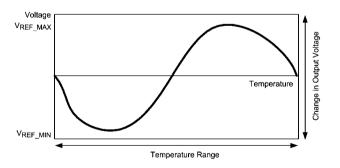
 $V_{REF1} = V_{REF}$ before temperature fluctuation

 $V_{RFE2} = V_{RFE}$ after temperature fluctuation.

The LM4128 features a low thermal hysteresis of 190 μV from -40°C to 125°C.

TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT

Temperature drift is defined as the maximum deviation in output voltage over the operating temperature range. This deviation over temperature may be illustrated as shown in *Figure 2*.



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FIGURE 2. Illustrative Temperature Coefficient Profile

Temperature coefficient may be expressed analytically as the following:

$$T_D = \frac{(V_{REF_MAX} - V_{REF_MIN})}{V_{DEE} \times \Delta T} \times 10^6 \text{ ppm}$$

 $T_D = Temperature drift$

V_{RFF} = Nominal preset output voltage

 $V_{\mathsf{REF_MIN}} = \mathsf{Minimum}$ output voltage over operating temperature range

 $V_{\mathsf{REF_MAX}} = \mathsf{Maximum}$ output voltage over operating temperature range

 ΔT = Operating temperature range.

The LM4128 features a low temperature drift of 75 ppm (max) to 100 ppm (max), depending on the grade, from -40 $^{\circ}$ C to 125 $^{\circ}$ C.

LONG TERM STABILITY

Long-term stability refers to the fluctuation in output voltage over a long period of time (1000 hours). The LM4128 features a typical long-term stability of 50 ppm over 1000 hours. The measurements are made using 5 units of each voltage option, at a nominal input voltage (5V), with no load, at room temperature.

EXPRESSION OF ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical characteristics are typically expressed in mV, ppm, or a percentage of the nominal value. Depending on the application, one expression may be more useful than the other. To convert one quantity to the other one may apply the following:

ppm to mV error in output voltage:

$$\frac{V_{REF} \times ppm_{ERROR}}{10^3} = V_{ERROR}$$

Where:

 V_{REF} is in volts (V) and V_{ERROR} is in milli-volts (mV). Bit error (1 bit) to voltage error (mV):

$$\frac{V_{REF}}{2^n} \times 10^3 = V_{ERROR}$$

 V_{REF} is in volts (V), V_{ERROR} is in milli-volts (mV), and n is the number of bits.

mV to ppm error in output voltage:

$$\frac{V_{ERROR}}{V_{REF}} \times 10^3 = ppm_{ERROR}$$

Where:

V_{REF} is in volts (V) and V_{ERROR} is in milli-volts (mV). Voltage error (mV) to percentage error (percent):

$$\frac{V_{ERROR}}{V_{RFF}} \times 0.1 = Percent_Error$$

Where:

V_{BEE} is in volts (V) and V_{EBBOB} is in milli-volts (mV).

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD and LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS

References in SOT packages are generally less prone to PC board mounting than devices in Small Outline (SOIC) packages. To minimize the mechanical stress due to PC board mounting that can cause the output voltage to shift from its initial value, mount the reference on a low flex area of the PC board, such as near the edge or a corner.

The part may be isolated mechanically by cutting a U shape slot on the PCB for mounting the device. This approach also provides some thermal isolation from the rest of the circuit.

Bypass capacitors must be mounted close to the part. Mounting bypass capacitors close to the part will reduce the parasitic trace components thereby improving performance.

Typical Application Circuits

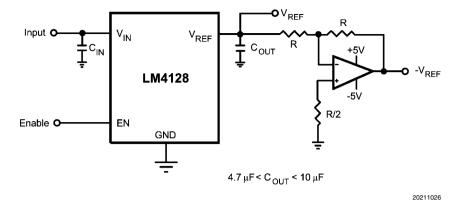


FIGURE 3. Voltage Reference with Complimentary Output

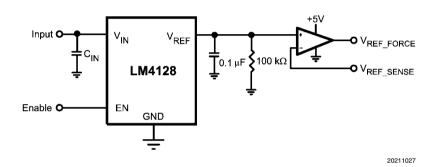


FIGURE 4. Precision Voltage Reference with Force and Sense Output

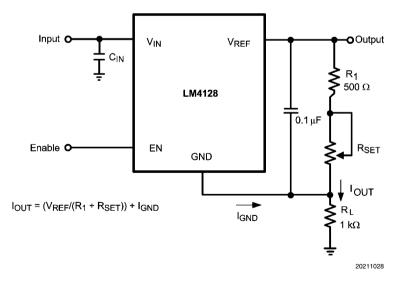
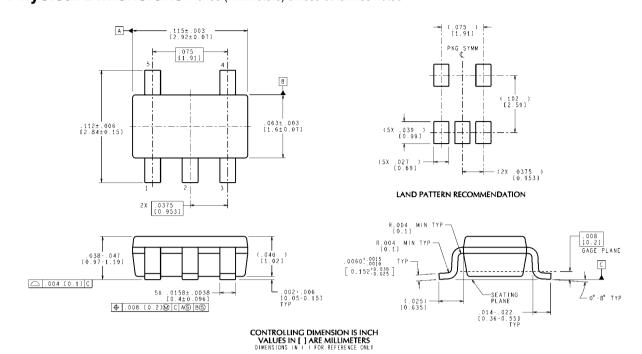


FIGURE 5. Programmable Current Source

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



SOT23-5 Package NS Package Number MF05A MF05A (Rev D)

Notes

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Displays	www.national.com/displays	Green Compliance	www.national.com/quality/green
Ethernet	www.national.com/ethernet	Packaging	www.national.com/packaging
Interface	www.national.com/interface	Quality and Reliability	www.national.com/quality
LVDS	www.national.com/lvds	Reference Designs	www.national.com/refdesigns
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Switching Regulators	www.national.com/switchers		
LDOs	www.national.com/ldo		
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