

RoHS

COMPLIANT HALOGEN

FREE Available

Vishay Siliconix

## P-Channel 12-V (D-S) MOSFET

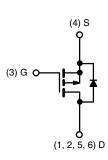
PRODUCT SUMMARY						
V <sub>DS</sub> (V)	<b>R<sub>DS(on)</sub> (Ω)</b>	I <sub>D</sub> (A)	Q <sub>g</sub> (Typ.)			
	0.023 at $V_{GS}$ = - 4.5 V	- 7.9				
- 12	0.029 at $V_{GS}$ = - 2.5 V	- 7.0	22			
	0.041 at V <sub>GS</sub> = - 1.8 V	- 5.9				

### FEATURES

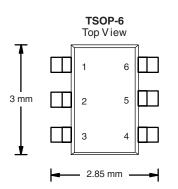
- Halogen free According to IEC61249-2-21
  Definition
- TrenchFET<sup>®</sup> Power MOSFET: 1.8 V Rated
- Ultra-Low On-Resistance
- Compliant to RoHs Directive 2002/95/EC

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Load Switch
- PA Switch



P-Channel MOSFET



Ordering Information: Si3473DV-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free) Si3473DV-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen free) Marking Code: 73xxx

<b>ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS</b> T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted						
Parameter	Symbol	5 s	Steady State	Unit		
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	- 12		V	
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	± 8			
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	- I <sub>D</sub>	- 7.9	- 5.9		
Continuous Drain Current $(T_J = 150 \ ^{\circ}C)^a$	T <sub>A</sub> = 85 °C		- 5.7	- 4.3		
Pulsed Drain Current		I <sub>DM</sub>	- 20		A	
Continuous Source Current (Diode Conduction) <sup>a</sup>	۱ <sub>s</sub>	- 1.7	- 0.9			
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	P	2.0	1.1	W	
Maximum Power Dissipation <sup>a</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> = 85 °C	P <sub>D</sub>	1.0	0.6	vv	
Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Ran	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>stg</sub>	- 55 to 150		°C		

THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS						
Parameter		Symbol	Typical	Maximum	Unit	
	t ≤ 5 s	R <sub>thJA</sub>	45	62.5		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>a</sup>	Steady State		90	110	°C/W	
Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)	Steady State	R <sub>thJF</sub>	25	30		

Notes:

a. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.

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Parameter Symbol		Test Conditions		Тур.	Max.	Unit	
Static							
Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = -250 \ \mu A$	- 0.40		- 1	V	
Gate-Body Leakage	I <sub>GSS</sub>	$V_{DS} = 0 V, V_{GS} = \pm 8 V$			± 100	nA	
Zava Cata Valtaga Drain Current		V <sub>DS</sub> = - 12 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		- 1			
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	$V_{DS}$ = - 12 V, $V_{GS}$ = 0 V, $T_{J}$ = 85 °C			- 5 μA		
On-State Drain Current <sup>a</sup>	I <sub>D(on)</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 5 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = - 4.5 V	- 20			А	
	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	V <sub>GS</sub> = - 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 7.9 A		0.019	0.023	Ω	
Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>a</sup>		V <sub>GS</sub> = - 2.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 7.0 A		0.024	0.029		
		V <sub>GS</sub> = - 1.8 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 3 A		0.033	0.041		
Forward Transconductance <sup>a</sup>	9 <sub>fs</sub>	V <sub>DS</sub> = - 5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = - 7.9 A		28		S	
Diode Forward Voltage <sup>a</sup>	V <sub>SD</sub>	I <sub>S</sub> = - 1.7 A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V		- 0.7	- 1.2	V	
Dynamic <sup>b</sup>		-					
Total Gate Charge	Qg			22	33		
Gate-Source Charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	$V_{DS}$ = - 6 V, $V_{GS}$ = - 4.5 V, $I_D$ = - 7.9 A		3.2		nC	
Gate-Drain Charge Q <sub>gd</sub>				5.8		1	
Turn-On Delay Time	t <sub>d(on)</sub>			25	40		
Rise Time	t <sub>r</sub>	$V_{DD}$ = - 6 V, $R_L$ = 6 $\Omega$		50	75	1	
Turn-Off Delay Time	t <sub>d(off)</sub>	${\rm I}_{\rm D}\cong$ - 1 A, ${\rm V}_{\rm GEN}$ = - 4.5 V, ${\rm R}_{\rm g}$ = 6 $\Omega$		130	200	ns	
Fall Time	t <sub>f</sub>			110	165		
Source-Drain Reverse Recovery Time	t <sub>rr</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = - 1.7 A, dl/dt = 100 A/μs		65	90		

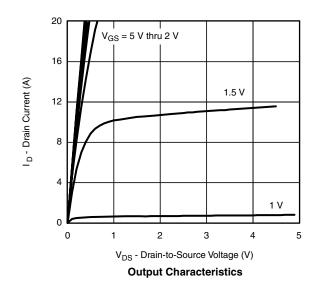
Notes:

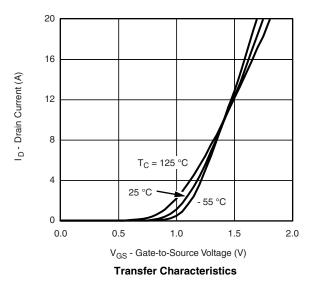
a. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq$  300 µs, duty cycle  $\leq$  2 %.

b. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



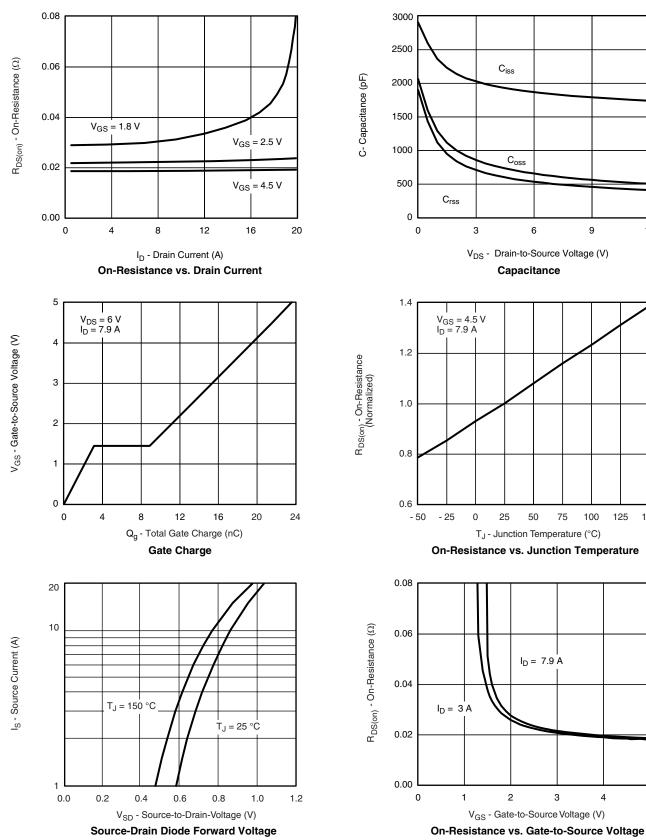




# Si3473DV

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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted

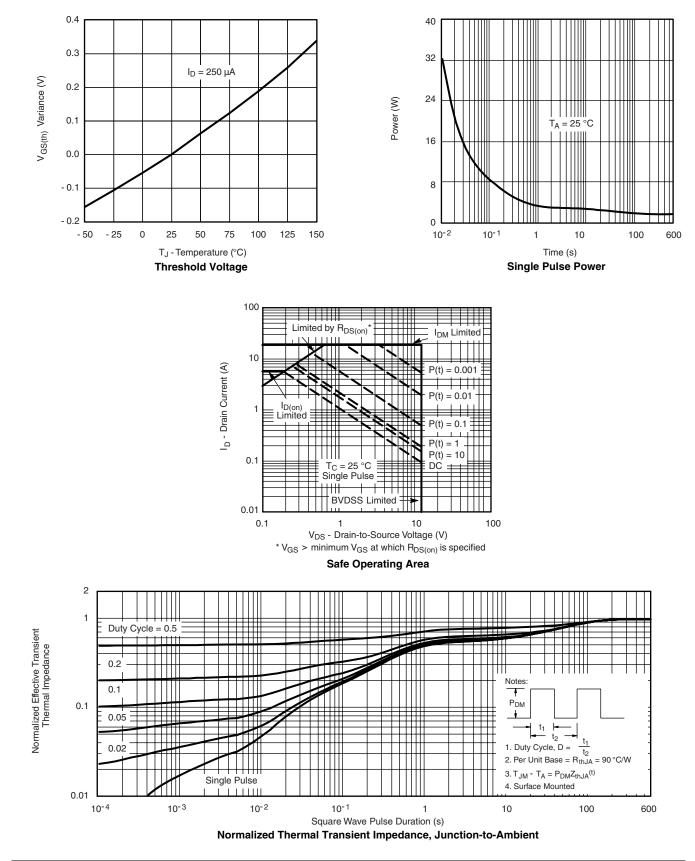


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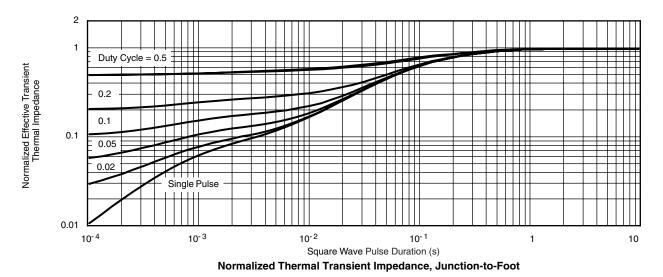
#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted





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#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



Vishay Siliconix maintains worldwide manufacturing capability. Products may be manufactured at one of several qualified locations. Reliability data for Silicon Technology and Package Reliability represent a composite of all qualified locations. For related documents such as package/tape drawings, part marking, and reliability data, see <a href="http://www.vishay.com/ppg271937">www.vishay.com/ppg271937</a>.



Package Information

Vishay Siliconix

TSOP: 5/6-LEAD JEDEC Part Number: MO-193C









6-LEAD TSOP



	MILLIMETERS			INCHES			
Dim	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max	
Α	0.91	-	1.10	0.036	-	0.043	
<b>A</b> <sub>1</sub>	0.01	-	0.10	0.0004	-	0.004	
A <sub>2</sub>	0.90	-	1.00	0.035	0.038	0.039	
b	0.30	0.32	0.45	0.012	0.013	0.018	
С	0.10	0.15	0.20	0.004	0.006	0.008	
D	2.95	3.05	3.10	0.116	0.120	0.122	
Е	2.70	2.85	2.98	0.106	0.112	0.117	
E <sub>1</sub>	1.55	1.65	1.70	0.061	0.065	0.067	
е		0.95 BSC			0.0374 BSC		
<b>e</b> <sub>1</sub>	1.80	1.90	2.00	0.071	0.075	0.079	
L	0.32	-	0.50	0.012	-	0.020	
L <sub>1</sub>		0.60 Ref		0.024 Ref			
L <sub>2</sub>	0.25 BSC			0.010 BSC			
R	0.10	-	-	0.004	-	-	
θ	0°	4°	8°	0°	4°	8°	
$\theta_1$	7° Nom				7° Nom		
ECN: C-06593-Rev. I, 18-Dec-06 DWG: 5540							





# Mounting LITTLE FOOT<sup>®</sup> TSOP-6 Power MOSFETs

Surface mounted power MOSFET packaging has been based on integrated circuit and small signal packages. Those packages have been modified to provide the improvements in heat transfer required by power MOSFETs. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed. What has remained the same is the footprint of the packages.

The basis of the pad design for surface mounted power MOSFET is the basic footprint for the package. For the TSOP-6 package outline drawing see http://www.vishay.com/doc?71200 and see http://www.vishay.com/doc?72610 for the minimum pad footprint. In converting the footprint to the pad set for a power MOSFET, you must remember that not only do you want to make electrical connection to the package, but you must made thermal connection and provide a means to draw heat from the package, and move it away from the package.

In the case of the TSOP-6 package, the electrical connections are very simple. Pins 1, 2, 5, and 6 are the drain of the MOSFET and are connected together. For a small signal device or integrated circuit, typical connections would be made with traces that are 0.020 inches wide. Since the drain pins serve the additional function of providing the thermal connection to the package, this level of connection is inadequate. The total cross section of the copper may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it presents a large thermal impedance. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pins are the heat sources when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

Figure 1 shows the copper spreading recommended footprint for the TSOP-6 package. This pattern shows the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlays the basic pattern on pins 1,2,5, and 6. The copper plane connects the drain pins electrically, but more importantly provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain leads and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. Notice that the planar copper is shaped like a "T" to move heat away from the drain leads in all directions. This pattern uses all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.



FIGURE 1. Recommended Copper Spreading Footprint

Since surface mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common form of soldering for surface mount components, "thermal" connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

#### **REFLOW SOLDERING**

Vishay Siliconix surface-mount packages meet solder reflow reliability requirements. Devices are subjected to solder reflow as a test preconditioning and are then reliability-tested using temperature cycle, bias humidity, HAST, or pressure pot. The solder reflow temperature profile used, and the temperatures and time duration, are shown in Figures 2 and 3.



Ramp-Up Rate	+6°C/Second Maximum
Temperature @ 155 $\pm$ 15°C	120 Seconds Maximum
Temperature Above 180°C	70 – 180 Seconds
Maximum Temperature	240 +5/-0°C
Time at Maximum Temperature	20 – 40 Seconds
Ramp-Down Rate	+6°C/Second Maximum

FIGURE 2. Solder Reflow Temperature Profile

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#### THERMAL PERFORMANCE

A basic measure of a device's thermal performance is the junction-to-case thermal resistance,  $R\theta_{jc}$ , or the junction-to-foot thermal resistance,  $R\theta_{jf}$ . This parameter is measured for the device mounted to an infinite heat sink and is therefore a characterization of the device only, in other words, independent of the properties of the object to which the device is mounted. Table 1 shows the thermal performance of the TSOP-6.

TABLE 1.				
Equivalent Steady State Performance—TSOP-6				
Thermal Resistance $R\theta_{jf}$ 30°C/W				

# SYSTEM AND ELECTRICAL IMPACT OF TSOP-6

In any design, one must take into account the change in MOSFET  $r_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$  with temperature (Figure 4).



# **Application Note 826**

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**RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR TSOP-6** 



Recommended Minimum Pads Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

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