

CY8CKIT-031

PSoC[®] CapSense[®] Expansion Board Kit Guide

Doc. # 001-66474 Rev. *H

Cypress Semiconductor 198 Champion Court San Jose, CA 95134-1709 http://www.cypress.com



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Revision History

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Safety Information



Regulatory Compliance

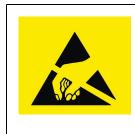
The CY8CKIT-031 is intended for use as a development platform for hardware or software in a laboratory environment. The board is an open system design, which does not include a shielded enclosure. This may cause interference to other electrical or electronic devices in close proximity.

In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference. In this case, the user may be required to take adequate prevention measures. Also, the board should not be used near any medical equipment or RF devices.

Attaching additional wiring to this product or modifying the product operation from the factory default may affect its performance and cause interference with other apparatus in the immediate vicinity. If such interference is detected, suitable mitigating measures should be taken.

The CY8CKIT-031 as shipped from the factory has been verified to meet with requirements of CE as a Class A product.





The CY8CKIT-031 contains electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive devices. Electrostatic charges readily accumulate on the human body and any equipment, and can discharge without detection. Permanent damage may occur on devices subjected to high-energy discharges. Proper ESD precautions are recommended to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality. Store unused CY8CKIT-031 boards in the protective shipping package.

End-of-Life/Product Recycling

This end-of life for this kit is five years from the date of manufacture, mentioned on the back of the box. Contact your nearest recycler for information on how to disposition the kit.



General Safety Instructions

ESD Protection

ESD can damage boards and associated components. Cypress recommends that you perform procedures only at an ESD workstation. If one is not available, use appropriate ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap attached to chassis ground (any unpainted metal surface) on your board when handling parts.

Handling Boards

CY8CKIT-031 boards are sensitive to ESD. Hold the board only by its edges. After removing the board from its box, place it on a grounded, static free surface. Use a conductive foam pad if available. Do not slide board over any surface.



Thank you for your interest in the CY8CKIT-031 PSoC[®] CapSense[®] Expansion Board Kit. The PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit interfaces either of the CY3280 Universal CapSense Module boards with the CY8CKIT-001 PSoC Development Kit, CY8CKIT-030 PSoC 3 Development Kit, or CY8CKIT-050 PSoC 5LP Development Kit. This kit enables you to develop CapSense solutions with the CY3280 Universal CapSense Module boards. The CapSense component in PSoC Creator[™] allows you to develop CapSense solutions with ease. The code examples provided along with this kit give sample solutions.

The PSoC CapSense Expansion Board is based on the PSoC 3 and PSoC 5LP device families. These devices are based on Cypress' Programmable System-on-Chip[™] platform for 8-, 16-, and 32bit applications. PSoC 3/5LP combines precision analog and digital logic with a high-performance CPU. With the PSoC, you can create the exact combination of peripherals and integrated proprietary IP to meet your application needs.

1.1 Kit Contents

The CY8CKIT-031 kit includes:

- CY8CKIT-031 PSoC CapSense Expansion Board
- CY3280-BMM Universal CapSense Matrix Button Module Kit
- CY3280-SLM Universal CapSense Linear Slider Module Kit
- Two 1.5-mm thick overlay and one 3-mm thick overlay
- Quick Start Guide
- Resource CD

1.2 **PSoC Creator**

Cypress' PSoC Creator software is a state-of-the-art, easy-to-use integrated development environment (IDE) that introduces a hardware and software design environment based on classic schematic entry and revolutionary embedded design methodology.

With PSoC Creator, you can:

- Automatically place and route select components and integrate simple glue logic normally located in discrete muxes.
- Trade off hardware and software design considerations allowing you to focus on what matters and getting to market faster.

PSoC Creator also enables you to tap into an entire tools ecosystem with integrated compiler tool chains, RTOS solutions, and production programmers to support both PSoC 3, PSoC 4 and PSoC 5LP.



1.3 Getting Started

To get started, go to Kit Operation chapter on page 13 for a description of the kit operation. This chapter explains how the CapSense expansion board kit connects to a development kit and CY3280 module boards. The Code Examples chapter on page 16 explains code examples provided with the kit. The Appendix chapter on page 32 provides the schematics and bill of materials (BOM) associated with the CapSense Expansion Board Kit.

1.4 Additional Resources

Visit http://www.cypress.com/go/training for additional learning resources in the form of datasheets, technical reference manual, and application notes.

1.4.1 Beginner Resources

AN54181 - PSoC 3 - Getting Started with a PSoC 3 Design Project

AN77759 - Getting Started with PSoC 5LP

PSoC Creator Training

1.4.2 Engineers Looking for More

AN54460 - PSoC 3, PSoC 4, and PSoC 5LP Interrupts

AN52705 - PSoC 3 and PSoC 5LP - Getting Started with DMA

AN52701 - PSoC 3 and PSoC 5LP - Getting Started with Controller Area Network (CAN)

AN54439 - PSoC 3 and PSoC 5LP External Crystal Oscillators

AN52927 - PSoC 3 and PSoC 5LP - Segment LCD Direct Drive

Cypress continually strives to provide the best support. Click here to view a growing list of application notes for PSoC 3, PSoC 4 and PSoC 5LP.

1.4.3 Learning from Peers

Cypress Developer Community Forums

1.4.4 More Code Examples

PSoC Creator provides several example projects that make code development fast and easy. To access these example projects, click on **Find Example Project...** under the **Example and Kits** section in the **Start Page** of PSoC Creator or navigate to **File > Open > Example Project...**



Figure 1-1. Find Example Project

Start Page	Eile	Edit	<u>V</u> iew	<u>D</u> ebug	Project	Buil	d <u>T</u> ools	<u>W</u> indow	He
		<u>N</u> ew			•		BX	50	
PSoC [®] Creator™		<u>O</u> pen			•	6		/orkspace	
		<u>A</u> dd			•	<u> </u>	<u>F</u> ile	Ctrl+0	
Recent Projects		⊆lose		C	trl+F4		Example I	Project	
Create New Project Open Existing Project									
Getting Started									
PSoC Creator Start Page Quick Start Guide Intro to PSoC Intro to PSoC Creator PSoC Creator Training Help Tutorials Getting Started With PSoC 3 Getting Started With PSoC 5									
Examples and Kits Find Example Project									

The Find Example Project section has various filters that help you locate the most relevant project. PSoC Creator provides several starter designs. These designs highlight features that are unique to PSoC devices. They allow you to create a design with various components, instead of creating a new empty design; code is also provided. To use a starter design for your project, navigate to **File > New > Project** and select the design required.

Figure 1-2. New Project

Design Other Empty Templates Empty PSoC 3 Design Empty PSoC 3 Design Empty PSoC 5 Design PSoC 3 Starter Designs Empty PSoC 5 Design	4 4
Empty PSoC 3 Design Empty PSoC 5 Design Empty PSoC 5LP Design	~
PC-C 2 States Devices	
Fold 5 statter Designs	
ADC_DMA_VDAC	
DelSig_I2CS DelSig_SPIM DelSig_SPIM	
HW Fan Control with Alert	
PSoC 5 Starter Designs	
	~
Creates a PSoC 3, 8 bit, design project.	
Name: Design02	
Location: C:\Documents and Settings\sash\Desktop\a	
Advanced	
OK Can	cel



The starter designs and the example project contain a PDF within the project that explains the features of the project and its configuration.

Figure 1-3. Project PDF Location

Workspace Explorer 👻	φ×
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
🔯 Workspace 'HelloWorld_Blinky01' (1 Projects)	$\overline{\nabla}$
🗄 🔁 Project 'HelloWorld_Blinky01' [CY8C3866AXI-040]	ഗ
- 📓 TopDesign.cysch	Source
- 🚱 HelloWorld_Blinky01.cydwr	8
🖨 🗁 Header Files	
🛄 device.h	Components
🖨 🗁 Source Files	9 9
imain.c	onts
HelloWorld_Blinky.pdf	R
	B

Note The example projects and starter designs are designed for CY8CKIT-001 PSoC Development Kit. However, these projects can be converted for use with CY8CKIT-030 PSoC 3 Development Kit or CY8CKIT-050 PSoC 5LP Development Kit by following the procedure in the knowledge base article Migrating CY8CKIT-001 DVK project to CY8CKIT 030/050.

Apart from the example projects and starter designs that are available within PSoC Creator, Cypress continuously strives to provide the best support. Click here to view a growing list of application notes for PSoC 3 and PSoC 5LP.

1.5 Documentation Conventions

Convention	Usage
Courier New	Displays file locations, user entered text, and source code: C:\cd\icc\
Italics	Displays file names and reference documentation: Read about the <i>sourcefile.hex</i> file in the <i>PSoC Designer User Guide</i> .
[Bracketed, Bold]	Displays keyboard commands in procedures: [Enter] or [Ctrl] [C]
File > Open	Represents menu paths: File > Open > New Project
Bold	Displays commands, menu paths, and icon names in procedures: Click the File icon and then click Open .
Times New Roman	Displays an equation: 2+2=4
Text in gray boxes	Describes cautions or unique functionality of the product.

 Table 1-1.
 Document Conventions for Guides



2.1 CD Installation

2.

To install the CY8CKIT-031 PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit software, insert the kit CD into the CD drive of your computer. The CD is designed to auto-run and the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit menu appears.

Figure 2-1. Kit Menu



Note If auto-run does not execute, double-click cyautorun.exe on the root directory of the CD.



After the installation is complete, the kit contents are available in the following location: <Install_Directory>:\PSoC CapSense EBK\<version>\



The setup installs the following software:

- PSoC Creator
- PSoC Programmer
- Kit Documentation
 - Quick Start Guide
 - □ Kit Guide
 - Release Notes
- Firmware
 - Code Examples
- Hardware files
 - Schematic
 - Layout
 - □ BOM

Note The hardware files for CY8CKIT-031, CY3280-Matrix Button Module, and CY3280-Linear Slider Module kits are installed in <Install_Directory>:\PSoC CapSense EBK\<version>\ Hardware.

2.2 Hardware

WARNING Static discharges from the human body can easily reach very high voltages in the order of kilo volts. This can damage the PSoC 3 or PSoC 5LP device on the development kit. Ensure that any static is discharged before touching the hardware. Follow the below steps to avoid any undesired behavior on the board:

- Power off the development kit before making any connections
- Connect the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to the development kit being used
- Connect the CY3280-Universal CapSense Module Board to the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board
- Power the development kit

2.3 Software

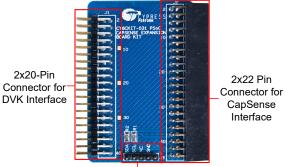
When installing the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit, the installer checks if the prerequisites, PSoC Creator, PSoC Programmer, Windows Installer, .NET, and Keil complier, are installed in your computer. If these applications are not installed, the installer installs them in your PC before installing the kit. If Acrobat Reader application is not installed in your PC, then the installer provides the link to install the same and this does not prevent kit installation. Note that Adobe reader is required to view the kit documents.





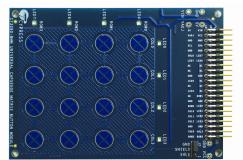
The following figures show the CY8CKIT-031 PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit, CY3280 CapSense Matrix Button Module, and CY3280 CapSense Linear Slider Module.

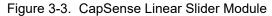
Figure 3-1. CY8CKIT-031 PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit

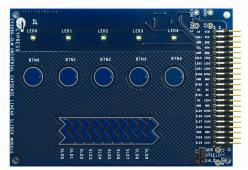


1x5 Pin Connector for I2C Interface

Figure 3-2. CapSense Matrix Button Module







The PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit connects to the development kit using a 2×20-pin connector. It connects to the CY3280 Universal CapSense Module Boards using 2×22-pin connector.



Figure 3-4. PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit Interface with PSoC Development Kit and Universal CapSense Matrix Button Module Kit

Note: The figure shows the Capsense Expansion board connections when PSoC 3 processor module is used. The same connections need to be done when PSoC 5LP Processor module is used

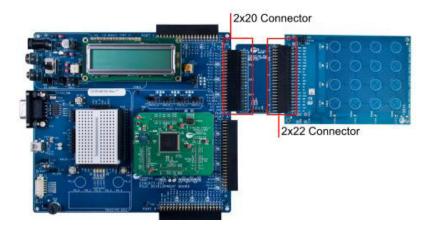
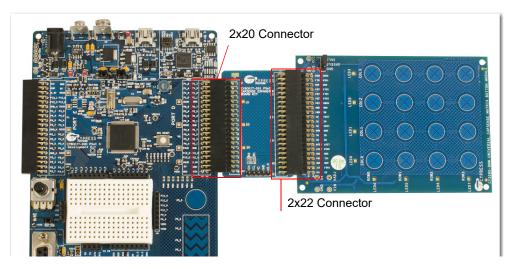


Figure 3-5. PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit Interface with PSoC 3 Development Kit and Universal CapSense Matrix Button Module Kit

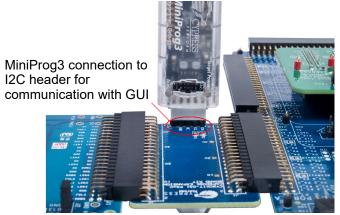
Note: The figure shows the Capsense Expansion board connections when PSoC 3 Development Kit is used. The same connections need to be done when PSoC 5LP Development Kit is used.





The 5-pin connector provides the I^2C interface.

Figure 3-6. I2C Connector



Note The PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit can use only port A of the CY8CKIT-001 PSoC Development Kit. Other ports - port A', port B, and port C cannot be used with this kit.

4. Code Examples



Four code examples are provided with the kit.

- Code Example 1: BMM_USB
- Code Example 2: SLM_USB
- Code Example 3: BMM_I2C_Tuner (works only with MiniProg3)
- Code Example 4: SLM_I2C_Tuner (works only with MiniProg3)

The code examples work with the following development kits:

- CY8CKIT-001 PSoC Development Kit (using PSoC 3 Processor module and PSoC 5LP Processor module)
- CY8CKIT-030 PSoC 3 Development Kit
- CY8CKIT-050LP PSoC 5 Development Kit

The PSoC Development Kit (CY8CKIT-001) examples are named with the suffix _*KIT-001*; the PSoC 3 Development Kit examples are named with the suffix _*KIT-030*. The code examples with suffix _KIT-001 can be used to work with both CY8CKIT-009 (PSoC 3 processor module) and CY8CKIT-010 (PSoC 5LP processor module). Similarly, code examples with suffix _KIT-030 can be used to work with both CY8CKIT-030 and CY8CKIT-050 as well. See Migrating the projects to use with CY8CKIT-050 and CY8CKIT-010 for more details. Use the appropriate examples according to development kit being used.

All code examples are available in the directory <Install_Directory>:\PSoC CapSense EBK \<version>\Firmware.

4.1 Migrating the projects to use with CY8CKIT-050 and CY8CKIT-010

By default, the project works with PSoC 3. To use the project for PSoC 5LP, change the device to CY8C5868AXI-LP035 (Project > Device selector). If CY8CKIT-001 project is being updated for use with PSoC 5 processor module then apart from the changing the device, change the pin mapping of CMOD pin from P2_7 to pin 15_5.

4.2 Code Example 1: BMM_USB

Note The code example requires an USB cable to be connected from the PC to the USB connector on the board.

4.2.1 Project Description

This example shows the CapSense Matrix Button Module (BMM) interfacing with the development kit (CY8CKIT-001, CY8CKIT-030, or CY8CKIT-050LP) through the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board. The example demonstrates the CapSense button matrix operation. When any button is touched, the corresponding row and column LEDs turn on. This example also shows the calculator application in the PC with the CapSense BMM as a keypad.



The BMM module has four row sensors and four column sensors. Touching a button activates the corresponding row and column sensors. The example uses the auto-tuning feature (i.e., the tuning method is set to Auto (Smart-Sense) in the Capsense component), which sets all CapSense parameters to best values automatically. The USBFS component is configured as a HID keyboard. The buttons on the BMM are mapped to keys on the calculator as follows:

	Col 0	Col 1	Col 2	Col3
Row 0	0	1	2	3
Row 1	4	5	6	7
Row 2	8	9		=
Row 3	+	-	*	/

Table 4-1. Button - Key Mapping

The code waits for the USB cable to be connected to the PC from the USB connecter on the board (USB connector J2 on CY8CKIT-030/CY8CKIT-050LP and USB connector J9 on CY8CKIT-001). The code proceeds to CapSense sensor scanning only if USB enumeration is successful. When the USB enumeration is successful, the LED4 on CY8CKIT-030/050 and LED1 on CY8CKIT-001 (a jumper wire connection to P1_6 is required) on board turns on.

The example is tested to work without any overlay. When an overlay of some thickness is used, the Sensitivity parameter should be changed appropriately for Capsense to work. To configure the Sensitivity parameter, double-click on the **CapSense_CSD** component. Click on the **Scan Order** tab. Select the individual CapSense sensor and configure sensitivity as required.

The sensitivity parameter indicates the finger capacitance, which depends on the button area, overlay thickness, and dielectric constant of overlay material.

Configure 'CapSense_CSD'						
Name: Cap Sense						
General Widgets Config Scan Order Advanced Tune Helper Built-in 4 D						
↑ Promote Demote						
Scan slot	Ch0 sensor	Analog switch divider				
0	MatrixButton0_Col0MB	11				
1	MatrixButton0_Col1MB	11				
2	MatrixButton0_Col2MB	11				
3	MatrixButton0_Col3MB	11				
4	MatrixButton0_Row0MB	11				
5	MatrixButton0_Row1MB	11				
6	MatrixButton0_Row2MB	11				
7	MatrixButton0_Row3MB	11				
	can time: N/A SmartSense Total scan time: N/A SmartSense					
	ue: 200 200 uA Sensitivity: 10 💌	Cancel				

Figure 4-1. Configuring 'CapSense_CSD'



To use the overlay, remove the adhesive sticker and stick it onto the board in such a way that all the CapSense buttons and sliders are covered. Ensure that no air gaps or bubbles get trapped in between the board and overlay.

4.2.2 Hardware Connections

For the PSoC Development Kit (CY8CKIT-001)

- Connect the CapSense Matrix Button Module to connector J2 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board.
- Connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board to port A of the development kit.
- Connect J2 on the CapSense Matrix Button Module to short SHIELD and SHLD.
- Connect the USB cable from J9 on the development kit to the PC USB port.
- Connect P1[6] to LED1. This LED is named Enumerate_LED and indicates that USB enumeration is complete.

For the PSoC 3 or PSoC 5LP Development Kit

- Connect the CapSense Matrix Button Module to connector J2 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board.
- Connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board to port D of the development kit.
- Connect J2 on the CapSense Matrix Button Module to short SHIELD and SHLD.
- Connect jumpers J10 and J11 to position 2 and 3 to use the board at 5 V.
- Connect the USB cable from J2 on the development kit to the PC USB port.
- Pin P6[3] is used for the Enumerate_LED, which is connected to LED4 on the board; therefore, an explicit connection is not required.
- Remove LCD from port P8. The LCD module adds parasitic capacitance and noise to CapSense because it shares the same pins of port D that are used for CapSense.
- If MiniProg3 is used, then disconnect it from J3 after programming. The programming port J3 shares the port D pins and adds noise on CapSense if MiniProg3 is present.

Note See Shielding Electrode on page 34 for more details.

4.2.3 Verify Output

Build and program the code example and reset the device. After device is reset, wait for Enumerate_LED to turn on, indicating that the system is ready. Touch a button and see the corresponding row and column LEDs turn on. Open the calculator application in the PC, touch any button, the corresponding key is pressed on calculator (see Table 4-1). Perform different operations on the calculator using CapSense touch buttons.

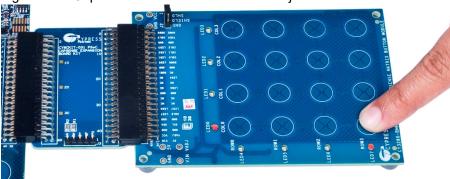


Figure 4-2. CapSense Matrix Button Module Project



4.3 Code Example 2: SLM_USB

Note The code example requires an USB cable to be connected from the PC to the USB connector on the board.

4.3.1 Project Description

This example shows the CapSense Linear Slider Module (SLM) interfacing with the development kit (CY8CKIT-001, CY8CKIT-030, or CY8CKIT-050LP) through the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board. The example demonstrates the CapSense slider and button combination. The SLM module has 10 element slider and five buttons. The module also has five LEDs. Touch a button on the module to turn on the corresponding LED; placing a finger on the slider, turns on the LED nearest to the finger position. The example also shows a media player application in the PC with buttons and slider on the CapSense SLM as media control buttons.

The project uses the auto-tuning feature (i.e., the tuning method is set to Auto (Smart-Sense) in the Capsense component), which sets all CapSense parameters to the best values automatically. The USBFS user module is configured as a HID keyboard. The buttons and slider on the SLM are used as controls for the media player as follows.

BTN0 Play/Pause

BTN1 Stop

BTN2 Mute/UnMute

BTN3 Next Track

BTN4 Previous Track

Slider Left/Right - System Volume UP/DOWN

The code waits for the USB cable to be connected to the PC from the USB connecter on the board (USB connector J2 on CY8CKIT-030/CY8CKIT-050LP and USB connector J9 on CY8CKIT-001). The code proceeds to CapSense sensor scanning only if the USB enumeration is successful. When the USB enumeration is successful, the LED4 on CY8CKIT-030/050 and LED1 on CY8CKIT-001 (a jumper wire connection to P1_6 is required) on the board turns on.

The example is tested to work without any overlay. When overlay is used, the sensitivity parameter should be changed appropriately for Capsense to work. To configure the Sensitivity parameter, double-click on the **CapSense_CSD** component. Click on the **Scan Order** tab. Select the individual CapSense sensor and configure sensitivity as required.

4.3.2 Hardware Connections

For the PSoC Development Kit (CY8CKIT-001)

- Connect the CapSense Linear Slider Module to connector J2 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board.
- Connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to port A of the development kit.
- Connect J2 on the CapSense Linear Slider Module to short SHIELD and SHLD.
- Connect the USB cable from J9 on the development kit to the PC USB port.
- Connect P1[6] to LED1. This LED is named Enumerate_LED and indicates that USB enumeration is complete.

For the PSoC 3 or PSoC 5LP Development Kit

 Connect the CapSense Linear Slider Module to connector J2 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board.



- Connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to the port D of the development kit.
- Connect J2 on the CapSense Linear Slider Module to short SHIELD and SHLD.
- Connect jumpers J10 and J11 to position 1 and 2 to use the board at 3.3 V.
- Connect the USB cable from J2 on the development kit to the PC USB port.
- Pin P6[3] is used for Enumerate_LED, which is connected to LED4 on the board; therefore, an explicit connection is not required.
- Remove LCD from port P8. The LCD module adds parasitic capacitance and noise to CapSense because it shares the same pins of port D that are used for CapSense.
- If MiniProg3 is used, then disconnect it from J3 after programming. The programming port J3 shares the port D pins and adds noise on CapSense if MiniProg3 is present.

Note See Shielding Electrode on page 34 for more details.

4.3.3 Verify Output

Build and program the code example and reset the device. After the device is reset, wait for the Enumerate_LED to turn on, indicating that the system is ready. Touch a button and see the corresponding LED turn on. Place a finger on the slider and see the nearest LED turn on. Open any media player application on the PC. Perform different operations such as Play/Pause, Stop, Mute/Unmute, Next, Previous, and System Volume Control using CapSense Linear Slider Module touch controls.

Figure 4-3. CapSense Linear Slider Module Project





4.4 Code Example 3: BMM_I2C_Tuner

This code example can be executed in 2 ways: With Capsense Tuning (requires I2C interface using MiniProg3) and Without Capsense Tuning (no additional requirements) i.e., the same project can be used to demonstrate the capsense functionality as well as Capsense tuning using Tuner Helper GUI in PSoC Creator. This is done by commenting/uncommenting the line #define ENABLE_TUNING in the main.c file of the code example. PSoC creator does not compile the code under #ifdef (if defined) statement when #define statement is commented (/*..... */ or //). Similarly, when the #define statement is removed from comments, the code required for working with Tuner GUI gets compiled. By default, the project is set to work without Capsense tuning by commenting the #define.

4.4.1 BMM_I2C_Tuning example (Without Tuning)

4.4.1.1 Project Description

This code example provides a platform to build CapSense-based projects. This project demonstrates the use of CapSense Matrix Buttons using Capsense_CSD component in PSoC Creator.

When a Capsense button is touched, the leds corresponding to the Row and Column gets turned ON. The project uses the auto-tuning feature, which sets all CapSense parameters to the best values automatically. The parameter settings can be monitored in the GUI but cannot be altered because they are set by auto-tuning.

4.4.1.2 Hardware Connections

- Connect the CapSense Matrix Button Module to connector J2 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board.
- For the PSoC Development Kit, connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to port A
 of the development kit.
- For the PSoC 3/5LP Development Kit, connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to port D of the development kit. Remove LCD from port P8. LCD module adds parasitic capacitance and noise to CapSense because it shares the same pins of port D that are used for CapSense.
- Connect jumper J2 on the CapSense Matrix Button Slider Module to short SHIELD and SHLD.
- Build and program the code example and reset the device.

Note See Shielding Electrode on page 31 for more details.

4.4.1.3 Verify Output

Touch any button and observe that corresponding row and column LED turns ON.

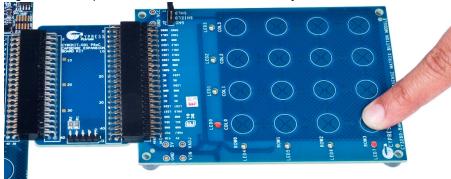


Figure 4-4. CapSense Matrix Button Module Project



Note To evaluate the Capsense tuning part of the code example, a MiniProg3 is required. It does not work without MiniProg3 because the code waits forever in the main loop if I2C communication is not set up. You can buy MiniProg3 through this link http://www.cypress.com/go/CY8CKIT-002.

4.4.2 BMM_I2C_Tuning (With Tuning)

4.4.2.1 Project Description

This code example shows the CapSense Matrix Button Module (BMM) with "Tuner" for monitoring of CapSense outputs. The CapSense outputs such as Rawcounts, Baseline, and Signal (Difference count) can be monitored on the "Tuner" GUI. The project uses the auto-tuning feature, which sets all CapSense parameters to the best values automatically. The parameter settings can be monitored in the GUI but cannot be altered because they are set by auto-tuning. In the manual tuning method, parameter settings can be changed in the GUI and the resulting output can be seen.

The example also makes use of LEDs on the CapSense BMM board. Touching a button turns on the corresponding LED. The code uses tuner APIs. The tuner API CapSense_TunerComm() is used in main loop to scan sensors, which also sends the CapSense variables RawCounts, Baseline, and Difference counts (Signal) to the PC GUI through I2C communication.

The Sensitivity parameter in the CapSense_CSD component configuration is set to '4' and the example is tested to work without any overlay. When an overlay of some thickness is used, the sensitivity parameter should be changed to '1', as shown in Figure 4-1 on page 17. To configure the Sensitivity parameter, double-click on the **CapSense_CSD** component. Click on the **Scan Order** tab. Select the individual CapSense sensor and configure the sensitivity as required.

4.4.2.2 Hardware Connections

- Connect the CapSense Matrix Button Module to connector J2 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board.
- For the PSoC Development Kit (CY8CKIT-001), connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to port A of the development kit.
- For the PSoC 3 or PSoC 5LP Development Kit, connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to port D of the development kit. Remove LCD from port P8. LCD module adds parasitic capacitance and noise to CapSense because it shares the same pins of port D that are used for CapSense.
- Connect jumper J2 on the CapSense Matrix Button Slider Module to short SHIELD and SHLD.
- Build and program the code example and reset the device.
- If MiniProg3 is used, then disconnect it from the programming port and PC. The MiniProg3 is used for I2C communication. Connect MiniProg3 to the J3 header on the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit. Make sure that I2C pins SDA, SCL, and GND on the MiniProg3 are mapped to the corresponding I2C pins on the kit; see Figure 3-6 on page 15 for the connections. Note that when MiniProg3 is used for both I2C and programming, the MiniProg3 should be disconnected from PC every time the connection is changed.

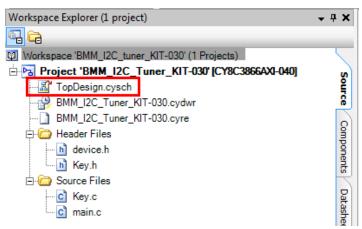
Note See Shielding Electrode on page 34 for more details.



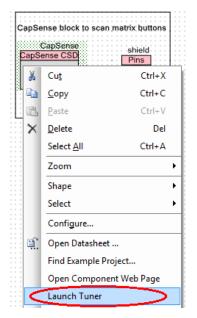
4.4.2.3 Launching Tuner GUI

The Tuner GUI from PSoC Creator should be up and running for the code example to work. To launch the GUI, follow these steps:

1. Go to the project's TopDesign.cysch file.



2. To open the tuner, right-click on the **CapSense_CSD** component in PSoC Creator and click on **Launch Tuner.**





CapSense_CSD Tuner for 'CapSense'. Tuning method: Auto (SmartSense).	
Eile <u>D</u> ebug <u>V</u> alidation <u>T</u> ools	a Hel
Start 📗 Stop 🥳 Configuration 📰 Enable Logging 🖤 Revert Parameters	
Tuning Graphing Validation Logging	
Reset Widgets Layout	MatrixButton0_Col0MB Max value: 255
atrixButton0	- 25
	2.
	- 24
	- 21
	- 1
	- 1
	ET + Hysteresis
	FT + Hysteresis
	Noise Threshold - 5
0 1 2 3	SNR
	IDAC Value 20 Analog Switch Divider 2
	Column Finger Thresh 76
	Column Noise Thresh: 38
	Column Hysteresis 11
	Column Debounce 1
	IdacRange fs_255uA
	ScanSpeed Normal
	Scalispecu Hollia

3. Click on the **Configuration** button to open the configuration window.

4. Set the I2C communication parameters same as that set in the EZI2C component.

Tuner Communication Setup			? 🗙
Ports: Port Information Port Information MiniProg3 version 2.05 [3.08/2.04]	Port Configural I2C Address: Sub-address: ○ 5.0 V ③ 3.3 V ③ 2.5 V ③ 1.8 V ④ External	tion 4 2-Bytes 12C Speed 1 MHz 400 kHz 100 kHz 50 kHz	
		OK Can	ncel

- 5. Select any option for the I2C Voltage other than **External**. The external supply pin on the MiniProg3 VTARG connects to NC on the CY8CKIT-031 board. Therefore, the external supply option does not work with the CY8CKIT-030 and CY8CKIT-050LP.
- 6. Click **OK** to apply the settings.



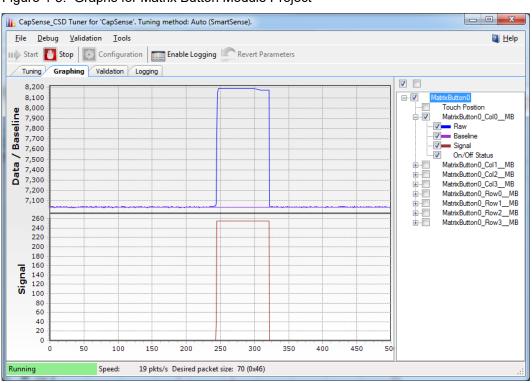
4.4.2.4 Verify Output

1. To start the scanning and communication process, click **Start**.

GapSense_CSD Tuner for 'CapSense'. Tuning method: Auto (SmartSense).	
<u>File Debug Validation Tools</u>	🛛 <u>H</u> elp
Star) Stop Konfiguration Enable Logging Revert Parameters	
Tuning Graphing Validation Logging	
Reset Widgets Layout	MatrixButton0_Col0MB Max value: 255
MatrixButton0	
	- 250
	- 200
	- 150
	FT + Hysteresis - 100
	FT - Hysteresis Noise Threshold - 50
0 1 2 3	
Sensor: MatrixButton0_Col3MB Widget: MatrixButton0MBCol	IDAC Value 20 🔺
	Analog Switch Divider 2
	Column Finger Thresh 76
	Column Noise Thresh: 38 Column Hysteresis 11
	Column Hysteresis 11 Column Debounce 1
	Column Sean Recoluti 12 bite
	IdacRange fs_255uA
	ScanSpeed Normal
Stopped Speed: Desired packet size: 70 (0x46)	

- 2. Open the **Graphing** tab; it shows different CapSense results RawCounts, Baseline, and Difference count (signal) for each sensor.
- 3. Select the sensor parameter to observe, as shown in Figure 4-5. See the graph for different variables.
- 4. Touch the button and observe the increase in counts. **Note**: The Tuner GUI does not show correct output if multiple buttons are touched.





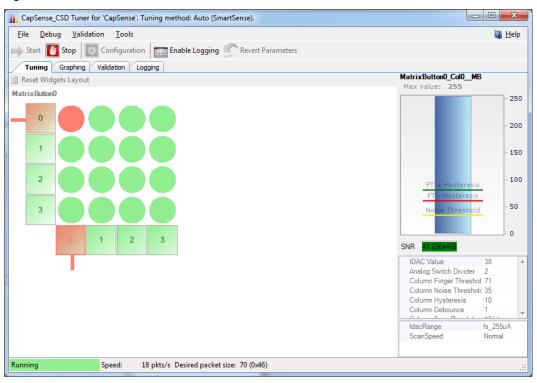


Touch any button and observe the corresponding LED turned on. Figure 4-5 shows the monitoring of RawCounts, Baseline, and Difference count (signal) for the Column 0 sensor.

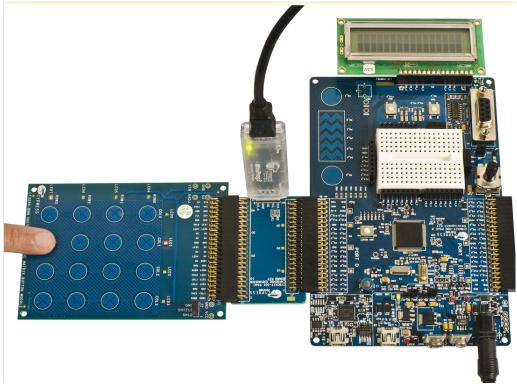
5. Open the **Tuning** tab and select a sensor row or column. Different CapSense parameters are shown on the bottom-right. Because auto-tuning is used in this project, you cannot edit the settings. Auto-tuning automatically sets all the parameters. The GUI is used to monitor the CapSense variables RawCounts, Baseline, and Signal for all sensors. Touch the button 0 (Row 0 Col 0) to see the sensor response in the tuner window, as shown in Figure 4-6. Also, observe that the corresponding row and col LED on the module board turns on.



Figure 4-6. Tuner Window









4.5 Code Example 4: SLM_I2C_Tuner

This code example can be executed in 2 ways: With Capsense Tuning (requires I2C interface using MiniProg3) and Without Capsense Tuning (no additional requirements) i.e., the same project can be used to demonstrate the capsense functionality as well as Capsense tuning using Tuner Helper GUI in PSoC Creator. This is done by commenting/uncommenting the line #define ENABLE_TUNING in the main.c file of the code example. PSoC creator does not compile the code under #ifdef (if defined) statement when #define statement is commented (/*..... */ or //). Similarly, when the #define statement is removed from comments, the code required for working with Tuner GUI gets compiled. By default, the project is set to work without Capsense tuning by commenting the #define.

4.5.1 SLM_I2C_Tuning example (Without Tuning)

4.5.1.1 Project Description

This code example provides a platform to build CapSense-based projects. This project demonstrates the use of CapSense Slider Module using Capsense_CSD component in PSoC Creator.

When a Capsense button is touched, the corresponding LED is turned ON. If a finger is placed on the slider, the nearest LED turns ON and the finger position is displayed on LCD. The project uses the auto-tuning feature, which sets all CapSense parameters to the best values automatically. The parameter settings can be monitored in the GUI but cannot be altered because they are set by auto-tuning.

4.5.1.2 Hardware Connections

- Connect the CapSense Linear Slider Module to connector J2 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board.
- For the PSoC Development Kit, connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to port A
 of the development kit.
- For the PSoC 3/5LP Development Kit, connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to port E of the development kit.
- Connect the LCD to connector P8.
- Connect jumper J2 on the CapSense Matrix Button Slider Module to short SHIELD and SHLD.
- Remove the SAR Bypass jumpers SAR1_BYP (J43) and SAR2_BYP (J44).
- Build and program the code example and reset the device.

Note See Shielding Electrode on page 31 for more details.

4.5.1.3 Verify Output

Touch any button and observe the corresponding LED turn on. Place a finger on the slider; the nearest LED turns on and the finger position is displayed on the LCD.



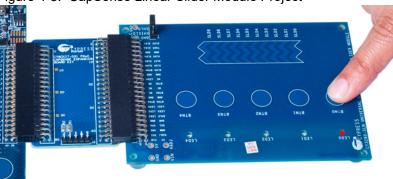


Figure 4-8. CapSense Linear Slider Module Project

Notes

- To evaluate the Capsense tuning part of the code example, a MiniProg3 is required. It does not work without MiniProg3 because the code waits forever in the main loop if I2C communication is not set up. You can buy MiniProg3 at http://www.cypress.com/go/CY8CKIT-002.
- The example uses **Port E** for the PSoC 3 and PSoC 5LP development kits and includes an LCD to display the slider position.

4.5.2 SLM_I2C_Tuning (With Tuning)

4.5.2.1 Project Description

This code example shows the CapSense Linear Slider Module (SLM) with "Tuner" for monitoring CapSense outputs. The CapSense outputs such as Rawcounts, Baseline, and Signal (Difference count) can be monitored on the "Tuner" GUI. The project uses the auto-tuning feature, which sets all CapSense parameters to best values automatically.

The project includes a character LCD for displaying the slider position. The slider position is displayed as a horizontal bar graph on the character LCD. The LEDs on the CapSense SLM board turn on when the corresponding button is touched. When a slider is touched, the nearest LED turns on. The code uses tuner APIs. The tuner API CapSense_TunerComm() is used in the main loop to scan sensors, which also sends the CapSense variables RawCounts, Baseline, and Difference counts (Signal) to the PC GUI through I2C communication.

The example is tested to work without any overlay. When an overlay is used, the sensitivity parameter should be changed appropriately for the Capsense to work. To configure the Sensitivity parameter, double-click on the **CapSense_CSD** component. Click on the **Scan Order** tab. Select the individual CapSense sensor and configure the sensitivity as required.

4.5.2.2 Hardware Connections

Note The example uses **Port E** for the PSoC 3 and PSoC 5LP development kits instead of port D as with the other examples. This is to accommodate the LCD, which uses the same pins of port D as the CapSense.

- Connect the CapSense Linear Slider Module to connector J2 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board.
- Connect jumper J2 on the CapSense Linear Slider Module to short SHIELD and SHLD.
- For the PSoC Development Kit
 - □ Connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to port A of the development kit.
 - □ Connect the LCD to P18 and place jumper J12 in the ON position to power on the LCD.



- For the PSoC 3 or PSoC 5LP Development Kit
 - □ Connect J1 of the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit to port E of the development kit.
 - □ Connect the LCD to connector P8.
- Remove the SAR Bypass jumpers SAR1_BYP (J43) and SAR2_BYP (J44).
- Build and program the board. Reset the device.
- If MiniProg3 is used, disconnect it from the programming port and PC. The MiniProg3 is used for I2C communication. Connect the MiniProg3 to the J3 header¹ on the PSoC CapSense Expansion Board Kit. Make sure that I2C pins SDA, SCL, and GND on the MiniProg3 are mapped to the corresponding I2C pins on the kit; see Figure 3-6 on page 15 for the connections. Note that when MiniProg3 is used for both I2C and programming, the MiniProg3 should be disconnected from the PC every time a connection is changed.

Note See Shielding Electrode on page 34 for more details.

4.5.2.3 Launching Tuner GUI

See Launching Tuner GUI on page 23 for details.

4.5.2.4 Verify Output

Monitor the parameter settings and waveforms for different CapSense sensors. Touch any button and observe the corresponding LED turn on. Place a finger on the slider; the nearest LED turns on and the finger position is displayed on the LCD.

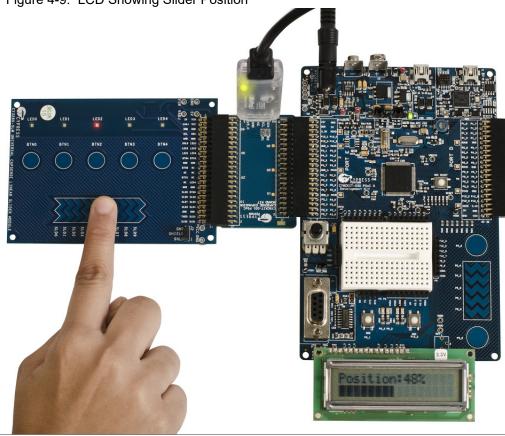


Figure 4-9. LCD Showing Slider Position

1. Please note the orientation of MiniProg3 while connecting on the board.



Figure 4-10 shows the monitoring of RawCounts, Baseline, and Difference count (signal) for the Column 0 sensor.

Figure 4-10. Graphs for CapSense Linear Slider Module Project

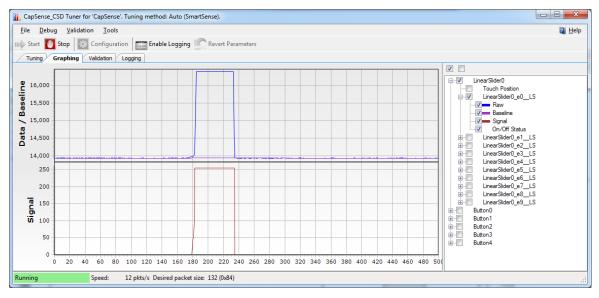
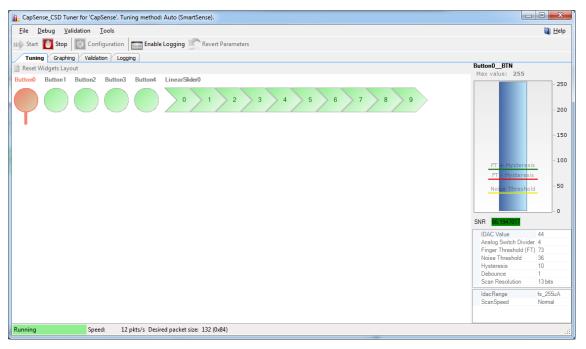


Figure 4-11. Tuner Window

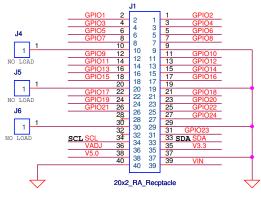


Note The CY8CKIT-001 PSoC Development Kit gives lesser SNR performance. The kit is not designed to give optimal CapSense performance. Only 1.5 mm overlay should be used with the PSoC Development Kit.

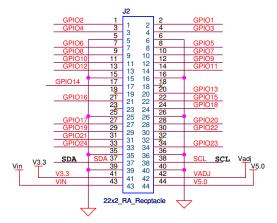
A. Appendix



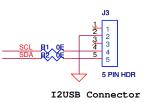
A.1 Schematic



From Expansion Connector of DVK



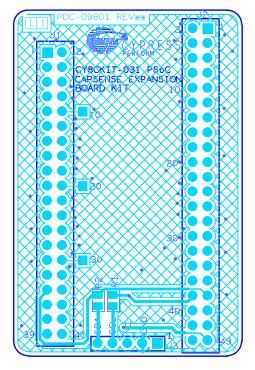
To CapSense Connector



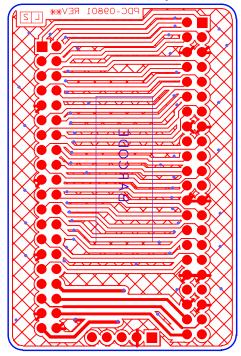


A.2 Board Layout

A.2.1 PDC-09801 Top Layer



A.2.2 PDC-09801 Bottom Layer





A.3 Bill of Materials (BOM)

ltem	Qty.	Reference	Value	Description	Manufacturer	Mfr Part Number	
				РСВ	Cypress	PDC-09801 Rev**	
1	1	J1	40 Pin Header	CONN HEADER .100 DUAL R/A 40POS	Sullins Electronics Corp.	PBC20DBAN	
2	1	J2	44 Pin Header	CONN FMALE 44POS DL .1" R/A GOLD	Sullins Electronics Corp.	PPPC222LJBN-RC	
3	1	J3	5 Pin Header	CONN HEADER VERT 5POS .100 TIN	Molex/Waldom Electronics	22-28-4050	
4	2	R1, R2	Zero	RES 0.0 OHM 1/10W 5% 0805 SMD	Panasonic-ECG	ERJ-6GEY0R00V	
Insta	Install on the bttom of the PCB as close to the corners as possible						
5	2	N/A	BUMPER	BUMPER CLEAR .500X.23" SQUARE	Richco Plastic Co	RBS-3R	

A.4 Board Files

The board files for the CY3280 Matrix Button Module and CY3280 Linear Slider Module are available at <Install_Directory>:\PSoC CapSense EBK\<version>\Hardware.

A.5 Shielding Electrode

Some applications require reliable operation in the presence of water films or droplets. White goods, automotive applications, various industrial applications, and others need capacitive sensors that do not provide false triggering because of water, ice, and humidity changes. In this case, a separate shielding electrode can be used. This electrode is located behind or outside the sensing electrode. When water films are located on the device insulation overlay surface, the coupling between the shielding and sensing electrodes is increased. The shielding electrode allows you to reduce the influence of parasitic capacitance, which gives you more dynamic range for processing sense capacitance changes.

In some applications, it is useful to select the shielding electrode signal and its placement relative to the sensing electrode such that increasing the coupling between these electrodes causes the opposite of the touch change of the sensing electrode capacitance measurement. This simplifies the high level software API work. The CSD User Module supports separate output for the shielding electrode.

A.6 Regulatory Compliance Information

CY8CKIT-031 has been tested and verified to comply with the following electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations.

- CISPR 22 Emissions
- EN 55022 Class A Immunity (Europe)

Revision History



Document Revision History

Revision	ECN#	Issue Date	Origin of Change	Description of Change
**	3191556	03/09/2011	PVKV	Initial version of kit guide.
*A	3210076	03/30/2011	PVKV	Added notes in Code Examples chapter on page 16.
*В	3290010	06/22/2011	SSUT	Updated "Verify Output" on page 25.
*C	3467134	12/16/2011	SASH	Updated PSoC Creator version.
*D	3596461	04/23/2012	SASH	Updated "Additional Resources" on page 8.
				Added Safety Information chapter on page 5.
*E	3742717	09/13/2012	SASH	Updated the images in Code Examples chapter on page 16.
				"Shielding Electrode" on page 34, and "Regulatory Compliance Information" on page 34.
				Updated Introduction chapter on page 7:
				Updated description.
				Updated "PSoC Creator" on page 7:
				Updated description.
				Updated "Additional Resources" on page 8:
				Updated "Beginner Resources" on page 8:
				Added "AN77759 - Getting Started with PSoC 5LP" in the list.
				Updated "Engineers Looking for More" on page 8:
				Updated titles of all application notes.
				Added "More Code Examples" on page 8.
۴F	4194658	11/19/2013	SASH	Updated Installation chapter on page 11:
				Updated "CD Installation" on page 11:
				Updated Figure 2-1.
				Updated "Hardware" on page 12:
				Updated description.
				Updated "Software" on page 12:
				Updated description.
				Updated Kit Operation chapter on page 13:
				Added Note for Figure 3-4 on page 14.
		1		Added Note for Figure 3-5 on page 14.



Revision	ECN#	Issue Date	Origin of Change	Description of Change
				Updated Code Examples chapter on page 16:
	4194658		SASH	Removed "Code Example 1: BMM_LED".
				Added "Migrating the projects to use with CY8CKIT-050 and CY8CKIT-010" on page 16.
				Updated "Code Example 1: BMM_USB" on page 16.
				Updated "Project Description" on page 16:
				Updated description.
				Added Figure 4-1 on page 17.
				Updated "Hardware Connections" on page 18:
				Updated description.
		11/19/2013		Removed "Code Example 3: SLM_LED".
				Updated "Code Example 2: SLM_USB" on page 19:
				Updated "Project Description" on page 19:
				Updated description.
				Updated "Hardware Connections" on page 19:
				Updated description.
				Updated "Verify Output" on page 20:
				Updated description.
				Updated "Code Example 3: BMM_I2C_Tuner" on page 21:
*F (Cont.)				Added description.
				Added "BMM_I2C_Tuning example (Without Tuning)" on page 21.
				Updated "BMM_I2C_Tuning (With Tuning)" on page 22:
				Updated "Hardware Connections" on page 22:
				Updated description.
				Updated "Launching Tuner GUI" on page 23:
				Updated screenshots for step 1, step 2 and step 3.
				Updated "Verify Output" on page 25:
				Added a note below step 4.
				Updated screenshots for step 1, step 4 and step 5.
				Updated "Code Example 4: SLM_I2C_Tuner" on page 28:
				Added description.
				Added "SLM I2C Tuning example (Without Tuning)" on page 28.
				Updated "SLM I2C Tuning (With Tuning)" on page 29:
				Updated "Project Description" on page 29:
				Updated description.
				Updated "Hardware Connections" on page 29:
				Updated description.
				Updated "Verify Output" on page 30:
				Updated Figure 4-10, Figure 4-11.
			ļ	Updated to new template.
*G	4700103	03/25/2015	SASH	No technical updates.
				Completing Sunset Review.
Н	6120701	04/03/2018	RKAD	Updated to new template.
				Completing Sunset Review.

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