

SNOSAL0C-DECEMBER 2004-REVISED APRIL 2013

LMS4684 0.5Ω Low-Voltage, Dual SPDT Analog Switch

Check for Samples: LMS4684

## **FEATURES**

- NC Switch R<sub>ON</sub> 0.5Ω max @ 2.7V •
- NO Switch R<sub>ON</sub> 0.8Ω max @ 2.7V
- 5 nA (typ) Supply Current  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$
- 1.8 to 5.5V Single Supply Operation
- 12-Bump DSBGA Package
- WSON-10 Package, 3x4mm

## APPLICATIONS

- **Power Routing**
- **Battery-Operated Equipment**
- **Communications Circuits**
- Modems

 $v^{*}$ 

NO1

COM1

IN1

NC1

the board

**Cell Phones** 

### **Connection Diagram**

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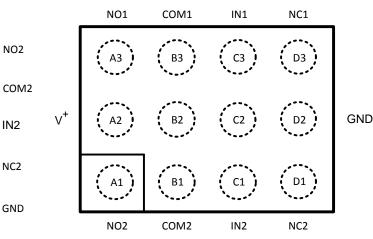
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## DESCRIPTION

The LMS4684 is a low on-resistance, low voltage dual SPDT (Single-Pole/Double-Throw) analog switch that operates from a 1.8V to 5.5V supply. The LMS4684 features a  $0.5\Omega$  R<sub>ON</sub> for its NC switch and  $0.8\Omega$   $R_{ON}$  for its NO switch at a 2.7V supply. The digital logic inputs are 1.8V logic-compatible with a 2.7V to 3.3V supply and features break-before-make switching action.

The LMS4684 is available in the 12-bump DSBGA and the 10-lead WSON miniature packages. These PCB real estate saving packages offer extreme performance while saving money with small footprints.



Center Bumps B2 and C2 are Not Electrically Connected

#### Figure 2. 12-Bump DSBGA Package-Top View (Bumped Side Down)

AA

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GND

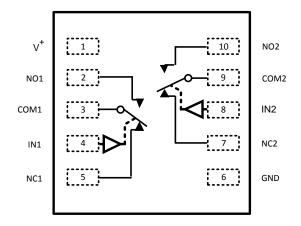
Exposed pad on back of package needs to be connected to pin 6 on

Figure 1. 10-WSON Package-Top View



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### SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



IN	NO	NC				
0	Off	On				
1	On	Off				
Switches shown for Logic "0" input						

#### PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Name	Р	'in ID	Description
	WSON	DSBGA	
NC	5, 7	D3, D1	Analog switch normally closed terminal
IN	4, 8	C3, C1	Digital control input
COM	3, 9	B3, B1	Analog switch common terminal
NO	2, 10	A3, A1	Analog switch normally open terminal
V <sup>+</sup>	1	A2	Positive supply voltage
GND	6	D2	Ground
		B2, C2	Not electrically connected. Can be used to help dissipate heat by connecting to GND pin.



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (1)(2)(3)

V <sup>+</sup>	-0.3V to 6.0V				
IN		-0.3V to 6.0V			
COM, NO, NC	-0.3V to (V <sup>+</sup> + 0.3V)				
Continuous Switch Current	ntinuous Switch Current				
ESD Tolerance <sup>(4)</sup>	Human Body Model	2000V			
	Machine Model	200V			
Storage Temperature Range		-65°C to 150°C			
Junction Temperature <sup>(5)</sup>		150°C Max			

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but specific performance is not guaranteed.

(2) All voltages are with respect to GND, unless otherwise specified.

- (3) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the Texas Instruments Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.
- (4) Human body model: 1.5 k $\Omega$  in series with 100 pF. Machine model,  $0\Omega$  in series with 200 pF.
- (5) The maximum power dissipation is a function of  $T_{J(max)}$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$  and  $T_A$ .



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### **OPERATING RATINGS**

Nominal Supply Voltage	1.8V to 5.5V
IN Voltage (regardless of supply)	-0.3V to 5.5V
Temperature Range	-40°C to 85°C

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but specific performance is not guaranteed.

All voltages are with respect to GND, unless otherwise specified. (2)

## PACKAGE THERMAL RESISTANCE

Package	θ <sub>J-A</sub>
WSON-10	43°C / W
DSBGA-12	57°C / W

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Unless otherwise specified, V<sup>+</sup> = 2.7 to 3.3V, V<sub>IH</sub> = 1.4V, V<sub>IL</sub> = 0.5V. Typical values are measured at 3V, and T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C. Boldface limits apply at temperature extremes.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
V <sub>NO</sub> , V <sub>NC</sub> , V <sub>COM</sub>	Analog Signal Range			0		V+	V
R <sub>ON (NC)</sub>	NC On-Resistance <sup>(1)</sup>	$V^+ = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 10$ $V_{NC} = 0$ to $V^+$	0 mA,		0.3	0.5	Ω
R <sub>ON (NO)</sub>	NO On-Resistance	$V^+ = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 10$ $V_{NO} = 0$ to $V^+$	0 mA,		0.45	0.8	Ω
$\Delta R_{ON}$	On-Resistance Match Between Channels <sup>(1)</sup> , <sup>(2)</sup>	$V^+ = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 10$ V <sub>NC</sub> or V <sub>NO</sub> =1.5V	0 mA,		1.11	60	mΩ
D	NC-On-Resistance	$V^+ = 2.7V,$	WSON T <sub>J</sub> = -40°C to 85°C		0.1	0.25	0
R <sub>FLAT(NC)</sub>	Flatness <sup>(3)</sup>	$I_{COM} = 100 \text{ mA},$ $V_{NC} = 0 \text{ to } V^+$	DSBGA T <sub>J</sub> = -40°C to 85°C		0.1	0.25	Ω
R <sub>FLAT(NO)</sub>	NO On-Resistance Flatness <sup>(3)</sup>	$V^+ = 2.7V, I_{COM} = 10$ $V_{NO} = 0$ to $V^+$	0 mA,		0.18	0.35	Ω
	NO or NC Off Leakage	$V^{+} = 3.3V, V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{N}$	-1	0.014	1	- 4	
NO(OFF) or I <sub>NC(OFF)</sub>	Current	$0.3V; V_{COM} = 0.3V, 3$	-10		10	nA	
		$V^+$ = 3.3V, $V_{NO}$ or $V_N$	-2		2		
I <sub>COM</sub> (ON)	COM On Leakage Current	0.3V, or floating; V <sub>CC</sub> floating	-20		20	nA	
Dynamic Characte	ristics						
	Turn-On Time	$V^{+} = 2.7V, V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{N}$	<sub>IC</sub> = 1.5V;		38	60	
t <sub>ON</sub>	rum-On time	$R_L = 50\Omega; C_L = 35 pl$			70	ns	
	Turn-Off Time	$V^+ = 2.7V, V_{NO} \text{ or } V_N$	<sub>IC</sub> = 1.5V;		22	40	
t <sub>OFF</sub>	rum-On nme	$R_{L} = 50\Omega; C_{L} = 35 \text{ pl}$			50	ns	
t <sub>BBM</sub>	Break-Before-Make Delay	$V^{+} = 2.7V, V_{NO} \text{ or } V_{N}$ $R_{L} = 50\Omega; C_{L} = 35 \text{ pl}$	<sub>IC</sub> = 1.5V; <del>-</del> ;	2	15		ns
Q	Charge Injection	COM = 0; R <sub>S</sub> = 0; C <sub>L</sub>	= 1 nF;		200		рС
V <sub>ISO</sub>	Off-Isolation (4)	$R_L = 50\Omega; C_L = 5 \text{ pF}; f = 100 \text{ kHz}$			-68		dB
V <sub>CT</sub>	Crosstalk				-72		dB
Digital I/O					• • •		
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input Logic High			1.4			V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Logic Low					0.5	V

Guaranteed by design. (1)

(2)

 $\Delta R_{ON}$  is equal to the difference between NC1/NC2  $R_{ON}$  or NO1/NO2  $R_{ON}$  at a specified voltage. Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog (3) signal ranges.

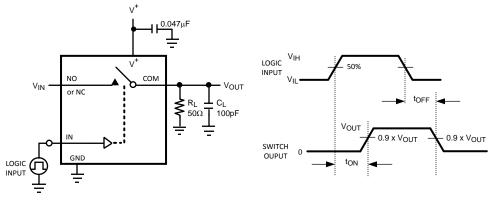
Off-isolation = 20  $\log_{10}(V_{COM}/V_{NO})$ , where  $V_{COM}$  = output,  $V_{NO}$  = input switch off. (4)

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Unless otherwise specified, V<sup>+</sup> = 2.7 to 3.3V,  $V_{IH}$  = 1.4V,  $V_{IL}$  = 0.5V. Typical values are measured at 3V, and  $T_J$  = 25°C. **Boldface** limits apply at temperature extremes.

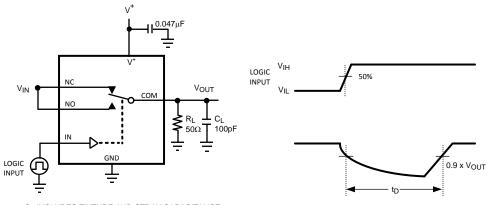
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Мах	Units
I <sub>IN</sub>	IN Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = 0 \text{ or } V^+$	-1		1	μA
Power Supply						
V+	Power-Supply Range		1.8		5.5	V
l+	Supply Current	V+ = 5.5V		5		nA

### PARAMETRIC MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



CL INCLUDES FIXTURE AND STRAY CAPACITANCE





CL INCLUDES FIXTURE AND STRAY CAPACITANCE

Figure 4. Break-Before Make Delay

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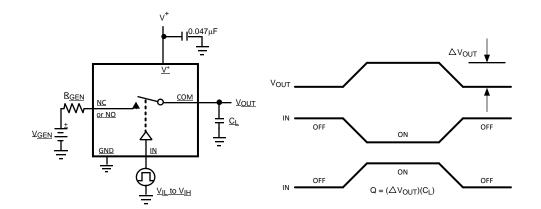
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LMS4684



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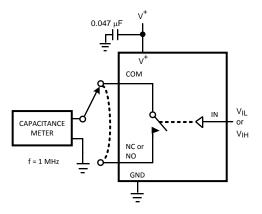
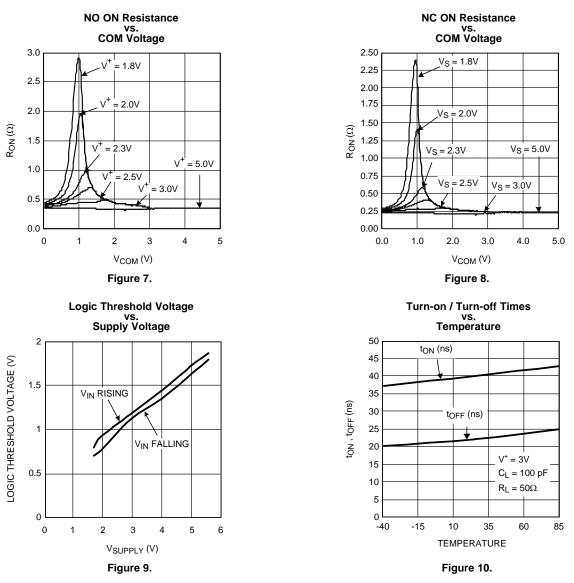
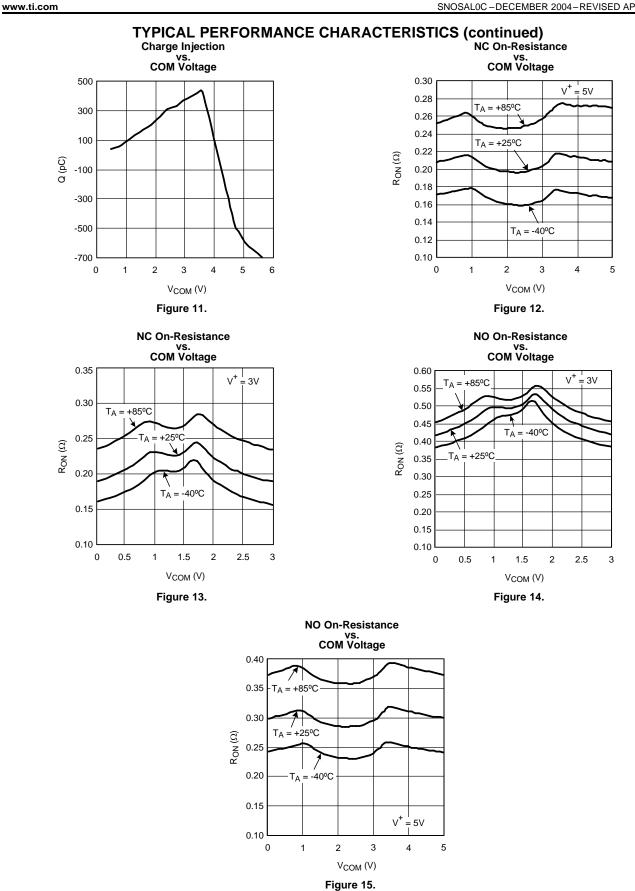


Figure 6. Channel Capacitance

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### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The LMS4684 is a low voltage dual, extremely low On-Resistance analog switch that can operate over a supply voltage range of 1.8V to 5.5V. The LMS4684 has been fully characterized to operate in applications with 3V nominal supply voltage and features very low on resistance and fast Turn-Off and Turn-On times with break-before-make switching.

The switch operates asymmetrically; one terminal is normally closed (NC) and the other terminal normally open (NO).

Both NC and NO terminals are connected to a common terminal (COM). This configuration is ideal for applications with asymmetric loads such as speaker handsets and internal speakers.

#### Applications Information

#### ANALOG INPUT SIGNAL

Analog input signals can range from GND to V<sup>+</sup> and are passed through the switch with very little change. Each switch is bidirectional so any pin can be an input or output.

Exercise care when making connection to an inductive load, such as a motor. As is true with any analog switch used with an inductive load, the back emf produced when the switch is turned off can damage the LMS4684 by electrical overstress. For such applications, a diode should be connected across the motor to prevent damage to the switch, as indicated in Figure 16. Be sure the diode has adequate current carrying capabilities.

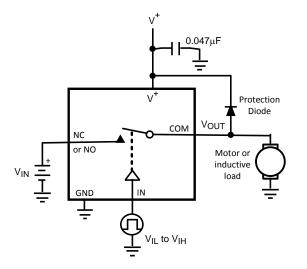


Figure 16. Inductive Load Over-Voltage Protection

#### DIGITAL CONTROL INPUTS

The IN pin can be driven to 5.5V regardless of the voltage level of the supply pin V<sup>+</sup>. For example, if the LMS4684 is operated with a supply of 2V, the digital control input could still be driven to 5V. Power consumption is increased when the control pin is driven rail-to-rail.

#### SUPPLY VOLTAGE

It is good general practice to first apply the supply voltage to a CMOS device before sriving any other pins. This is also true for the LMS4684 analog switch, which is a CMOS device.

However, if it is necessary to have an analog signal applied before the supply voltage is applied and the analog signal source is not limited to 20 mA max, a diode connected between the supply voltage and the V<sup>+</sup> pin as shown in Figure 17 will provide input protection. This will limit the max analog voltage to a diode drop below V<sup>+</sup>. This diode, D1, will also provide protection against some over voltage situations.



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It is also good practice to provide adequate supply bypassing to all analog circuits. We recommend a that minimum bypass capacitor value of 0.047µF be provided for the LMS4684. An inadequate bypass capacitor can lead to excessive supply current.

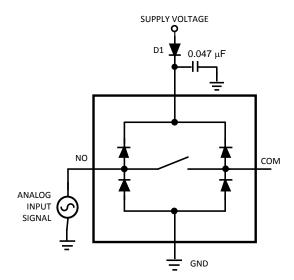


Figure 17. Input Over Voltage Protection Circuitry

#### **OFF-ISOLATION**

Analog switches are composed of FETs (field Effect Transistors). The channel resistance is low when the pass transistors are "on" and that resistance is high when the pass transistors are "off". However, when the pass transistors are "off", the source to drain capacitance of the pass transistors will pass some energy. This capacitance is inversely proportional to the switch "on" resistance, so a switch with a low "on" resistance may not be suitable for some high frequency applications.

Figure 18 shows the equivalent circuit of an analog switch. Unless the load impedance after the switch is relatively low, the switch capacitance will couple excessive energy across the "open" switch at higher frequencies, degrading off isolation performance. Off Isolation of the LMS4684 is specified with a  $50\Omega$  load. Higher load impedances will degrade off isolation performance compared with what is specified.

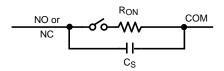


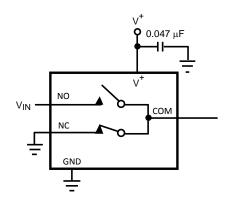
Figure 18. Equivalent Circuit of an Analog Switch

Off isolation may be improved by decreasing the LMS4684 load impedance below  $50\Omega$ . When doing this, be sure that the LMS4684 maximum current rating is not exceeded. Also, decreasing the load impedance too much can result in excessive signal distortion because the channel resistance variation with input signal voltage would then be a greater percentage of the load impedance.

If it is desired to extend the usable bandwidth of the LMS4684 while maintaining reasonable off-isolation is through the use of the circuit of Figure 19.



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#### PCB LAYOUT AND THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

Both the WSON and DSBGA packages offer enhanced board real estate savings because of their small footprints. These tiny packages are capable of handling high continuous currents because of the advanced package thermal handling capabilities.

The WSON package has the exposed die attach pad internally connected to the internal circuit GND. When this pad is soldered to copper on the PCB board according to Application Note AN-1187, the full thermal capability of the WSON package can be achieved without additional bulky heat sinks to dissipate the heat generated. The DSBGA package has a similar capability to dissipate heat through Bumps B2 and C2, which are not electrically connected. To enhance heat dissipation of the DSBGA package B2 and C2 could be connected to the GND pin through copper traces on the board.

See Application Note AN-1112 for DSBGA package considerations.



## **REVISION HISTORY**

Cł	nanges from Revision B (April 2013) to Revision C	Page
•	Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format	10



6-Feb-2020

## **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package	Pins	Package	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
LMS4684ITL/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	12	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	F09A	Samples
LMS4684ITLX/NOPB	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZR	12	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	F09A	Samples
LMS4684LD/NOPB	ACTIVE	WSON	NGZ	10	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SN	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-40 to 85	L4684	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





## QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LMS4684ITL/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	12	250	178.0	8.4	1.73	2.46	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LMS4684ITLX/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	12	3000	178.0	8.4	1.73	2.46	0.76	4.0	8.0	Q1
LMS4684LD/NOPB	WSON	NGZ	10	1000	178.0	12.4	4.3	3.3	1.0	8.0	12.0	Q1

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

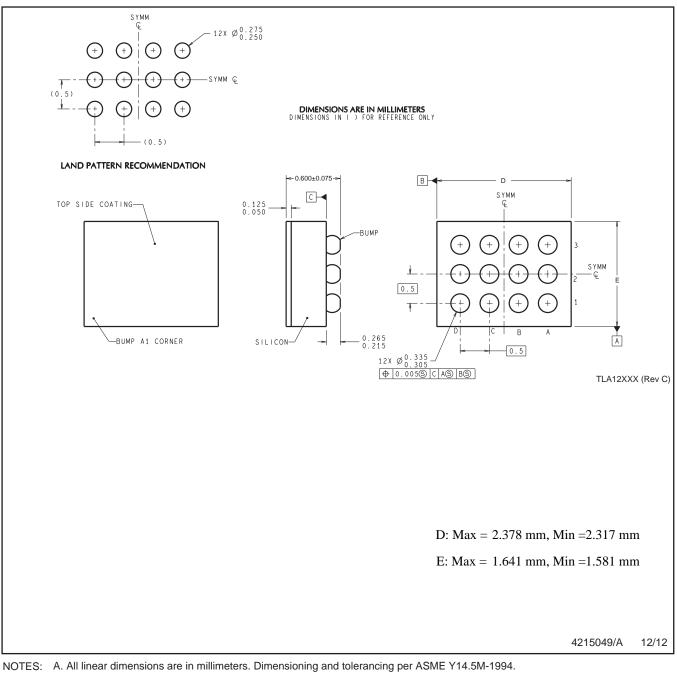
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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LMS4684ITL/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	12	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
LMS4684ITLX/NOPB	DSBGA	YZR	12	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0
LMS4684LD/NOPB	WSON	NGZ	10	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0

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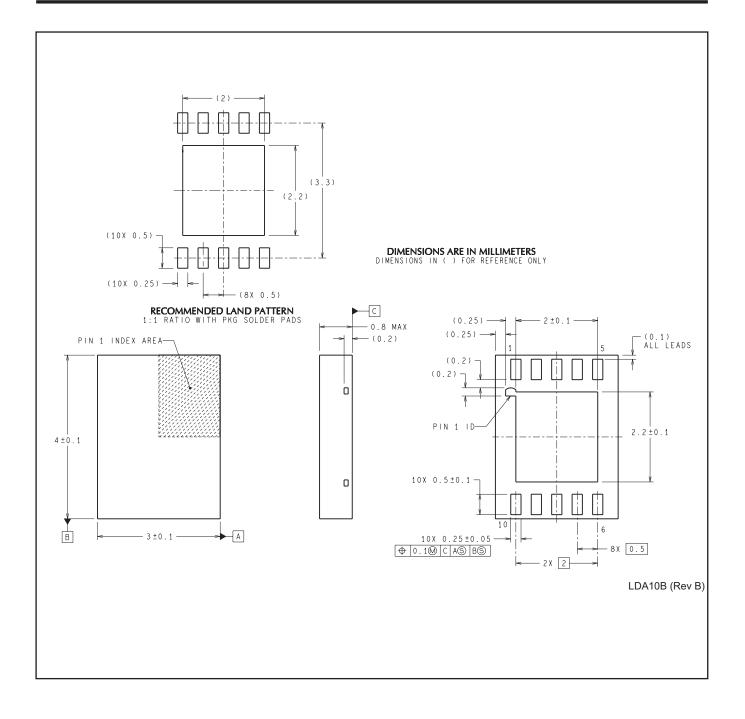


B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



## **MECHANICAL DATA**

# NGZ0010B





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