

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The 843002 is a two output LVPECL synthesizer optimized to generate Fibre Channel reference clock frequencies . Using a 26.5625MHz, 18pF parallel resonant crystal, the following frequencies can be generated based on the 2 frequency select pins (F_SEL[1:0]): 212.5MHz, 187.5MHz, 159.375MHz, 106.25MHz, and 53.125MHz. The 843002 uses IDT's 3rd generation low phase noise VCO technology and can achieve 1ps or lower typical rms phase jitter, easily meeting Fibre Channel jitter requirements. The 843002 is packaged in a small 20-pin TSSOP package.

FEATURES

- Two 3.3V LVPECL outputs
- Selectable crystal oscillator interface or LVCMOS/LVTTL single-ended input
- Supports the following output frequencies: 212.5MHz, 187.5MHz, 159.375MHz, 106.25MHz and 53.125MHz
- VCO range: 560MHz 680MHz
- RMS phase jitter (637kHz 10MHz): 0.72ps (typical)
- Typical phase noise at 212.5MHz

Phase noise:

Offset	Noise Power
100Hz	87.7 dBc/Hz
1KHz	111.6 dBc/Hz
10KHz	124.3 dBc/Hz
100KHz	124.3 dBc/Hz

- Full 3.3V supply mode
- Lead-Free package RoHS compliant
- -30°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature

Inputs Output Input Fre-Frequency **M** Divider **N** Divider M/N F SEL1 F SEL0 quency (MHz) Value Value **Divider Value** (MHz) 26.5625 0 0 24 8 212.5 3 26.5625 0 1 24 4 6 159.375 0 4 26.5625 1 24 6 106.25 26.5625 2 1 1 24 12 53.125 23.4375 0 0 24 3 8 187.5

PIN ASSIGNMENT

20 Vcco nc E 19 Q1 18 nQ1 Vcco 🗆 Q0 🗖 3 17 VEE nQ0 🗆 4 MR 🗆 16 Vcc 5 15 nXTAL_SEL nPLL SEL 6 14 TEST_CLK nc 🗆 VCCA 8 13 XTAL IN 12 XTAL_OUT F_SEL0 9 11 F_SEL1 Vcc 🗆 10



BLOCK DIAGRAM

FREQUENCY SELECT FUNCTION TABLE

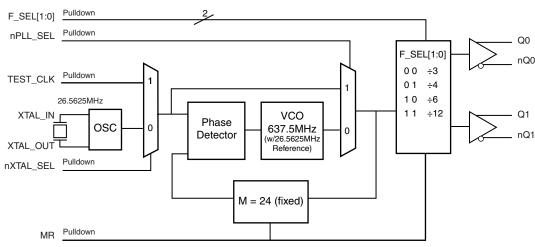


TABLE 1. PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Number	Name	Ту	/ре	Description
1, 7	nc	Unused		No connect.
2, 20	V _{cco}	Power		Output supply pins.
3, 4	Q0, nQ0	Ouput		Differential output pair. LVPECL interface levels.
5	MR	Input	Pulldown	Active HIGH Master Reset. When logic HIGH, the internal dividers are reset causing the true outputs Qx to go low and the inverted outputs nQx to go high. When logic LOW, the internal dividers and the outputs are enabled. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
6	nPLL_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Selects between the PLL and TEST_CLK as input to the dividers. When LOW, selects PLL (PLL Enable). When HIGH, deselects the reference clock (PLL Bypass). LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
8	V _{CCA}	Power		Analog supply pin.
9, 11	F_SEL0, F_SEL1	Input	Pulldown	Frequency select pins. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
10, 16	V _{cc}	Power		Core supply pin.
12, 13	XTAL_OUT, XTAL_IN	Input		Parallel resonant crystal interface. XTAL_OUT is the output, XTAL_IN is the input.
14	TEST_CLK	Input	Pulldown	LVCMOS/LVTTL clock input.
15	nXTAL_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Selects between crystal or TEST_CLK inputs as the the PLL Reference source. Selects XTAL inputs when LOW. Selects TEST_CLK when HIGH. LVCMOS/LVTTL interface levels.
17	V _{EE}	Power		Negative supply pins.
18, 19	nQ1, Q1	Output		Differential output pair. LVPECL interface levels.

NOTE: Pulldown refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

TABLE 2. PIN CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R _{PULLDOWN}	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ

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Supply Voltage, V _{cc}	4.6V
Inputs, V _I	-0.5V to V_{cc} + 0.5V
Outputs, I _o Continuous Current Surge Current	50mA 100mA
Package Thermal Impedance, $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{_{JA}}$	73.2°C/W (0 lfpm)
Storage Temperature, $T_{\rm STG}$	-65°C to 150°C

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics* or *AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Table 3A. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{cc} = V_{cca} = V_{cco} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$, TA = -30°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{cc}	Core Supply Voltage		2.97	3.3	3.63	V
V _{CCA}	Analog Supply Voltage		2.97	3.3	3.63	V
V _{cco}	Output Supply Voltage		2.97	3.3	3.63	V
I _{ee}	Power Supply Current				135	mA
I _{cc}	Core Supply Current				100	mA
I _{cca}	Analog Supply Current				15	mA
I _{cco}	Output Supply Current				31	mA

TABLE 3B. LVCMOS / LVTTL DC Characteristics, $V_{cc} = V_{cca} = V_{cco} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$, TA = -30°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{IH}	Input High Vol	tage		2		V _{cc} + 0.3	V
V	Input	nPLL_SEL, nXTAL_SEL, F_SEL0, F_SEL1, MR		-0.3		0.8	V
	Low Voltage	TEST_CLK		-0.3		1.0	V
I _{IH}	Input High Current	TEST_CLK, MR, F_SEL0, F_SEL1, nPLL_SEL, nXTAL_SEL,	$V_{\rm CC} = V_{\rm IN} = 3.63 V$			150	μA
I _{IL}	Input Low Current	TEST_CLK, MR, F_SEL0, F_SEL1, nPLL_SEL, nXTAL_SEL,	V _{CC} = 3.63V, V _{IN} = 0V	-150			μA

TABLE 3C. LVPECL DC Characteristics, $V_{cc} = V_{cca} = V_{cco} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$, TA = -30°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage; NOTE 1		V _{cco} - 1.4		V _{cco} - 0.9	V
V _{ol}	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1		V _{cco} - 2.0		V _{cco} - 1.7	V
V _{SWING}	Peak-to-Peak Output Voltage Swing		0.6		1.0	V

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50 Ω to V _ _ CCO - 2V.

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TABLE 4. CRYSTAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Mode of Oscillation		Fι	undamenta	1	
Frequency		23.33	26.5625	28.33	MHz
Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR)				50	Ω
Shunt Capacitance				7	pF

NOTE: Characterized using an 18pF parallel resonant crystal.

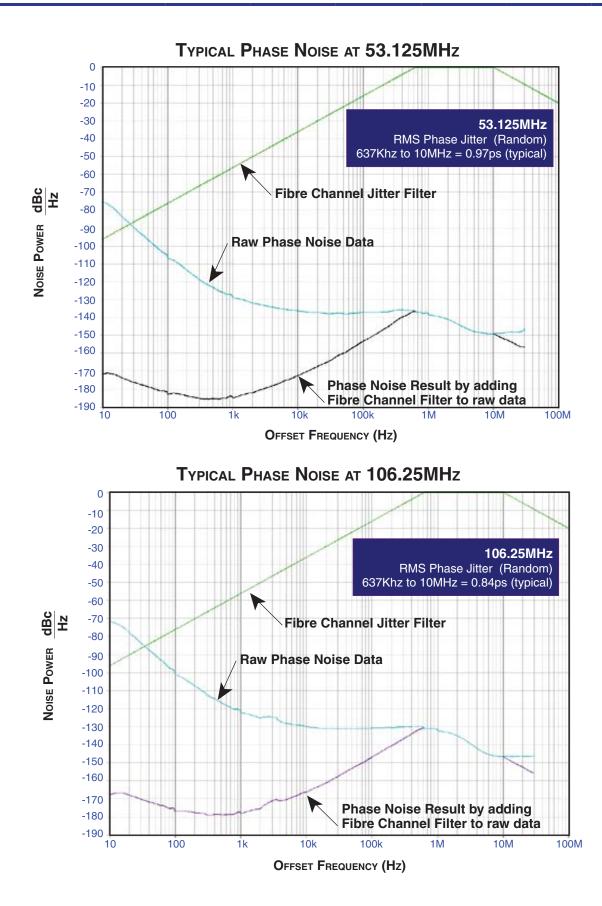
TABLE 5. AC CHARACTERISTICS, $V_{cc} = V_{cca} = V_{cco} = 3.3V \pm 10\%$, TA = -30°C to 85°C

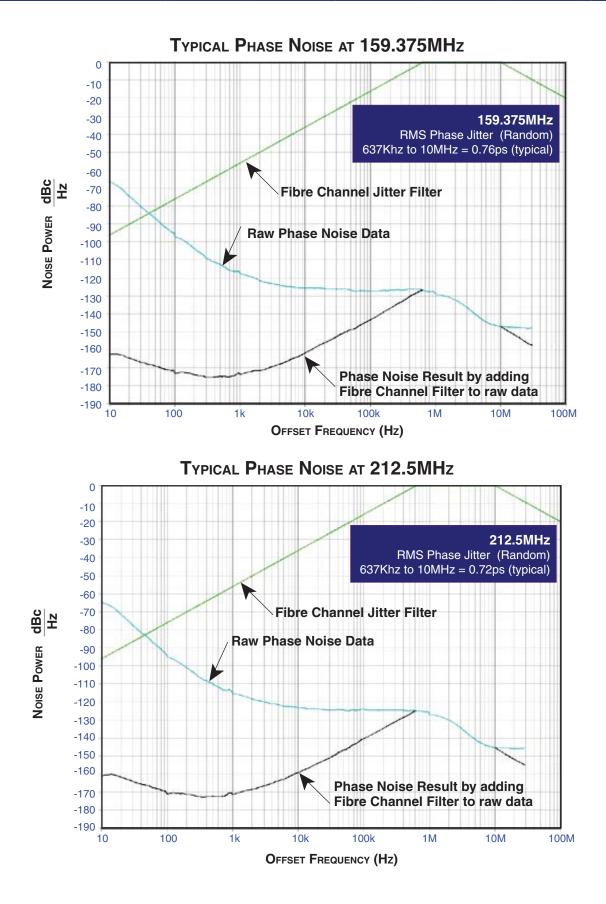
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
		F_SEL[1:0] = 00	186.67		226.67	MHz
£	Output Fraguaday	F_SEL[1:0] = 01	140		170	MHz
IOUT	Output Frequency	F_SEL[1:0] = 10	93.33		113.33	MHz
		F_SEL[1:0] =11	46.67		56.67	MHz
tsk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 1, 2				20	ps
		212.5MHz, (637KHz - 10MHz)		0.72		ps
+::+(7)	RMS Phase Jitter (Random);	159.375MHz, (637KHz - 10MHz)		0.76		ps
tjit(Ø)	NOTE 3	106.25MHz, (637KHz - 10MHz)		0.84		ps
		53.125MHz, (637KHz - 10MHz)		0.97		ps
t _R / t _F	Output Rise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	300		600	ps
	Output Duty Ovala	F_SEL[1:0] =00	46		54	%
odc	Output Duty Cycle	F_SEL[1:0] ¹ 00	49		51	%

NOTE 1: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltages and with equal load conditions. Measured at $V_{cco}/2$. NOTE 2: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

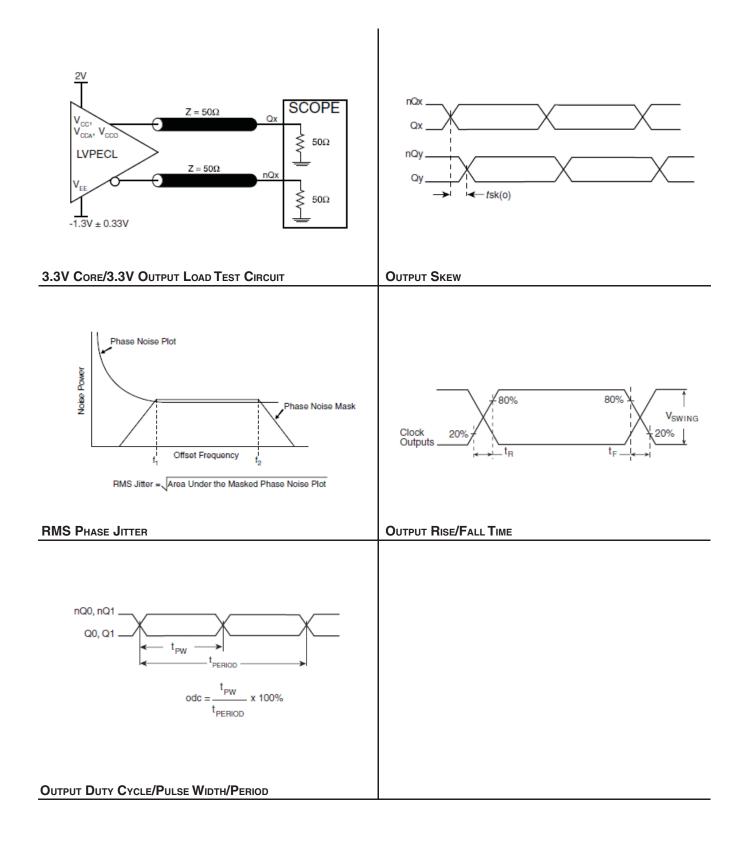
NOTE 3: See Phase Noise plot.

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

POWER SUPPLY FILTERING TECHNIQUES

As in any high speed analog circuitry, the power supply pins are vulnerable to random noise. The 843002 provides separate power supplies to isolate any high switching noise from the outputs to the internal PLL. $V_{\rm cc}$, $V_{\rm ccA}$, and $V_{\rm cco}$ should be individually connected to the power supply plane through vias, and bypass capacitors should be used for each pin. To achieve optimum jitter performance, power supply isolation is required. *Figure 1* illustrates how a 10 Ω resistor along with a 10µF and a .01µF bypass capacitor should be connected to each $V_{\rm ccA}$.

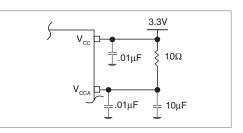


FIGURE 1. POWER SUPPLY FILTERING

TERMINATION FOR 3.3V LVPECL OUTPUT

The clock layout topology shown below is a typical termination for LVPECL outputs. The two different layouts mentioned are recommended only as guidelines.

Differential outputs are low impedance follower outputs that generate ECL/LVPECL compatible outputs. Therefore, terminating resistors (DC current path to ground) or current sources must be used for functionality. These outputs are designed to

drive 50 Ω transmission lines. Matched impedance techniques should be used to maximize operating frequency and minimize signal distortion. *Figures 2A and 2B* show two different layouts which are recommended only as guidelines. Other suitable clock layouts may exist and it would be recommended that the board designers simulate to guarantee compatibility across all printed circuit and clock component process variations.

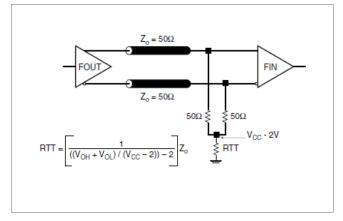


FIGURE 2A. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

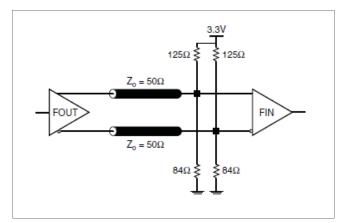


FIGURE 2B. LVPECL OUTPUT TERMINATION

CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE

The 843002 has been characterized with 18pF parallel resonant crystals. The capacitor values shown in *Figure 3* below were

determined using a 26.5625MHz 18pF parallel resonant crystal and were chosen to minimize the ppm error.

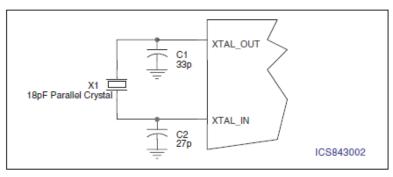


Figure 3. CRYSTAL INPUT INTERFACE

LAYOUT GUIDELINE

Figure 4A shows a schematic example of the 843002. An example of LVEPCL termination is shown in this schematic. Additional LVPECL termination approaches are shown in the LVPECL Termination Application Note. In this example, an 18

pF parallel resonant 26.5625MHz crystal is used. The C1=27pF and C2=33pF are recommended for frequency accuracy. For different board layout, the C1 and C2 may be slightly adjusted for optimizing frequency accuracy.

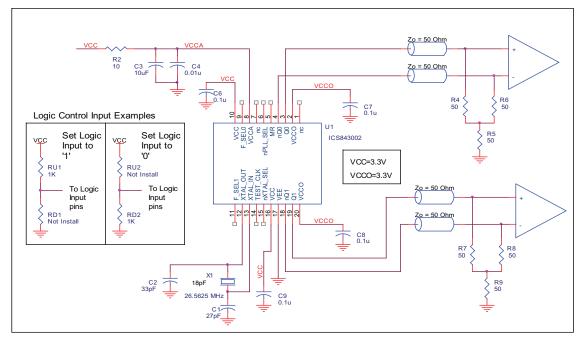


FIGURE 4A. 843002 SCHEMATIC EXAMPLE

PC BOARD LAYOUT EXAMPLE

Figure 4B shows an example of 843002 P.C. board layout. The crystal X1 footprint shown in this example allows installation of either surface mount HC49S or through-hole HC49 package. The footprints of other components in this example are listed in

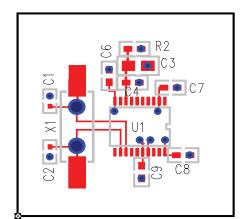


FIGURE 4B. 843002 PC BOARD LAYOUT EXAMPLE

the *Table 6.* There should be at least one decoupling capacitor per power pin. The decoupling capacitors should be located as close as possible to the power pins. The layout assumes that the board has clean analog power ground plane.

TABLE 6. FOOTPRINT TABLE

Reference	Size
C1, C2	0402
C3	
C4, C5, C6, C7, C8	
R2	

NOTE: Table 6, lists component sizes shown in this layout example.

Power Considerations

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the 843002. Equations and example calculations are also provided.

1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the 843002 is the sum of the core power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for $V_{cc} = 3.3V + 10\% = 3.63V$, which gives worst case results. **NOTE:** Please refer to Section 3 for details on calculating power dissipated in the load.

- Power (core)_{MAX} = V_{CC MAX} * I_{EE MAX} = 3.63V * 135mA = 490mW
- Power (outputs)_{MAX} = 30mW/Loaded Output pair
 If all outputs are loaded, the total power is 2 * 30mW = 60mW

Total Power $_{MAX}$ (3.63V, with all outputs switching) = 490mW + 60mW = 550mW

2. Junction Temperature.

JJunction temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature is 125°C. Limiting the internal transistor junction temperature, Tj, to 125°C ensures that the bond wire and bond pad temperature remains below 125°C.

The equation for Tj is as follows: $Tj = \theta_{JA} * Pd_{total} + T_A$

Tj = Junction Temperature

 $\theta_{JA} =$ Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T_A = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance θ_{JA} must be used. Assuming a moderate air flow of 200 linear feet per minute and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 66.6°C/W per Table 7 below.

Therefore, Tj for an ambient temperature of 85°C with all outputs switching is:

 $85^{\circ}C + 0.550W * 66.6^{\circ}C/W = 121.6^{\circ}C$. This is below the limit of $125^{\circ}C$.

This calculation is only an example. Tj will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow, and the type of board (single layer or multi-layer).

TABLE 7. THERMAL RESISTANCE θ_{JA} for 20-pin TSSOP, Forced Convection

θJA by Velocity (Linear Feet per Minute)			
	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	114.5°C/W	98.0°C/W	88.0°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	73.2°C/W	66.6°C/W	63.5°C/W

3. Calculations and Equations.

The purpose of this section is to derive the power dissipated into the load.

LVPECL output driver circuit and termination are shown in Figure 5.

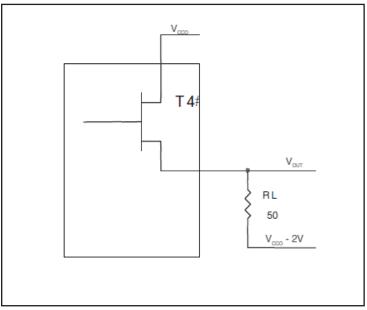


FIGURE 5. LVPECL DRIVER CIRCUIT AND TERMINATION

To calculate worst case power dissipation into the load, use the following equations which assume a 50 Ω load, and a termination voltage of V_{cco}- 2V.

• For logic high, $V_{OUT} = V_{OH_{MAX}} = V_{CCO_{MAX}} - 0.9V$

 $(V_{CCO_{MAX}} - V_{OH_{MAX}}) = 0.9V$

• For logic low, $V_{OUT} = V_{OL_{MAX}} = V_{CCO_{MAX}} - 1.7V$

 $(V_{CCO_{MAX}} - V_{OL_{MAX}}) = 1.7V$

Pd_H is power dissipation when the output drives high. Pd_L is the power dissipation when the output drives low.

 $Pd_{H} = [(V_{OH_{MAX}} - (V_{CCO_{MAX}} - 2V))/R_{L}] * (V_{CCO_{MAX}} - V_{OH_{MAX}}) = [(2V - (V_{CCO_{MAX}} - V_{OH_{MAX}}))/R_{L}] * (V_{CCO_{MAX}} - V_{OH_{MAX}}) = [(2V - 0.9V)/50\Omega] * 0.9V = 19.8mW$

 $Pd_{L} = [(V_{OL_{MAX}} - (V_{CCO_{MAX}} - 2V))/R_{L}] * (V_{CCO_{MAX}} - V_{OL_{MAX}}) = [(2V - (V_{CCO_{MAX}} - V_{OL_{MAX}}))/R_{L}] * (V_{CCO_{MAX}} - V_{OL_{MAX}}) = [(2V - 1.7V)/50\Omega] * 1.7V = 10.2mW$

Total Power Dissipation per output pair = $Pd_H + Pd_L = 30mW$

RELIABILITY INFORMATION

TABLE 8. $\boldsymbol{\theta}_{JA} \text{vs.}$ Air Flow Table for 20 Lead TSSOP

	0	200	500
Single-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	114.5°C/W	98.0°C/W	88.0°C/W
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	73.2°C/W	66.6°C/W	63.5°C/W

TRANSISTOR COUNT

The transistor count for 843002 is: 2578

PACKAGE OUTLINE - G SUFFIX FOR 20 LEAD TSSOP

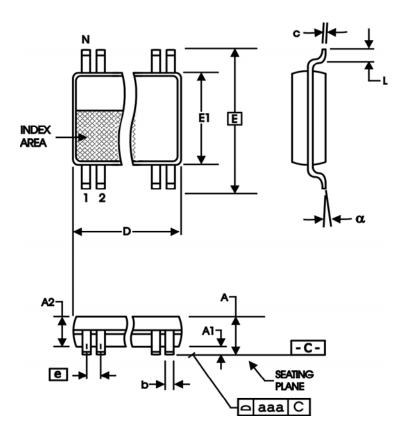


TABLE 9		DIMENSIONS
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SYMBOL	Millimeters		
STMBOL	MIN	MAX	
N	20		
A		1.20	
A1	0.05	0.15	
A2	0.80	1.05	
b	0.19	0.30	
с	0.09	0.20	
D	6.40	6.60	
E	6.40 BASIC		
E1	4.30	4.50	
е	0.65 BASIC		
L	0.45	0.75	
α	0°	8°	
aaa		0.10	

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153

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TABLE 10. ORDERING INFORMATION

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
843002AGLF	ICS843002AGL	20 Lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	tube	-30°C to 85°C
843002AGLFT	ICS843002AGL	20 Lead "Lead-Free" TSSOP	tape & reel	-30°C to 85°C

REVISION HISTORY SHEET					
Rev	Table	Page	Description of Change		
Α		1	Added 187.5MHz to the Frequency Selection Function Table.	8/26/04	
Α	T10	15	Ordering Information Table - added Lead Free part number.	9/30/04	
Α	T5	4	AC Characteristics Table - corrected typo, f _{out} 180.67 min. to 186.67 min.	12/27/04	
A	T10	1 15	Features section - corrected frequency bullet to read "Supportsoutput frequen- cies" from "input frequencies". Ordering Information Table - updated table.	2/7/05	
В	T5	4	AC Characteristics Table - deleted Propagation Delay.	5/6/05	
В	T10	14	Ordering Information Table - corrected lead-free marking. Updated Datasheet Header and Footer.	4/17/13	
В	T10	1 15	Deleted ICS from part numbers where needed. Corrected part number in the header. Ordering Information - Corrected Package information from 8 Lead TSSOP to 20 Lead TSSOP. Added T to tape and reel part number. Updated header and footer.	1/21/16	



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