1A Variable Output LDO Regulator



Datasheet



BD00HC0WEFJ

ROHM

General Description

BD00HC0WEFJ is a LDO regulator with output current 1.0A. The output accuracy is ±1% of the output voltage. The output voltage of the variable output voltage device can be varied from 0.8 to 7.0V using external resistors. It has a package type: HTSOP-J8 (4.90mm x 6.00mm x 1.00mm), and can be used in a wide variety of digital appliances. The device has built in over current protection to protect the device when output is shorted, 0µA shutdown mode and thermal shutdown circuit to protect the device during over load conditions. The LDO regulator is usable with ceramic capacitors that enable a smaller layout and longer life.

Features

- +/-1% output voltage accuracy
- Built-in Over Current Protection circuit (OCP)
- Built-in Thermal Shut Down circuit (TSD)
- Zero µA Shutdown mode

Key Specifications

- Input Power Supply Voltage range: 4.5V to 8.0V
- Output voltage range: 0.8V to 7.0V
- Output current: 1.0A (Max.) 0µA(Typ.)
- Shutdown current:
- Operating temperature range: -25°C to +85°C



Typical Application Circuit



Ordering Information Н С 0 W B D 0 Е F E 2 0 J Part Shutdown Output Input Output Package Packaging and forming specification Number voltage voltage current mode range H:10V C0:1.0A "W": Included EFJ: HTSOP-J8 E2:Emboss tape reel 00 : Variable

OProduct structure : Silicon monolithic integrated circuit OThis product is not designed protection against radioactive rays.

Block Diagram

BD00HC0WEFJ



Fig.1 Block Diagram

Pin Configuration



Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin name	Pin Function
1	Vo	Output pin
2	FB	Feedback pin
3	GND	GND pin
4	N.C.	No Connect (Connect to GND or leave OPEN)
5	EN	Enable pin
6	N.C.	No Connect (Connect to GND or leave OPEN)
7	N.C.	No Connect (Connect to GND or leave OPEN)
8	V _{CC}	Input pin
Reverse	FIN	Substrate (Connect to GND)

●Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Power supply voltage	ge	Vcc	10.0 * ¹	V
EN voltage		V _{EN}	10.0	V
Power dissipation HTSOP-J8		Pd ^{*2}	2110 *2	mW
Operating Temperature Range		Topr	-25 to +85	°C
Storage Temperatu	re Range	Tstg	-55 to +150	°C
Junction Temperature		Tjmax	+150	°C

*1 Not to exceed Power dissipation(Pd)

*2 Reduced by 16.9mW/°C for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C. (when mounted on a board 70mm × 70mm × 1.6mm glass-epoxy board, two layer)

Recommended Operating Ratings (Ta=25°C)

		Ratings			
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	
Input power supply voltage	V _{cc}	4.5	8.0	V	
EN voltage	V _{EN}	0.0	8.0	V	
Output voltage setting range	Vo	0.8	7.0	V	
Output current	Ιο	0.0	1.0	Α	

●Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise noted, Ta=25°C, EN=3V, V_{CC}=6V, R1=43kΩ, R2=8.2kΩ)

Parameter	Symbol		Unit	Conditions			
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	
Circuit current at shutdown mode	I _{SD}	-	0	5	μA	V _{EN} =0V, OFF mode	
Bias current	I _{CC}	-	600	900	μA		
Line regulation	Reg.I	-1	-	1	%	V _{CC} =(V _O +0.92V)→8.0V	
Load regulation	$\operatorname{Reg} I_{O}$	-1.5	-	1.5	%	I _O =0→1.0A	
Minimum dropout voltage1	V _{CO1}	-	0.15	0.23	V	V _{CC} =5V, I _O =250mA	
Minimum dropout voltage2	V _{CO2}	-	0.30	0.46	V	V _{CC} =5V, I _O =500mA	
Minimum dropout voltage3	V _{CO3}	-	0.45	0.69	V	V _{CC} =5V, I _O =750mA	
Minimum dropout voltage4	V_{CO4}	-	0.60	0.92	V	V _{CC} =5V, I _O =1.0A	
Output reference voltage	V _{FB}	0.792	0.800	0.808	V	I _O =0mA	
EN Low voltage	V _{EN} (Low)	0	-	0.8	V		
EN High voltage	V _{EN} (High)	2.4	-	8.0	V		
EN Bias current	I _{EN}	1	3	9	μA		

Typical Performance Curves

(Unless otherwise noted, Ta=25°C, EN=3V, V_{CC}=6V, R1=43k\,\Omega , R2=8.2k Ω)





Fig.9 Ta-Icc





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Fig.23 Minimum dropout Voltage 4 (V_{CC}=8V、Ta=25°C)

Power Dissipation **©HTSOP-J8** 4.0 ⑤3.76W Measurement condition: mounted on a ROHM board. Substrate size: 70mm × 70mm × 1.6mm Power Dissipation :Pd [W] 3.0 (Substrate with thermal via) · Solder the thermal pad to Ground 1 IC only **4**2.11W θ j-a=249.5°C/W 2.0 ② 1-layer (copper foil are :0mm × 0mm) θ j-a=153.2°C/W ③ 2-layer (copper foil are :15mm × 15mm) ③1 10W θ j-a=113.6°C/W 1.0 20.82W ④ 2-layer (copper foil are :70mm × 70mm) θ j-a=59.2°C/W ①0.50W 5 4-layer (copper foil are :70mm × 70mm) θ j-a=33.3°C/W 0 0 25 50 75 100 125 150 Ambient Temperature :Ta [°C]

Thermal design should ensure operation within the following conditions. Note that the temperatures listed are the allowed temperature limits and thermal design should allow sufficient margin beyond these limits.

- 1. Ambient temperature Ta can be no higher than 85°C.
- 2. Chip junction temperature (Tj) can be no higher than 150°C.

Chip junction temperature can be determined as follows:

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Calculation based on ambient temperature (Ta)
Tj=Ta+\theta j-a × W
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<Reference values>

```
      θ j-a: HTSOP-J8
      153.2°C/W
      1-layer substrate (copper foil density 0mm × 0mm)

      113.6°C/W
      2-layer substrate (copper foil density 15mm × 15mm)

      59.2°C/W
      2-layer substrate (copper foil density 70mm × 70mm)

      33.3°C/W
      4-layer substrate (copper foil density 70mm × 70mm)

      Substrate size: 70mm × 70mm × 1.6mm (substrate with thermal via)
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Most of the heat loss that occurs in the BD00HC0WEFJ is generated from the output Pch FET. Power loss is determined by the total V_{CC} - V_O voltage and output current. Be sure to confirm the system input and output voltage as well as the output current conditions in relation to the heat dissipation characteristics of the V_{CC} and V_O in the design. Bearing in mind that heat dissipation may vary substantially depending on the substrate employed (due to the power package incorporated in the BD00HC0WEFJ make certain to factor conditions such as substrate size into the thermal design.

Power consumption [W] = $\{$ Input voltage (V_{CC}) - Output voltage (V_O) $\} \times I_O$ (Ave) Example) Where V_{CC}=5.0V, V_O=3.3V, I_O(Ave) = 0.5A, Power consumption [W] = $\{$ 5.0V - 3.3V $\} \times 0.5A$ =0.85[W]

Input-to-Output Capacitor

It is recommended that a capacitor (over 1uF) is placed near pins between the input pin and GND as well as the output pin and GND. A capacitor, between input pin and GND, is valid when the power supply impedance is high or trace is long. Also, as for the capacitor between the output pin and GND, the greater the capacitance, the more sustainable the line regulation will be and the capacitor will make improvements of characteristics depending on the load. However, please check the actual functionality of this part by mounting it on a board for the actual application. Ceramic capacitors usually have different, thermal and equivalent series resistance characteristics, and moreover capacitance decreases gradually in use.

For additional details, please check with the manufacturer, and select the best ceramic capacitor for your application.



(Characteristics example)

Equivalent Series Resistance ESR (Output capacitor)

To prevent oscillations, please attach a capacitor between $V_{\rm O}$ and GND. Capacitors usually have ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance). Operation will be stable in the ESR-I_O range shown to the right. Ceramic, tantalum and electrolytic Capacitors have different ESR values, so please ensure that you are using a capacitor that operates in the stable operating region shown on the right. Finally, please evaluate in the actual application.



Evaluation Board Circuit



Evaluation Board Parts List

Designation	Value	Part No.	Company	Designation	Value	Part No.	Company
R1	43kΩ	MCR01PZPZF4302	ROHM	C4	-	-	-
R2	8.2kΩ	MCR01PZPZF8201	ROHM	C5	1µF	CM105B105K16A	KYOCERA
R3	-	-	-	C6			
R4	-	-	-	C7	-	-	-
R5	-	-	-	C8	-	-	-
R6	-	-	-	C9	-	-	-
C1	1µF	CM105B105K16A	KYOCERA	C10	-	-	-
C2	-	-		U1	-	BD00HC0WEFJ	ROHM
C3	-	-		U2	-	-	-

Board Layout



PCB layout considerations:

- Input capacitor C_{IN} connected to V_{CC} (Vin) should be placed as close to V_{CC} (V_{IN}) pin as possible. Output capacitor C_{OUT} also should be placed as close to IC pin as possible. In case the part is connected to inner layer GND plane, please use several through holes.
- FB pin has comparatively high impedance and can be affected by noise, so stray capacitance should be as small as possible. Please take care of this during layout.
- · Please make GND pattern wide enough to handle thermal dissipation.
- · For output voltage setting

Output voltage can be set by FB pin voltage (0.800V typ.) and external resistance R1, R2.

$$V_{O} = V_{FB} \times \frac{R1 + R2}{R2}$$

(The use of resistors with R1+R2=1k to 90k is recommended)

●I/O Equivalent Circuits

8pin(V _{CC}) / 1pin(V _O)	2pin(FB)	5pin(EN)
O 8pin(V _{cc})	4pin(FB)	V _{cc} 5pin(EN) 5pin(EN)

Operational Notes

(1) Absolute maximum ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down the device, thus making it impossible to identify the damage mode, such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If there is any possibility of exposure over the rated values, please consider adding circuit protection devices such as fuses.

(2) Connecting the power supply connector backward

Connecting of the power supply in reverse polarity can damage the IC. Take precautions when connecting the power supply lines. An external direction diode can be added.

(3) Power supply lines

Design the PCB layout pattern to provide low impedance GND and supply lines. To obtain a low noise ground and supply line, separate the ground section and supply lines of the digital and analog blocks. Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, connect a capacitor between the power supply and GND terminal. When using electrolytic capacitors in a circuit, note that capacitance values are reduced at low temperatures and over time.

(4) GND voltage

The potential of the GND pin must be minimum potential under all operating conditions.

(5) Thermal design

Use a thermal design that allows for a sufficient margin in light of the power dissipation (Pd) in actual operating conditions.

(6). Inter-pin shorts and mounting errors

Use caution when positioning the IC for mounting on printed circuit boards. The IC may be damaged if there is any connection error or if pins are shorted together.

(7). Actions in strong electromagnetic field

Use caution when using the IC in the presence of a strong electromagnetic field as doing so may cause the IC to malfunction.

(8). ASO

When using the IC, set the output transistor so that it does not exceed absolute maximum ratings or ASO.

(9). Thermal shutdown circuit

The IC incorporates a built-in thermal shutdown circuit (TSD circuit). The thermal shutdown circuit (TSD circuit) is designed only to shut the IC off to prevent thermal runaway. It is not designed to protect the IC or guarantee its operation. Do not continue to use the IC after operating this circuit or use the IC in an environment where the operation of this circuit is assumed.

	TSD ON Temperature[°C] (typ.)	Hysteresis Temperature [°C] (typ.)
BD00HC0WEFJ	175	15

(10). Testing on application boards

When testing the IC on an application board, connecting a capacitor to a pin with low impedance subjects the IC to stress. Always discharge capacitors after each process or step. Always turn the IC's power supply off before connecting it to or removing it from a jig or fixture during the inspection process. Ground the IC during assembly steps as an antistatic measure. Use similar precaution when transporting or storing the IC.

(11). Regarding input pin of the IC

This monolithic IC contains P+ isolation and P substrate layers between adjacent elements in order to keep them isolated.

P-N junctions are formed at the intersection of these P layers with the N layers of other elements, creating a parasitic diode or transistor. For example, the relation between each potential is as follows:

When GND > Pin A and GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode.

When GND > Pin B, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.

Parasitic diodes can occur inevitable in the structure of the IC.

The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits, operational faults, or physical damage. Accordingly, methods by which parasitic diodes operate, such as applying a voltage that is lower than the GND (P substrate) voltage to an input pin, should not be used.



(12). Ground Wiring Pattern.

When using both small signal and large current GND patterns, it is recommended to isolate the two ground patterns, placing a single ground point at the ground potential of application so that the pattern wiring resistance and voltage variations caused by large currents do not cause variations in the small signal ground voltage. Be careful not to change the GND wiring pattern of any external components, either.

Physical Dimension Tape and Reel Information

HTSOP-J8



Marking Diagram



Revision History

Date	Revision	Changes	
28.May.2012	001	New Release	
17.Jan.2013	002	The description was modified.	

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