

## LOW DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATOR

### ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

NJM2874/75/76 is a low dropout voltage regulator designed for cellular phone application.

Advanced Bipolar technology achieves low noise, high ripple rejection and low quiescent current.

### ■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

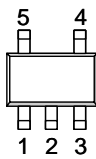


NJM2874F/75F/76F

### ■ FEATURES

- High Ripple Rejection 75dB typ. (f=1kHz Vo=3V Version)
- Output Noise Voltage Vno=45μVrms typ.
- Output capacitor with 1.0μF ceramic capacitor (Vo≥2.7V)
- Output Current Io(max.)=150mA
- High Precision Output Vo±1%
- Low Dropout Voltage 0.10V typ. (Io=60mA)
- ON/OFF Control (Active High)
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limit
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Bipolar Technology
- Package Outline SOT-23-5

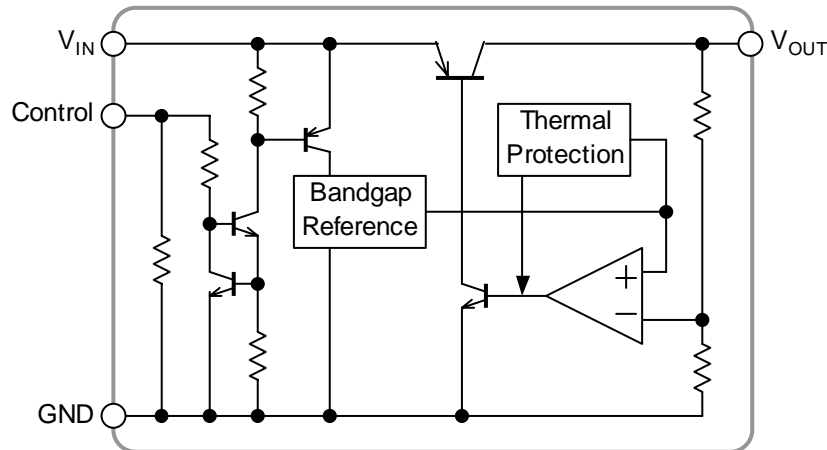
### ■ PIN CONFIGURATION



#### PIN FUNCTION

Pin	NJM2874F	NJM2875F	NJM2876F
1	CONTROL	V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub>
2	GND	GND	GND
3	NC	CONTROL	V <sub>IN</sub>
4	V <sub>OUT</sub>	NC	CONTROL
5	V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub>	NC

### ■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



## ■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANK LIST

Device Name	V <sub>OUT</sub>
NJM287×F21	2.1V
NJM287×F28	2.8V
NJM287×F03	3.0V
NJM287×F33	3.3V
NJM287×F05	5.0V

## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT	
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	+14	V	
Control Voltage	V <sub>CONT</sub>	+14(*1)	V	
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>	SOT-23-5	350(*2)	mW
			200(*3)	
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40 ~ +85	°C	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 ~ +125	°C	

(\*1):When input voltage is less than +14V, the absolute maximum control voltage is equal to the input voltage.

(\*2):Mounted on glass epoxy board. (114.3x76.2x1.6mm: 2Layer, FR-4)

(\*3):Device itself

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

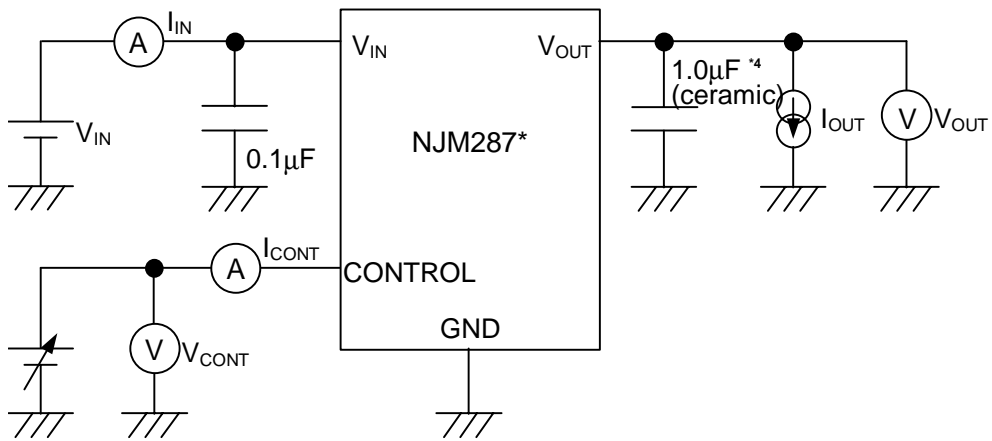
(V<sub>IN</sub>=V<sub>o</sub>+1V, C<sub>IN</sub>=0.1μF, C<sub>o</sub>=1.0μF: V<sub>o</sub>≥2.7V (C<sub>o</sub>=2.2μF: V<sub>o</sub>≤2.6V), Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Output Voltage	V <sub>o</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =30mA	-1.0%	—	+1.0%	V
Quiescent Current	I <sub>Q</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =0mA, expect I <sub>cont</sub>	—	120	180	μA
Quiescent Current at Control OFF	I <sub>Q(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>CONT</sub> =0V	—	—	100	nA
Output Current	I <sub>o</sub>	V <sub>o</sub> -0.3V	150	200	-	mA
Line Regulation	ΔV <sub>o</sub> /ΔV <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>o</sub> +1V ~ V <sub>o</sub> +6V, I <sub>o</sub> =30mA	—	—	0.10	%/V
Load Regulation	ΔV <sub>o</sub> /ΔI <sub>o</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =0 ~ 100mA	—	—	0.03	%/mA
Dropout Voltage	ΔV <sub>L-O</sub>	I <sub>o</sub> =60mA	—	0.10	0.18	V
Ripple Rejection	RR	e <sub>in</sub> =200mVrms, f=1kHz, I <sub>o</sub> =10mA, V <sub>o</sub> =3V Version	—	75	—	dB
Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage	ΔV <sub>o</sub> /ΔTa	Ta=0 ~ 85°C, I <sub>o</sub> =10mA	—	±50	—	ppm/°C
Output Noise Voltage	V <sub>NO</sub>	f=10Hz ~ 80kHz, I <sub>o</sub> =10mA, V <sub>o</sub> =3V Version	—	45	—	μVrms
Control Voltage for ON-state	V <sub>CONT(ON)</sub>		1.6	—	—	V
Control Voltage for OFF-state	V <sub>CONT(OFF)</sub>		—	—	0.6	V

The above specification is a common specification for all output voltages.

Therefore, it may be different from the individual specification for a specific output voltage.

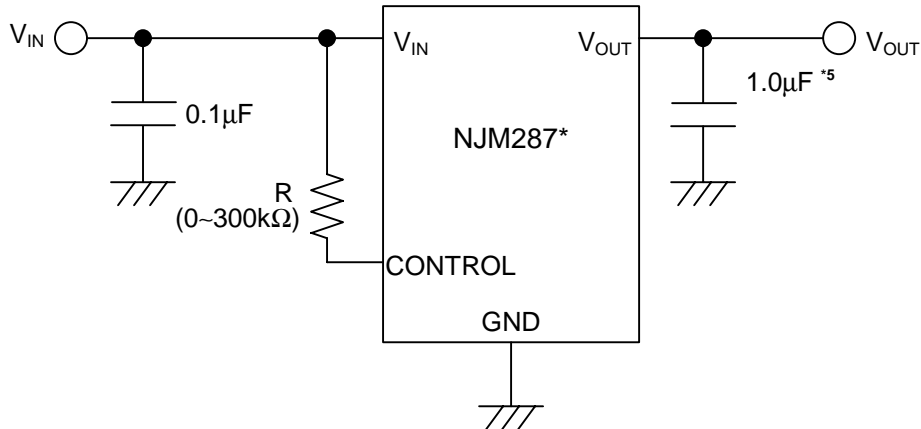
■ TEST CIRCUIT



\*4  $V_o \leq 2.6V$  version:  $C_o = 2.2\mu F$  (ceramic)

## ■ TYPICAL APPLICATION

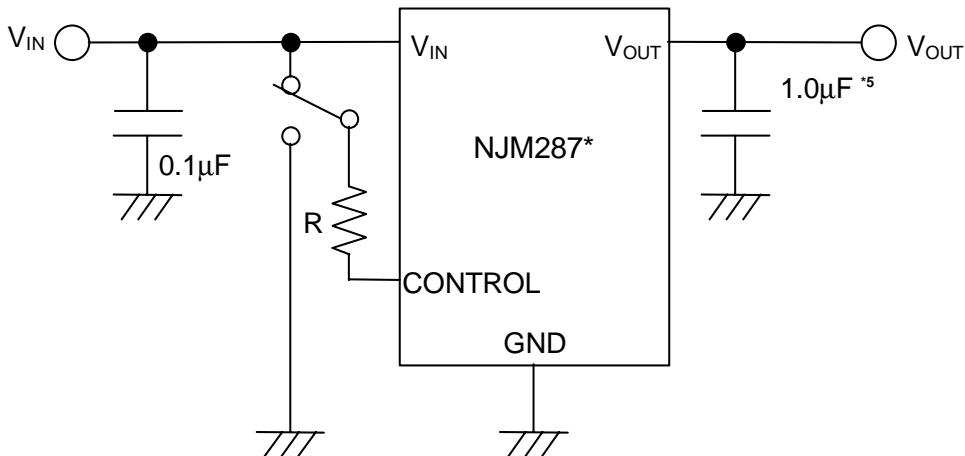
① In case that ON/OFF Control is not required:



\*5  $V_o \leq 2.6V$  version:  $C_o = 2.2\mu F$

Connect control terminal to  $V_{IN}$  terminal

② In use of ON/OFF CONTROL:



\*5  $V_o \leq 2.6V$  version:  $C_o = 2.2\mu F$

State of control terminal:

- "H" → output is enabled.
- "L" or "open" → output is disabled.

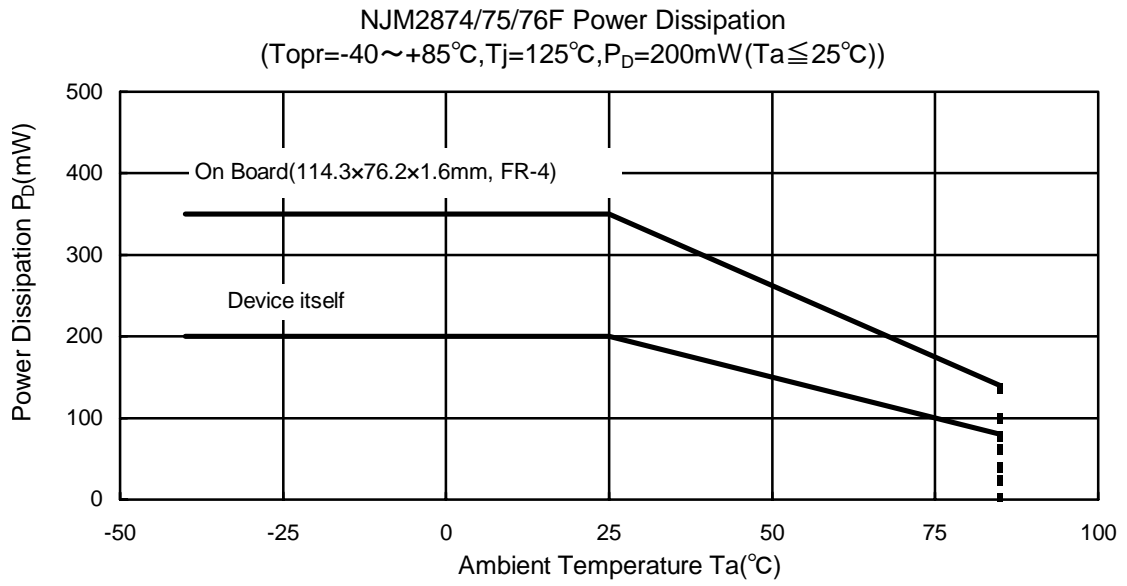
### \*Noise bypass Capacitance $C_p$

Noise bypass capacitance  $C_p$  reduces noise generated by band-gap reference circuit. Noise level and ripple rejection will be improved when larger  $C_p$  is used. Use of smaller  $C_p$  value may cause oscillation. Use the  $C_p$  value of  $0.01\mu F$  greater to avoid the problem.

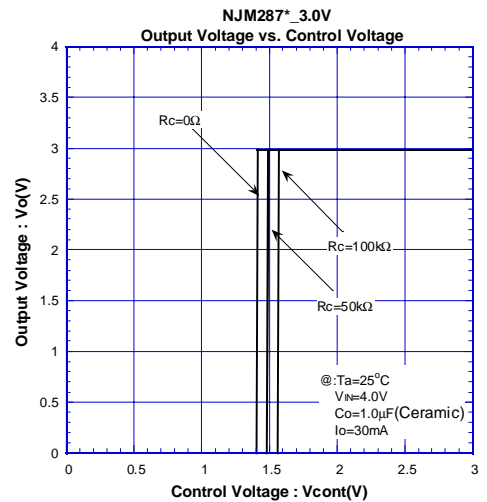
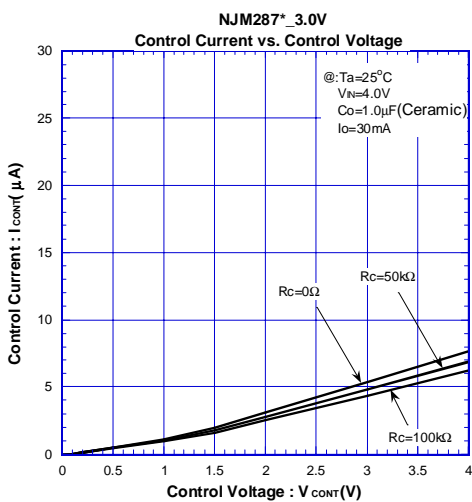
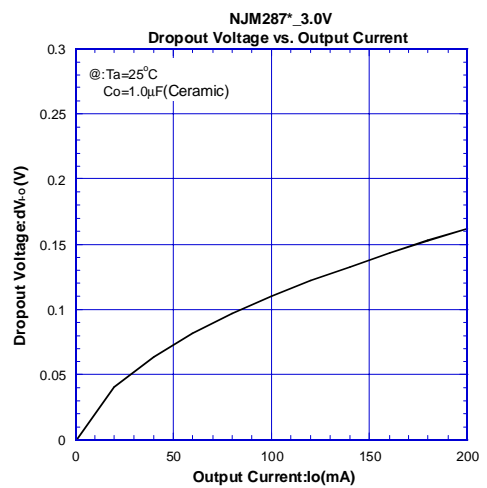
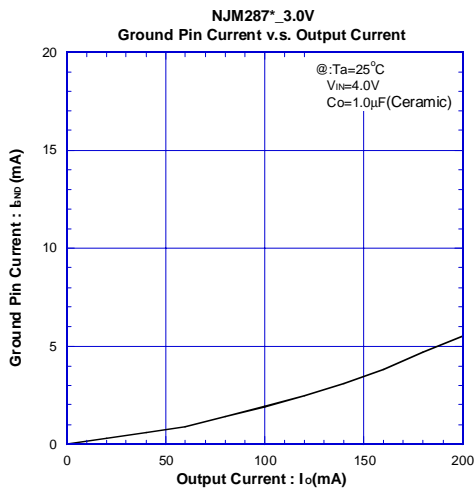
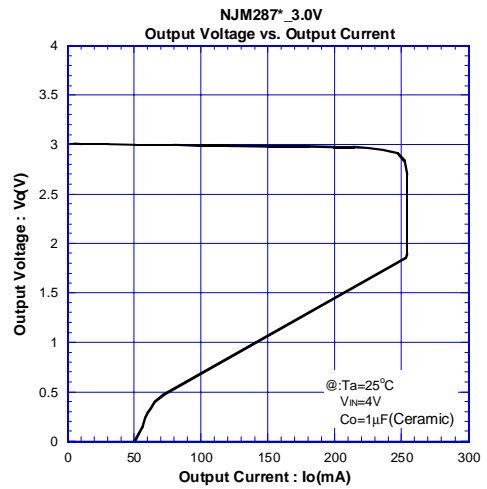
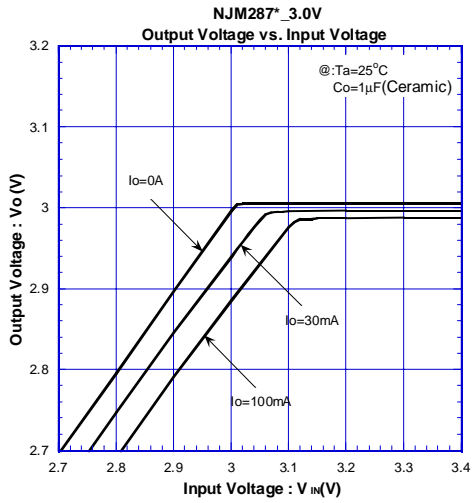
### \*In the case of using a resistance "R" between $V_{IN}$ and control.

The current flow into the control terminal while the IC is ON state ( $I_{CONT}$ ) can be reduced when a pull up resistance "R" is inserted between  $V_{IN}$  and the control terminal. The minimum control voltage for ON state ( $V_{CONT(ON)}$ ) is increased due to the voltage drop caused by  $I_{CONT}$  and the resistance "R". The  $I_{CONT}$  is temperature dependence as shown in the "Control Current vs. Temperature" characteristics. Therefore, the resistance "R" should be carefully selected to ensure the control voltage exceeds the  $V_{CONT(ON)}$  over the required temperature range.

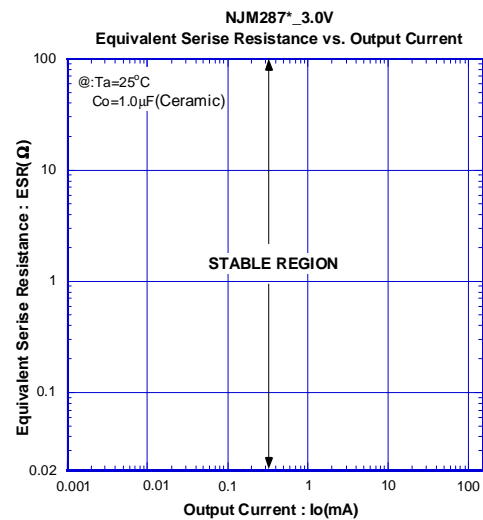
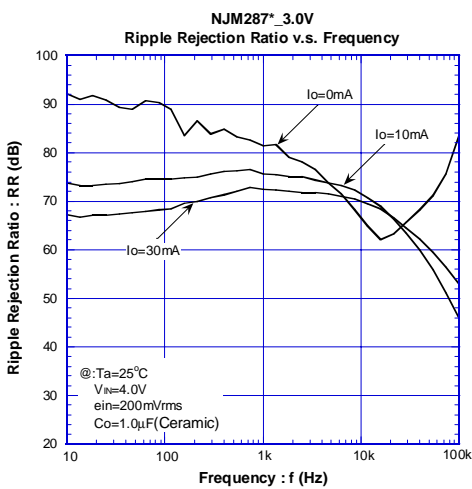
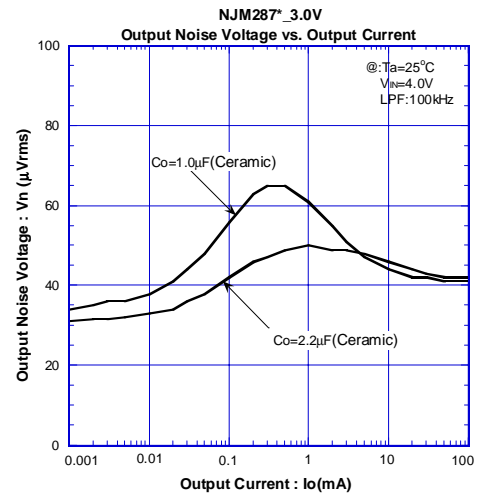
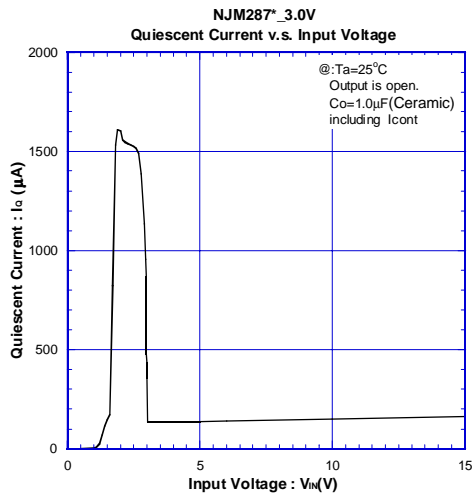
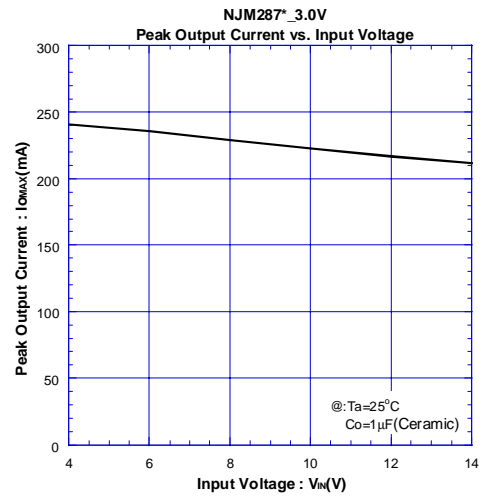
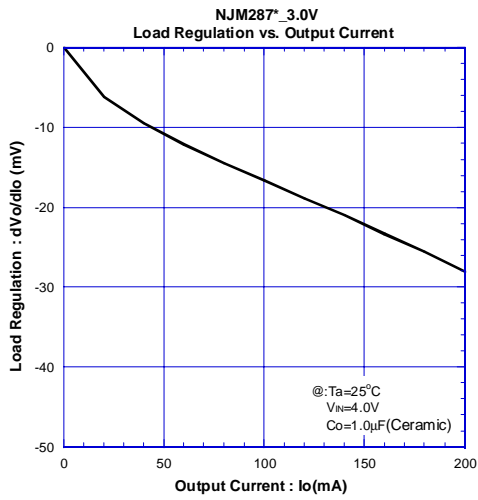
## POWER DISSIPATION vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



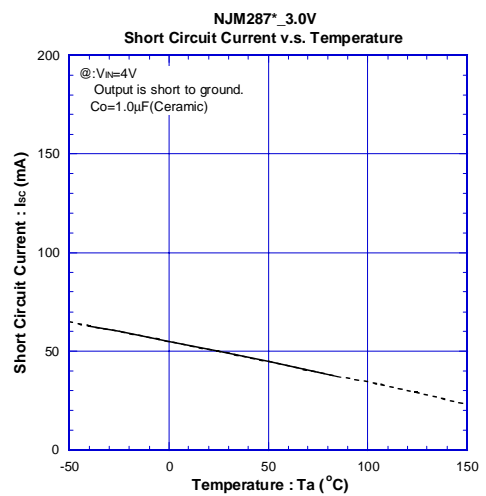
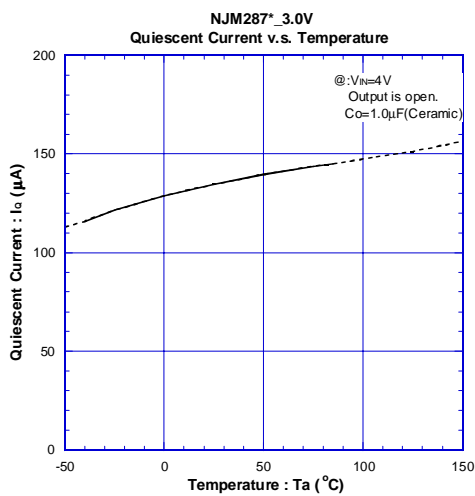
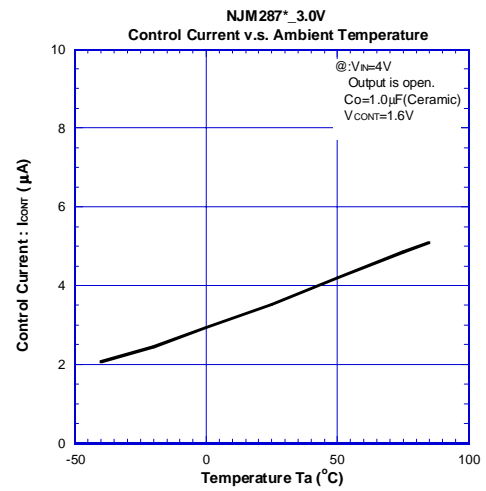
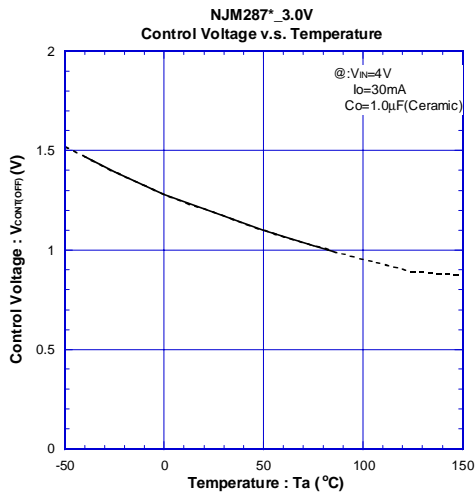
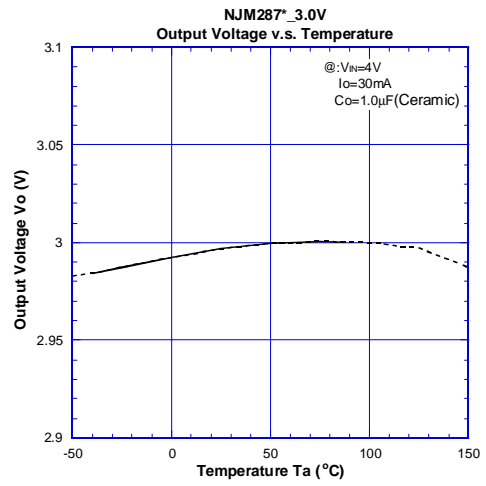
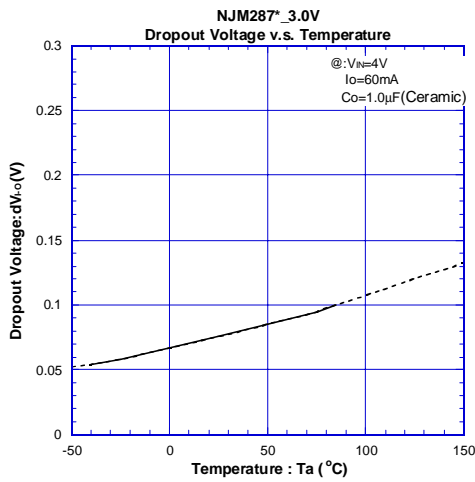
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



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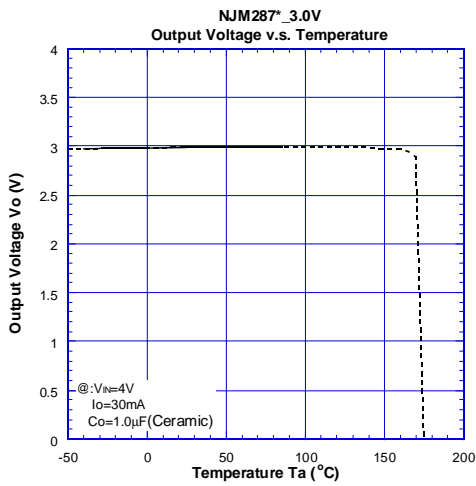
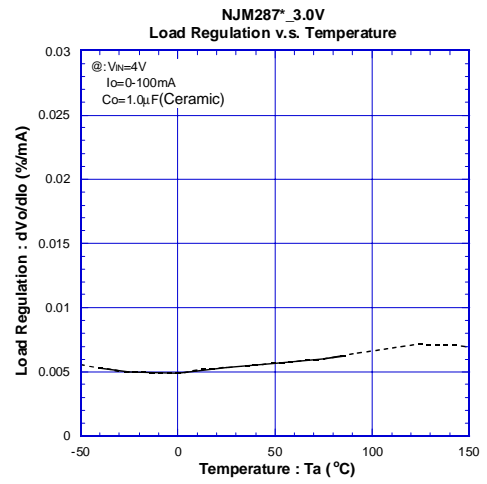
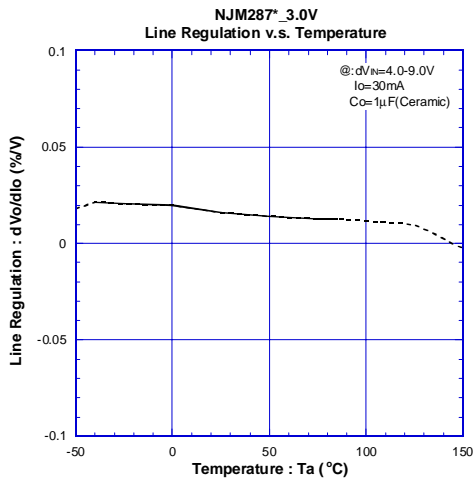


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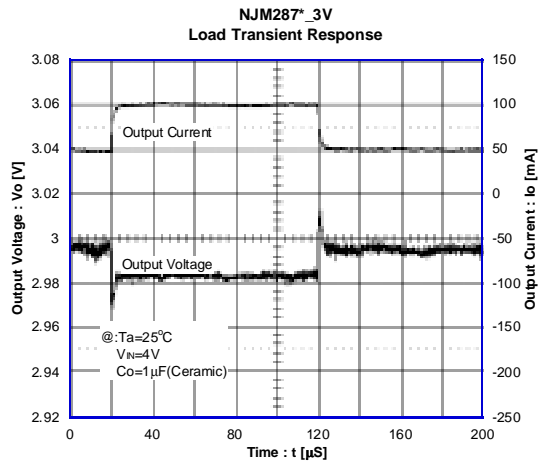
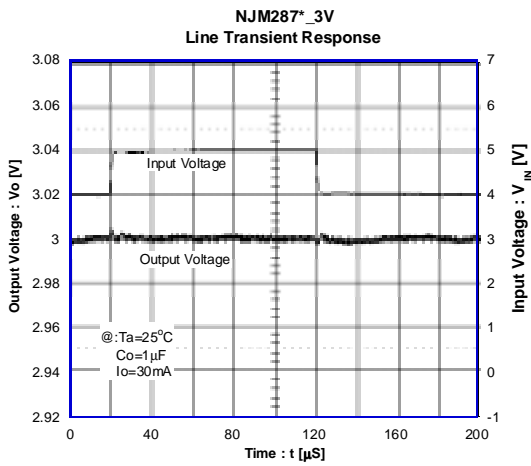
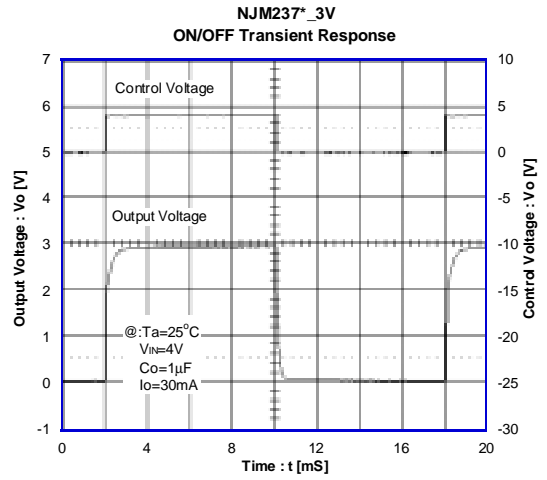
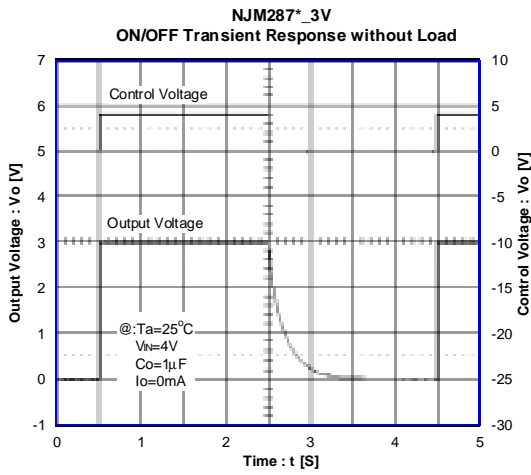




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