

PTC thermistors for overcurrent protection

Leaded disks, coated, 230 V

Series/Type: B598** Date: February 2018

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Leaded disks, coated, 230 V

C810 ... C890

Applications

- Overcurrent protection
- Short circuit protection

Features

- Lead-free terminals
- Marking: Type, manufacturer's logo, reference temperature in °C and date code YYWW (no date code for types with w_{max} = 4 mm)
- Short response times
- UL approval for $T_{ref} = 130 \text{ °C}$ to UL 1434 with $V_{max} = 220 \text{ V}$ and $V_{R} = 220 \text{ V}$ (file number E69802)
- UL approval for $T_{ref} = 120 \text{ °C}$ to UL 1434 with $V_{max} = 230 \text{ V}$ and $V_{R} = 220 \text{ V}$ (file number E69802)
- UL approval for $T_{ref} = 80 \text{ °C}$ to UL 1434 with $V_{max} = 165 \text{ V}$ and $V_{R} = 145 \text{ V}$ (file number E69802)
- VDE approval for selected types (license number 104843)
- IECQ certificate for selected types (file number 101-QA-2)
- RoHS-compatible

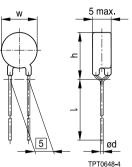
Options

■ Thermistors with diameter w ≤11.0 mm are also available on tape (to IEC 60286-2)

Delivery mode

- Cardboard strips (standard)
- Cardboard tape reeled or in Ammo pack on request

Dimensional drawing



Dimensions (mm)

Туре	T _{ref} °C	W _{max}	h _{max}	I _{min}	Ød		
C810	130	22.0	25.5	35	0.8		
C830	120	22.0	25.5	35	0.6		
C830	130	17.5	21.0	35	0.8		
C840	80	17.5	21.0	35	0.6		
C840	120	17.5	21.0	35	0.6		
C840	130	13.5	17.0	35	0.6		
C850	80	13.5	17.0	25	0.6		
C850	120	13.5	17.0	25	0.6		
C850	130	11.0	14.5	25	0.6		
C860	80	11.0	14.5	25	0.6		
C860	120	11.0	14.5	35	0.6		
C860	130	9.0	12.5	25	0.6		
C870	80	9.0	12.5	25	0.6		
C870	120	9.0	12.5	25	0.6		
C870	130	6.5	10.0	25	0.6		
C872	120	9.0	12.5	25	0.6		
C873	120	9.0	12.5	25	0.6		
C874	120	9.0	12.5	25	0.6		
C875	120	9.0	12.5	25	0.6		
C880	80	6.5	10.0	35	0.6		
C880	120	6.5	10.0	25	0.6		
C880	130	4.0	7.5	25	0.6		
C883	120	6.5	10.0	25	0.6		
C890	80	4.0	7.5	25	0.5		
C890	120	4.0	7.5	25	0.5		



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General technical data

Max. operating voltage	(T _A = 60 °C)	V _{max}	265	V DC or V AC
Rated voltage		V _R	230	V DC or V AC
Switching cycles		Ν	100	
Tolerance of R _R	$(T_{ref} = 80 \ ^{\circ}C \text{ or } 120 \ ^{\circ}C)$	$\Delta R_{\rm R}$	±25	%
Tolerance of R _R	(T _{ref} = 130 °C)	$\Delta R_{\rm R}$	±20	%
Operating temperature range	(V = 0)	T _{op}	-40/+125	°C
Operating temperature range	$(V = V_{max})$	T _{op}	0/+60	°C

Electrical specifications and ordering codes

Type	1_	I _s	1.	l,	T_{ref}	R _B	R _{min}	Ann	rovals	Ordering code
Туре	I _R	'S	I_{Smax} (V = V _{max})	-			" min	App	lovais	Ordering code
			$(\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v}_{\max})$	(typ.)	(typ.)				~	
				$(V = V_{max})$	~~	0	0		DYE	
	mA	mA	A	mA	°C	Ω	Ω	71	IECQ	
C810	650	980	7.0	20	130	3.5	2.3	Х	-	B59810C0130A070
C830	460	920	7.0	20	120	3.7	2.4	х	-	B59830C0120A070
C830	450	680	4.1	15	130	5	3.3	х	-	B59830C0130A070
C840	330	660	4.1	15	120	6	3.8	Х	-	B59840C0120A070
C840	330	500	2.2	13	130	9	5.9	х	-	B59840C0130A070
C850	200	400	2.2	13	120	10	6.4	х	-	B59850C0120A070
C850	200	320	1.5	10	130	13	8.6	х	-	B59850C0130A070
C840	170	350	4.1	10	80	6	3.6	Х	Х	B59840C0080A070
C860	140	280	1.5	10	120	15	9	х	-	B59860C0120A070
C860	140	230	1.0	9	130	25	16.5	х	-	B59860C0130A070
C850	110	230	2.2	8	80	10	6	Х	Х	B59850C0080A070
C870	100	200	1.0	9	120	25	15	Х	-	B59870C0120A070
C870	100	150	0.4	6	130	50	33	Х	Х	B59870C0130A070
C860	90	180	1.5	6	80	15	7.8	х	Х	B59860C0080A070
C872	80	160	1.0	9	120	35	21	х	-	B59872C0120A070
C873	70	140	1.0	9	120	45	27	Х	-	B59873C0120A070
C870	60	130	1.0	5	80	25	13	х	Х	B59870C0080A070
C874	60	125	1.0	9	120	55	31	Х	-	B59874C0120A070
C875	55	110	1.0	9	120	65	36	х	-	B59875C0120A070
C880	55	110	0.4	6	120	70	39	х	Х	B59880C0120A070
C880	55	90	0.2	5	130	160	106	Х	Х	B59880C0130A070
C883	35	70	0.4	5	120	120	67	х	Х	B59883C0120A070
C880	30	70	0.4	4	80	70	36.7	Х	х	B59880C0080A070
C890	30	60	0.2	5	120	150	84	Х	х	B59890C0120A070
C890	15	40	0.2	3	80	150	78.7	Х	Х	B59890C0080A070



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Reliability data

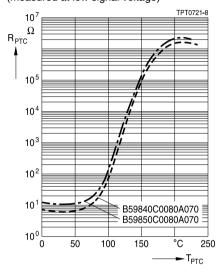
Test	Standard	Test conditions	$ \Delta R_{25}/R_{25} $
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Room temperature, I _{Smax} ; V _{max}	< 25%
cycling		Number of cycles: 100	
Electrical endurance,	IEC 60738-1	Storage at V _{max} and T _{op,max} (@ V _{max})	< 25%
constant		Test duration: 1000 h	
Damp heat	IEC 60738-1	Temperature of air: 40 °C	< 10%
		Relative humidity of air: 93%	
		Duration: 56 days	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-78	
Rapid change	IEC 60738-1	$T_1 = T_{op,min} (0 V), T_2 = T_{op,max} (0 V)$	< 10%
of temperature		Number of cycles: 5	
		Test duration: 30 min	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-14, test Na	
Vibration	IEC 60738-1	Frequency range: 10 to 55 Hz	< 5%
		Displacement amplitude: 0.75 mm	
		Test duration: 3×2 h	
		Test according to IEC 60068-2-6, test Fc	
Shock	IEC 60738-1	Acceleration: 500 m/s ²	< 5%
		Pulse duration: 11 ms; 6×3 pulses	
Climatic sequence	IEC 60738-1	Dry heat: $T = T_{op,max} (0 V)$	< 10%
		Test duration: 16 h	
		Damp heat first cycle	
		Cold: $T = T_{op,min} (0 V)$	
		Test duration: 2 h	
		Damp heat 5 cycles	
		Tests performed according to	
		IEC 60068-2-30	



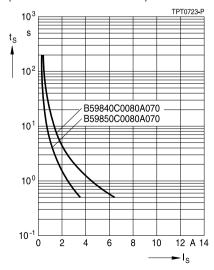
Leaded disks, coated, 230 V

Characteristics (typical) for T_{ref} = 80 °C

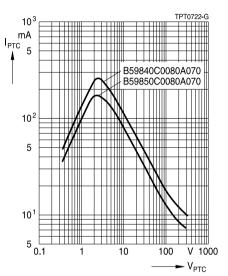
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)



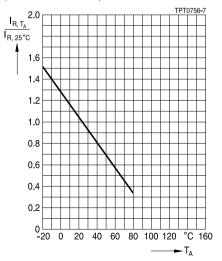
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s (measured at 25 °C in still air)



PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC} (measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A (measured in still air)



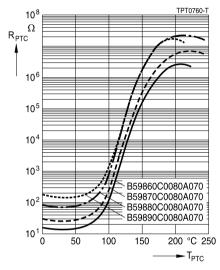
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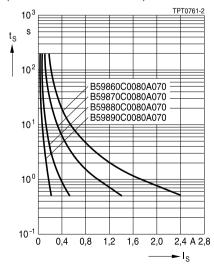
Leaded disks, coated, 230 V

Characteristics (typical) for T_{ref} = 80 °C

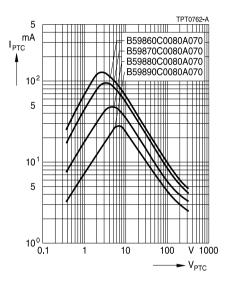
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)



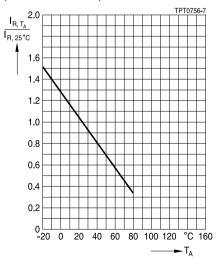
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s (measured at 25 °C in still air)



PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC} (measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A (measured in still air)

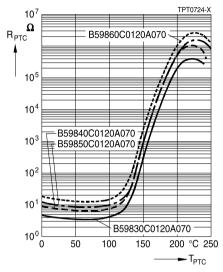




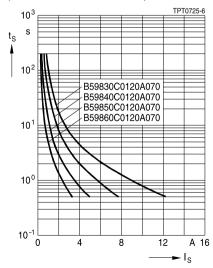
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Characteristics (typical) for T_{ref} = 120 °C

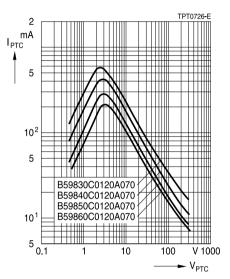
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)

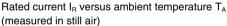


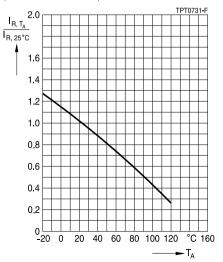
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s (measured at 25 °C in still air)



PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC} (measured at 25 °C in still air)





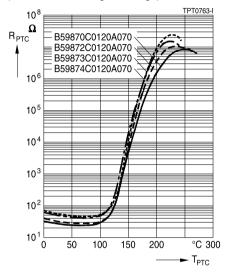




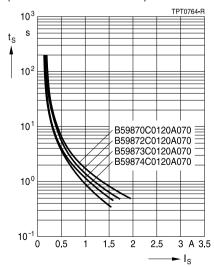
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Characteristics (typical) for T_{ref} = 120 °C

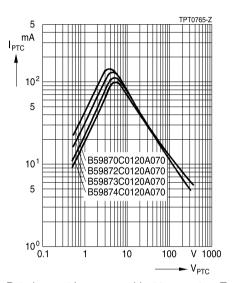
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)



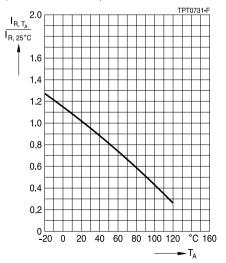
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s (measured at 25 °C in still air)



PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC} (measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A (measured in still air)





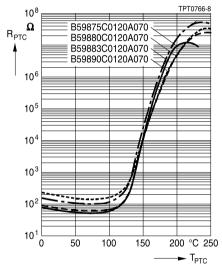
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Characteristics (typical) for T_{ref} = 120 °C

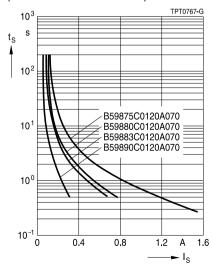
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus

PTC temperature T_{PTC}

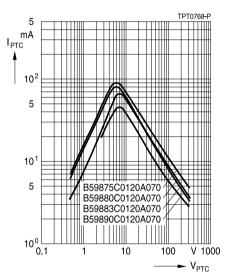
(measured at low signal voltage)



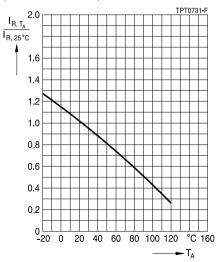
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s (measured at 25 °C in still air)



PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC} (measured at 25 °C in still air)



Rated current I_R versus ambient temperature T_A (measured in still air)

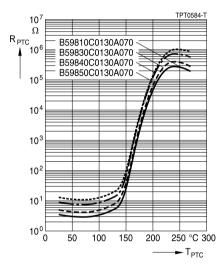




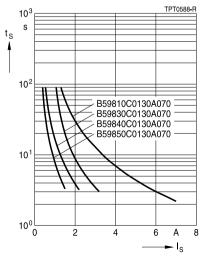
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Characteristics (typical) for $T_{\rm ref}$ = 130 $^\circ\text{C}$

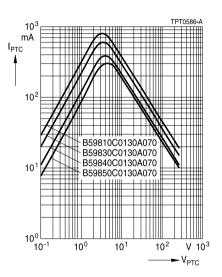
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)

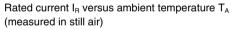


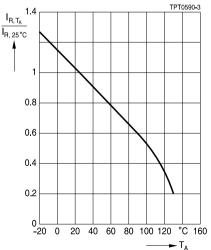
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s (measured at 25 °C in still air)



PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC} (measured at 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ in still air)





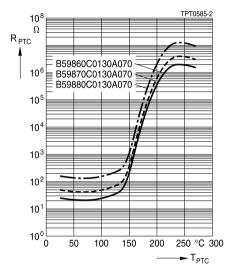




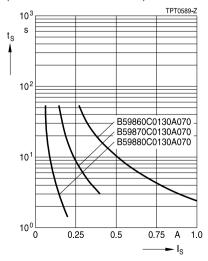
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Characteristics (typical) for T_{ref} = 130 °C

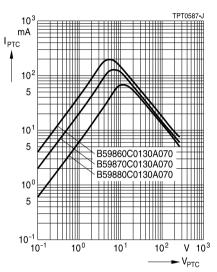
PTC resistance R_{PTC} versus PTC temperature T_{PTC} (measured at low signal voltage)



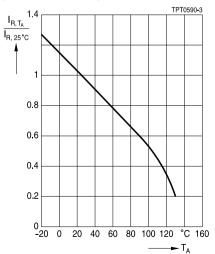
Switching time t_s versus switching current I_s (measured at 25 °C in still air)



PTC current I_{PTC} versus PTC voltage V_{PTC} (measured at 25 $^\circ\text{C}$ in still air)



Rated current I_{R} versus ambient temperature T_{A} (measured in still air)





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Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS thermistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- Ensure suitability of thermistor through reliability testing during the design-in phase. The thermistors should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.

Storage

- Store thermistors only in original packaging. Do not open the package prior to processing.
- Storage conditions in original packaging: storage temperature -25 °C ... +45 °C, relative humidity ≤75% annual mean, maximum 95%, dew precipitation is inadmissible.
- Avoid contamination of thermistors surface during storage, handling and processing.
- Avoid storage of thermistor in harmful environment with effect on function on long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- Use thermistor within the following period after delivery:
 - Through-hole devices (housed and leaded PTCs): 24 months
 - Motor protection sensors, glass-encapsulated sensors and probe assemblies: 24 months
 - Telecom pair and quattro protectors (TPP, TQP): 24 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for pressure contacting: 12 months
 - Leadless PTC thermistors for soldering: 6 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 3225 and 4032, and for PTCs with metal tags: 24 months
 - SMDs in EIA sizes 1210 and smaller: 12 months

Handling

- PTCs must not be dropped. Chip-offs must not be caused during handling of PTCs.
- The ceramic and metallization of the components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during handling.

Soldering (where applicable)

- Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- Complete removal of flux is recommended.
- Standard PTC heaters are not suitable for soldering.



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Mounting

- Electrode must not be scratched before/during/after the mounting process.
- Contacts and housing used for assembly with thermistor have to be clean before mounting. Especially grease or oil must be removed.
- When PTC thermistors are encapsulated with sealing material, the precautions given in chapter "Mounting instructions", "Sealing and potting" must be observed.
- When the thermistor is mounted, there must not be any foreign body between the electrode of the thermistor and the clamping contact.
- The minimum force and pressure of the clamping contacts pressing against the PTC must be 10 N and 50 kPa, respectively. In case the assembly is exposed to mechanical shock and/ or vibration this force should be higher in order to avoid movement of the PTC during operation.
- During operation, the thermistor's surface temperature can be very high. Ensure that adjacent components are placed at a sufficient distance from the thermistor to allow for proper cooling at the thermistors.
- Ensure that adjacent materials are designed for operation at temperatures comparable to the surface temperature of thermistor. Be sure that surrounding parts and materials can withstand this temperature.
- Avoid contamination of thermistor surface during processing.

Operation

- Use thermistors only within the specified temperature operating range.
- Use thermistors only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm the thermistors. Use thermistors only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions. Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.
- Be sure to provide an appropriate fail-safe function to prevent secondary product damage caused by abnormal function (e.g. use VDR for limitation of overvoltage condition).

This listing does not claim to be complete, but merely reflects the experience of EPCOS AG.

Display of ordering codes for EPCOS products

The ordering code for one and the same EPCOS product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications, on the EPCOS website, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. **The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products**. Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.epcos.com/orderingcodes



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Overcurrent protection

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Symbols and terms

Symbol	Term				
A	Area				
С	Capacitance				
C _{th}	Heat capacity				
f	Frequency				
I	Current				
I _{max}	Maximum current				
I _R	Rated current				
I _{res}	Residual current				
I _{PTC}	PTC current				
l _r	Residual currrent				
l _{r,oil}	Residual currrent in oil (for level sensors)				
$I_{r,air}$	Residual currrent in air (for level sensors)				
I _{RMS}	Root-mean-square value of current				
Is	Switching current				
I _{Smax}	Maximum switching current				
LCT	Lower category temperature				
Ν	Number (integer)				
N _c	Operating cycles at V_{max} , charging of capacitor				
N _f	Switching cycles at V _{max} , failure mode				
Р	Power				
P ₂₅	Maximum power at 25 °C				
P _{el}	Electrical power				
P_{diss}	Dissipation power				
R _G	Generator internal resistance				
R _{min}	Minimum resistance				
R _R	Rated resistance @ rated temperature T _R				
ΔR_{R}	Tolerance of R _R				
R _P	Parallel resistance				
R _{PTC}	PTC resistance				
R _{ref}	Reference resistance				
R _s	Series resistance				
R ₂₅	Resistance at 25 °C				
R _{25,match}	Resistance matching per reel/ packing unit at 25 °C				
ΔR_{25}	Tolerance of R ₂₅				



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т	Temperature
t	Time
	Ambient temperature
	Thermal threshold time
t _a T	
T _c	Ferroelectric Curie temperature
t _E	Settling time (for level sensors)
T _R	Rated temperature @ 25 °C or otherwise specified in the data sheet
T _{sense}	Sensing temperature
T _{op}	Operating temperature
T _{PTC}	PTC temperature
t _R	Response time
T _{ref}	Reference temperature
T _{Rmin}	Temperature at minimum resistance
ts	Switching time
T _{surf}	Surface temperature
UCT	Upper category temperature
V or V _{el}	Voltage (with subscript only for distinction from volume)
V _{c(max)}	Maximum DC charge voltage of the surge generator
$V_{F,max}$	Maximum voltage applied at fault conditions in protection mode
V _{RMS}	Root-mean-square value of voltage
V _{BD}	Breakdown voltage
V _{ins}	Insulation test voltage
$V_{\text{link,max}}$	Maximum link voltage
V _{max}	Maximum operating voltage
$V_{\text{max,dyn}}$	Maximum dynamic (short-time) operating voltage
V _{meas}	Measuring voltage
$V_{\text{meas},\text{max}}$	Maximum measuring voltage
V _R	Rated voltage
V _{PTC}	Voltage drop across a PTC thermistor
α	Temperature coefficient
Δ	Tolerance, change
δ_{th}	Dissipation factor
$ au_{th}$	Thermal cooling time constant
λ	Failure rate
e	Lead spacing (in mm)



The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
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