### **OP290 Series**

# **Electronics**



#### Features:

- Choice of narrow or wide irradiance pattern
- Choice of power ranges
- Choice of T-1¾, TO-18 or T-46 package
- Higher power output than GaAs at equivalent LEDs

#### **Description:**

Each device in this series, is a gallium aluminum arsenide infrared Light Emitting Diode (LED) that is molded in an IR-transmissive package with a wavelength centered at 890 nm, which closely matches the spectral response of silicon phototransistors, except for OP298 (AA, AB, AC, AD), which has either an 850 nm or 875 nm center wavelength. For identification purposes, each LED anode lead is longer than the cathode lead. <u>Package T-1%</u> devices include: OP290, OP291, OP292, OP294, OP295, OP296, OP297, OP299 (A, B, C) and OP297FAB, <u>Plastic Package TO-18</u> or <u>TO-46</u> devices include: OP293 and OP298 (A, B, C, AA, AD).

Each **OP290**, **OP291** and **OP292** series come in three electrical parameters options A, B and C. The **OP290** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 1.5 amps, the **OP291** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 100 milliamps and the **OP292** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 1 amp. The Cathode Lead length is 0.06" (1.52 mm) shorter than the Anode Lead. The silver-copper lead frame offers excellent thermal characteristics.

**Each OP293** and **OP298** series come in three electrical parameter options A, B and C. The **OP293** series has an included emission angle of 60° while the **OP298** series has an included emission angle of 25°. The Cathode Lead length is 0.06" (1.52 mm) shorter than the Anode Lead. These devices, which come in a variety of power ranges offering a low cost replacement for TO-18 or TO-46 hermetic packages.

**Each OP298** series come with a high irradiance output versions with four electrical parameter options AA, AB, AC and AD. These power options are in the range of **5X** greater than the A, B or C options. The **OP298** series has an included emission angle of 25°. The Cathode Lead length is 0.06" (1.52 mm) shorter than the Anode Lead. These devices, which come in a variety of power ranges offering a low cost replacement for TO-18 or TO-46 hermetic packages.

**OP294** and **OP299** are designed for low-current or power-limited applications, such as battery supplies. They are similar to the **OP290** and **OP295**, but use a smaller chip that increases output efficiency at low current levels by increasing current density. Light output can be maximized with continuous (D.C.) forward current up to 100 mA or with pulsed forward current up to 750 mA. The Cathode Lead length is 0.06" (1.52 mm) shorter than the Anode Lead.

Each **OP295**, **OP296** and **OP297** series come in three electrical parameters options A, B and C. The **OP295** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 5 amps, the **OP296** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 2 amps and the **OP297** series forward current is specified under pulse conditions up to 1 amp. The Cathode Lead length is 0.06" (1.52 mm) shorter than the Anode Lead. The **OP297FAB** has a reversed polarity from the **OP297A**, **B**. The silver-copper lead frame offers excellent thermal characteristics.

All of these devices are spectrally and mechanically matched to the OP593 and OP598 series phototransistors.

Please refer to Application Bulletins 208 and 210 for additional design information and reliability (degradation) data.

#### **Applications:**



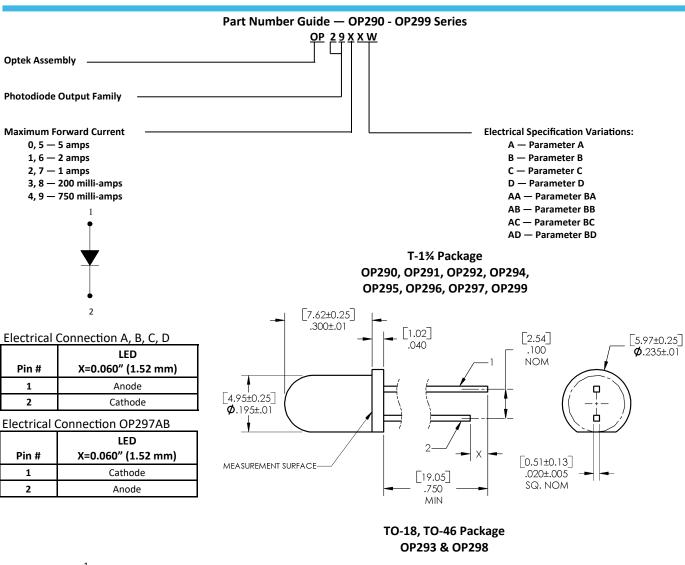
- Non-contact reflective object sensor
- Assembly line automation
- Machine automation
- Machine safety
- End of travel sensor
- Door sensor
- Battery-operated applications

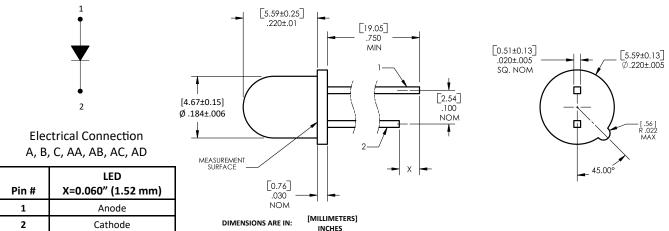
General Note

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### **OP290 Series**







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### **OP290 Series**



### **Electrical Specifications**

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>A</sub> = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

Storage and Operating Temperature Range	-40° C to +100° C
Reverse Voltage	
OP290, OP292, OP294, OP295, OP297, OP299	5.0 V
OP291, OP293, OP296, OP298	2.0 V
Continuous Forward Current	
OP290, OP291, OP292	150 mA <sup>(1)</sup>
OP294, OP295, OP299	100 mA <sup>(1)</sup>
OP295, OP296, OP297	150 mA <sup>(1)</sup>
Continuous Forward Current, OP293, OP298	
Free Air	100 mA
Board Mounted	133 mA
Full Heat Sink	200 mA
Peak Forward Current	
OP290, OP295 (25 μs pulse width)	5.0 A
OP291, OP296 (100 μs pulse width)	2.0 A
OP292, OP297 (100 μs pulse width)	1.00 A
OP293, OP298 (25 μs pulse width)	2.0 A
OP294, OP299	750 mA

#### Notes:

<sup>1.</sup> For OP290, OP291, OP292, OP295, OP296 and OP297, derate linearly 1.67 mA/° C above 25° C (free-air). When used with heat sink (see note 5), derate linearly 2.07 mA/° C above 65° C (normal use). For OP293 and OP298, when measured in free-air, derate power dissipation linearly 1.43 mW/° C above 25° C. For OP294 and OP299, derate linearly 1.80 mW/° C above 25° C.

### **OP290 Series**



### **Electrical Specifications**

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>A</sub> = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

Maximum Duty Cycle OP290 (25 μs pulse width @ 5 A)	1.25%
Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch (1.6 mm) from case for 5 seconds with soldering iron]	260° (
Power Dissipation, Free Air	
OP290, OP291, OP292, OP295, OP296, OP297	333 mV
OP293, OP298	142 mV
Power Dissipation, Board Mounted	
OP290, OP291, OP292, op295, OP296, OP297	533 mV
OP293, OP298	200 mV
Power Dissipation, Full Heat Sink	
OP290, OP291, OP292, OP295, OP296, OP297	1.11 V
OP293, OP298	400 mV
Power Dissipation	
OP294, OP299	180 m

#### Notes

- 1. For OP290, OP291, OP292, OP295, OP296 and OP297, refer to graph of Maximum Peak Pulse Current vs Pulse Width.
- 2. For all OPs in this series, RMA flux is recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 second maximum when soldering. A maximum of 20 grams force may be applied to the leads when flow soldering.
- 3. For OP290, OP291, OP292, OP295, OP296 and OP297, measured in free-air. Derate linearly 3.33 mW/° C above 25° C.
- 4. For OP290, OP291and OP292, mounted on 1/16" (1.6 mm) thick PCBoard with each lead soldered through 80 mil square lands 0.250" (6.35 mm) below flange of device. Derate linearly 5.33 mW/°C above 62.5°. For OP293 and OP298, mounted on 1/16" (1.60 mm) thick PCBoard with each lead soldered through 80 mil square lands 0.250" (6.35 mm) below flange of device. Derate power dissipation linearly 2.00 mW/°C above 25° C (normal use). For OP295, OP296 and OP297, mounted on 1/16" (1.6 mm) thick PCBoard with each lead soldered through 80 mil square lands 0.250" (6.35 mm) below flange of device. Derate linearly 5.33 mW/°C above 25° C.
- 5. Immersed in silicone fluid to simulate infinite heat sink. For OP290, OP291 and OP292, derate linearly 11.1 mW/°C above 95°C. For OP293 and OP298, derate power dissipation linearly 2.50 mW/° C above 25° C. For OP295, OP296 and OP297, derate linearly 11.1 mW/° C above 25° C.

## **OP290 Series**



# **Electrical Specifications**

**Electrical Characteristics** (T<sub>A</sub> = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS
nput Diod	2	•			•	
	Apertured Radiant Incidence OP290A OP290B OP290C	210 180 150	- - -	- 300 -		$I_F$ = 1.50 A <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.2" (5.08 mm) from the tip of the lens.
E <sub>E (APT)</sub> (2)	OP291A OP291C	16 10	-	-	mW/cm <sup>2</sup>	$I_F$ = 100 mA <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.2" (5.08 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP292A	2.7	-	-		$I_F$ = 20 mA <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.2" (5.08 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP293A OP293B OP293C	16 13 10	- 22 -	- 26 -		$I_F$ = 100 mA <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.2" (5.08 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP294	0.50	-	1.50		$I_F$ = 5 mA <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.200" (5.08mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP295A OP295B	44 33	-	- 77		$I_F$ = 1.50 A <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 1.129" (28.7 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP296A OP296B	3.6 2.6	-	- 6.6		$I_F$ = 100 mA <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 1.129" (28.7 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP297FAB OP297A OP297B	2.4 0.7 0.5	- - 1.0	- - 1.3		$I_F$ = 20 mA <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 1.129" (28.7 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP298A OP298B OP298C	3.0 2.4 1.8		- 4.8 -		I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 0.2" (5.08 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP298AA OP298AD	3.5 8.5	-			$I_F$ = 100 mA <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 1.129" (28.7 mm) from the tip of the lens.
	OP299	0.15	-	0.45		$I_F$ = 100 mA <sup>(1)(2)</sup> Measured into a 0.250" [6.35mm] aperture 1.129" (28.7 mm) from the tip of the lens.

#### Notes:

- $1. \quad \text{Measurement is taken at the end of a single 100 } \mu \text{s pulse}. \ \text{Heating due to increased pulse rate or pulse width will cause a decrease in reading}.$
- Measurement of the average apertured radiant energy incident upon a sensing area 0.250" (6.35 mm) in diameter perpendicular to and centered
  on the mechanical axis of the lens and the specified distance from the end of the device. On all models in this series, E<sub>E(APT)</sub> is not necessarily
  uniform within the measured area.
- 3. Measurement is taken at the end of a single 10 ms pulse. Heating due to increased pulse rate or pulse width will cause a decrease in reading.

## **OP290 Series**



### **Electrical Specifications**

**Electrical Characteristics** (T<sub>A</sub> = 25° C unless otherwise noted)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS		
nput Diode								
$V_{\text{F}}$	Forward Voltage <sup>(3)</sup> OP290, OP295 OP291, OP296 OP292, OP297, OP297FAB OP293, OP298 (A, B, C) OP298 (AA, AD) OP294, OP299		- - - -	4.00 2.00 1.75 2.00 2.00 1.50	V	I <sub>F</sub> = 1.50 A I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA I <sub>F</sub> = 1.50 A I <sub>F</sub> = 100 mA I <sub>F</sub> = 5 mA		
I <sub>R</sub>	Reverse Current <sup>(3)</sup> OP290, OP292 OP291, OP293, OP298 (A, B, C), OP296 OP298 (AA, AD) OP294, OP299 OP295, OP297 OP297FAB		- - - -	10 100 100 10 10 15	μΑ	V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V V <sub>R</sub> = 2 V V <sub>R</sub> = 2 V V <sub>R</sub> = 2 V V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V		
$\lambda_{ extsf{P}}$	Wavelength at Peak Emission OP290, OP291, OP292, OP293, OP294, OP295, OP296, OP297, OP298 (A, B, C), OP299 OP297FAB, OP298 (AA, AD)	-	890 875	-	nm	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA		
В	Spectral Bandwidth between Half Power Points	-	80	-	nm	I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA		
$\Delta\lambda_P/\Delta T$	Spectral Shift with Temperature	-	+0.18	-	nm/°C	I <sub>F</sub> = Constant		
$\theta_{\sf HP}$	Emission Angle at Half Power Points OP290, OP291, OP292, OP294 OP293 OP295, OP296, OP297, OP299 OP298	- - -	50 60 20 25	- - - -	Degree	I <sub>F</sub> = 20 mA		
t <sub>r</sub>	Output Rise Time	-	500	-	ns	I <sub>F(PK)</sub> =100 mA, PW=10 μs, and		
t <sub>f</sub>	Output Fall Time	-	250	-	ns	D.C.=10.0%		

#### Notes:

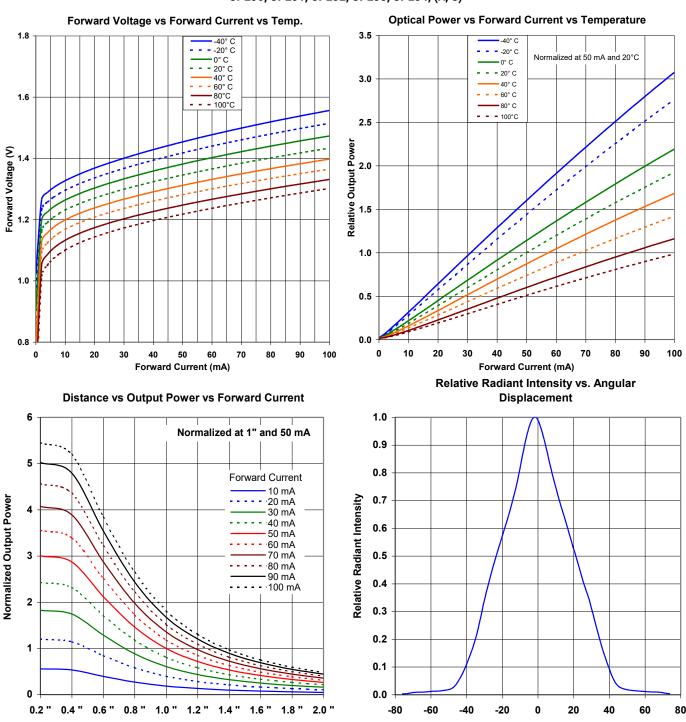
- 1. Measurement is taken at the end of a single 100 µs pulse. Heating due to increased pulse rate or pulse width will cause a decrease in reading.
- Measurement of the average apertured radiant energy incident upon a sensing area 0.250" (6.35 mm) in diameter perpendicular to and centered
  on the mechanical axis of the lens and the specified distance from the end of the device. On all models in this series, E<sub>E(APT)</sub> is not necessarily
  uniform within the measured area.
- 3. Measurement is taken at the end of a single 10 ms pulse. Heating due to increased pulse rate or pulse width will cause a decrease in reading.

**OP290 Series** 



### **Performance**

OP290, OP291, OP292, OP293, OP294, (A, C)



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**Angular Displacement (Degrees)** 

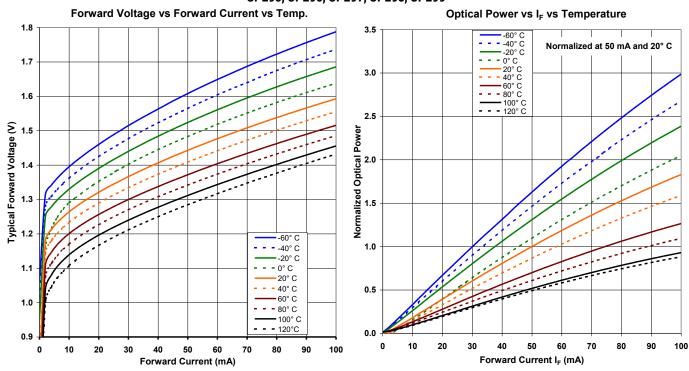
Distance (inches)

**OP290 Series** 

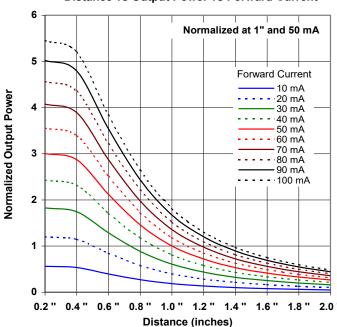


### Performance

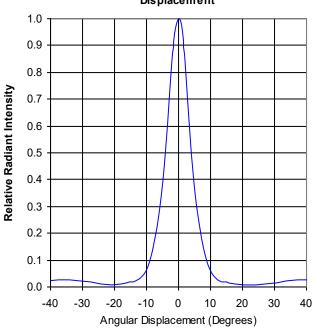
#### OP295, OP296, OP297, OP298, OP299



#### **Distance vs Output Power vs Forward Current**



# Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement



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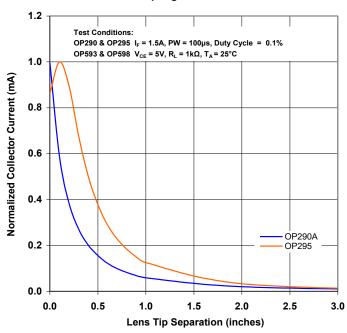
**OP290 Series** 



## **Performance**

#### OP290A/OP593 and OP295/OP598 - Coupling Characteristics

#### **Coupling Characteristics**



# **Mouser Electronics**

**Authorized Distributor** 

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### TT Electronics:

 OP290A
 OP298B
 OP293A
 OP298A
 OP290B
 OP290C
 OP291A
 OP291B
 OP291C
 OP292A
 OP292B
 OP292B
 OP292C

 OP293B
 OP293C
 OP294
 OP295A
 OP295B
 OP295C
 OP296A
 OP296B
 OP296C
 OP297A
 OP297B
 OP297C

 OP298AA
 OP298AB
 OP298AC
 OP298AD
 OP298C
 OP299
 OP297AB