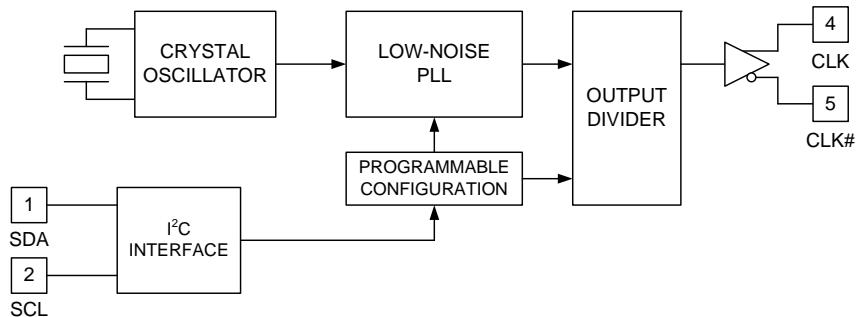


High Performance LVPECL Oscillator with Frequency Margining – I²C Control

Features

- Low jitter crystal oscillator (XO)
- Less than 1 ps typical root mean square (RMS) phase jitter
- Differential low-voltage positive emitter coupled logic (LVPECL) output
- Output frequency from 50 MHz to 690 MHz
- Frequency margining through I²C bus
- Factory-configured or field-programmable
- Integrated phase-locked loop (PLL)
- Pb-free package: 5.0 × 3.2 mm leadless chip carrier (LCC)
- Supply voltage: 3.3 V or 2.5 V
- Commercial and industrial temperature ranges

Logic Block Diagram



Functional Description

The CY2XF24 is a high-performance and high-frequency XO. It uses a Cypress-proprietary low-noise PLL to synthesize the frequency from an integrated crystal. The output frequency can be changed using the I²C bus serial interface, allowing easy frequency margin testing in applications.

The CY2XF24 is available as a factory-configured device or as a field-programmable device. Factory-configured devices are configured for general use (see ["Standard and Application-Specific Factory Configurations" on page 4](#)) or they can be customer specific.

Pinouts

Figure 1. Pin Diagram – 6-pin Ceramic LCC

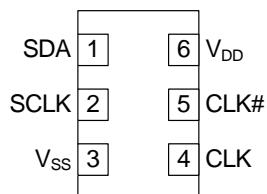


Table 1. Pin Definitions

Pin	Name	I/O Type	Description
1	SDA	I/O	I^2C serial data
2	SCLK	CMOS input	I^2C serial clock
4, 5	CLK, CLK#	LVPECL output	Differential output clock
6	V_{DD}	Power	Supply voltage: 2.5 V or 3.3 V
3	V_{SS}	Power	Ground

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Standard and Application-Specific Factory Configurations

Part Number	Output Frequency	Frequency Word	RMS Phase Jitter (Random)	
			Offset Range	Jitter (Typical)
CY2XF24LXI009T	100 MHz (default)	0	12 kHz to 20 MHz	0.85 ps
	156.25 MHz	1	12 kHz to 20 MHz	0.76 ps
	350 MHz	2	12 kHz to 20 MHz	0.71 ps
	400 MHz	3	12 kHz to 20 MHz	0.69 ps

Functional Description

The CY2XF24 is a PLL-based high-performance clock generator. It uses an internal crystal oscillator as a reference, and outputs one differential LVPECL clock. It has an I²C bus serial interface^[1], which is used to change the output frequency.

The CY2XF24 comes configured for four different frequencies. At power-on, the four configurations are transparently loaded into an internal volatile memory which, in turn, controls the PLL. You can switch between the four frequencies through the I²C bus. You can also configure the CY2XF24 with new output frequencies by shifting new data into the internal memory.

Frequency margining is a common application for this feature. One frequency is used for the standard operating mode of the device, while additional frequencies are available for margin testing, either during product development or in-system manufacturing test.

Note that all configuration changes made using I²C are temporary and are lost when power is removed from the device. At power-on, the device returns to its original state.

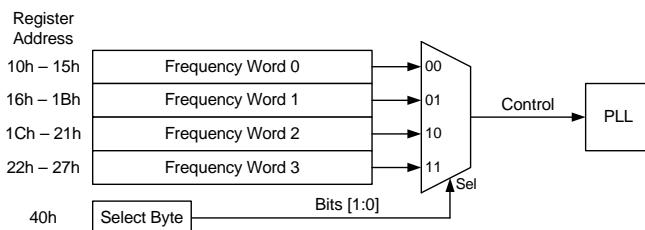
The configuration for a particular frequency is stored in a 6-byte block of memory, known as a word. The CY2XF24 has four such words, labeled 'Frequency Word 0' through 'Frequency Word 3'. An additional register byte contains a 2-bit field, which selects one of the four frequency words. By writing to this Select Byte, you can switch back and forth between the four programmed frequencies. The select byte can be configured to select any of the four frequency words at power-on.

When changing the output frequency, the frequency transition is not guaranteed to be smooth. There can be frequency excursions beyond the start frequency and the new frequency. Glitches and runt pulses are possible, and time must be allowed for the PLL to relock.

If more than four frequencies are needed, the I²C bus can be used to change any of the four frequency words. When writing frequency words through I²C, you should not change the currently selected word. Instead, write one of the three unselected words before changing the select byte to select that new word.

Figure 2 shows how the frequency words are arranged and selected.

Figure 2. Frequency Words



Configuration Software

Cypress provides [CyClockWizard™](#) software that enables the users to create data values for shifting into the frequency words. This software is required because the algorithm is too complicated to be described here.

The user specifies the output frequency. The software then calculates the bit stream for up to four frequency words, as outlined by the register addresses for each word seen in Figure 2.

Programming Description

The CY2XF24 is a programmable device. Before being used in an application, it must be programmed with the output frequencies and other variables described in [Programming Variables on page 5](#). Two different device types are available, each with its own programming flow. They are described in the following section.

Field-Programmable CY2XF24F

Field programmable devices are shipped unprogrammed and must be programmed before being installed on a printed circuit board (PCB). Customers use [CyClockWizard™](#) Software to specify the device configuration and generate a joint electron devices engineering council (JEDEC - extension .jed) programming file. Programming of samples and prototype quantities is available using the CyClockWizard software along with a [CY3675-CLKMAKER1 CyClockMaker Clock Programmer Kit](#) with a [CY3675-LCC6A socket adapter](#). Cypress's value added distribution partners also provide programming services. Field programmable devices are designated with an 'F' in the part number. They are intended for quick prototyping and inventory reduction. The software and programmer kit hardware can be downloaded from www.cypress.com by clicking the hyperlinks above.

Note

1. The serial interface is I²C Bus compliant, with the following exceptions: SDA input leakage current, SDA input capacitance, SDA and SCLK are clamped to V_{DD}, setup time, and output hold time.

Factory-Configured CY2XF24

For ready-to-use devices, the CY2XF24 is available with no field programming required. Pre-configured devices (see “[Standard and Application-Specific Factory Configurations](#)” on page 4) are available for samples or orders, or a request for a custom configuration can be made. All requests are submitted to the local Cypress field application engineer (FAE) or sales representative. After the request is processed, the user receives a new part number, samples, and datasheet with the programmed values. This part number is used for additional sample requests and production orders. The CY2XF24 is one-time programmable (OTP).

Programming Variables

Output Frequencies

The CY2XF24 is programmed with up to four independent output frequencies, which are then selected using the I²C interface. The device can synthesize frequencies to a resolution of 1 part per million (ppm), but the actual accuracy of the output frequency is limited by the accuracy of the integrated reference crystal.

The CY2XF24 has an output frequency range of 50 MHz to 690 MHz, but the range is not continuous. The CY2XF24 cannot generate frequencies in the ranges of 521 MHz to 529 MHz, and 596 MHz to 617 MHz.

Industrial versus Commercial Device Performance

Industrial and commercial devices have different internal crystals. They have a potentially significant impact on performance levels for applications requiring the lowest possible phase noise. CyClockWizard software allows the user to select between and view the expected performance of both options.

Table 2. Device Programming Variables

Variable
Output frequency 0
Output frequency 1
Output frequency 2
Output frequency 3
Temperature range (commercial or industrial)

Memory Map

Five fields can be written through the I²C bus. Four frequency words define the output frequency. As shown in [Table 3](#), each of these words is a 6-byte field. When writing to a frequency word, all six bytes should be written. They may be written either as individual byte writes, or as a block write. The currently selected frequency word should not be written to. All four words are symmetrical, meaning that a 6-byte value that is valid for one

word is also valid for any of the other words, and produce the same frequency.

The fifth field is the select byte, located at byte address 40h. The value written into the two least significant bits determines the active frequency word. The other bits of the byte are reserved and must be written with the values indicated in the table.

The users should never write to any address other than the 25 bytes described here.

Table 3. Frequency Words

Frequency Word	Byte Addresses (hex)	Word Select (Select Byte 40h)
0	10h to 15h	00
1	16h to 1Bh	01
2	1Ch to 21h	10
3	22h to 27h	11

Table 4. Register 40h: Select Byte

Bits	Default Value (binary)	Name	Description
7:2	000000	Reserved	Reserved. Always write this value
1:0	User-defined	Word Select	Selects the Frequency Word to determine the output frequency. 00 selects Word 0; 01 selects Word 1; 10 selects Word 2; 11 selects Word 3

Serial Interface Protocol and Timing

The CY2XF24 uses pins SDA and SCLK for an I²C bus that operates up to 100 kbits/sec in read or write mode. The CY2XF24 is always a slave on this bus, meaning that it never initiates a bus transaction. The basic write protocol is as follows:

Start Bit; 7-bit Device Address (DA); R/W Bit; Slave Clock Acknowledge (ACK); 8-bit Memory Address (MA); ACK; 8-bit Data; ACK; 8-bit Data in MA+1 if desired; ACK; 8-bit Data in MA+2; ACK; and so on, until STOP Bit. The basic serial format is illustrated in [Figure 4 on page 7](#).

Device Address

The device I²C address is a 7-bit value. The default I²C address, which appears in [CyClockWizard](#) is 69H, which can be changed to any other value while generating configuration using [CyClockWizard](#). Note that the Field Programmable (unprogrammed^[2]) devices has default address as 59H.

Data Valid

Data is valid when the clock is HIGH, and may only be transitioned when the clock is LOW as illustrated in [Figure 5 on page 7](#).

Note

2. Field programmable devices are shipped unprogrammed and must be programmed before being installed on a PCB. An unprogrammed device will output the crystal frequency of the integrated crystal (25 MHz for commercial and 38.8 MHz for industrial).

Data Frame

Every new data frame is indicated by a start and stop sequence, as illustrated in [Figure 6 on page 7](#).

START sequence - Start frame is indicated by SDA going LOW when SCLK is HIGH. Every time a start signal is given, the next 8-bit data must be the device address (seven bits) and a R/W bit, followed by register address (eight bits) and register data (eight bits).

STOP sequence - Stop frame is indicated by SDA going HIGH when SCLK is HIGH. A stop frame frees the bus for writing to another part on the same bus or writing to another random register address.

Acknowledge Pulse

During write mode, the CY2XF24 responds with an Acknowledge (ACK) pulse after every eight bits. This is accomplished by pulling the SDA line LOW during the $N*9^{\text{th}}$ clock cycle as illustrated in [Figure 7 on page 8](#). (N = the number of bytes transmitted). After the data packet is sent during read mode, the master generates the acknowledge.

Write Operations

Writing Individual Bytes

A valid write operation must have a full 8-bit register address after the device address word from the master, which is followed by an acknowledge bit from the slave (SDA = 0/LOW). The next eight bits must contain the data word intended for storage. After the data word is received, the slave responds with another acknowledge bit (SDA = 0/LOW), and the master must end the write sequence with a STOP condition.

Writing Multiple Bytes

To write more than one byte at a time, the master does not end the write sequence with a stop condition. Instead, the master can send multiple contiguous bytes of data to be stored. After each byte, the slave responds with an acknowledge bit, just like after the first byte, and accept data until the acknowledge bit is responded to by the STOP condition. When receiving multiple bytes, the CY2XF24 internally increments the register address.

Read Operations

Read operations are initiated the same way as write operations except that the R/W bit of the slave address is set to '1' (HIGH). There are three basic read operations: current address read, random read, and sequential read.

Figure 3. Data Transfer Sequence on the Serial Bus

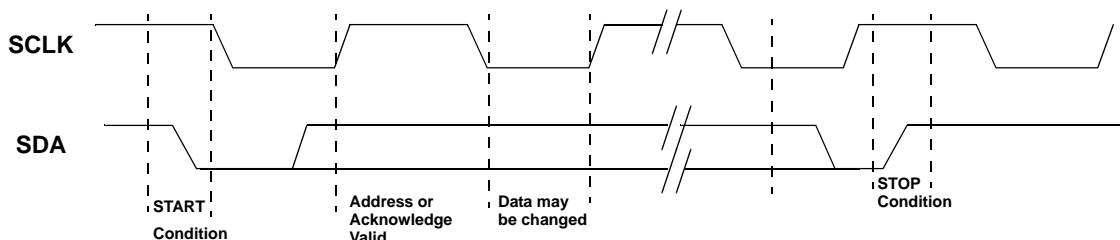


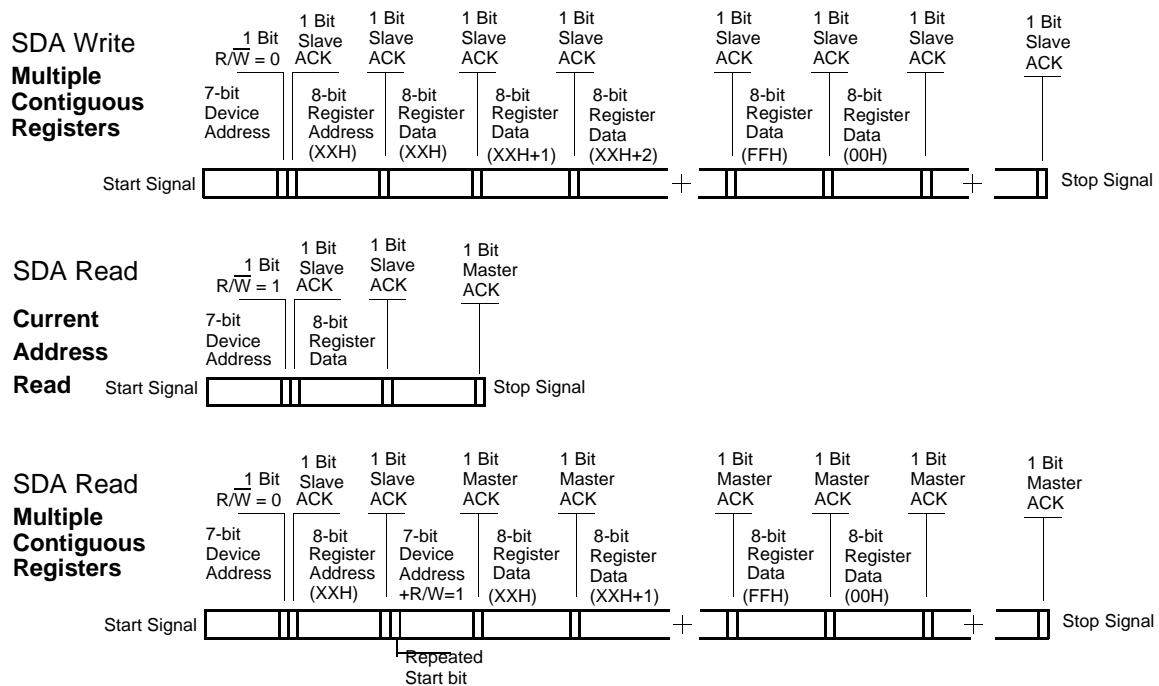
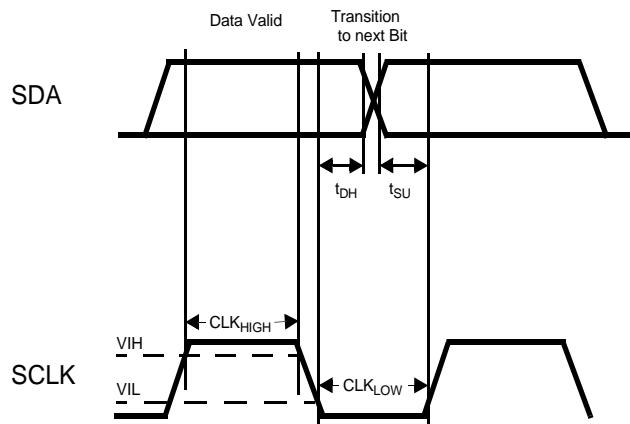
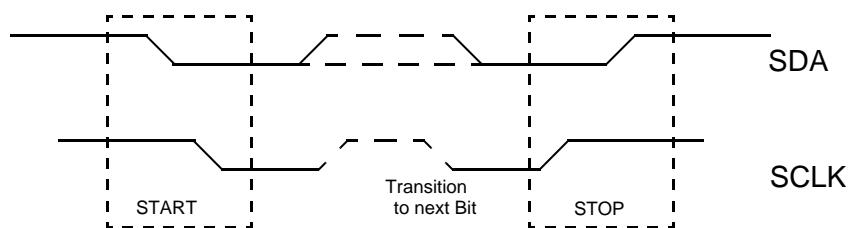
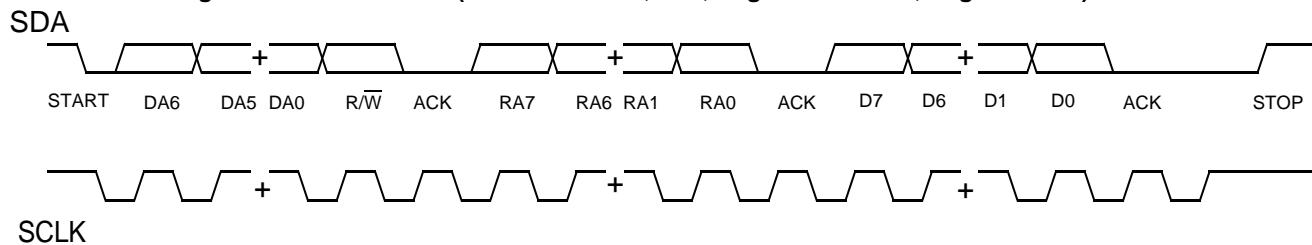
Figure 4. Data Frame Architecture

Figure 5. Data Valid and Data Transition Periods

Figure 6. Start and Stop Frame


Figure 7. Frame Format (Device Address, R/W, Register Address, Register Data)


Absolute Maximum Conditions

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
V _{DD}	Supply voltage		-0.5	4.4	V
V _{IN} ^[3]	Input voltage, DC	Relative to V _{SS}	-0.5	V _{DD} +0.5	V
T _S	Temperature, storage	Non Operating	-55	135	°C
T _J	Temperature, junction		-40	135	°C
ESD _{HBM}	Electrostatic discharge (ESD) protection human body model (HBM)	JEDEC STD 22-A114-B	2000	-	V
Θ _{JA} ^[4]	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient	0 m/s airflow		64	°C/W

Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{DD}	3.3-V supply voltage range	3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	2.5-V supply voltage range	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
T _{PU}	Power-up time for V _{DD} to reach minimum specified voltage (power ramp is monotonic)	0.05	-	500	ms
T _A	Ambient temperature (commercial)	0	-	70	°C
	Ambient temperature (industrial)	-40	-	85	°C

DC Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{DD} ^[5]	Operating supply current	V _{DD} = 3.465 V, CLK = 150 MHz, output terminated	-	-	150	mA
		V _{DD} = 2.625 V, CLK = 150 MHz, output terminated	-	-	145	mA
V _{OH}	LVPECL high output voltage	V _{DD} = 3.3 V or 2.5 V, R _{TERM} = 50 Ω to V _{DD} - 2.0 V	V _{DD} - 1.15	-	V _{DD} - 0.75	V
V _{OL}	LVPECL low output voltage	V _{DD} = 3.3 V or 2.5 V, R _{TERM} = 50 Ω to V _{DD} - 2.0 V	V _{DD} - 2.0	-	V _{DD} - 1.625	V
V _{OD1}	LVPECL output voltage swing (V _{OH} - V _{OL})	V _{DD} = 3.3 V or 2.5 V, R _{TERM} = 50 Ω to V _{DD} - 2.0 V	600	-	1000	mV
V _{OD2}	LVPECL output voltage swing (V _{OH} - V _{OL})	V _{DD} = 2.5 V, R _{TERM} = 50 Ω to V _{DD} - 1.5 V	500	-	1000	mV
V _{OCM}	LVPECL output common mode voltage (V _{OH} + V _{OL})/2	V _{DD} = 2.5 V, R _{TERM} = 50 Ω to V _{DD} - 1.5 V	1.2	-	-	V

Notes

3. The voltage on any input or I/O pin cannot exceed the power pin during power-up.
4. Simulated. The board is derived from the JEDEC multilayer standard. It measures 76 x 114 x 1.6 mm and has 4-layers of copper (2/1/1/2 oz.). The internal layers are 100% copper planes, while the top and bottom layers have 50% metallization. No vias are included in the model.
5. I_{DD} includes ~24 mA of current that is dissipated externally in the output termination resistors.

DC Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OLS}	Output low voltage (SDA)	$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$	–	–	$0.1*V_{DD}$	V
V_{IH}	Input high voltage		$0.7*V_{DD}$	–	–	V
V_{IL}	Input low voltage		–	–	$0.3*V_{DD}$	V
I_{IH0}	Input high current (SDA)	Input = V_{DD}	–	–	115	μA
I_{IH1}	Input high current (SCLK)	Input = V_{DD}	–	–	10	μA
I_{IL0}	Input low current (SDA)	Input = V_{SS}	–50	–	–	μA
I_{IL1}	Input low current (SCLK)	Input = V_{SS}	–20	–	–	μA
$C_{IN0}^{[6]}$	Input capacitance (SDA)		–	15	–	pF
$C_{IN1}^{[6]}$	Input capacitance (SCLK)		–	4	–	pF

AC Electrical Characteristics^[6]

Parameter	Description	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
F_{OUT}	Output frequency ^[7]		50	–	690	MHz
FSC	Frequency stability, commercial devices ^[8]	$T_A = 0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	–	–	± 35	ppm
FSI	Frequency stability, industrial devices ^[8]	$T_A = -40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $85 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	–	–	± 55	ppm
AG	Aging, 10 years		–	–	± 15	ppm
T_{DC}	Output duty cycle	$F \leq 450 \text{ MHz}$, measured at zero crossing	45	50	55	%
		$F > 450 \text{ MHz}$, measured at zero crossing	40	50	60	%
T_R, T_F	Output rise and fall time	20% and 80% of full output swing	0.2	0.4	1.0	ns
T_{LOCK}	Startup time	Time for CLK to reach valid frequency measured from the time $V_{DD} = V_{DD}(\text{min})$	–	–	10	ms
T_{LSER}	Relock time	Time for CLK to reach valid frequency from serial bus change to select bits in register 40h, measured from I ² C STOP	–	–	10	ms
$T_{Jitter(\phi)}$	RMS phase jitter (random)	$F_{OUT} = 106.25 \text{ MHz}$ (12 kHz to 20 MHz)	–	1	–	ps
		Pre-defined factory configurations ^[9]	See Note 9			ps

Notes

6. Not 100% tested, guaranteed by design and characterization.
7. This parameter is specified in CyClockMaker software.
8. Frequency stability is the maximum variation in frequency from F_0 . It includes initial accuracy, plus variation from temperature and supply voltage.
9. Typical phase noise specs for factory programmed devices are listed in the table "Standard and Application-Specific Factory Configurations" on page 4.

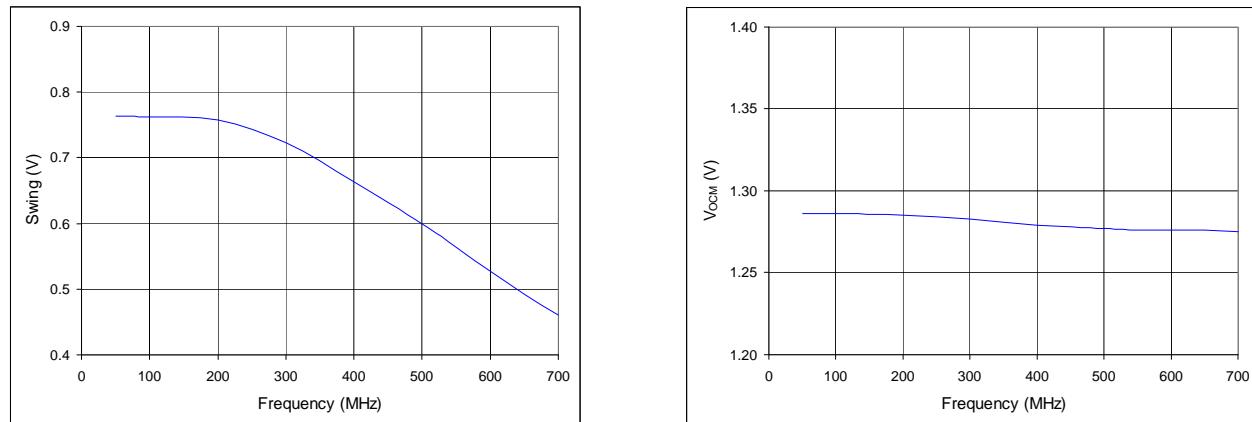
I²C Bus Timing Specifications

The I²C Bus Timing Specifications for part CY2XF24 are as follows^[10]

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit
f_{SCLK}	SCLK frequency	–	100	kHz
$t_{HD:STA}$	Start mode time from SDA LOW to SCLK LOW	4	–	μs
t_{LOW}	SCLK LOW period	4.7	–	μs
t_{HIGH}	SCLK HIGH period	4	–	μs
$t_{SU:DAT}$	Input data setup (SDA transition to SCLK rising edge)	1000	–	ns
$t_{HD:DAT}$	Input data hold (SCLK falling edge to SDA transition)	0	–	ns
$t_{HD:DO}$	Output data hold (SCLK falling edge to SDA transition)	200	–	ns
t_{SR}	Rise time of SCLK and SDA	–	300	ns
t_{SF}	Fall time of SCLK and SDA	–	300	ns
$t_{SU:STO}$	Stop mode time from SCLK HIGH to SDA HIGH	4	–	μs
t_{BUF}	Stop mode to Start mode	4.7	–	μs

Typical Output Characteristics

Figure 8. 2.5-V Supply and Termination to V_{DD} –1.5 V, minimum V_{DD} and maximum T_A



Note

10. Not 100% tested, guaranteed by design and characterization.

Figure 9. 2.5-V Supply and Termination to V_{DD} —2 V, minimum V_{DD} and maximum T_A

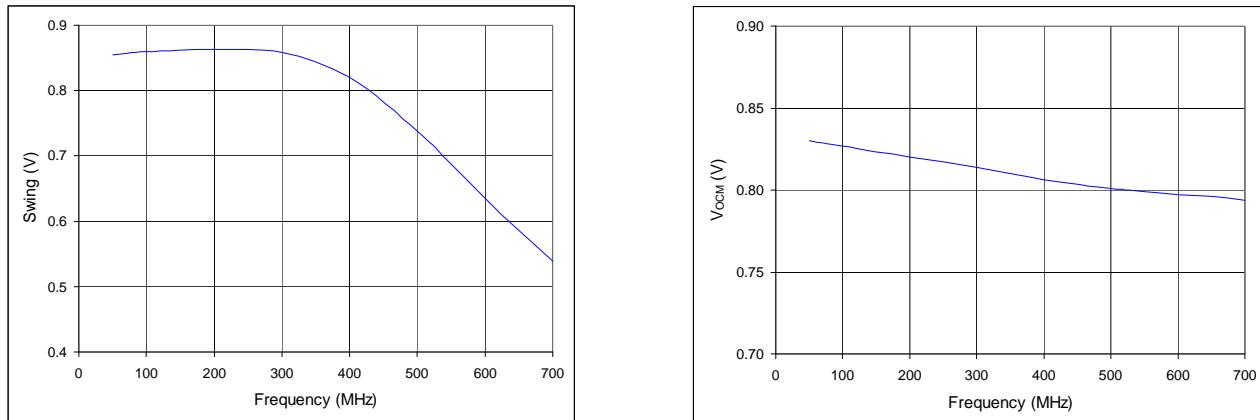
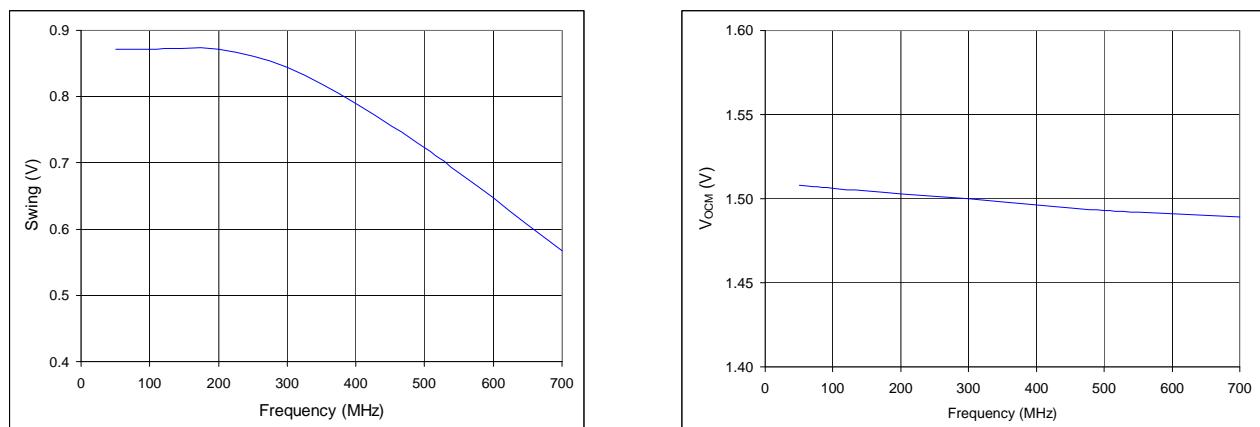


Figure 10. 3.3-V Supply and Termination to V_{DD} —2 V, minimum V_{DD} and maximum T_A



Measurement Definitions

Figure 11. Output DC Parameters

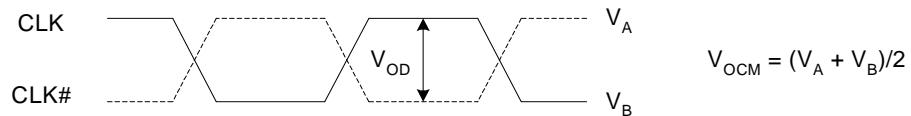


Figure 12. Duty Cycle Timing

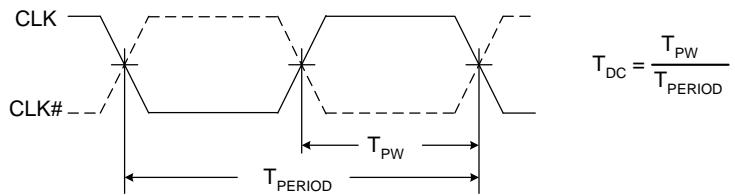
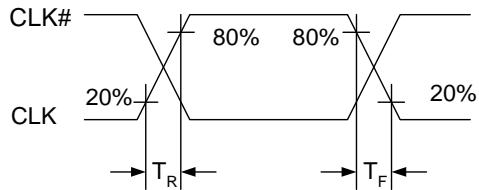
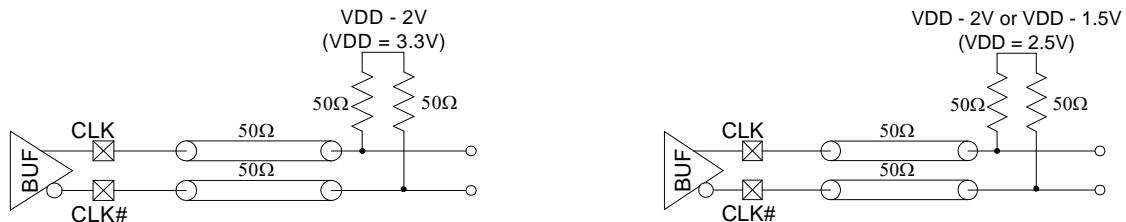


Figure 13. Output Rise and Fall Time



Termination Circuits

Figure 14. LVPECL Termination



Ordering Information

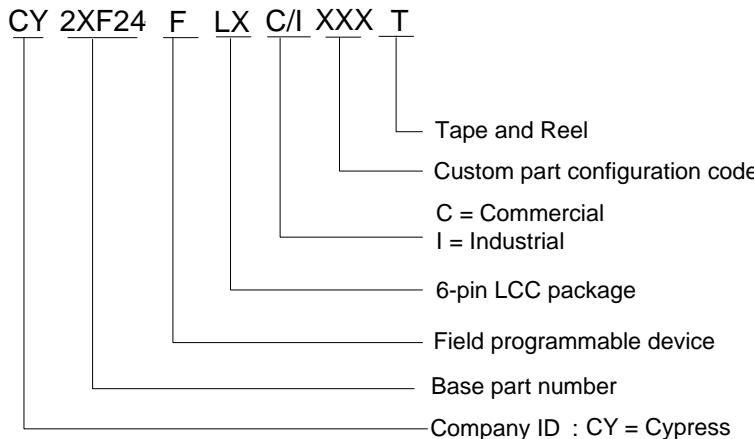
Part Number	Configuration	Package Description	Product Flow
Pb-free			
CY2XF24FLXCT	Field-programmable	6-pin ceramic LCC surface mount device (SMD) - tape and reel	Commercial, 0 °C to 70 °C
CY2XF24FLXIT	Field-programmable	6-pin ceramic LCC SMD - tape and reel	Industrial, -40 °C to 85 °C
CY2XF24LXI009T ^[11]	Factory-Configured	6-pin ceramic LCC SMD - tape and reel	Industrial, -40 °C to 85 °C

Some product offerings are factory-programmed customer-specific devices with customized part numbers. The [Possible Configurations](#) table shows the available device types, but not complete part numbers. Contact your local Cypress FAE or sales representative for more information.

Possible Configurations

Part Number ^[12]	Configuration	Package Description	Product Flow
Pb-free			
CY2XF24LXCxxT	Factory-configured	6-pin ceramic LCC SMD - tape and reel	Commercial, 0 °C to 70 °C
CY2XF24LXIxxT	Factory-configured	6-pin ceramic LCC SMD - tape and reel	Industrial, -40 °C to 85 °C

Ordering Code Definitions

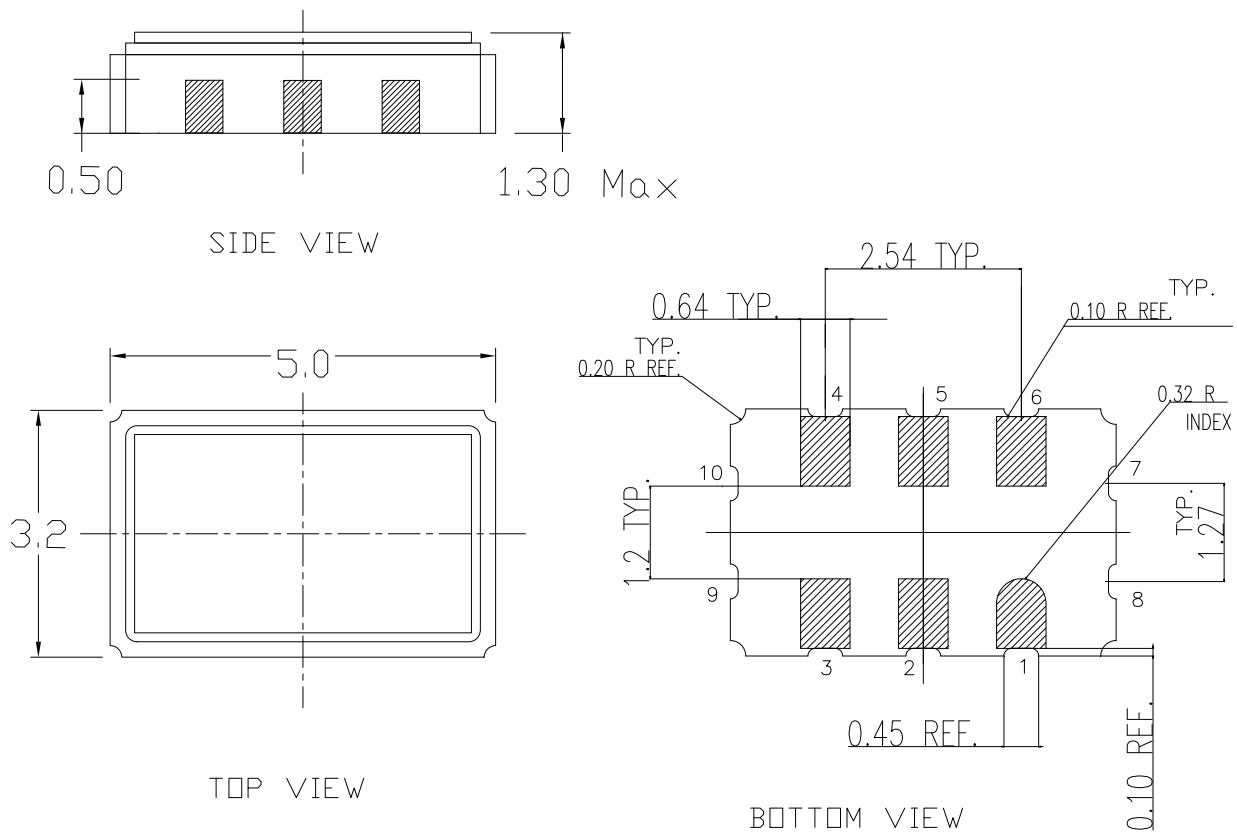


Notes

11. Device configuration details are described in the table ["Standard and Application-Specific Factory Configurations"](#) on page 4.
12. "xxx" indicates factory programmed parts based on customer specific configuration. For more details, contact your local Cypress FAE or Sales Representative.

Package Drawings and Dimensions

Figure 15. 6-Pin 3.2 x 5.0 mm Ceramic LCC LZ06A



Dimensions in mm

Kyocera dwg ref KD-VA6432-A
 Package Weight ~ 0.12 grams

001-10044 *B

Acronyms

Table 5. Acronyms Used in this Document

Acronym	Description
ESD	electrostatic discharge
FAE	field application engineer
HBM	human body model
JEDEC	joint electron devices engineering council
LCC	leadless chip carrier
LVDS	Low-voltage differential signaling
OE	output enable
PCB	printed circuit board
PLL	phase-locked loop
RMS	root mean square
XO	crystal oscillator

Document Conventions

Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
%	percent
°C	degree Celsius
kHz	kilohertz
mA	milliampere
MHz	megahertz
mm	millimeter
ms	millisecond
mV	millivolt
ns	nanosecond
pF	picofarad
ppm	parts per million
ps	picosecond
V	volt
Ω	ohms
W	watt
µA	microampere
µs	microsecond

Document History Page

Document Title: CY2XF24 High Performance LVPECL Oscillator with Frequency Margining – I²C Control
Document Number: 001-53146

Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	2704379	KVM/PYRS	05/11/09	New datasheet
*A	2718898	WWZ	06/15/09	Minor ECN to post datasheet to external web
*B	2761926	KVM	09/10/09	Revised maximum output rise and fall times
*C	2896548	KVM	03/19/10	Moved parts with 'xxx' into new table, Possible Configurations Updated package diagram
*D	2973338	CXQ	07/08/10	Added Standard and Application-Specific Factory Configurations table on page 2. Added phase jitter specs for pre-defined configurations into the AC Electrical Specifications table (note 8 refers users to the new table on page 2 for typical specs). Added CY2XF24LXI625T device to the Ordering Information table and added note 9 to reference the configuration description of the new device. Changed all references to CyberClocksOnline software to CyClockWizard. Removed section on phase noise vs jitter SW optimization. Changed description of Word Select feature from default Word 0 to user-defined.
*E	3183855	BASH	05/06/11	Updated template as per current Cypress standards. Added Units table. Changed status from Preliminary to Final.
*F	3373963	PURU	09/21/11	Updated Standard and Application-Specific Factory Configurations on page 4 and Package Drawings and Dimensions on page 14. Added new MPN CY2XF24LXI009T.
*G	3514245	PURU	02/01/2012	Updated Device Address and added note 2. Updated Package Drawings and Dimensions .
*H	3847770	AJU	01/23/2013	Updated Standard and Application-Specific Factory Configurations : Removed CY2XF24LXI625T related information. Updated Ordering Information : Removed prune part CY2XF24LXI625T.

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