

Features

- High efficiency synchronous step-down converter with greater than 94%
- Current Mode Operation for faster transient response and better loop stabilization
- 2.5V to 5.5V operating input voltage range
- Adjustable output voltage range from 0.8V to V_{IN}
- Fixed output voltage options: 1.8V, 2.5V and 3.3V
- Up to 800mA output current
- High efficiency over a wide range of load currents
- PWM operation mode
- Internal soft-start function
- Typical quiescent current of 150µA
- MSOP-10L: Available in "Green" Molding Compound
- Lead Free Finish/ RoHS Compliant (Note 1)

General Description

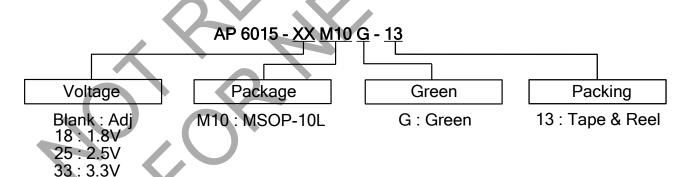
The AP6015 is the first device in a family of low-noise current mode synchronous step-down DC-DC converters. It is ideally suited for systems powered by either a 1-cell Li-ion battery or a 2to 3-cell NiCd/ NiMH/ Alkaline battery.

The AP6015 is a synchronous PWM converter with integrated N- and P-channel power MOSFET switches. Compared to the asynchronous topology, synchronous rectification offers the benefits of higher efficiency and reduced component count. The high operating frequency of 1MHz allows small inductor and capacitor to be used. This results in small pcb area. During shut-down, the standby current drops to $1\mu A$ or less. The AP6015 is available in the 10-pin MSOP package. It operates over a free-air temperature range of -40°C to 85°C.

Applications

- Mobile Handsets
- PDAs, Ultra Mobile PCs
- Portable Media Players, Digital Still/Video Cameras
- USB-based DSL Modems
- LAN/WLAN/WPAN/WWAN Modules

Ordering Information

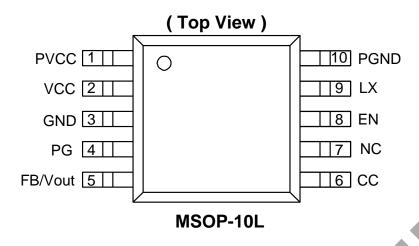


	Device	Package	Packaging	13" Tape and Reel		
	Device	Code	(Note 2)	Quantity	Part Number Suffix	
@	AP6015-XXM10G-13	M10	MSOP-10L	2500/Tape & Reel	-13	

^{1.} EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS). All applicable RoHS exemptions applied, see *EU Directive 2002/95/EC Annex Notes*.
2. Pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf



Pin Assignment

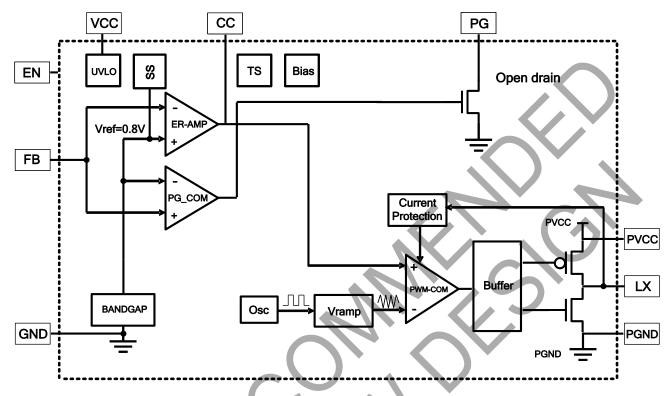


Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Pin NO.	I/O	Description		
PVCC	1	I	Supply voltage input		
VCC	2		Supply bypass pin. A $1\mu F$ coupling capacitor should be connected as close as possible to this pin.		
GND	3		Ground		
PG	4		ower good comparator output. A pull-up resistor should be connected etween PG and V_{o} .		
FB	5		Feedback pin for the fixed output voltage option.		
CC	6	_	Compensation pin		
NC	7	NC	No connect		
EN	8	Ι	Enable.Pin, H: Enable. L:shutdown		
LX	9	I/O	Connect the inductor to this pin.		
PGND	10		Power ground		



Block Diagram



Notes: 3. The adjustable output voltage version does not use the internal feedback resistor divider. The FB pin is directly connected to the error amplifier.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
ESD HBM	Human Body Model ESD Protection	2.5	KV
ESD MM	Machine Model ESD Protection	300	V
	Supply Voltage	-0.3 to +5.5	V
	Voltages on pins EN, CC, PG, FB, LX	-0.3 to V _{IN} +0.3	V
$T_{J(MAX)}$	Maximum Junction Temperature Range	+150	°C
T _{ST}	Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	°C
T _{OP}	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-40 to +125	°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods ma affect device reliability.



Recommended Operating Conditions (T_A:-40~85°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature Range	-40 to +85	°C
V_{IN}	Supply Voltage	2.0 to 5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage range for adjustable output voltage version	0.8 to V _I	V
L	Inductor (see Note 4)	3.3	μH
C_{i}	Input capacitor (see Note 4)	10	μF
Co	Output capacitor (see Note 4) V _o ≥ 1.8V	10	μF

Notes: 4. Refer to application section for further information.

Electrical Characteristics (T_A =25°C)

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_I=3.6V, V_O=2.5V, I_O=300mA, EN=V_{IN}. (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
Supply cur	Supply current							
	Input Voltage range	-20 to 85 °C	I _O = 0mA to 800mA	2.5	-	5.5	V	
\			I _O = 0mA to 500mA	2	1	5.5		
V _{IN}		-40 to 85 °C	I _O = 0mA to 600mA	2.5		5.5		
			I _O = 0mA to 400mA	2	-	-		
Iccq	Operating quiescent current		I _O = 0mA	1	150	-	μΑ	
I _{STBY}	Standby current		EN= GND	1	0.1	1	μΑ	
Enable								
V _{IH}	EN high-level input voltage		V _{IN} ≤ 3V	1.5	1	-	V	
VIH			V _{IN} > 3V	2.5	-	-	V	
V _{IL}	EN low-level input voltag	е		-	-	0.7	V	
IL	EN input leakage current		EN= GND or V _{IN}	-	0.01	0.1	μΑ	
V _(UVLO)	Under-voltage-lockout-th	reshold		1.2	1.6	1.95	V	



Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Over recommended operating free-air temperature range, V_I=3.6V, V_O=2.5V, I_O=300 mA, EN=V_{IN}. (unless otherwise noted)

Symbol		meter	Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
Power switch and current limit								
	P-channel MOSFET on-resistance		V _I =V _{GS} =3.6V; I=200mA V _I =V _{GS} =2V; I=200mA	200	280 480	410	mΩ	
	P-channel leakage current		V _{DS} =5.5V	-		1	μΑ	
$R_{DS(on)}$	N-channel MOSFET on-resistance		V _I =V _{GS} =3.6V; I _O =200mA V _I =V _{GS} =2V; I _O =200mA	200	280 500	410	mΩ	
	N-channel leakage	e current	V _{DS} =5.5V	-	1-1	1	μA	
I _(LIM)	P-channel current		2.5V≤V₁≤5.5V	1200	7	1600	mA	
Power goo	d output (see Note	: 5)						
$V_{(PG)}$	Power good threshold		Feedback voltage falling	88% V ₀	92% V _o	94% V _o	V	
, ,	Power good hyste	resis			2.5% V ₀			
V _{OL}	PG output low vol	tage	$V_{\text{(FB)}}=0.8\times V_{\text{O}}$ nominal; $I_{\text{(sink)}}=10\mu\text{A}$	-	1-1	0.3	V	
I_{LKG}	PG output leakage	e current	V _(FB) =V _O nominal		0.01	1	μA	
	Minimum supply power good signa	voltage for valid		1.2		-	V	
Oscillator					•			
Fs	Oscillator frequen	су		800	1000	1200	KHz	
Output								
Vo	Adjustable output	voltage range		0.8		5.5	V	
V_{REF}	Reference voltage			0.784	0.8	0.816	V	
		AP6015-Adj AP6015-1.8V	V_1 =2.5V to 5.5V; 0mA ≤ I_0 ≤ 800mA	-3%	-	4%		
	Fixed output voltage (see Note 6)	AP6015-2.5V AP6015-3.3V	10mA ≤ I _O ≤ 800mA	-3%	-	3%	V	
Vo			$V_{I}=2.7V$ to 5.5V; $0mA \le I_{O} \le 800mA$	-3%	-	4%		
			10mA ≤ I _O ≤ 800mA	-3%	-	3%		
			V_{I} =3.6V to 5.5V; $0mA \le I_{O} \le 800mA$	-3%	-	4%		
			10mA ≤ I _O ≤ 800mA	-3%	-	3%		
	Line regulation		$V_{I}=V_{O} +0.5V \text{ (min.2V)}$ to 6.0V; $I_{O}=10\text{mA}$	0.3		%/V		
7	Load regulation Efficiency		V _I =5.0V; I _O =10mA to 800mA	0.8		%		
η			V _I =5V; V _O =3.3V; I _O =300mA V _I =3.6V; V _O =2.5V; I _O =200mA	94		%		
	Start-up time	•	I _o =0mA, time from active EN to V _o	0.4	1	4	ms	
θЈΑ	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient		MSOP-10L (Note 7)		161		°C/W	
θлс	Thermal Resistand Junction-to-Case	ce	MSOP-10L (Note 7)		39		°C/W	

Notes:

- 5. Power good is not valid for the first 100µs after EN goes high. Please refer to the application section for more information.
- 6. The output voltage accuracy includes line and load regulation over the full temperature range.

 7. Test condition for MSOP-10L: Device mounted on 2oz copper, minimum recommended pad layout on top & bottom layer with thermal vias, double sided FR-4 PCB

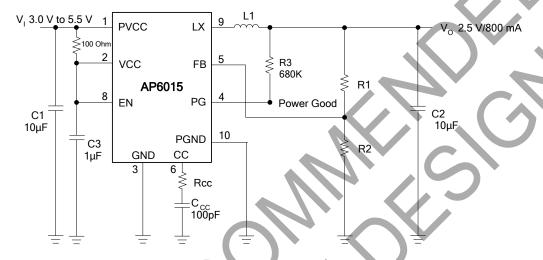


Typical Application Circuit

For best transient response we suggest that R_{CC}, C_{CC} and L1 values as below.

	Rcc	C _{CC}	L1-WURTH	C1, C2 (MLCC)
V_{IN} < 3.0V, V_{OUT} < 2.5V	200ΚΩ	33PF	1.8µH	10μF
$V_{IN} \ge 3.0 V, V_{OUT} < 2.5 V$	68ΚΩ	100PF	1.8µH	10μF
$V_{IN} \ge 3.0 V$, $V_{OUT} \ge 2.5 V$	82ΚΩ	100PF	3.3µH	10µF

(1) ADJ Output

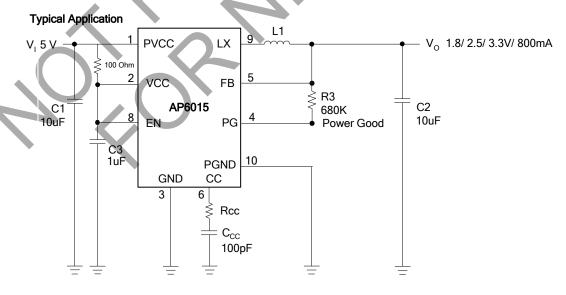


R2: Suggest to be $39 \text{K}^{\sim} 100 \text{K}$ because of stability reasons.

$$V_O = V_{REF} \times (1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2})$$

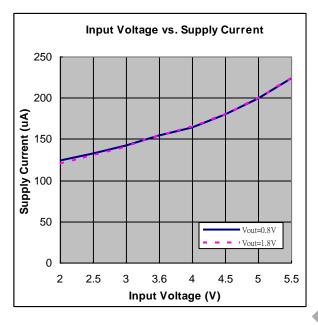
Typical Application Circuit for Adjustable Output Voltage Option

(2) FIXED Output



Standard 5 V to 1.8/ 2.5/ 3.3V/ 800mA Conversion; High Efficiency

Typical Operating Characteristics



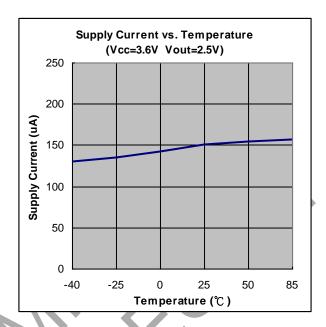


Figure 1

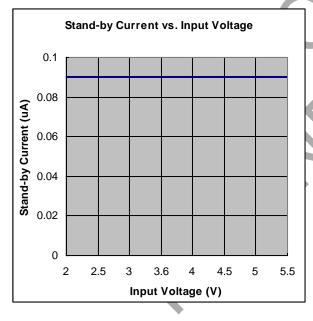


Figure 2

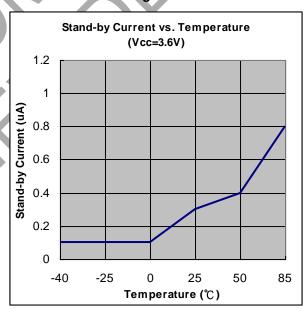
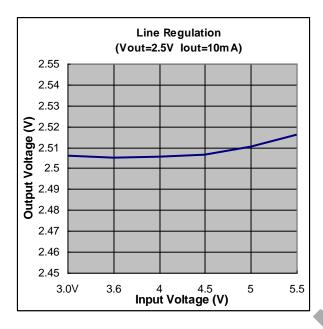


Figure 3 Figure 4



Typical Operating Characteristics (Continued)



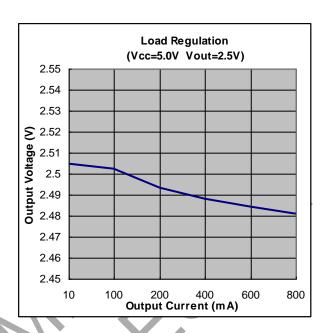


Figure 5

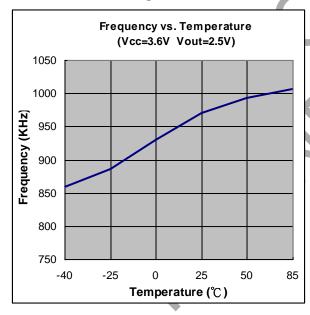


Figure 6

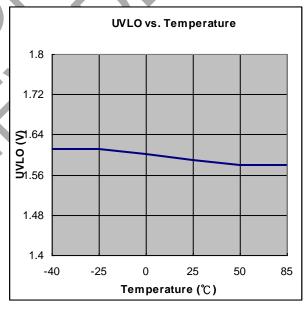


Figure 7 Figure 8



Typical Operating Characteristics (Continued)

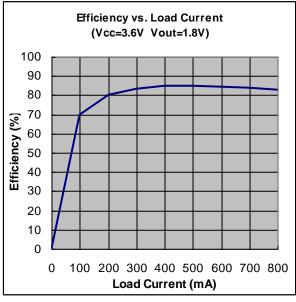


Figure 9

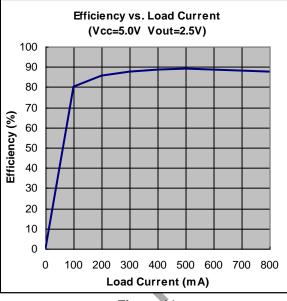


Figure 11

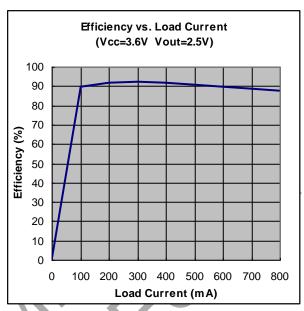


Figure 10

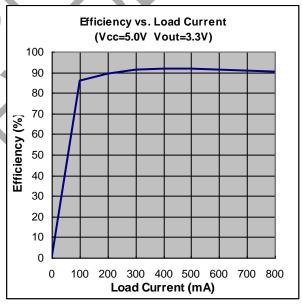


Figure 12



Typical Operating Characteristics (Continued)

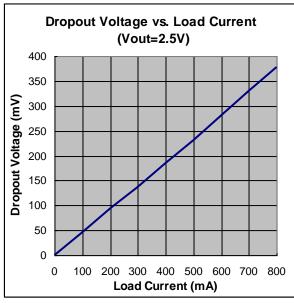


Figure 13

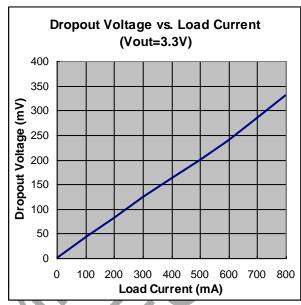
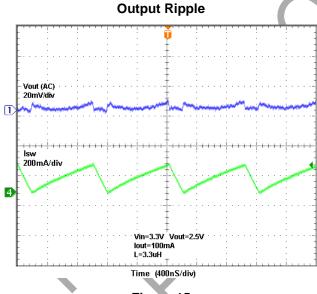
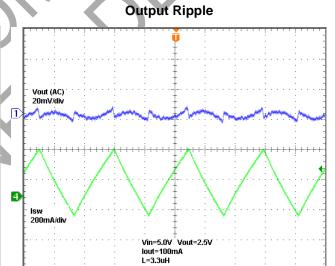


Figure 14



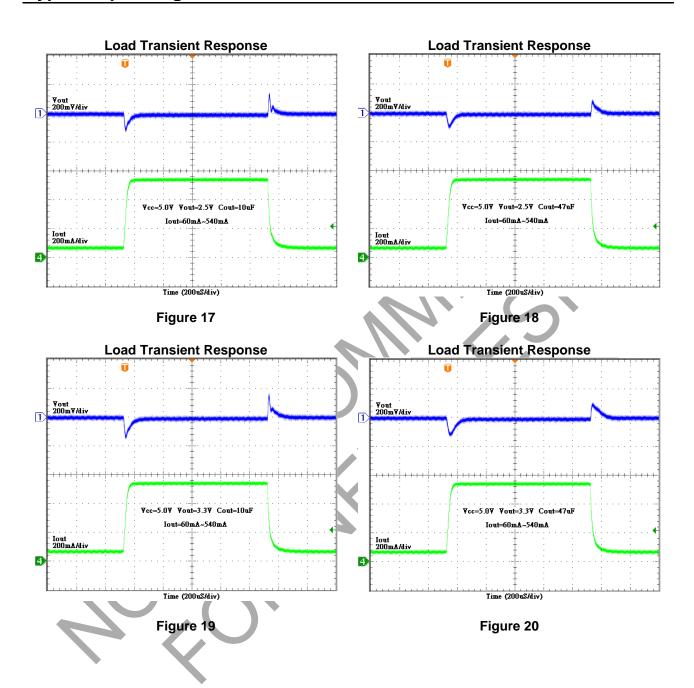




Time (400nS/div) Figure 16



Typical Operating Characteristics (Continued)





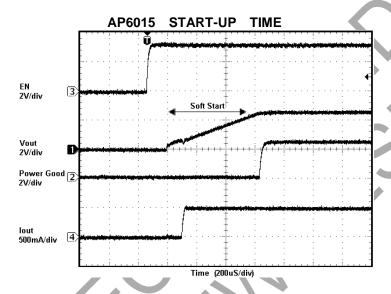
Application Information

■ Enable (EN)

When EN is on logic low, the AP6015 goes into shutdown mode. In shutdown, all other functions are turned off. The supply current is reduced to 1uA (Typ.).

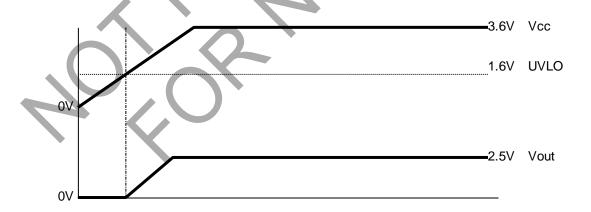
■ Soft Start

As the enable pin goes high, the soft-start function generates an internal voltage ramp. This causes the start-up current to slowly raise preventing output voltage overshoot and high inrush currents. The soft-start duration is typical 1mSec.



■ Under Voltage Lock Out (UVLO)

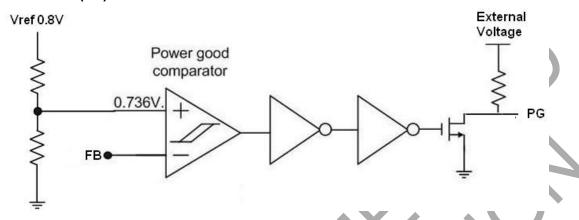
The UVLO prevents the converter from turning on when the voltage on V_{CC} is less than typically 1.6V.





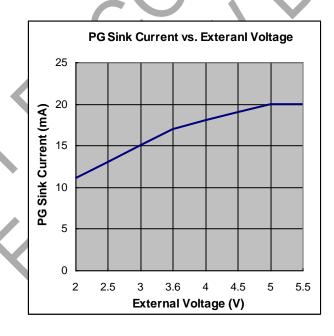
Application Information (Continued)

■ Power Good (PG)



The PG comparator has an open drain output capable of sinking typically 10mA. The PG is only active when the AP6015 is enable (EN=high). When the AP6015 is disable (EN=low), the PG pin is high impedance. If the PG pin is connected to the output of the AP6015 with a pull-up resistor, no initial spike occurs and precautions have to be taken during start-up.

The PG pin becomes active high when the output voltage exceeds typically 92% of its nominal value. Leave the PG pin unconnected when not used.



Application Information (Continued)

■ Inductor Selection

In order to avoid saturation of the inductor, the inductor should be rated at least for the maximum output current plus the inductor ripple current which is calculated as:

$$\Delta I_L = V_O \times \frac{1 - (\frac{V_O}{V_{CC}})}{L \times f} \qquad I_{L(MAX)} = I_{O(MAX)} + \frac{\Delta I_L}{2}$$

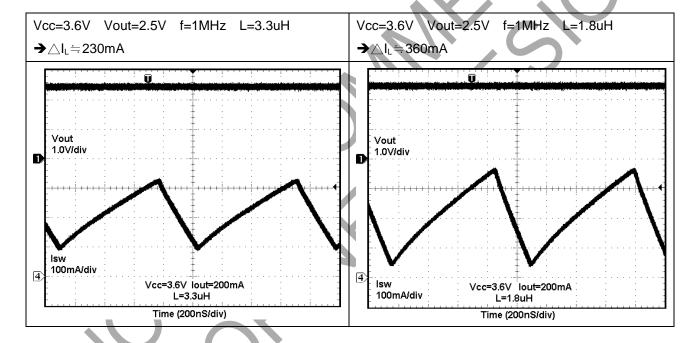
Where:

f= Switching frequency (1MHz typical)

L = Inductor value

 $\triangle I_L$ = Peak-to-peak inductor ripple current

 $I_L(max) = Maximum inductor current$





Application Information (Continued)

■ Input Capacitor Selection

Though there is no special requirement for the ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) of the input capacitor, due attention should be paid to the tolerance and temperature coefficient of the capacitor used. A 10uF or larger capacitance is required between the PVCC and the GND pins. The input capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the PVCC pin in order to achieve good overall system performance.

■ Output Capacitor Selection

Ripple at the voltage output pin is caused by the charge-and-discharge of the output capacitor. For the best performance, a low ESR output capacitor should be used. The equation below demonstrates how the size of the ripple can be calculated.

$$\Delta V_{O} = V_{O} \times \frac{1 - (\frac{V_{O}}{V_{CC}})}{L \times f} \times (\frac{1}{8 \times C_{O} \times f} + ESR) = \Delta I_{L} \times (\frac{1}{8 \times C_{O} \times f} + ESR)$$

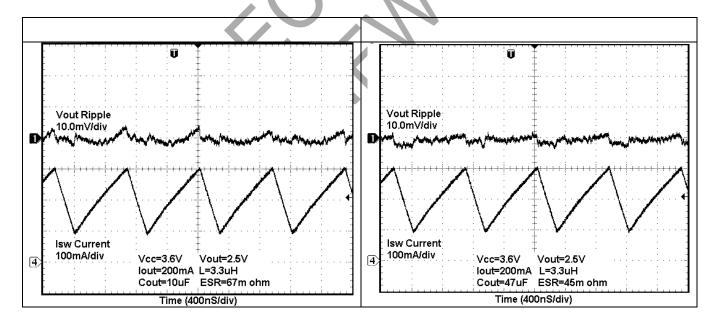
Where:

△Vo= Output voltage ripple

L = Inductor value

f = Switching frequency (1MHz typical)

 $\triangle I_L$ = Peak-to-peak inductor ripple current

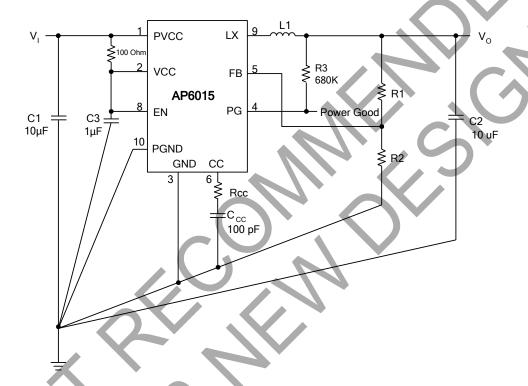




Application Information (Continued)

Layout Considerations

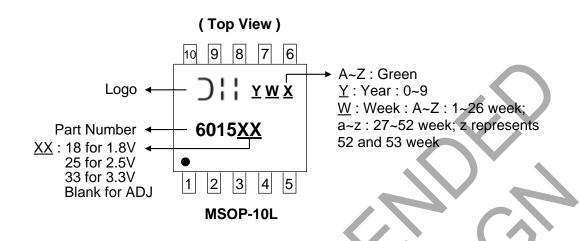
A good board layout practice can significantly improve the stability of the application circuit and reduce the system noise. The feedback path must be as short as possible. The input capacitor and bypass capacitor must be placed close to the PVCC and the VCC pins for optimal performance. It is recommended that the ground planes for System Ground / Power Ground / Analog Ground are isolated from each others, while they should all be joined together at a common point. An example drawing of a circuit with good ground noise performance is shown below.



The external inductor must be placed as close as possible to the switching node, i.e. the LX pin. The copper traces on the pcb, where high peak switching current may flow through, should be kept 'wide' and 'short'. This results in low inductance and capacitance in the current path, hence ground shift problem is avoided and system stability stay within bound.

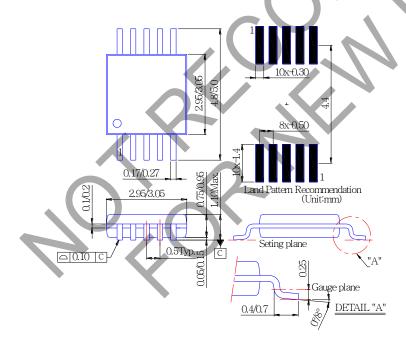


Marking Information



Package Information (All Dimensions in mm)

(1) Package type: MSOP-10L





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