GTL2034

4-bit GTL to GTL buffer Rev. 01 — 11 November 2005

Product data sheet

General description 1.

The GTL2034 is a 4-bit GTL-/GTL/GTL+ bus buffer.

The GTL2034 GTL inputs and outputs operate up to 3.6 V, allowing the device to be used in higher voltage open-drain output applications.

2. **Features**

- Operates as a 4-bit GTL-/GTL/GTL+ to GTL-/GTL/GTL+ bus buffer
- 3.0 V to 3.6 V operation
- GTL input and output 3.6 V tolerant
- V_{ref} adjustable from 0.5 V to V_{CC} / 2
- Partial power-down permitted
- ESD protection exceeds 2000 V HBM per JESD22-A114, 200 V MM per JESD22-A115, and 1000 V CDM per JESD22-CC101
- Latch-up protection exceeds 500 mA per JESD78
- Package offered: TSSOP14

Quick reference data 3.

Table 1: **Quick reference data**

 $T_{amb} = 25 \,^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t _{PLH}	LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay	GTL; Bln to BOn;	-	3.1	8	ns
t _{PHL}	HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}; V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	-	4.1	10	ns
C _i	input capacitance	GTL; outputs disabled; V _{I/O} = 0 V or 3.0 V	-	4.5	-	pF



4. Ordering information

Table 2: Ordering information

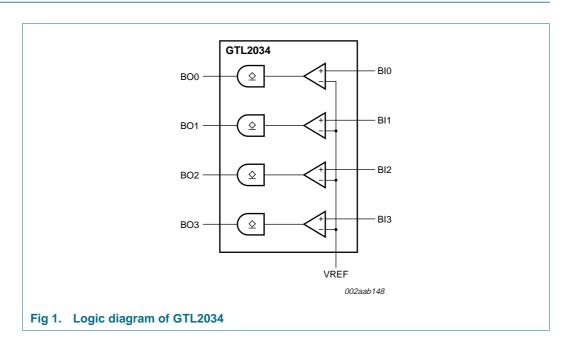
Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
GTL2034PW	TSSOP14	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 14 leads; body width 4.4 mm	SOT402-1

4.1 Ordering options

Table 3: Ordering options

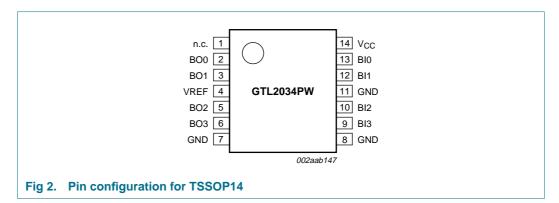
Type number	Topside mark	Temperature range
GTL2034PW	GTL2034	$T_{amb} = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$

5. Functional diagram



6. Pinning information

6.1 Pinning



6.2 Pin description

Table 4: Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
n.c.	1	not connected
BO0	2	data outputs (GTL)
BO1	3	
BO2	5	_
BO3	6	_
BIO	13	data inputs (GTL)
BI1	12	_
BI2	10	_
BI3	9	
VREF	4	GTL reference voltage
GND	7, 8, 11	ground (0 V)
V _{CC}	14	positive supply voltage

7. Functional description

Refer to Figure 1 "Logic diagram of GTL2034".

7.1 Function table

Table 5: Function table

Input/output	
Bln (GTL)	BOn (GTL)
Input	BOn = BIn

8. Limiting values

Table 6: Limiting values

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). [1] Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
I _{IK}	input clamping current	V _I < 0 V	-	-50	mA
VI	input voltage	B port	-0.5 [2]	+4.6	V
I _{OK}	output clamping current	V _O < 0 V	-	-50	mA
V _O	output voltage	output in OFF or HIGH state; B port	-0.5 <u>[2]</u>	+4.6	V
I _{OL}	LOW-state output current [3]	B port	-	80	mA
T _{stg}	storage temperature		<u>[4]</u> –60	+150	°C

^[1] Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Section 9 "Recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

9. Recommended operating conditions

Table 7: Recommended operating conditions

Unused inputs must be held HIGH or LOW to prevent them from floating.

	•	•	•			
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V_{CC}	supply voltage		3.0	-	3.6	V
V _{TT}	termination voltage [1]	GTL-	0.85	0.9	0.95	V
		GTL	1.14	1.2	1.26	V
		GTL+	1.35	1.5	1.65	V
V _{ref} reference voltage		overall	0.5	$^{2}/_{3}V_{TT}$	V _{CC} / 2	V
		GTL-	0.5	0.6	0.63	V
		GTL	0.76	0.8	0.84	V
		GTL+	0.87	1.0	1.10	V
VI	input voltage	B port	0	V_{TT}	3.6	V
V _{IH}	HIGH-state input voltage	B port	V _{ref} + 0.050	-	-	V
V _{IL}	LOW-state input voltage	B port	-	-	$V_{\text{ref}} - 0.050$	V
I _{OL}	LOW-state output current	B port	-	-	40	mA
T _{amb}	ambient temperature	operating in free air	-40	-	+85	°C

^[1] V_{TT} maximum of 3.6 V with resistor sized so I_{OL} maximum is not exceeded.

^[2] The input and output negative voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp current ratings are observed.

^[3] Current into any output in the LOW state.

^[4] The performance capability of a high-performance integrated circuit in conjunction with its thermal environment can create junction temperatures which are detrimental to reliability. The maximum junction temperature of this integrated circuit should not exceed 150 °C.

10. Static characteristics

Table 8: Static characteristics

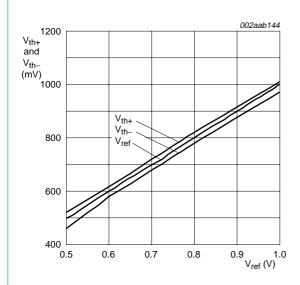
Recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V). T_{amb} = -40 °C to +85 °C

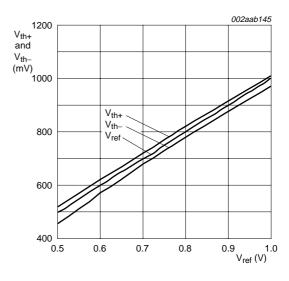
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ 📶	Max	Unit
V_{OL}	LOW-state output voltage	B port; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$; $I_{OL} = 40 \text{ mA}$	[2] _	0.2	0.4	V
I _I	input current	B port; $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{TT} \text{ or GND}$	-	-	±1	μΑ
I _{LO}	output leakage current	B port; $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}$; $V_{O} = V_{TT}$	-	-	±1	μΑ
I _{CC}	quiescent supply current	B port; $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}$; $V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$; $I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$	-	4	8	mA
Ci	input capacitance	port BIn; $V_O = V_{TT}$ or 0 V	-	4.5	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	port BOn; $V_O = V_{TT}$ or 0 V	-	5.5	-	pF

^[1] All typical values are measured at V_{CC} = 3.3 V and T_{amb} = 25 °C.

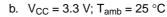
^[2] The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

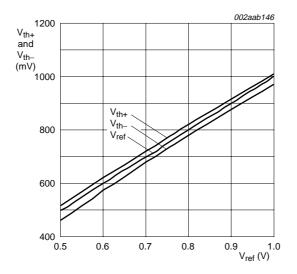
10.1 Performance curves





a. $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = -40 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$





c. $V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Fig 3. GTL V_{th+} and V_{th-} versus V_{ref}

11. Dynamic characteristics

Table 9: Dynamic characteristics

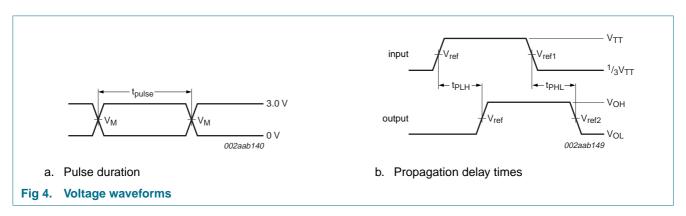
 $V_{CC} = 3.3 \ V \pm 0.3 \ V$

0.6 V; V _{TT} = 0.9 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay					
LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay					
1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Bln to BOn;	-	2.8	8	ns
HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay	see <u>Figure 4</u>	-	5.2	10	ns
.8 V; V _{TT} = 1.2 V					
LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay	BIn to BOn;	-	3.1	8	ns
HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay	see Figure 4	-	4.1	10	ns
1.0 V; V _{TT} = 1.5 V					
LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay	BIn to BOn;	-	3.3	8	ns
HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay	see Figure 4	-	3.6	10	ns
	HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay 0.8 V; V _{TT} = 1.2 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay 1.0 V; V _{TT} = 1.5 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay	HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay See Figure 4 1.8 V; V _{TT} = 1.2 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay 1.0 V; V _{TT} = 1.5 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay Bln to BOn; See Figure 4	HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay see Figure 4 - 0.8 V; V _{TT} = 1.2 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay BIn to BOn; - see Figure 4 - 1.0 V; V _{TT} = 1.5 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay BIn to BOn; - see Figure 4	HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay see Figure 4 - 5.2 1.8 V; V _{TT} = 1.2 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay Bln to BOn; - 3.1 HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay see Figure 4 - 4.1 1.0 V; V _{TT} = 1.5 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay Bln to BOn; - 3.3	HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay see Figure 4 - 5.2 10 1.8 V; V _{TT} = 1.2 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay BIn to BOn; - 3.1 8 HIGH-to-LOW propagation delay see Figure 4 - 4.1 10 1.0 V; V _{TT} = 1.5 V LOW-to-HIGH propagation delay BIn to BOn; - 3.3 8

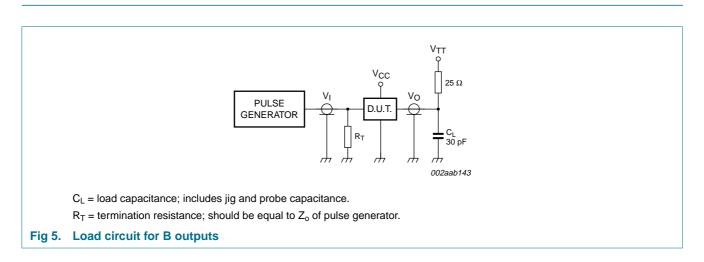
^[1] All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V and T_{amb} = 25 °C.

11.1 Waveforms

 $V_{M} = V_{ref}$ for B ports.



12. Test information



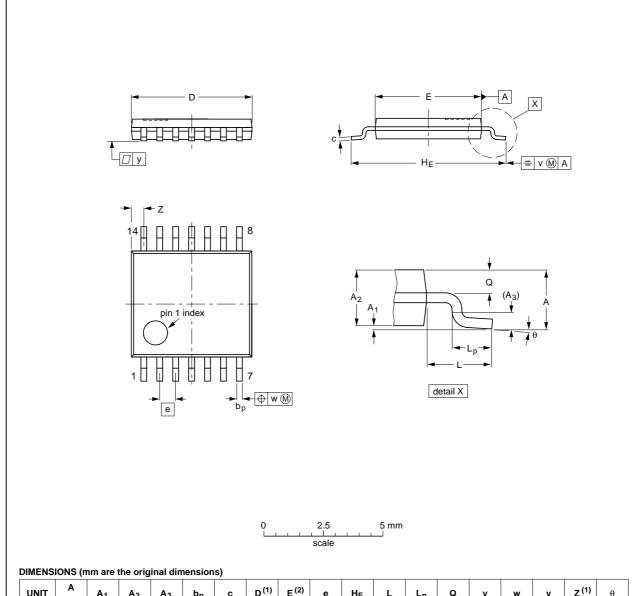
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13. Package outline

TSSOP14: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 14 leads; body width 4.4 mm

SOT402-1



UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	А3	bp	C	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽²⁾	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	1.1	0.15 0.05	0.95 0.80	0.25	0.30 0.19	0.2 0.1	5.1 4.9	4.5 4.3	0.65	6.6 6.2	1	0.75 0.50	0.4 0.3	0.2	0.13	0.1	0.72 0.38	8° 0°

Notes

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFER	ENCES	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA	PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT402-1		MO-153			99-12-27 03-02-18

Fig 6. Package outline SOT402-1 (TSSOP14)

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14. Soldering

14.1 Introduction to soldering surface mount packages

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our *Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages* (document order number 9398 652 90011).

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all surface mount IC packages. Wave soldering can still be used for certain surface mount ICs, but it is not suitable for fine pitch SMDs. In these situations reflow soldering is recommended.

14.2 Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement. Driven by legislation and environmental forces the worldwide use of lead-free solder pastes is increasing.

Several methods exist for reflowing; for example, convection or convection/infrared heating in a conveyor type oven. Throughput times (preheating, soldering and cooling) vary between 100 seconds and 200 seconds depending on heating method.

Typical reflow peak temperatures range from 215 °C to 270 °C depending on solder paste material. The top-surface temperature of the packages should preferably be kept:

- below 225 °C (SnPb process) or below 245 °C (Pb-free process)
 - for all BGA, HTSSON..T and SSOP..T packages
 - for packages with a thickness ≥ 2.5 mm
 - for packages with a thickness < 2.5 mm and a volume ≥ 350 mm³ so called thick/large packages.
- below 240 °C (SnPb process) or below 260 °C (Pb-free process) for packages with a thickness < 2.5 mm and a volume < 350 mm³ so called small/thin packages.

Moisture sensitivity precautions, as indicated on packing, must be respected at all times.

14.3 Wave soldering

Conventional single wave soldering is not recommended for surface mount devices (SMDs) or printed-circuit boards with a high component density, as solder bridging and non-wetting can present major problems.

To overcome these problems the double-wave soldering method was specifically developed.

If wave soldering is used the following conditions must be observed for optimal results:

- Use a double-wave soldering method comprising a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave.
- For packages with leads on two sides and a pitch (e):
 - larger than or equal to 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis is preferred to be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board;

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 smaller than 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis must be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

The footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

 For packages with leads on four sides, the footprint must be placed at a 45° angle to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board. The footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Typical dwell time of the leads in the wave ranges from 3 seconds to 4 seconds at 250 °C or 265 °C, depending on solder material applied, SnPb or Pb-free respectively.

A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

14.4 Manual soldering

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use a low voltage (24 V or less) soldering iron applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C.

When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 seconds to 5 seconds between 270 °C and 320 °C.

14.5 Package related soldering information

Table 10: Suitability of surface mount IC packages for wave and reflow soldering methods

Package [1]	Soldering method			
	Wave	Reflow [2]		
BGA, HTSSONT ³ , LBGA, LFBGA, SQFP, SSOPT ³ , TFBGA, VFBGA, XSON	not suitable	suitable		
DHVQFN, HBCC, HBGA, HLQFP, HSO, HSOP, HSQFP, HSSON, HTQFP, HTSSOP, HVQFN, HVSON, SMS	not suitable [4]	suitable		
PLCC [5], SO, SOJ	suitable	suitable		
LQFP, QFP, TQFP	not recommended [5] [6]	suitable		
SSOP, TSSOP, VSO, VSSOP	not recommended [7]	suitable		
CWQCCNL ^[8] , PMFP ^[9] , WQCCNL ^[8]	not suitable	not suitable		

For more detailed information on the BGA packages refer to the (LF)BGA Application Note (AN01026);
 order a copy from your Philips Semiconductors sales office.

- [2] All surface mount (SMD) packages are moisture sensitive. Depending upon the moisture content, the maximum temperature (with respect to time) and body size of the package, there is a risk that internal or external package cracks may occur due to vaporization of the moisture in them (the so called popcorn effect). For details, refer to the Drypack information in the Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages; Section: Packing Methods.
- [3] These transparent plastic packages are extremely sensitive to reflow soldering conditions and must on no account be processed through more than one soldering cycle or subjected to infrared reflow soldering with peak temperature exceeding 217 °C ± 10 °C measured in the atmosphere of the reflow oven. The package body peak temperature must be kept as low as possible.

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Philips Semiconductors GTL2034

- 4-bit GTL to GTL buffer
- [4] These packages are not suitable for wave soldering. On versions with the heatsink on the bottom side, the solder cannot penetrate between the printed-circuit board and the heatsink. On versions with the heatsink on the top side, the solder might be deposited on the heatsink surface.
- [5] If wave soldering is considered, then the package must be placed at a 45° angle to the solder wave direction. The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.
- [6] Wave soldering is suitable for LQFP, QFP and TQFP packages with a pitch (e) larger than 0.8 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.65 mm.
- [7] Wave soldering is suitable for SSOP, TSSOP, VSO and VSSOP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.65 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.5 mm.
- [8] Image sensor packages in principle should not be soldered. They are mounted in sockets or delivered pre-mounted on flex foil. However, the image sensor package can be mounted by the client on a flex foil by using a hot bar soldering process. The appropriate soldering profile can be provided on request.
- [9] Hot bar soldering or manual soldering is suitable for PMFP packages.

15. Abbreviations

Table 11: Abbreviations

Acronym	Description
CDM	Charged Device Model
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
GTL	Gunning Transceiver Logic
HBM	Human Body Model
MM	Machine Model
TTL	Transistor-Transistor Logic

16. Revision history

Table 12: Revision history

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Doc. number	Supersedes
GTL2034_1	20051111	Product data sheet	-	9397 750 13543	-



Level	Data sheet status [1]	Product status [2] [3]	Definition
I	Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
II	Preliminary data	Qualification	This data sheet contains data from the preliminary specification. Supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification without notice, in order to improve the design and supply the best possible product.
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- [1] Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The product status of the device(s) described in this data sheet may have changed since this data sheet was published. The latest information is available on the Internet at URL http://www.semiconductors.philips.com.
- [3] For data sheets describing multiple type numbers, the highest-level product status determines the data sheet status.

18. Definitions

Short-form specification — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

Limiting values definition — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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