- Designed for TIA/EIA-485, TIA/EIA-422, and ISO 8482 Applications
- Signaling Rate ${ }^{\text {Exceeding }} 50 \mathrm{Mbps}$
- Fail-Safe in Bus Short-Circuit, Open-Circuit, and Idle-Bus Conditions
- ESD Protection on Bus Inputs Exceeds 6 kV
- Common-Mode Bus Input Range -7 V to 12 V
- Propagation Delay Times <16 ns
- Low Standby Power Consumption <20 $\mu \mathrm{A}$
- Pin-Compatible Upgrade for AM26LS32, DS96F173, LTC488, and SN75173


## description

The SN65LBC173A and SN75LBC173A are quadruple differential line receivers with 3 -state outputs, designed for TIA/EIA-485 (RS-485), TIA/EIA-422 (RS-422), and ISO 8482 (Euro RS-485) applications.

These devices are optimized for balanced multipoint bus communication at data rates up to and exceeding 50 million bits per second. The transmission media may be twisted-pair cables, printed-circuit board traces, or backplanes. The ultimate rate and distance of data transfer is dependent upon the attenuation characteristics of the media and the noise coupling to the environment.

SN65LBC173A (Marked as 65LBC173A)
SN75LBC173A (Marked as 75LBC173A)
D or N PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)

| 1B |  | ] $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1A | 215 | ] 4B |
| 1Y | 314 | ] 4 A |
| G [ | 413 | ] 4 Y |
| 2 Y | 512 | $\overline{\mathrm{G}}$ |
| 2 A | $6 \quad 11$ | ] $3 Y$ |
| 2B | 710 | ] 3A |
| GND | 89 | 3B |

## logic diagram



Each receiver operates over a wide range of positive and negative common-mode input voltages, and features ESD protection to 6 kV , making it suitable for high-speed multipoint data transmission applications in harsh environments. These devices are designed using LinBiCMOS ${ }^{m}$, facilitating low power consumption and robustness.

The G and $\overline{\mathrm{G}}$ inputs provide enable control logic for either positive- or negative-logic enabling all four drivers. When disabled or powered off, the receiver inputs present a high-impedance to the bus for reduced system loading.
The SN75LBC173A is characterized for operation over the temperature range of $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The SN65LBC173A is characterized over the temperature range from $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

[^0]
## QUADRUPLE RS-485 DIFFERENTIAL LINE RECEIVERS

FUNCTION TABLE
(each receiver)

| DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS$A-B\left(V_{I D}\right)$ | ENABLES |  | $\underset{\mathrm{Y}}{\text { OUTPUT }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | G | $\overline{\mathrm{G}}$ |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ID}} \leq-0.2 \mathrm{~V}$ | H | X | L |
|  | X | L |  |
| $-0.2 \mathrm{~V}<\mathrm{V}_{\text {ID }}<-0.01 \mathrm{~V}$ | H | X | ? |
|  | X | L |  |
| $-0.01 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\text {ID }}$ | H | X | H |
|  | X | L |  |
| X | L | H | Z |
|  | OPEN | OPEN |  |
| Short circuit | H | X | H |
|  | X | L |  |
| Open circuit | H | X | H |

$H$ = high level, $L=$ low level, $X=$ irrelevant, $Z=$ high impedance (off), ? = indeterminate

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

|  | PACKAGE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{T A}_{\mathbf{A}}$ | PLASTIC <br> SMALL OUTLINE <br> (JEDEC MS-012) | PLASTIC <br> DUAL-IN-LINE <br> (JEDEC MS-001) |
| $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SN75LBC173AD | SN75LBC173AN |
| $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | SN65LBC173AD | SN65LBC173AN |

† Add an R suffix for taped and reeled
equivalent input and output schematic diagrams


# SN65LBC173A, SN75LBC173A QUADRUPLE RS-485 DIFFERENTIAL LINE RECEIVERS 

## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ${ }^{\dagger}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Supply voltage range, } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}} \text { (see Note 1) ............................................................ }-0.3 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~V} \\
& \text { Voltage range at any bus input (DC) ........................................................... } 10 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 15 \mathrm{~V} \\
& \text { Voltage range at any bus input (transient pulse through } 100 \Omega \text {, see Figure 5) ................ } 30 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 30 \mathrm{~V}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Receiver output current, IO ............................................................................................. } 10 \mathrm{~mA} \\
& \text { Electrostatic discharge: } \\
& \text { Human body model (see Note 2): A and B to GND ........................................... } 6 \mathrm{kV} \\
& \text { All pins ........................................................... } 5 \mathrm{kV} \\
& \text { Charged-device model (see Note 3): All pins ........................................................ } 2 \mathrm{kV} \\
& \text { Continuous power dissipation ...................................... See Power Dissipation Rating Table } \\
& \dagger \text { Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and } \\
& \text { functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not } \\
& \text { implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. } \\
& \text { NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to GND, and are steady-state (unless otherwise specified). } \\
& \text { 2. Tested in accordance with JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method A114-A. } \\
& \text { 3. Tested in accordance with JEDEC Standard 22, Test Method C101. }
\end{aligned}
$$

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

| PACKAGE | $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{A}} \leq \mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ <br> POWER RATING | DERATING FACTOR $\ddagger$ <br> ABOVE $\mathbf{T A}_{\mathbf{A}}=\mathbf{2 5}^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{A}}=70^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ <br> POWER RATING | $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{A}}=\mathbf{8 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathbf{C}$ <br> POWER RATING |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| D | 1080 mW | $8.7 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 690 mW | 560 mW |
| N | 1150 mW | $9.2 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 736 mW | 598 mW |

$\ddagger$ This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when board-mounted and with no air flow.
recommended operating conditions

|  |  | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | 4.75 | 5 | 5.25 | V |
| Voltage at any bus terminal | A, B | -7 |  | 12 | V |
| High-level input voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IH}}$ | $\mathrm{G}, \overline{\mathrm{G}}$ | 2 |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | V |
| Low-level input voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IL}}$ |  | 0 |  | 0.8 |  |
| Output current | Y | -8 |  | 8 | mA |
| Operating free-air temperature, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | SN75LBC173A | 0 |  | 70 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | SN65LBC173A | -40 |  | 85 |  |

## QUADRUPLE RS-485 DIFFERENTIAL LINE RECEIVERS

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## electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions

| PARAMETER |  |  | TEST CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP $\dagger$ | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IT+ }}$ | Positive-going differential input voltage threshold |  | $-7 \mathrm{~V} \leq \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CM}} \leq 12 \mathrm{~V}\left(\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CM}}=\left(\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{A}}+\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{B}}\right)^{\prime 2}\right)$ |  |  | -80 | -10 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IT- }}$ | Negative-going differential input voltage threshold |  |  |  | -200 | -120 |  | mV |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {HYS }}$ | Hysteresis voltage (VIT+ - $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IT-}}$ ) |  |  |  |  | 40 |  | mV |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IK }}$ | Input clamp voltage |  | $\mathrm{I}=-18 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  | -1.5 | -0.8 |  | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | High-level output voltage |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \mathrm{ID}=200 \mathrm{mV}, \\ & \mathrm{IOH}=-8 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 1 | 2.7 | 4.8 |  |  |
| V OL | Low-level output voltage |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ID}}=-200 \mathrm{mV}, \\ & \mathrm{IOL}=8 \mathrm{~mA} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 0.2 | 0.4 | v |
| IOZ | High-impedance-state output current |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{O}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  | -1 |  | 1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| リ | Line input current |  | Other input at 0 V , $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ or 5 V | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=12 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 0.9 | mA |
|  |  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=-7 \mathrm{~V}$ | -0.7 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1 / H}$ | High-level input current | Enable inputs $\mathrm{G}, \overline{\mathrm{G}}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 100 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| IIL | Low-level input current |  |  |  | -100 |  |  | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ | Input resistance | A, B inputs |  |  | 12 |  |  | $\mathrm{k} \Omega$ |
| ICC | Supply current |  | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ID }}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | G at $0 \mathrm{~V}, \overline{\mathrm{G}}$ at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ |  |  | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  | No load | G at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}, \overline{\mathrm{G}}$ at 0 V |  | 11 | 16 | mA |

$\dagger$ All typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ and $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## switching characteristics over recommended operating conditions

|  | PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |

$\dagger$ All typical values are at $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ and $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
NOTES: 4. Outputs skew $\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{sk}(0)}\right)$ is the magnitude of the time delay difference between the outputs of a single device with all of the inputs connected together.
5. Part-to-part skew ( $\left.\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{sk}(\mathrm{pp})}\right)$ is the magnitude of the difference in propagation delay times between any specified terminals of two devices when both devices operate with the same input signals, the same supply voltages, at the same temperature, and have identical packages and test circuits.

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



Figure 1. Voltage and Current Definitions


Figure 2. Switching Test Circuit and Waveforms


Generators: PRR = $1 \mathrm{MHz}, 50 \%$ Duty Cycle, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}<6 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega$

Figure 3. Test Circuit Waveforms, $\mathrm{t}_{\text {PZH }}$ and $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{PHZ}}$

## QUADRUPLE RS-485 DIFFERENTIAL LINE RECEIVERS

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION


Generators: PRR = $1 \mathrm{MHz}, 50 \%$ Duty Cycle, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}<6 \mathrm{~ns}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{o}}=50 \Omega$

Figure 4. Test Circuit Waveforms, tpzL and tpLZ


Figure 5. Test Circuit and Waveform, Transient Over-Voltage Test

# SN65LBC173A, SN75LBC173A QUADRUPLE RS-485 DIFFERENTIAL LINE RECEIVERS 

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 6

SUPPLY CURRENT
vs
SIGNALING RATE (ALL FOUR CHANNELS)


Figure 8


Figure 7

PROPAGATION DELAY TIME
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE


Figure 9

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 10. Receiver Inputs and Outputs, 50 Mbps Signaling Rate

APPLICATION INFORMATION
TMS320F243
DSP
(Controller)
SPISIMO
IOPA1
(Enable)

Figure 11. Typical Application Circuit, DSP-to-DSP Link via Serial Peripheral Interface


Figure 12. Typical Application Circuit, High-Speed Servomotor Encoder Interface

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status <br> (1) | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan <br> (2) | Lead/Ball Finish <br> (6) | MSL Peak Temp <br> (3) | Op Temp ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | Device Marking $(4 / 5)$ | Samples |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SN65LBC173AD | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | 65LBC173A | Samples |
| SN65LBC173ADG4 | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | 65LBC173A | Samples |
| SN65LBC173ADR | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85 | 65LBC173A | Samples |
| SN65LBC173AN | ACTIVE | PDIP | N | 16 | 25 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | NIPDAU | N/ A for Pkg Type | -40 to 85 | 65LBC173A | Samples |
| SN75LBC173AD | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 40 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | 0 to 70 | 75LBC173A | Samples |
| SN75LBC173ADR | ACTIVE | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | 0 to 70 | 75LBC173A | Samples |
| SN75LBC173AN | ACTIVE | PDIP | N | 16 | 25 | Green (RoHS \& no $\mathrm{Sb} / \mathrm{Br}$ ) | NIPDAU | N / A for Pkg Type | 0 to 70 | 75LBC173A | Samples |

${ }^{(1)}$ The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but Tl does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.
${ }^{(2)}$ RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. Tl may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".
RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption
Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the $<=1000 \mathrm{ppm}$ threshold requirement
${ }^{(3)}$ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
${ }^{(4)}$ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
${ }^{(5)}$ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
${ }^{(6)}$ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF SN65LBC173A :

- Enhanced Product: SN65LBC173A-EP

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Enhanced Product - Supports Defense, Aerospace and Medical Applications


## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel Diameter $(\mathrm{mm})$ | Reel <br> Width <br> W1 (mm) | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{AO} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{BO} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { K0 } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { P1 } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{W} \\ (\mathrm{~mm}) \end{gathered}$ | Pin1 <br> Quadrant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SN65LBC173ADR | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.5 | 10.3 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |
| SN75LBC173ADR | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | 330.0 | 16.4 | 6.5 | 10.3 | 2.1 | 8.0 | 16.0 | Q1 |


*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SN65LBC173ADR | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | 333.2 | 345.9 | 28.6 |
| SN75LBC173ADR | SOIC | D | 16 | 2500 | 333.2 | 345.9 | 28.6 |

D (R-PDSO-G16)


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed $0.006(0,15)$ each side.
D Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed $0.017(0,43)$ each side.
E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.

D (R-PDSO-G16)


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

N (R-PDIP-T**)
PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE
16 PINS SHOWN


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C) Falls within JEDEC MS-001, except 18 and 20 pin minimum body length (Dim A).

D The 20 pin end lead shoulder width is a vendor option, either half or full width.

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    †The signaling rate of a line is the number of voltage transitions that are made per second expressed in the units bps (bits per second).

