

# CP2112 EVALUATION KIT USER'S GUIDE

#### 1. Kit Contents

The CP2112 Evaluation Kit contains the following items:

- CP2112 Evaluation Board
- USB Cable
- DVD
- Quick Start Guide

#### 2. Relevant Documentation

Application notes can be found on the Interface Application Notes page for all fixed-function devices: www.silabs.com/interface-appnotes.

- AN721: CP210x/CP211x Device Customization Guide Customize the VID, PID, serial number, and other parameters stored in the CP2112 one-time programmable ROM.
- AN496: CP2112 HID-to-SMBus API Specification Provides function descriptions and examples for all of the PC software functions that control the CP2112.
- AN495: CP2112 Interface Specification Describes the HID report format for CP2112 devices.

# 3. Software Setup

The Software Development Kit (SDK) for the CP2112 kit is included on the kit DVD. The latest version of this installer can also be downloaded from the <a href="https://www.silabs.com/cp2112ek">www.silabs.com/cp2112ek</a> website. This package includes:

- Device Customization Utility
- **Documentation** data sheet, application notes, user's guide, quick start guide, etc.
- HidSmbusExample Example software utilizing the CP2112 API interface described in AN496.
- Library repackaged HID DLL and CP2112 API DLL

The Windows installer should launch automatically after inserting the DVD. For Mac and Linux, browse to the appropriate directory on the DVD to install the software package. Follow the instructions to install the SDK to the system. The CP2112 is an HID device, so a driver does not need to be installed on most operating systems.

# 4. CP2112 Hardware Interface

- 1. Connect the CP2112 evaluation board to a PC as shown in Figure 1.
- 2. Connect one end of the USB cable to a USB Port on the PC.
- 3. Connect the other end of the USB cable to the USB connector on the CP2112 evaluation board.
- 4. Connect the SDA, SCL, and Ground pins on the CP2112 to an SMBus device. External pull-up resistors are not needed if the pull-up resistors on the CP2112 evaluation board are used.

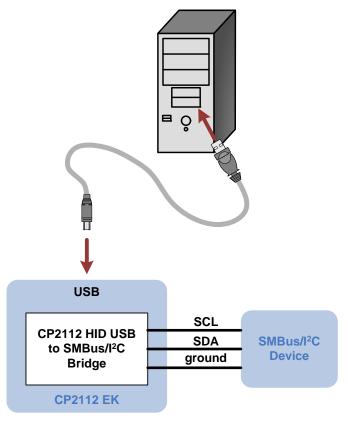


Figure 1. Hardware Setup

#### 5. CP2112 Software Interface

The CP2112 is an HID device that uses the standard HID functions available in the operating system. To facilitate this process in Windows, Silicon Labs packaged the standard HID functions into the SLABHIDDevice DLL in the CP2112 software package. The HID report structure for the CP2112 is customized for the device and is not compatible with other HID report structures, like a mouse or keyboard. AN495, "CP2112 Interface Specification" describes the custom HID report structure for the CP2112, and AN496, "CP2112 HID-to-SMBus API Specification" describes the API software functions that can be used to read or write data and control the CP2112 from the PC. The software application described in "6. CP2112 Windows Application" provides an example of how to use these functions.

The CP2112 appears as an HID device in Device Manager as shown in Figure 2.

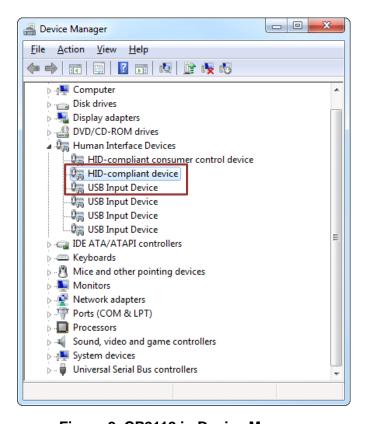


Figure 2. CP2112 in Device Manager



# 6. CP2112 Windows Application

The HID SMBus Example application uses the Windows CP2112 HID-to-SMBus DLL to transmit and receive data with the CP2112. The application also has access to the CP2112's GPIO pins. Figure 3 shows a screenshot of the Windows Application. The following steps describe how to start the application and use some of its features.

- 1. Ensure that the hardware is connected to a Windows PC as shown in Figure 1. If the device is properly connected, the red SUSPEND LED on the CP2112 evaluation board will turn on.
- Launch the Hid SMBus Example application, which is found by clicking
   Start→All Programs→Silicon Laboratories→CP2112 Evaluation Kit→HidSmbus Example.
- 3. In this application, you can configure the SMBus settings and GPIO pins, customize the device descriptors, and read/write data over the SMBus interface.
- 4. Select the appropriate device in the **Connection** drop down box and click **Connect**.
- 5. The Configuration tab enables setting and getting the SMBus configuration parameters. To set a parameter, modify the value that is in the corresponding text box or check/uncheck a box and click Set SMBus Config. To verify that the settings took effect, click Get SMBus Config. These configuration parameters reset to their default values when the CP2112 is reset.

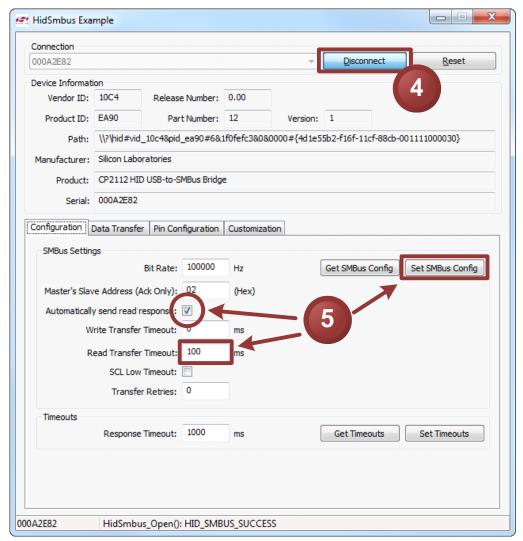


Figure 3. Configuring the SMBus Interface using the Example Application



- 6. To read data from an SMBus device (non-addressed mode):
  - a. Click the Data Transfer tab.
  - a. Enter the slave address and the number of bytes to read in the **Read Request** box.
  - b. Click the Read Request button.
  - c. To see the number of bytes that were read back, click **Get Read/Write Transfer Status** and verify the number of bytes read at the bottom of the application.
  - d. Next, click Force Read Response and then Get Read Response until the application reads back the total number of bytes. The bytes will be shown in the Received Data field. The status of the CP2112 will be shown at the bottom of the application.

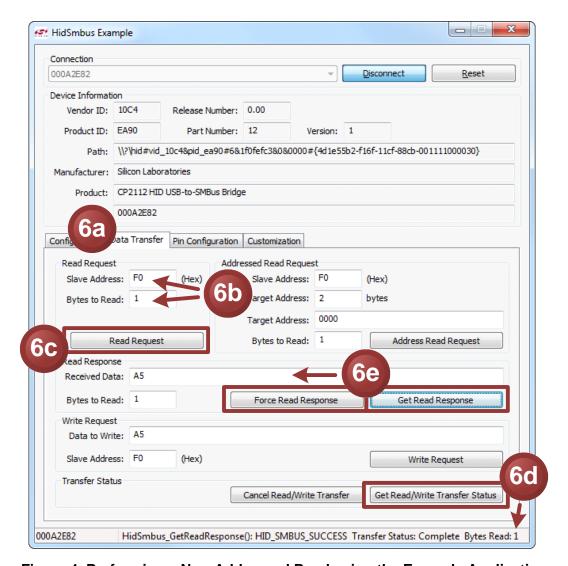


Figure 4. Performing a Non-Addressed Read using the Example Application



- 7. To read data from an EEPROM or similar device (addressed mode):
  - a. Click the Data Transfer tab.
  - e. Enter the slave address, the number of address bytes in the target address, the target address of the SMBus device being read (in hex), and the number of bytes to read in the **Addressed Read Request** box.
  - f. Click the Address Read Request button.
  - g. To see the number of bytes that were read back, click **Get Read/Write Transfer Status** and verify the number of bytes read at the bottom of the application.
  - h. Click Force Read Response and then Get Read Response until the application reads back the total number of bytes. The bytes will be shown in the Received Data field. The status bar of the application displays the current status of the CP2112.

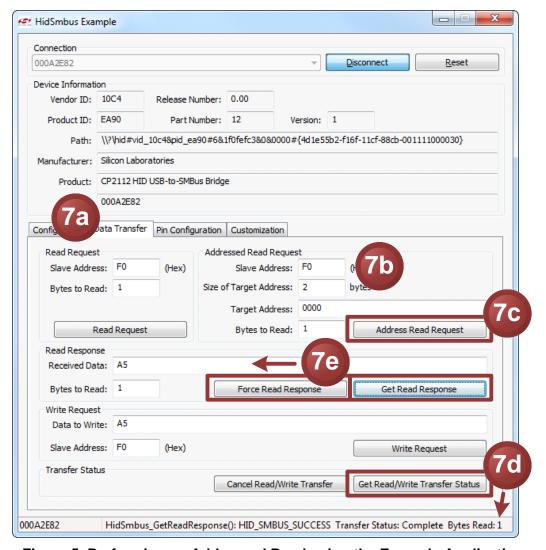


Figure 5. Performing an Addressed Read using the Example Application



- 8. To write data over the SMBus interface:
  - a. Click the Data Transfer tab.
  - i. Enter the Slave address and data (in hex) in the Write Request box.
  - j. Click the Write Request button.
  - k. Click **Get Read/Write Transfer Status** and verify that the transfer completed using the status bar at the bottom of the application.

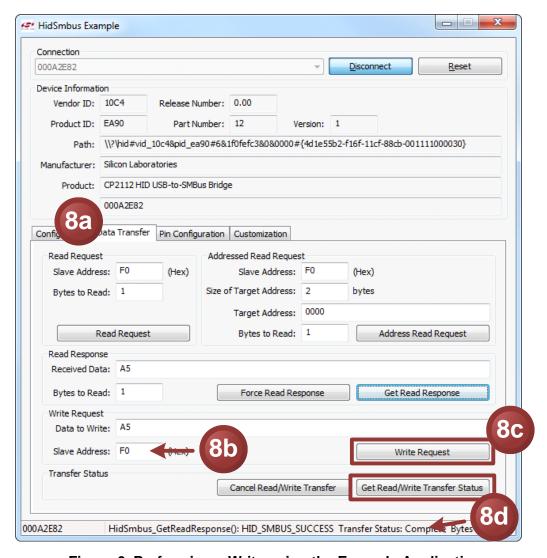


Figure 6. Performing a Write using the Example Application



- 9. The **Pin Configuration** tab enables configuration of the GPIO and special functions (TX Toggle, RX Toggle, and Clock Output).
  - a. Click the Pin Configuration tab.
  - I. GPIO pins toggle between Input/Ouput and Open-Drain/Push-Pull by clicking the corresponding GPIO boxes in the GPIO Configuration area. Check the boxes for TX Toggle, RX Toggle, and Clock Output to enable the special functionality on these pins. Click the Set GPIO Config button to update the device settings.
  - m. The **Latch Values** section enables writing or reading the GPIO latches. Clicking the box next the GPIO pins listed will scroll through 1, 0, and X for a don't care. Click the **Write Latch** button to change the state of the GPIO latch.

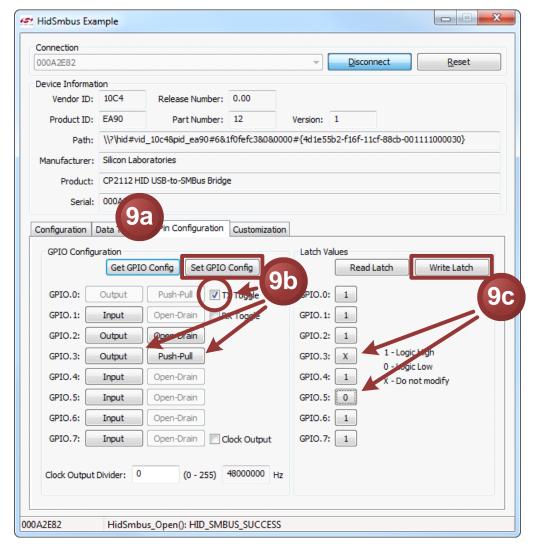


Figure 7. Configuring the CP2112 Pins using the Example Application



- 10. The Customization tab allows for programming the One-Time-Programmable (OTP) parameters of the device. These parameters can only be programmed once and cannot be changed back to their default values after being programmed. This tab has the same functionality as the CP2112SetIDs application provided with the CP2112 software package. In order for these parameters to be successfully programmed, a 4.7 μF capacitor must be connected between the VPP pin and ground. This capacitor is populated by default on the CP2112 Evaluation Kit board has this capacitor. See "8. Schematic" on page 12 for more information.
  - a. The **USB Customization** section sets the USB parameters. Click **Get** to retrieve the current settings. Change the settings by modifying the text boxes and checking the box next to the parameter being modified. Click the **Set** button to program the device with the modified settings. The parameter will not be changed without checking the corresponding box. Perform a **Get** after changing any parameters to ensure that the settings updated correctly.
  - n. The **String Descriptors** section enables modification of the serial strings in the CP2112. Type a string into the corresponding text box and click the **Set** button to modify the strings. Perform a **Get** after changing any parameters to ensure that the settings updated correctly.
  - o. The **Lock Byte** section displays which fields have been programmed and can lock fields to prevent future modification. Any field that has been programmed will not be checked. To prevent a field from being programmed, uncheck the corresponding box and click the **Set** button. Perform a **Get** after changing any parameters to ensure that the settings updated correctly.

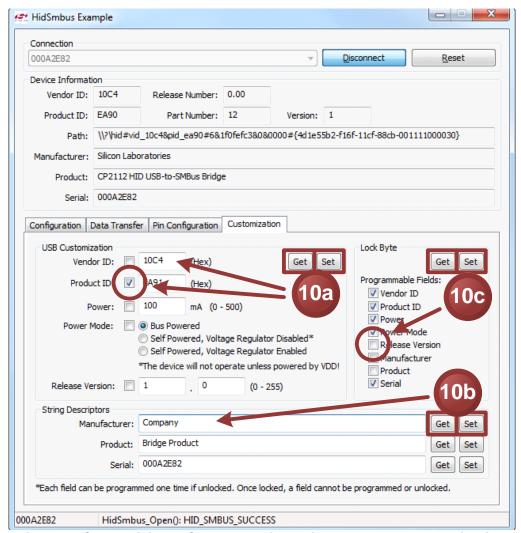


Figure 8. Customizing a CP2112 Device using the Example Application



## 7. Target Board

The CP2112 Evaluation Kit includes an evaluation board with a CP2112 device pre-installed for evaluation and preliminary software development. Numerous input/output (I/O) connections are provided to facilitate prototyping using the evaluation board. Refer to Figure 9 for the locations of the various I/O connectors. Refer to Figure 10, "CP2112 Evaluation Board Schematic" for information regarding the SMBus pull-up resistors that are located on the target board.

P1 USB connector for USB interface

H1 Access Connector for SMBus interface (SDA, SCL, GND, Pull-Up Voltage)

J1, J2, J3, J4 GPIO access connectors

J6 Power connector

J7 SMBus pull-up voltage connector
J8 Red SUSPEND LED connector

DS0-DS7 Green GPIO LEDs
DS8 Red SUSPEND LED

TB1 SMBus interface terminal block

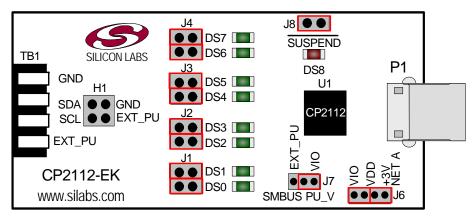


Figure 9. CP2112 Evaluation Board with Default Shorting Blocks Installed

#### 7.1. LED Headers (J1, J2, J3, J4)

Connectors J1, J2, J3, and J4 are provided to allow access to the GPIO pins on the CP2112. Place shorting blocks on J1, J2, J3, and J4 to connect the GPIO pins to the eight green LEDs, DS0–DS7. These LEDs can be used to indicate active communications through the CP2112. Table 1 lists the LED corresponding to each header position.

LED	Pins
DS0	J1[3:4]
DS1	J1[1:2]
DS2	J2[3:4]
DS3	J2[1:2]
DS4	J3[3:4]
DS5	J3[1:2]
DS6	J4[3:4]
DS7	J4[1:2]

Table 1, J2 and J3 LED Locations

CHICAN LARG

### 7.2. Universal Serial Bus (USB) Interface (P1)

A Universal Serial Bus (USB) connector (P1) is provided to facilitate connections to the USB interface on the CP2112. See Table 2 for the USB pin definitions.

**Table 2. USB Connector Pin Descriptions** 

Pin #	Description
1	VBUS
2	D-
3	D+
4	GND (Ground)

### 7.3. SMBus Signals (TB1, H1)

The SMBus interface terminal block and access headers are included to easily interace SMBus devices to the evaluation board. The terminal block can be used to connect wires to the board, and the access connectors can be used to connect scope probes to the SMBus interface for debugging. The signals that are accessible through these two connectors are SDA, SCL, GND, and the external pull-up voltage signal.

#### 7.4. VDD and VIO Power Connector (J6)

This header (J6) is included on the evaluation board to provide several power options. The following describes the function of each pin:

- Pins 1–2: Connect CP2112 VIO input (pin 5) to CP2112 VDD (Pin 6). Remove the shorting block to power VIO from an external source.
- Pins 3–4: Connects the main +3 V net to the CP2112 VDD (Pin 6). The main +3 V net powers the other components (eight green LEDs) on the board.

#### 7.5. SMBus Pull-Up Voltage Connector (J7)

This header (J7) is included on the evaluation board to provide power options for SMBus pull-up voltage. The following describes the function of each pin:

- J7[1:2]: Connects CP2112 VIO pin (Pin 5) to the 4.7 kΩ pull-up resistors located on the evaluation board.
- J7[2:3]: Connects the External Pull-Up signal from TB1 (Pin 4) to the 4.7 kΩ pull-up resistors on the evaluation board.

# 7.6. SUSPEND LED Connector (J8)

The J8 header is used to connect the CP2112 SUSPEND pin (Pin 17) to the DS8 red LED. When the LED is on, the device has enumerated with the PC operating normally. When the LED is off, the device has not yet enumerated or is in the USB Suspend state.



# 8. Schematic

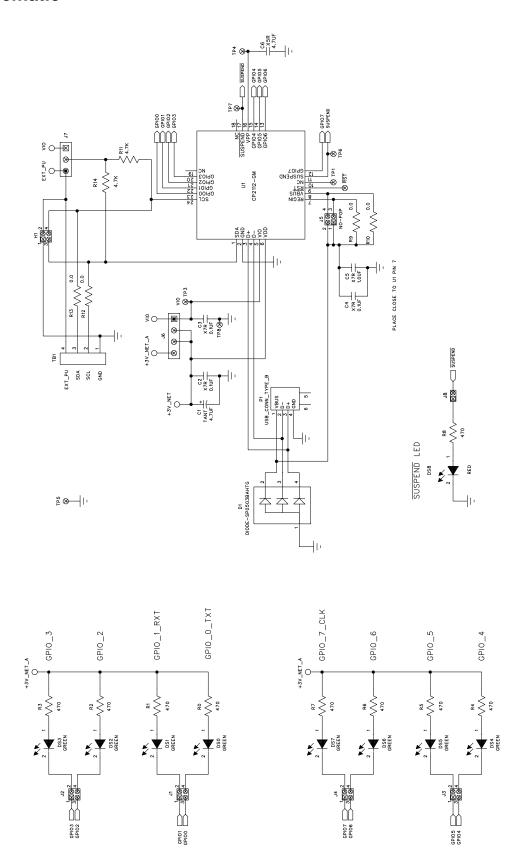


Figure 10. CP2112 Evaluation Board Schematic



## **DOCUMENT CHANGE LIST**

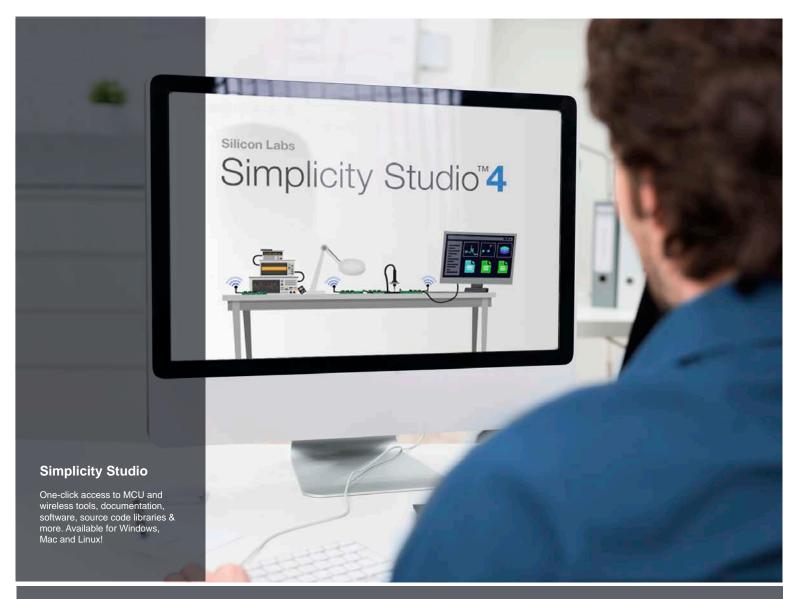
#### **Revision 0.1 to Revision 0.2**

- Updated Figure 1.
- Updated "6. CP2112 Windows Application" on page 4.
  - Instructions and figures from updated PC application.
- Updated Figure 10 on page 12.

#### **Revision 0.2 to Revision 0.3**

- Updated "1. Kit Contents" to change CD-ROM to DVD.
- Added "2. Relevant Documentation" and "5. CP2112 Software Interface".
- Updated "3. Software Setup" to point to the drivers on the website.
- Updated Figure 1.
- Updated the instructions and figures in "6. CP2112 Windows Application".











SW/HW www.silabs.com/simplicity



Quality www.silabs.com/quality



Support and Community community.silabs.com

Silicon Labs intends to provide customers with the latest, accurate, and in-depth documentation of all peripherals and modules available for system and software implementers using or intending to use the Silicon Labs products. Characterization data, available modules and peripherals, memory sizes and memory addresses refer to each specific device, and "Typical" parameters provided can and do vary in different applications. Application examples described herein are for illustrative purposes only. Silicon Labs reserves the right to make changes without further notice and limitation to product information, specifications, and descriptions herein, and does not give warranties as to the accuracy or completeness of the included information. Silicon Labs shall have no liability for the consequences of use of the information supplied herein. This document does not imply or express copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits. The products are not designed or authorized to be used within any Life Support System without the specific written consent of Silicon Labs. A "Life Support System" is any product or system intended to support or sustain life and/or health, which, if it fails, can be reasonably expected to result in significant personal injury or death. Silicon Labs products are not designed or authorized for military applications. Silicon Labs products shall under no circumstances be used in weapons of mass destruction including (but not limited to) nuclear, biological or chemical weapons, or missiles capable of delivering such weapons.

#### **Trademark Information**

Silicon Laboratories Inc.®, Silicon Laboratories®, Silicon Labos®, Silabs® and the Silicon Labs logo®, Bluegiga®, Bluegiga Logo®, Clockbuilder®, CMEMS®, DSPLL®, EFM®, EFM32®, EFR, Ember®, Energy Micro, Energy Micro logo and combinations thereof, "the world's most energy friendly microcontrollers", Ember®, EZLink®, EZRadio®, EZRadioPRO®, Gecko®, ISOmodem®, Precision32®, ProSLIC®, Simplicity Studio®, SiPHY®, Telegesis, the Telegesis Logo®, USBXpress® and others are trademarks or registered trademarks of Silicon Labs. ARM, CORTEX, Cortex-M3 and THUMB are trademarks or registered trademarks of ARM Holdings. Keil is a registered trademark of ARM Limited. All other products or brand names mentioned herein are trademarks of their respective holders.



Silicon Laboratories Inc. 400 West Cesar Chavez Austin, TX 78701

# **Mouser Electronics**

**Authorized Distributor** 

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

Silicon Laboratories: