

LMX2502/LMX2512 PLLatinum™ Frequency Synthesizer System with Integrated VCO

Check for Samples: LMX2502, LMX2512

FEATURES

- Small Size
 - 5.0 mm X 5.0 mm X 0.75 mm 28-Pin WQFN Package
- RF Synthesizer System
 - Integrated RF VCO
 - Integrated Loop Filter
 - Low Spurious, Low Phase Noise Fractional-N RF PLL Based on 11-Bit Delta Sigma Modulator
 - 10 kHz Frequency Resolution
- IF Synthesizer System
 - Integer-N IF PLL
 - Programmable Charge Pump Current Levels
 - Programmable Frequency
- Supports Various Reference Frequencies
 - 19.20/19.68 MHz
- Fast Lock Time: 500 µs
- Low Current Consumption
 - 17 mA at 2.8 V
- 2.7 V to 3.3 V Operation
- Digital Filtered Lock Detect Output
- Hardware and Software Power Down Control

APPLICATIONS

- Korean PCS CDMA Systems
- Korean Cellular CDMA Systems

DESCRIPTION

LMX2502 and LMX2512 are highly integrated, high performance, low power frequency synthesizer systems optimized for Korean PCS and Korean Cellular CDMA (1xRTT, IS-95) mobile handsets. Using a proprietary digital phase locked loop technique, LMX2502 and LMX2512 generate very stable, low noise local oscillator signals for up and down conversion in wireless communications devices.

LMX2502 and LMX2512 include a voltage controlled oscillator (VCO), a loop filter, and a fractional-N RF PLL based on a delta sigma modulator. In concert these blocks form a closed loop RF synthesizer system. LMX2502 supports the Korean PCS band and LMX2512 supports the Korean Cellular band.

LMX2502 and LMX2512 include an Integer-N IF PLL also. For more flexible loop filter designs, the IF PLL includes a 4-level programmable charge pump. Together with an external VCO and loop filter, LMX2502 and LMX2512 make a complete closed loop IF synthesizer system.

Serial data is transferred to the device via a threewire MICROWIRE interface (DATA, LE, CLK).

Operating supply voltage ranges from 2.7 V to 3.3 V. LMX2502 and LMX2512 feature low current consumption: 17 mA at 2.8 V.

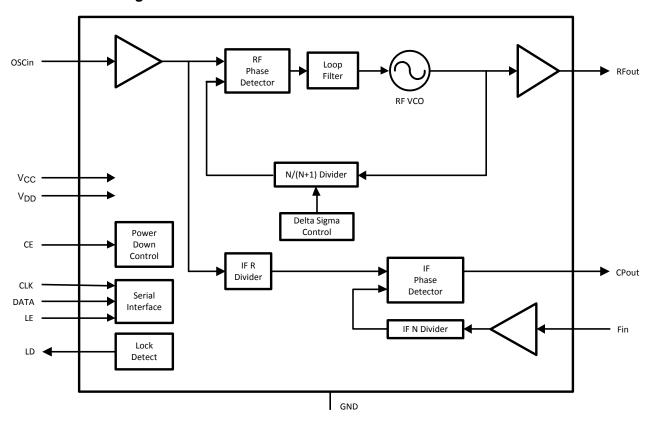
LMX2502 and LMX2512 are available in a 28-pin WQFN package.

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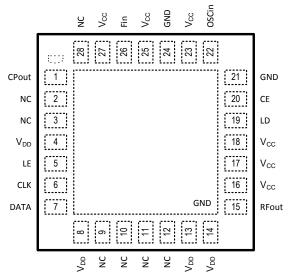
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Functional Block Diagram



Connection Diagram



NOTE: Analog ground connected through exposed die attached pad.

Figure 1. 28-Pin WQFN (NJB) Package



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PIN DESCRIPTIONS

			CKIPTIONS
Pin Number	Name	I/O	Description
1	CPout	0	IF PLL charge pump output
2	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on the printed circuit board.
3	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on the printed circuit board.
4	V_{DD}	_	Supply voltage for IF analog circuitry
5	LE	I	MICROWIRE Latch Enable
6	CLK	I	MICROWIRE Clock
7	DATA	I	MICROWIRE Data
8	V_{DD}	_	Supply voltage for VCO
9	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on the printed circuit board.
10	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on the printed circuit board.
11	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on the printed circuit board.
12	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on the printed circuit board.
13	V_{DD}	_	Supply voltage for VCO
14	V_{DD}	_	Supply voltage for VCO output buffer
15	RFout	0	Buffered VCO output
16	V _{CC}	_	Supply voltage for RF prescaler
17	V _{CC}	_	Supply voltage for charge pump
18	V _{CC}	_	Supply voltage for RF digital circuitry
19	LD	0	Lock Detect
20	CE	I	Chip Enable control pin
21	GND	_	Ground for digital circuitry
22	OSCin	- 1	Reference frequency input
23	V _{CC}	_	Supply voltage for reference input buffer
24	GND	_	Ground for digital circuitry
25	V _{CC}	_	Supply voltage for IF digital circuitry
26	Fin	I	IF buffer/prescaler input
27	V _{CC}	-	Supply voltage for IF buffer/prescaler
28	NC	_	Do not connect to any node on the printed circuit board.





These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)(2)(3)(4)

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Supply Voltage	V _{CC} , V _{DD}	-0.3 to 3.6	V
Voltage on any pin	VI	-0. 3 to V _{CC} +0.3	V
to GND		-0. 3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Storage Temperature Range	T _{STG}	-65 to 150	°C

- (1) Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Recommended Operating Conditions indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not ensure specific performance limits. For ensured specifications and test conditions, refer to the Electrical Characteristics section. The ensured specifications apply only for the conditions listed.
- (2) This device is a high performance RF integrated circuit with an ESD rating < 2 kV and is ESD sensitive. Handling and assembly of this device should be done at ESD protected work stations.
- (3) GND = 0 V.
- (4) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the Texas Instruments Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Ambient Temperature	T _A	-30	25	85	°C
Supply Voltage (to GND)	V_{CC}, V_{DD}	2.7		3.3	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 2.8 V, T_A = 25 °C; unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
I _{CC} PARAM	IETERS	·				
I _{CC} + I _{DD}	Total Supply Current	OB_CRL [1:0] = 00		17	19	mA
(I _{CC} + RF PLL Total Supply Current		OB_CRL [1:0] = 00		16	18	mA
I _{PD} Power Down Current ⁽¹⁾		CE = LOW or RF_EN = 0 IF_EN = 0			20	μΑ
REFEREN	CE OSCILLATOR PARAMETERS	•				
f _{OSCin}	Reference Oscillator Input Frequency	19.20 MHz and 19.68 MHz are supported	19.20		19.68	MHz
V _{OSCin}	Reference Oscillator Input Sensitivity			0.2	V _{CC}	Vp-p

- (1) In power down mode, set DATA, CLK, and LE pins to 0 V (GND).
- (2) The reference frequency must also be programmed using the OSC_FREQ control bit. For other reference frequencies, please contact Texas Instruments.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 2.8 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 \text{ °C}; \text{ unless otherwise noted})$

Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
RF VCO	<u> </u>			1			
f _{RFout}			RF VCO	1619.62		1649.62	MHz
	(3)	LMX2512LQ0967		954.42		979.35	MHz
		LMX2512LQ1065		1052.64		1077.57	MHz
P _{RFout}	RF Output Power	,	OB_CRL [1:0] = 11	-2	1	4	dBm
			OB_CRL [1:0] = 10	-5	-2	1	dBm
			OB_CRL [1:0] = 01	-7	-4	-1	dBm
			OB_CRL [1:0] = 00	-9	-6	-3	dBm
	Lock Time	LMX2502LQ1635	30 MHz Band for RF PLL		500	800	μs
		LMX2512LQ0967	25 MHz Band for RF PLL		500	800	μs
		LMX2512LQ1065	25 MHz Band for RF PLL		500	800	μs
	Reference Spurs					-75	dBc
	RMS Phase Error		RF PLL in all band		1.3		degrees
L(f) _{RFout}	Phase Noise	LMX2502LQ1635	@ 100 kHz offset		-113	-112	dBc/Hz
			@ 1.25 MHz offset		-138	-136	dBc/Hz
		LMX2512LQ0967	@ 100 kHz offset		-117	-115	dBc/Hz
			@ 900 kHz offset		-139	-138	dBc/Hz
		LMX2512LQ1065	@ 100 kHz offset		-117	-115	dBc/Hz
			@ 900 kHz offset		-139	-138	dBc/Hz
	2nd Harmonic Suppres	ssion				-25	dBc
	3rd Harmonic Suppres	sion				-20	dBc
IF PLL	•			•		•	•
f _{Fin}	Operating Frequency	LMX2502LQ1635	IF_FREQ [1:0] = 10, Default Value		440.76		MHz
		LMX2512LQ0967	IF_FREQ [1:0] = 00, Default Value		170.76		MHz
		LMX2512LQ1065	IF_FREQ [1:0] = 01, Default Value		367.20		MHz
P _{Fin}	IF Input Sensitivity			-10		0	dBm
$f_{\Phi IF}$	Phase Detector Freque	ency			120		kHz
I _{CPout}	Charge Pump Current		IF_CUR [1:0] = 00		100		μA
			IF_CUR [1:0] = 01		200		μA
			IF_CUR [1:0] = 10		300		μA
			IF_CUR [1:0] = 11		800		μA

⁽³⁾ For other frequency ranges, please contact Texas Instruments.

⁽⁴⁾ Lock time is defined as the time difference between the beginning of the frequency transition and the point at which the frequency remains within +/- 1 kHz of the final frequency.

⁽⁵⁾ Frequencies other that the default value can be programmed using Words R4 and R5. See Programming Description for details.

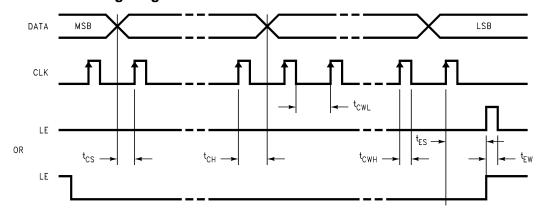


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = V_{DD} = 2.8 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}; \text{ unless otherwise noted})$

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
DIGITAL I	NTERFACE (DATA, CLK, LE, LD, CE)	1	<u> </u>		-	
V _{IH}	High-Level Input Voltage		0.8 V _{DD}		V_{DD}	V
			0.8 V _{CC}		V _{CC}	V
V _{IL}	Low-Level Input Voltage		0		0.2 V _{DD}	V
			0		0.2 V _{CC}	V
I _{IH}	High-Level Input Current		-10		10	μΑ
I _{IL}	Low-Level Input Current		-10		10	μΑ
	Input Capacitance			3		pF
V _{OH}	High-Level Output Voltage		0.9 V _{DD}			V
			0.9 V _{CC}			V
V _{OL}	Low-Level Output Voltage				0.1 V _{DD}	V
					0.1 V _{CC}	V
	Output Capacitance				5	pF
MICROWI	RE INTERFACE TIMING					
t _{CS}	Data to Clock Set Up Time		50	-	-	ns
t _{CH}	Data to Clock Hold Time		10	-	-	ns
t _{CWH}	Clock Pulse Width HIGH		50	-	-	ns
t _{CWL}	Clock Pulse Width LOW		50	-	-	ns
t _{ES}	Clock to Latch Enable Set Up Time		50	-	-	ns
t _{EW}	Latch Enable Pulse Width		50	-	-	ns

Microwire Interface Timing Diagram





FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

LMX2502/12 is a highly integrated frequency synthesizer system that generates LO signals for PCS and Cellular CDMA applications. These devices include all the functional blocks of a PLL, RF VCO, prescaler, RF phase detector, and loop filter. The need for external components is limited to a few passive elements for matching the output impedance and bypass elements for power line stabilization.

In addition to the RF circuitry, the IC also includes IF frequency dividers, and an IF phase detector to complete the IF synthesis with the external VCO and the loop filter. Table 1 summarizes the counter values used to generate the default IF frequencies.

Using a low spurious fractional-N synthesizer based on a delta sigma modulator, the circuit can support 10 kHz channel spacing for PCS and Cellular CDMA systems.

The fractional-N synthesizer enables faster lock time, which reduces power consumption and system set-up time. Additionally, the loop filter occupies a smaller area as opposed to the integer-N architecture. This allows the loop filter to be embedded into the circuit, minimizing the external noise coupling and total form factor. The delta sigma architecture delivers very low spurious, which can be a significant problem for other PLL solutions.

The circuit also supports commonly used reference frequencies of 19.20 MHz and 19.68 MHz.

FREQUENCY GENERATION

RF-PLL Section

The divide ratio can be calculated using the following equation:

LMX2502 - PCS CDMA:

$$f_{VCO} = \{8 \text{ x RF}_B + RF_A + (RF_FN / f_{OSC}) \text{ x } 10^4\} \text{ x } f_{OSC} \text{ where } (RF_A < RF_B)$$

LMX2512 - Cellular CDMA:

$$f_{VCO} = \{6 \text{ x RF_B} + \text{RF_A} + (\text{RF_FN} / f_{OSC}) \text{ x } 10^4\} \text{ x } f_{OSC} \text{ where } (\text{RF_A} < \text{RF_B})$$

where

- f_{VCO}: Output frequency of voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)
- RF_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit programmable counter (2 ≤ RF_B ≤ 15)
- RF A: Preset divide ratio of binary 3-bit swallow counter ($0 \le RF$ A ≤ 7 for LMX2502 or $0 \le RF$ A ≤ 5 for LMX2512)
- RF_FN: Preset numerator of binary 11-bit modulus counter (0 ≤ RF_FN < 1920 for f_{OSC} = 19.20 MHz or 0 ≤ $RF_FN < 1968 \text{ for } f_{OSC} = 19.68 \text{ MHz})$
- f_{OSC}: Reference oscillator frequency

IF-PLL Section

$$f_{VCO} = \{16 \text{ x IF_B} + \text{IF_A}\} \text{ x } f_{OSC} / \text{IF_R where (IF_A < IF_B)}$$

where

- f_{VCO}: Output frequency of the voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)
- IF_B: Preset divide ratio of the binary 9-bit programmable counter ($1 \le IF_B \le 511$)
- IF A: Preset divide ratio of the binary 4-bit swallow counter ($0 \le IF \ A \le 15$)
- fosc: Reference oscillator frequency

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IF_R: Preset divide ratio of the binary 9-bit programmable reference counter (2 ≤ IF_R ≤ 511)

From the above equation, the LMX2502/12 generates the fixed IF frequencies as summarized in Table 1.



Table 1. IF Frequencies

Device Type	F _{VCO} (MHz)	IF_B	IF_A	f _{OSC} /IF_R (kHz)
LMX2502LQ1635	440.76	229	9	120
LMX2512LQ0967	170.67	88	15	120
LMX2512LQ1065	367.20	191	4	120

VCO FREQUENCY TUNING

The center frequency of the RF VCO is determined by the resonant frequency of the tank circuit. This tank circuit is implemented on-chip and requires no external inductor. The LMX2502/12 actively tunes the tank circuit to the required frequency with the built-in tracking algorithm.

BANDWIDTH CONTROL AND FREQUENCY LOCK

During the frequency acquisition period, the loop bandwidth is significantly extended to achieve frequency lock. Once frequency lock occurs, the PLL will return to a steady state condition with the loop bandwidth set to its nominal value. The transition between acquisition and lock modes occurs seamlessly and extremely fast, thereby, meeting the stringent requirements associated with lock time and phase noise. Several controls (BW_DUR, BW_CRL, and BW_EN) are used to optimize the lock time performance.

SPURIOUS REDUCTION

To improve the spurious performance of the device one of two types of spurious reduction schemes can be selected:

- A continuous optimization scheme, which tracks the environmental and voltage variations, giving the best spurious performance over changing conditions
- A one time optimization scheme, which sets the internal compensation values only when the PLL goes into a locked state.

The spurious reduction can also be disabled, but it is recommended that the continuous optimization mode be used for normal operation.

POWER DOWN MODE

The LMX2502 and LMX2512 include a power down mode to reduce the power consumption. The LMX2502/12 enters into the power down mode either by taking the CE pin LOW or by setting the power down bits in Register R1. Table 2 summarizes the power down function. If CE is set LOW, the circuit is powered down regardless of the register values. When CE is HIGH, the IF and RF circuitry are individually powered down by setting the register bits.

Table 2. Power Down Configuration⁽¹⁾

CE Pin	RF_EN	IF_EN	RF Circuitry	IF Circuitry
0	X	X	OFF	OFF
1	0	0	OFF	OFF
1	0	1	OFF	ON
1	1	0	ON	OFF
1	1	1	ON	ON

(1) X = Don't care.



LOCK DETECT

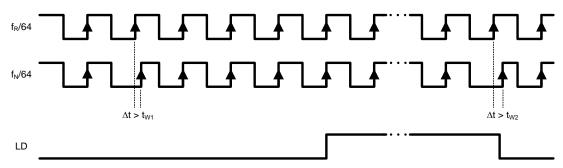
The LD output can be used to indicate the lock status of the RF PLL. Bit 21 in Register R0 determines the signal that appears on the LD pin. When the RF PLL is not locked, the LD pin remains LOW. After obtaining phase lock, the LD pin will have a logical HIGH level. The output can also be programmed to be ground at all times.

Table 3. Lock Detect Modes

LD Bit	Mode
0	Disable (GND)
1	Enable

Table 4. Lock Detect Logic

RF PLL Section	LD Output
Locked	HIGH
Not Locked	LOW



- (1) LD output becomes LOW when the phase error is larger than t_{W2} .
- (2) LD output becomes HIGH when the phase error is less than t_{W1} for four or more consecutive cycles.
- (3) Phase Error is measured on leading edge. Only errors greater than t_{W1} and t_{W2} are labeled.
- (4) t_{W1} and t_{W2} are equal to 10 ns.
- (5) The lock detect comparison occurs with every 64^{th} cycle of f_R and f_N .

Figure 2. Lock Detect Timing Diagram Waveform



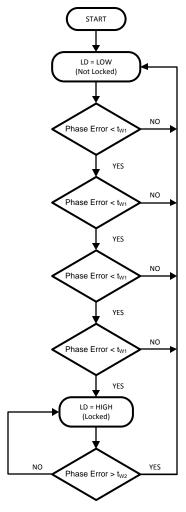


Figure 3. Lock Detect Flow Diagram

MICROWIRE INTERFACE

The programmable register set is accessed via the MICROWIRE serial interface. The interface comprises three signal pins: CLK, DATA, and LE (Latch Enable). Serial data (DATA) is clocked into the 24-bit shift register on the rising edge of the clock (CLK). The last bits decode the internal control register address. When the latch enable (LE) transitions from LOW to HIGH, data stored in the shift registers is loaded into the corresponding control register.

Programming Description

GENERAL PROGRAMMING INFORMATION

The serial interface has a 24-bit shift register to store the incoming data bits temporarily. The incoming data is loaded into the shift register from MSB to LSB. The data is shifted at the rising edge of the clock signal. When the latch enable signal transitions from LOW to HIGH, the data stored in the shift register is transferred to the proper register depending on the address bit settings. The selection of the particular register is determined by the address bits equal to the binary representation of the number of the control register.

At initial start-up, the MICROWIRE loading requires 4 default words (registers R3, loaded first, to R0, loaded last). After the device has been initially programmed, the RF VCO frequency can be changed using a single register (R0). If an IF frequency other than the default value for the device is desired the SPI_DEF bit should be set to 0, the desired values for IF_A, IF_B, and IF_R entered and words R6 to R0 should be sent.



The control register content map describes how the bits within each control register are allocated to the specific control functions.

Table 5. COMPLETE REGISTER MAP

Register	MSB								5	SHIFT	REG	ISTE	R BIT	LOC	ATIO	N								LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	1 8	1 7	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
R0 (Default)	SPI_ DEF	RF SE L	RF LD	0	RF_ [3:0]		,		RF_ [2:0]								RF_FN [10:0]		1				0	0
R1 (Default)	IF_ FREC [1:0]	Q	OS C_ FR EQ	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	SPL RDT [1:0]	. –	0	0	1	0	1	OB_ CRL [1:0]	-	RF EN	IF E N	0	1
R2 (Default)	IF_ CUR[1:0]	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0
R3 (Default)	BW_ DUR [1:0]		BW_ CRL [1:0]	-	BW EN	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	VCC CUR [1:0]	-	0	1	1
R4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0			_A :0]						IF_B [8:0]				•	0	1	1	1
R5	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0		•			IF_R [8:0]					0	1	1	1	1
R6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1

NOTE: Bold numbers represent the address bits.

R0 REGISTER

The R0 register address bits (R0 [1:0]) are "00".

The SPI_DEF bit selects between using the default IF counter values and user programmable values. The use of the default counter values requires that only words R0 to R3 (registers R3, loaded first, to R0, loaded last) be sent after initial power up.

The RF_LD bit activates the lock detect output of the LD pin (pin 19). The lock detect mode shows the lock status of the RF PLL. The waveform of the lock detect mode is shown in Figure 2, in the FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION section on LOCK DETECT.

The RF N counter consists of the 4-bit programmable counter (RF_B counter), the 3-bit swallow counter (RF_A counter) and the 11-bit delta sigma modulator (RF_FN counter). The equations for calculating the counter values are presented below.

Table 6. R0 REGISTER

Register	MSB								S	HIFT	REG	ISTEF	R BIT	LOC	ATIO	N								LSB
	23	22	21	2 0	1 9	1 8	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
	Data Field													dress ield										
R0 (Default)	SPI_ RF_ RF_ DEF RF_ B [3:0] RF_A [2:0] RF_FN [10:0]												0	0										

Product Folder Links: LMX2502 LMX2512



Table 7.

Name	Functions
SPI_DEF	Default Register Selection 0 = OFF (Use values set in R0 to R6) 1 = ON (Use default values set in R0 to R3)
RF_SEL	RF VCO Selection 0 = LMX2512 1 = LMX2502
RF_LD	RF Lock Detect 0 = Hard zero (GND) 1 = Lock detect
RF_B [3:0]	RF_B Counter 4-bit programmable counter 2 ≤ RF_B ≤ 15
RF_A [2:0]	RF_A Counter 3-bit swallow counter 0 ≤ RF_A ≤ 7 for LMX2502 0 ≤ RF_A ≤ 5 for LMX2512
RF_FN [10:0]	RF Fractional Numerator Counter 11-bit programmable counter $0 \le RF_FN < 1920 \text{ for } f_{OSC} = 19.20 \text{ MHz}$ $0 \le RF_FN < 1968 \text{ for } f_{OSC} = 19.68 \text{ MHz}$

RF N Counter Setting:

Counter Name	Symbol	Function
Modulus Counter	RF_FN	RF N Divider
Programmable Counter	RF_B	$N = Prescaler \times RF_B + RF_A + (RF_FN / f_{OSC}) \times 10^4$
Swallow Counter	RF_A	

Pulse Swallow Function:

 $f_{VCO} = \{Prescaler \ x \ RF_B + RF_A + (RF_FN / f_{OSC}) \ x \ 10^4\} \ x \ f_{OSC} \ where \ (RF_A < RF_B)$

where

• f_{VCO} : Output frequency of voltage controlled oscillator (VCO)

Prescaler Values:

Device Type	RF Prescaler
LMX2502	8
LMX2512	6

RF_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit programmable counter ($2 \le RF_B \le 15$)

RF_A: Preset divide ratio of binary 3-bit swallow counter (0 \leq RF_A \leq 7 for LMX2502, 0 \leq RF_A \leq 5 for LMX2512)

RF_FN: Preset numerator of binary 11-bit modulus counter (0 \leq RF_FN < 1920 for f_{OSC} = 19.20 MHz; 0 \leq RF_FN < 1968 for f_{OSC} = 19.68 MHz).

f_{OSC}: Reference oscillator frequency

NOTE: For the use of reference frequencies other than those specified, please contact Texas Instruments.



R1 REGISTER

The R1 register address bits (R1 [1:0]) are "01".

The IF_FREQ bits selects the default IF frequency applicable to the specific CDMA system. For the LMX2502 the default IF frequency is 440.76 MHz, and for the LMX2512 the default IF frequencies are 367.20 MHz and 170.76 MHz, depending on variant.

Reference Frequency Selection bit (OSC_FREQ) selects either 19.20 MHz or 19.68 MHz for the reference oscillator frequency.

The internal spurious reduction scheme is controlled by the SPUR_RDT [1:0] bits. There are two different spur reduction schemes: a continuous tracking mode and a single optimization mode. The continuous tracking mode will adjust for variations in voltage and temperature. The single optimization mode fixes the internal compensation parameters only when the PLL goes into the locked state. The spur reduction can also be disabled, but it is recommended that the continuous mode be used for normal operation.

The OB_CRL [1:0] bits determine the power level of the RF output buffer. The power level can be set according to the system requirement.

The two bits, RF_EN and IF_EN, logically select the active state of the RF synthesizer system and the IF PLL, respectively. The entire IC can be placed in a power down state by using the CE control pin (pin 20).

Table 8. R1 REGISTER

Register	MSB									SHIF	TRE	SISTE	R BIT	LOC	ATIO	N								LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Data Field															-	dress ield						
R1 (Default)	IF_												0	1										

Table 9.

Name	Functions
IF_FREQ [1:0]	IF Frequency Selection 00 = 170.76 MHz (LMX2512LQ0967) 01 = 367.20 MHz (LMX2512LQ1065) 10 = 440.76 MHz (LMX2502LQ1635)
OSC_FREQ	Reference Frequency Selection 0 = 19.20 MHz 1 = 19.68 MHz
SPUR_RDT [1:0]	Spur Reduction Scheme 00 = No spur reduction 01 = Not Used 10 = Continuous tracking of variation (Recommended) 11 = One time optimization
OB_CRL [1:0]	RF Output Power Control 00 = Minimum Output Power 01 = 10 = 11 = Maximum Output Power
RF_EN	RF Enable 0 = RF Off 1 = RF On
IF_EN	IF Enable 0 = IF Off 1 = IF On

Product Folder Links: LMX2502 LMX2512



R2 REGISTER

The R2 Register address bits (R2 [1:0]) are "10".

The IF_CUR [1:0] bits program the IF charge-pump current. Considering the external IF VCO and loop filter, the user can select the amount of IF charge pump current to be 100 μ A, 200 μ A, 300 μ A or 800 μ A.

Table 10. R2 REGISTER

Register	MSB									SHIF	TREC	SISTE	R BIT	LOC	OITA	N								LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
																	ldress ield							
R2 (Default)	IF_ CUR[1:0] 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0													0										

Table 11.

Name	Functions
IF_CUR [1:0]	IF Charge Pump Current 00 = 100 μA 01 = 200 μA 10 = 300 μA 11 = 800 μA



R3 REGISTER

The R3 register address bits (R3 [2:0]) are "011".

Register R3 contains the controls for the phase lock bandwidth controls (BW_DUR, BW_CRL, and BW_EN). The duration of the digital controller portion of the bandwidth control is set by BW_DUR [1:0]. The minimum time set with 00 and increasing durations to the maximum value set with 11. BW_CRL [1:0] sets the phase offset criterion for the bandwidth controller. Once the phase offset between the reference clock and the divided VCO signal are within the set criterion, the bandwidth control stops. The maximum phase offset is set with 00 and decreases to the minimum value set with 11. BW_EN enables the bandwidth control in the locking state.

The VCO dynamic current is also controlled in register R3 with VCO_CUR [1:0]. The minimum value corresponds to 00 and increases to a maximum value set at 11.

Table 12. R3 REGISTER

Register	MSB									SHIF	T RE	SISTE	R BI	Γ LOC	CATIC	N								LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Data Field Address Field																						
R3 (Default)	BW_ DUR [1:0]		BW CR [1:0	Ē	BW EN	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	VCC CUR [1:0]	₹	0	1	1

Table 13.

Name	Functions
BW_DUR [1:0]	Bandwidth Duration 00 = Minimum value (Recommended) 01 = 10 = 11 = Maximum value
BW_CRL [1:0]	Bandwidth Control 00 = Maximum phase offset (Recommended) 01 = 10 = 11 = Minimum phase offset
BW_EN	Bandwidth Enable 0 = Disable 1 = Enable (Recommended)
VCO_CUR [1:0]	VCO Dynamic Current 00 = Minimum value 01 = 10 = 11 = Maximum value (Recommended)

Product Folder Links: LMX2502 LMX2512



R4 REGISTER

The R4 register address bits (R3 [3:0]) are "0111".

Register R4 is used to set the IF N counters if the default value is not desired. This register is only active if the SPI_DEF bit in register R0 is 0.

Table 14. R4 REGISTER

Register	MSB									SHIF	T RE	GISTE	R BI	T LOC	CATIC	ON								LSB
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Data Field Address Field															s							
R4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0			_A ::0]		IF_B [8:0] 0 1											1	1

Table 15.

Name	Functions
IF_A [3:0]	IF A Counter 4-bit swallow counter 0 ≤ IF_A ≤ 15
IF_B [8:0]	IF B Counter 9-bit programmable counter 1 ≤ IF_B ≤ 511

IF Frequency Setting:

 f_{VCO} = {16 x IF_B + IF_A} x f_{OSC} / IF_R where (IF_A < IF_B)

where

- f_{VCO}: Output frequency of IF voltage controlled oscillator (IF VCO)
- IF_B: Preset divide ratio of binary 9-bit programmable counter (1 ≤ IF_B ≤ 511)
- IF_A: Preset divide ratio of binary 4-bit swallow counter (0 ≤ IF_A ≤ 15)
- IF_R: Preset divide ratio of binary 9-bit programmable reference counter (2 ≤ IF_R ≤ 511)
- f_{OSC}: Reference oscillator frequency



R5 REGISTER

The R5 register address bits (R5 [4:0]) are "01111".

Register R5 is used to set the IF_R divider if the default value is not desired. This register is only active if the SPI_DEF bit in register R0 is 0.

Table 16. R5 REGISTER

Register	MSB		SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION															LSB						
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Data Field Address Field																						
R5	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0		IF_R [8:0]										1	1	1

Table 17.

Name	Functions
IF_R [8:0]	IF R Counter 9-bit programmable counter 2 ≤ IF_R ≤ 511

R6 REGISTER

The R6 register address bits (R6 [5:0]) are "011111".

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Register R6 is used for internal testing of the device and is not intended for customer use. This register is only active if the SPI_DEF bit in register R0 is 0.

Table 18. R6 REGISTER

Register	MSB SHIFT REGISTER BIT LOCATION													LSB										
	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
		Data Field Address Field																						
R6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1

Product Folder Links: LMX2502 LMX2512

SNWS010C - MARCH 2003-REVISED APRIL 2013



REVISION HISTORY

Cr	nanges from Revision B (April 2013) to Revision C	Pag			
•	Changed layout of National Data Sheet to TI format		17		



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

6-Feb-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	U	Pins	_	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
LMX2502LQ1635/NOPB	ACTIVE	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SN	Level-3-260C-168 HR	-30 to 85	25021635	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

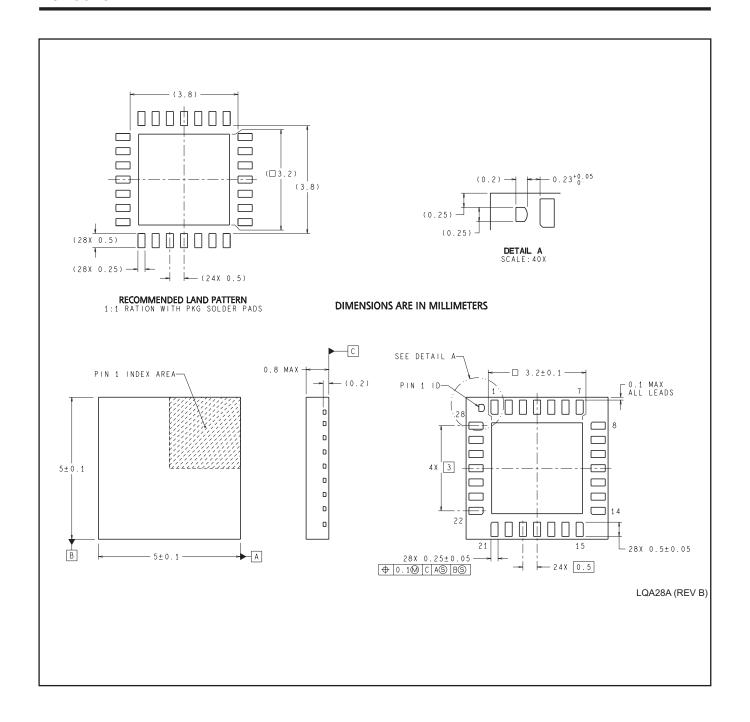
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LMX2502LQ1635/NOPB	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	178.0	12.4	5.3	5.3	1.3	8.0	12.0	Q1

www.ti.com 20-Sep-2016



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LMX2502LQ1635/NOPB	WQFN	NJB	28	1000	210.0	185.0	35.0



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