## ICS87004I-03

### DATA SHEET

### **General Description**

The ICS87004I-03 is a low skew,  $\div 1$ ,  $\div 2 \div 3$ ,  $\div 4 \div 5$ ,  $\div 6 \div 8$ ,  $\div 16$ LVCMOS/LVTTL Fanout Buffer/Divider. The ICS87004I-03 has selectable clock inputs that accept single ended input levels. Output enable pin controls whether the output is in the active or high impedance state.

Divider

RENESAS LVCMOS/ LVTTL Fanout Buffer/

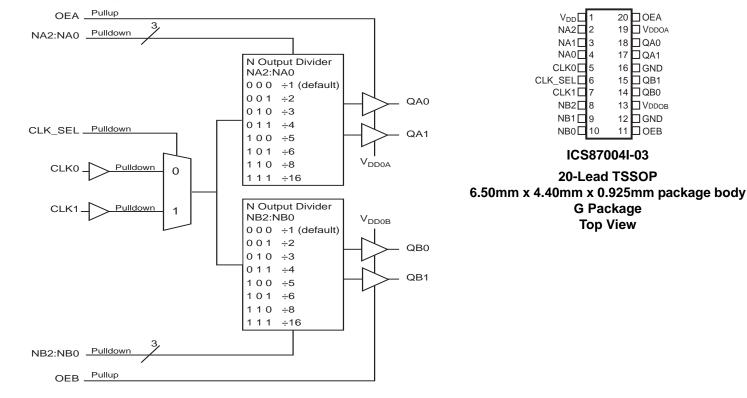
The ICS87004I-03 is characterized at 3.3V, 2.5V and mixed 3.3V,2.5V, 3.3V,1.8V, 2.5V,1.8V input/output supply operating modes.Guaranteed bank, output, and part-to-part skew characteristics make the ICS87004I-03 ideal for those applications demanding well defined performance and repeatability.

#### **Features**

- Two banks of two LVCMOS/LVTTL outputs
- Selectable LVCMOS/LVTTL clock inputs
- LVCMOS\_CLK supports the following input types: LVCMOS, LVTTL
- Maximum output frequency: 250MHz
- Output skew: 40ps (typical)
- Bank skew: 20ps (typical)
- Part-to-part skew: 60ps (typical)
- Power supply modes: CORE / OUTPUT 3.3V / 3.3V 3.3V / 2.5V 3.3V / 1.8V 2.5V / 2.5V 2.5V / 1.8V
- -40°C to 85°C ambient operating temperature

**Pin Assignment** 

• Available in lead-free (RoHS 6) package



### **Block Diagram**

Number	Name	Т	уре	Description
1	V <sub>DD</sub>	Power		Power supply pin.
2, 3, 4	NA2, NA1, NA0	Input	Pulldown	N divider select pins for Bank A outputs. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
5, 7	CLK0, CLK1	Input	Pulldown	Single-ended clock inputs. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
6	CLK_SEL	Input	Pulldown	Input clock selection. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels. See Table 6.
8, 9, 10	NB2, NB1, NB0	Input	Pulldown	N divider select pins for Bank B outputs. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
11	OEB	Input	Pullup	Output enable control input for Bank B outputs. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels. See Table 5.
12, 16	GND	Power		Power supply core ground.
13	V <sub>DDOB</sub>	Power		Bank B output supply pin.
14, 15	QB0, QB1	Output		Single-ended Bank B clock outputs. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
17, 18	QA1, QA0	Output		Single-ended Bank A clock outputs. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels.
19	V <sub>DDOA</sub>	Power		Bank A output supply pin.
20	OEA	Input	Pullup	Output enable control input for Bank A outputs. LVCMOS / LVTTL interface levels. See Table 4.

### Table 1. Pin Descriptions

NOTE: Pullup and Pulldown refer to internal input resistors. See Table 2, Pin Characteristics, for typical values.

### **Table 2. Pin Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance			4		pF
R <sub>PULLDOWN</sub>	Input Pulldown Resistor			51		kΩ
R <sub>PULLUP</sub>	Input Pullup Resistor			51		kΩ
	Power Dissipation Capacitance (per output)	$V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 3.465V$		10		pF
C <sub>PD</sub>		$V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 2.625V$		10		pF
		$V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 1.95V$		10		pF
		$V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$		17		Ω
R <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Impedance	$V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$		20		Ω
		$V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 1.8V \pm 0.15V$		28		Ω

### **Function Table**

#### Table 3. Programmable Output Divider Function Table

	Inputs			MAX Output Frequency
NX2	NX1	NX0	N Divider Value	(MHz)
0	0	0	÷1 (default)	250
0	0	1	÷2	125
0	1	0	÷3	83.333
0	1	1	÷4	62.5
1	0	0	÷5	50
1	0	1	÷6	41.667
1	1	0	÷8	31.25
1	1	1	÷16	15.625

NOTE: Bank A and Bank B outputs are only synchronous if the same divider value is selected (NA2:0=NB2:0).

#### Table 4. OEA Function Table

OEA	Function
0	Bank A outputs are disabled in high-impedance state.
1 (default)	Bank A outputs are enabled

#### Table 5. OEB Function Table

OEB	Function
0	Bank B outputs are disabled in high-impedance state.
1 (default)	Bank B outputs are enabled

#### Table 6. Input Clock Selection

CLK_SEL	Input Clock
0 (default)	CLK0
1	CLK1

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

NOTE: Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These ratings are stress specifications only. Functional operation of product at these conditions or any conditions beyond those listed in the *DC Characteristics or AC Characteristics* is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

Item	Rating	
Supply Voltage, V <sub>DD</sub>	4.6V	
Inputs, V <sub>I</sub>	-0.5V to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5V	
Outputs, V <sub>O</sub>	-0.5V to V <sub>DDOX</sub> + 0.5V	
Package Thermal Impedance, $\theta_{JA}$	91.1°C/W (0 mps)	
Storage Temperature, T <sub>STG</sub>	-65°C to 150°C	

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Table 7A. Power Supply DC Characteristics,  $V_{DD}$  = 3.3V±5%,  $V_{DDOA}$  =  $V_{DDOB}$  = 3.3V±5% or 2.5V±5% or 1.8V±0.15V,  $T_A$  = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Voltage		3.135	3.3	3.465	V
V <sub>DDOA,</sub> V <sub>DDOB</sub>			3.135	3.3	3.465	V
	Output Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
- DDOB			1.65	1.8	1.95	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current				55	mA
I <sub>DDOA,</sub> I <sub>DDOB</sub>	Output Supply Current	No input clock or output loading			2	mA

#### Table 7B. Power Supply DC Characteristics, $V_{DD}$ = 2.5V±5%, $V_{DDOA}$ = $V_{DDOB}$ = 2.5V±5% or 1.8V±0.15V, $T_A$ = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Voltage		2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>DDOA</sub> , Output Supply Current		2.375	2.5	2.625	V	
V <sub>DDOB</sub>	Output Supply Current		1.65	1.8	1.95	V
I <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Current				55	mA
I <sub>DDOA,</sub> I <sub>DDOB</sub>	Output Supply Current	No input clock or output loading			2	mA

# Table 7C. LVCMOS/LVTTL DC Characteristics, $V_{DD}$ = 3.3V±5%, or 2.5V±5%, $V_{DDOA}$ = $V_{DDOB}$ = 3.3V±5% or 2.5V±5% or 1.8V±0.15V, $T_A$ = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
V <sub>IH</sub>	Inned I Balt Maltana		V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V	2		V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
	Input High Volt	lage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5V	1.7		V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
、 <i>,</i>			V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V	-0.3		0.8	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Voltage		V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5V	-0.3		0.7	V
IIH	Input	NA[2:0], NB[2:0], CLK[0:1], CLK_SEL	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.465V or 2.625V			150	μA
	High Current	OEA, OEB	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.465V or 2.625V			5	μA
1	Input Low Current	NA[2:0], NB[2:0], CLK[0:1], CLK_SEL	$V_{DD} = 3.465V \text{ or } 2.625V, V_{IN} = 0V$	-5			μA
		OEA, OEB	$V_{DD} = 3.465 V \text{ or } 2.625 V, V_{IN} = 0 V$	-150			μA
			$V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 3.3V$	2.6			V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Vo	oltage; NOTE 1	$V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 2.5V$	1.8			V
			V <sub>DDOA</sub> = V <sub>DDOB</sub> = 1.8V	1.25			V
M			$V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 3.3$ Vor 2.5V			0.5	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Low Voltage; NOTE 1		V <sub>DDOA</sub> = V <sub>DDOB</sub> = 1.8V			0.4	V
I <sub>OZL</sub>	Output Hi-Z Cu	urrent Low		-5			μA
I <sub>OZH</sub>	Output Hi-Z Cu	urrent Low				5	μA

NOTE 1: Outputs terminated with 50 $\Omega$  to V<sub>DDOX</sub>/2. See Parameter Measurement Information, Output Load Test Circuit diagrams.

### **AC Electrical Characteristics**

#### Table 8A. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Frequency				250	MHz
t <sub>PD</sub>	Propgation Delay, NOTE 1	N≤ 2	3.8	4.8	5.8	ns
	Flopgation Delay, NOTE 1	N>2	4.0	5.5	7.0	ns
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 3			40	200	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 4			50	300	ps
<i>t</i> sk(b)	Bank Skew: NOTE 3, 5			20	85	ps
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	OutputRise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	400	700	900	ps
odo		N=1	35		55	%
odc	Output Duty Cycle	N>1	40		60	%
t <sub>EN</sub>	Output Enable Time; NOTE 6				5	ns
t <sub>DIS</sub>	Output Disable Time; NOTE 6				5	ns

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

All parameters measured at  $f in \le 250$  MHz.

NOTE 1: Measured from  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDOX}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDOX</sub>/2.

NOTE 3: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

NOTE 4: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltage, same frequency, same temperature and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at  $V_{DDOX}/2$ .

NOTE: 5 Defined as skew within a bank with equal load conditions.

NOTE 6: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

#### Table 8B. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD}$ = 3.3V±5%, $V_{DDOA}$ = $V_{DDOB}$ = 2.5V±5%, $T_A$ = -40°C to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
fout	Output Frequency				250	MHz
+	Brongotion Dolov, NOTE 1	N≤ 2	4.0	5.0	6.0	
t <sub>PD</sub>	Propgation Delay, NOTE 1	N>2	4.5	6.0	7.5	ns
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 3			40	200	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 4			60	550	ps
<i>t</i> sk(b)	Bank Skew: NOTE 3, 5			20	85	ps
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	OutputRise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	400	800	1200	ps
ada		N=1	35		55	%
odc	Output Duty Cycle	N>1	40		60	%
t <sub>EN</sub>	Output Enable Time; NOTE 6				5	ns
t <sub>DIS</sub>	Output Disable Time; NOTE 6				5	ns

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

All parameters measured at  $f in \le 250 MHz$ .

NOTE 1: Measured from  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDOX}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDOX</sub>/2.

NOTE 3: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

NOTE 4: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltage, same frequency, same temperature and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at  $V_{DDOX}/2$ .

NOTE: 5 Defined as skew within a bank with equal load conditions.

NOTE 6: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Frequency				250	MHz
+	Propgation Delay, NOTE 1	N≤ 2	4.0	5.5	7.0	ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	Tropgation Delay, NOTE 1	N>2	4.8	6.3	7.8 n	ns
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 3			40	200	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 4			60	600	ps
<i>t</i> sk(b)	Bank Skew: NOTE 3, 5			20	85	ps
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	OutputRise/Fall Time	20% to 80%	0.4	1	2.5	ns
odc	Output Duty Ovele	N=1	35		55	%
	Output Duty Cycle	N>1	40		60	%
t <sub>EN</sub>	Output Enable Time; NOTE 6				5	ns
t <sub>DIS</sub>	Output Disable Time; NOTE 6				5	ns

#### Table 8C. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD}$ = 3.3V±5%, $V_{DDOA}$ = $V_{DDOB}$ = 1.8V±0.15V, $T_A$ = -40°C to 85°C

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

All parameters measured at  $f in \le 250 MHz$ 

NOTE 1: Measured from  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDOX}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDOX</sub>/2.

NOTE 3: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

NOTE 4: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltage, same frequency, same temperature and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at  $V_{DDOX}/2$ .

NOTE: 5 Defined as skew within a bank with equal load conditions.

NOTE 6: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

#### Table 8D. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD} = V_{DDOA} = V_{DDOB} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$ , $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 85°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Frequency				250	MHz
	Propgation Delay, NOTE 1	N≤ 2	4.0	5.0	6.0	ns
t <sub>PD</sub>		N>2	4.5	6.0	7.5	ns
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 3			40	200	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 4			50	350	ps
<i>t</i> sk(b)	Bank Skew: NOTE 3, 5			20	85	ps
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	OutputRise/Fall Time; NOTE 6	20% to 80%	400	900	1200	ps
odc	Outrant Duty Outla	N=1	35		55	%
	Output Duty Cycle	N>1	40		60	%
t <sub>EN</sub>	Output Enable Time; NOTE 6				5	ns
t <sub>DIS</sub>	Output Disable Time; NOTE 6				5	ns

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

All parameters measured at  $fin \le 250MHz$  unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured from  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDOX}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDOX</sub>/2.

NOTE 3: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

NOTE 4: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltage, same frequency, same temperature and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at  $V_{DDOX}/2$ .

NOTE: 5 Defined as skew within a bank with equal load conditions.

NOTE 6: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
f <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Frequency				250	MHz
t <sub>PD</sub>	Propgation Delay, NOTE 1	N≤ 2	4.0	5.5	7.0	ns
	Flopgation Delay, NOTE 1	N>2	4.8	6.3	7.8 n	ns
<i>t</i> sk(o)	Output Skew; NOTE 2, 3			40	200	ps
<i>t</i> sk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew; NOTE 3, 4			50	600	ps
<i>t</i> sk(b)	Bank Skew: NOTE 3, 5			20	85	ps
t <sub>R</sub> / t <sub>F</sub>	OutputRise/Fall Time; NOTE 6	20% to 80%	0.4	1.1	2.5	ns
odc	Output Duty Ovela	N=1	35		55	%
	Output Duty Cycle	N>1	40		60	
t <sub>EN</sub>	Output Enable Time; NOTE 6				5	ns
t <sub>DIS</sub>	Output Disable Time; NOTE 6				5	ns

#### Table 8E. AC Characteristics, $V_{DD}$ = 2.5V±5%, $V_{DDOA}$ = $V_{DDOB}$ = 1.8V±0.15V, $T_A$ = -40°C to 85°C

NOTE: Electrical parameters are guaranteed over the specified ambient operating temperature range, which is established when the device is mounted in a test socket with maintained transverse airflow greater than 500 lfpm. The device will meet specifications after thermal equilibrium has been reached under these conditions.

All parameters measured at  $fin \le 250MHz$  unless noted otherwise.

NOTE 1: Measured from  $V_{DD}/2$  of the input to  $V_{DDOX}/2$  of the output.

NOTE 2: Defined as skew between outputs at the same supply voltage and with equal load conditions. Measured at V<sub>DDOX</sub>/2.

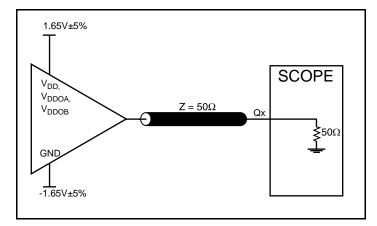
NOTE 3: This parameter is defined in accordance with JEDEC Standard 65.

NOTE 4: Defined as skew between outputs on different devices operating at the same supply voltage, same frequency, same temperature and with equal load conditions. Using the same type of input on each device, the output is measured at  $V_{DDOX}/2$ .

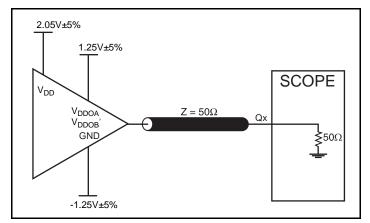
NOTE: 5 Defined as skew within a bank with equal load conditions.

NOTE 6: These parameters are guaranteed by characterization. Not tested in production.

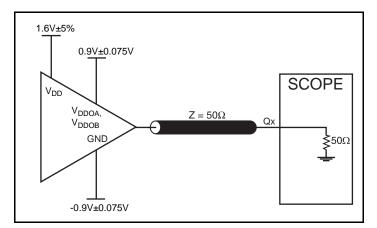
### **Parameter Measurement Information**



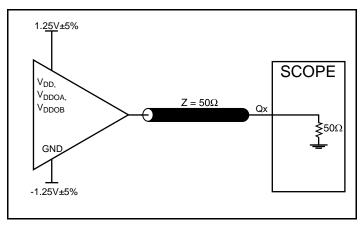
3.3V Core/3.3V Output Load AC Test Circuit



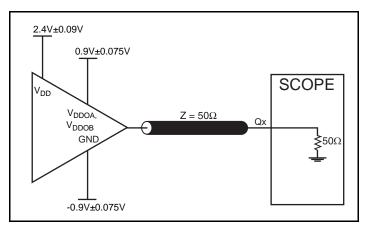
3.3V Core/2.5V Output Load AC Test Circuit



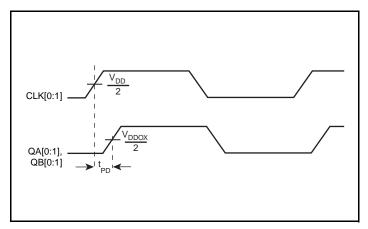
2.5V Core/1.8V Output Load AC Test Circuit



2.5V Core/2.5V Output Load AC Test Circuit



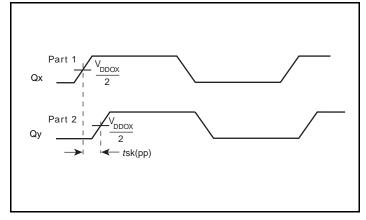
3.3V Core/1.8V Output Load AC Test Circuit



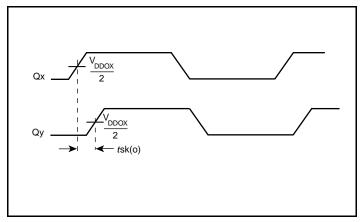
**Propagation Delay** 

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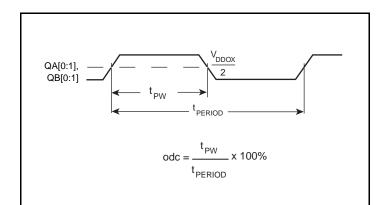
### Parameter Measurement Information, continued



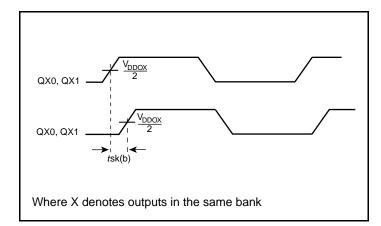
Part-to-Part Skew



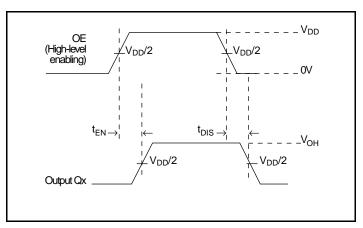
**Output Skew** 



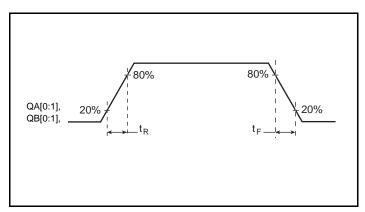




Bank Skew



**Output Enable/Disable** 



**Output Rise/Fall Time** 

### **Applications Information**

#### **Recommendations for Unused Input and Output Pins**

Inputs:

#### CLK Inputs

For applications not requiring the use of a clock input, it can be left floating. Though not required, but for additional protection, a  $1k\Omega$  resistor can be tied from the CLK input to ground.

#### **LVCMOS Control Pins**

All control pins have internal pullups or pulldowns; additional resistance is not required but can be added for additional protection. A  $1k\Omega$  resistor can be used.

### Outputs:

#### **LVCMOS** Outputs

All unused LVCMOS outputs can be left floating We recommend that there is no trace attached.

### **Power Considerations**

This section provides information on power dissipation and junction temperature for the ICS87004I-03.

#### 1. Power Dissipation.

The total power dissipation for the ICS87004I-03 is the sum of the core power plus the analog power plus the power dissipated in the load(s). The following is the power dissipation for  $V_{DD} = 3.3V + 5\% = 3.465V$ , which gives worst case results.

- Power (core)<sub>MAX</sub> = V<sub>DD MAX</sub> \* (I<sub>DD</sub> + I<sub>DDOX</sub>) = 3.465V \*(55mA + 2mA) = 197.51mW
- Output Impedance R<sub>OUT</sub> Power Dissipation due to Loading 50Ω to V<sub>DD</sub>/2
   Output Current I<sub>OUT</sub> = V<sub>DD\_MAX</sub> / [2 \* (50Ω + R<sub>OUT</sub>)] = 3.465V / [2 \* (50Ω + 15Ω)] = 26.7mA
- Power Dissipation on the R<sub>OUT</sub> per LVCMOS output
   Power (R<sub>OUT</sub>) = R<sub>OUT</sub> \* (I<sub>OUT</sub>)<sup>2</sup> = 15Ω \* (26.7mA)<sup>2</sup> = 10.7mW per output
- Total Power (R<sub>OUT</sub>) = 10.7mW \* 4 = **42.6mW**

#### **Dynamic Power Dissipation at 250MHz**

Power (250MHz) =  $(C_{PD} + C_I)$  \* Frequency \*  $(V_{DD})^2$  = 15pF \* 250MHz \*  $(3.465V)^2$  = **45.02mW per output** 

Total Power (250MHz) = 45.02mW \* 4 = 180.09mW

#### **Total Power Dissipation**

- Total Power
  - = Power (core)<sub>MAX</sub> + Power (R<sub>OUT</sub>) + Power (250MHz) = 197.51mW + 42.6mW + 180.90mW = **420.22mW**

### 2. Junction Temperature.

Junction temperature, Tj, is the temperature at the junction of the bond wire and bond pad directly affects the reliability of the device. The maximum recommended junction temperature is 125°C. Limiting the internal transistor junction temperature, Tj, to 125°C ensures that the bond wire and bond pad temperature remains below 125°C.

The equation for Tj is as follows: Tj =  $\theta_{JA}$  \* Pd\_total + T<sub>A</sub>

Tj = Junction Temperature

 $\theta_{JA}$  = Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

Pd\_total = Total Device Power Dissipation (example calculation is in section 1 above)

T<sub>A</sub> = Ambient Temperature

In order to calculate junction temperature, the appropriate junction-to-ambient thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$  must be used. Assuming no air flow and a multi-layer board, the appropriate value is 91.1°C/W per Table 5 below.

Therefore, Tj for an ambient temperature of 85°C with all outputs switching is:

 $85^{\circ}C + 0.420W * 91.1^{\circ}C/W = 123.3^{\circ}C$ . This is below the limit of  $125^{\circ}C$ .

This calculation is only an example. Tj will obviously vary depending on the number of loaded outputs, supply voltage, air flow and the type of board (multi-layer).

#### Table 9. Thermal Resistance $\theta_{JA}$ for 20 Lead TSSOP, Forced Convection

$\theta_{JA}$ by Velocity					
Meters per Second	0	1	2.5		
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	91.1°C/W	86.7°C/W	84.6°C/W		

### **Reliability Information**

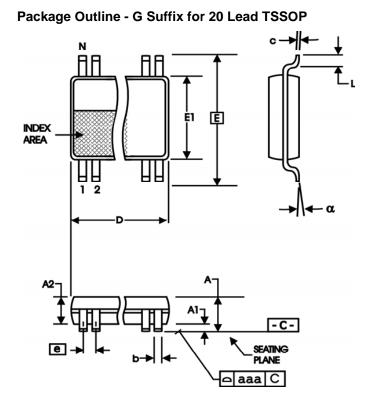
Table 10.  $\theta_{JA}$  vs. Air Flow Table for a 20 Lead TSSOP

$\theta_{JA}$ vs. Air Flow					
Meters per Second	0	1	2.5		
Multi-Layer PCB, JEDEC Standard Test Boards	91.1°C/W	86.7°C/W	84.6°C/W		

#### **Transistor Count**

The transistor count for ICS87004I-03 is: 2769

### Package Outline and Package Dimensions



#### Table 7. Package Dimensions

All Dimensions in Millimeters					
Symbol	Minimum	Maximum			
Ν	2	20			
Α		1.20			
A1	0.05	0.15			
A2	0.80	1.05			
b	0.19	0.30			
С	0.09	0.20			
D	6.40	6.60			
Е	6.40 Basic				
E1	4.30	4.50			
е	0.65 Basic				
L	0.45	0.75			
α	0°	8°			
aaa		0.10			

Reference Document: JEDEC Publication 95, MO-153



### **Ordering Information**

#### Table 11. Ordering Information

Part/Order Number	Marking	Package	Shipping Packaging	Temperature
87004BGI-03LF	ICS7004BI03L	"Lead-Free" 20 Lead TSSOP	Tube	-40°C to 85°C
87004BGI-03LFT	ICS7004BI03L	"Lead-Free" 20 Lead TSSOP	2500 Tape & Reel	-40°C to 85°C

NOTE: Parts that are ordered with an "LF" suffix to the part number are the Pb-Free configuration and are RoHS compliant.



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