PTQB425080

www.ti.com

SLTS269B - DECEMBER 2006 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2007

200-W 48-V INPUT, 8-V OUTPUT, SEMI-REGULATED, ISOLATED DC-DC BUS CONVERTER

Check for Samples: PTQB425080

FEATURES

- 200-W Output
- Input Voltage Range: 36 V to 75 V
- Meets 100 V, 100 ms Input Transient
- 6:1 Input-to-Output DC Conversion Ratio: 36 V to 55 V Input
- 10.5 V Output Voltage Limit: > 55 V Input
- 93% Efficiency
- 1500 V_{DC} Isolation
- On/Off Control
- Overcurrent Protection
- Over-Temperature Shutdown
- Undervoltage Lockout
- SmartSync External Clock Drive (Optional)
- AutoTrack™ Power-Up Sequencing (Optional)
- Standard 1/4-Brick Bus Converter Footprint
- UL Safety Agency Approval



DESCRIPTION

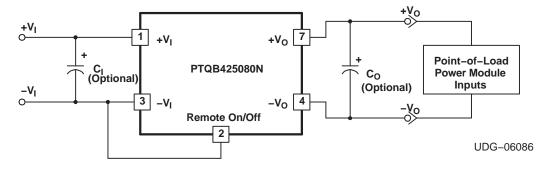
The PTQB425080 power module is single-output isolated DC/DC converter, housed in an industry standard quarter-brick package. The module is nominally rated up to 200 W with a maximum load current of 25 A. It delivers an output voltage of 1/6th the input voltage for an input voltage range of 36 V to 55 V, while limiting the output voltage to 10.5 V for an input voltage greater than 55 V.

The PTQB425080 operates from a standard 48-V telecom central office (CO) supply and occupies only 3.3 in² of PCB area. The module offers OEMs a compact and flexible high-output power source in an industry standard footprint. It is suitable for distributed power applications in both telecom and computing environments that utilize an intermediate bus architecture (IBA), and may be used for powering downstream point-of-load (POL) devices such as the second generation PTH series of products (T2).

Features include a remote On/Off control with optional logic polarity, and an undervoltage lockout (UVLO). Protection features include output overcurrent protection (OCP) and over-temperature protection (OTP). To compliment T2-POL products, optional features include a SmartSync compatible clock drive and a AutoTrack™ power-up sequencing manager

The module is fully integrated for stand-alone operation, and require no additional components.

STANDARD APPLICATION





Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PTQB425080



SLTS269B - DECEMBER 2006-REVISED NOVEMBER 2007

www.ti.com



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

ORDERING INFORMATION

For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this datasheet, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

Table 1. PART NUMBERING SCHEME

	Input Voltage	Output Current	Output Voltage	Enable	Electrical Options		Pin Style
PTQB	4	25	080	N	2	Α	D
	4 = 48 V	25 = 25A	080 = 8 V	N = Negative	2 = Standard		D = Through-hole, Pb-free
				P = Positive	3 = SmartSync Clock Drive and AutoTrack™ Enable		

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

				UNIT		
T _A	Operating Temperature Range	Over V _I Range	-40°C to 85°C ⁽¹⁾			
$V_{I,}$	Maximum Input Voltage	Continuous voltage		75 V		
MAX	waxiinum input voitage	Peak voltage for 100 ms duration	100 V			
P _{O,}	Maximum Output Power	V _I = 48 V	200 W			
T _S	Storage Temperature	ge Temperature				
	Mechanical Shock	Per Mil-STD-883, Method 2002.3 1 ms, 1/2 Sine, mounted	AD Suffix	250 G		
	Mechanical Vibrarion	15 G				
	Weight	30 grams				
	Flammability					

(1) See SOA curves or consult factory for appropriate derating.

Submit Documentation Feedback

Copyright © 2006–2007, Texas Instruments Incorporated



www.ti.com

SLTS269B - DECEMBER 2006 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2007

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS PTQB425080

(Unless otherwise stated, T_A = 25°C, V_I = 48 V, V_O = 8 V, C_O = 10 μF , and I_O = I_O max

	PARAMETER	TEST COM	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
Io	Output Current	Over V _I range	0		25	Α	
VI	Input Voltage Range	Over I _O range	36	48	75	V	
V _O tol	Output Voltage Tolerance	Over V _I and I _O range		5.4		10.5	V
D	L'a - Danidat'a	36 ≤ V _I ≤ 55 V			0.17		V/V
Reg _{line}	Line Regulation	55 < V _I ≤ 75 V, V _O = 9.5 V			10		%
Reg _{load}	Load Regulation	Over I _O range			40		mV/A
η	Efficiency	I _O = I _O max			93%		
V _R	V _O Ripple (pk-pk)	20 MHz bandwidth				100	mV_{pp}
I _{TRIP}	Overcurrent Threshold	Shutdown, followed by auto-reco	very		35		Α
OTP	Over Temperature Protection	Temperature Measurement at the 10°C nominal.	ermal sensor. Hysteresis =		125		° C
f _s	Switching Frequency	Over V _I range		275		kHz	
UVLO	Undervoltage Lockout	V _{OFF}		32.5		V	
UVLO	V _{HYS} Hystere:						V
On/Off In	nput: Negative Enable						
V _{IH} Input High Voltage		Referenced to -V _I	2.4		Open ⁽¹⁾	V	
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	Referenced to $-v_1$	-0.2		0.8	V	
I _{IL}	Input Low Current				-0.3		mA
On/Off In	nput: Positive Enable						
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage	Referenced to -V _I				Open ⁽¹⁾	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage	Referenced to -v ₁		-0.2		8.0	٧
I _{IL}	Input Low Current				-0.5		mA
$I_{\rm ISB}$	Standby Input Current	Output disabled (pin 2 status set	to Off)		3		mA
C_{I}	External Input Capacitance	Between +V _I and -V _I		0	100		μF
C _O	External Output Capacitance	Between +V _O and -V _O		0		3000	μF
	Isolation Voltage	1500			Vdc		
	Isolation Capacitance	Input-to-output			500		pF
	Isolation Resistance	Input-to-output		10			МΩ
f	SmartSync Clock Drive	TTL Output signal for	Signal Amplitude		5		V_{pk-pk}
f _{ss}	(pin 5)	synchronizing POL modules		275		kHz	

⁽¹⁾ The Remote On/Off input has an internal pull-up and may be controlled with an open collector (drain) interface. An open circuit correlates to a logic high. Consult the application notes for interface considerations.

Copyright © 2006–2007, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Submit Documentation Feedback

SLTS269B - DECEMBER 2006-REVISED NOVEMBER 2007

▼ Instruments

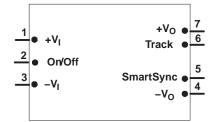
www.ti.com

TERMINAL FUNCTIONS

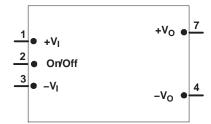
TERMINAL		DESCRIPTION					
NAME	NO.	DESCRIPTION					
+V _I ⁽¹⁾	1	The positive input for the module with respect to -V _I . When powering the module from a negative input voltage, this input is connected to the input source ground.					
-V _I ⁽¹⁾	3	The negative input supply for the module, and the 0-V reference for the enable input. When powering the module from a positive source, this input is connected to the input source return.					
Remote On/Off	2	This input controls the On/Off status of the output voltage. It is either driven low (–V _I potential), or left open-circuit. For units identified with the N (negative logic) option, applying a logic low to this pin enables the output. And for units identified with the P (positive logic) option, the output is disabled.					
+V _O	7	This is the positive power output with respect to $-V_0$. It is isolated from the input power pins and produces a valid output voltage approximately 80 ms before the voltage at the <i>Track</i> terminal is allowed to rise. This provides the required standby power source to any <i>downstream</i> nonisolated modules in power-up sequencing applications.					
-V _O	4	This is the output power return for both the $+V_0$ output voltage. This terminal should be connected to the common of the load circuit.					
AutoTrack™ Enable (Optional)	6	This terminal may be used in power-up sequencing applications to control the output voltage of Auto-Track compatible modules, powered from the converter $+V_0$ output. The converter $Track$ control has an internal, open-collector transistor, which holds the voltage close to $-V_0$ potential for approximately 80 ms after the $+V_0$ output is in regulation. Following this delay, the $Track$ voltage rises simultaneously with the output voltages of all other modules controlled by Auto-Track. See Application Information for more details.					
SmartSync Clock Drive (Optional)	5	This terminal sources a 275kHz clock signal that can be used to synchronize the switching frequency of multiple downstream point-of-load power modules. Frequency synchronization eliminates beat frequencies and reduces the external filtering requirement. See Application Information for more details.					

(1) These functions indicate signals electrically common with the input.

PTQB425080x3



PTQB425080x2



Submit Documentation Feedback

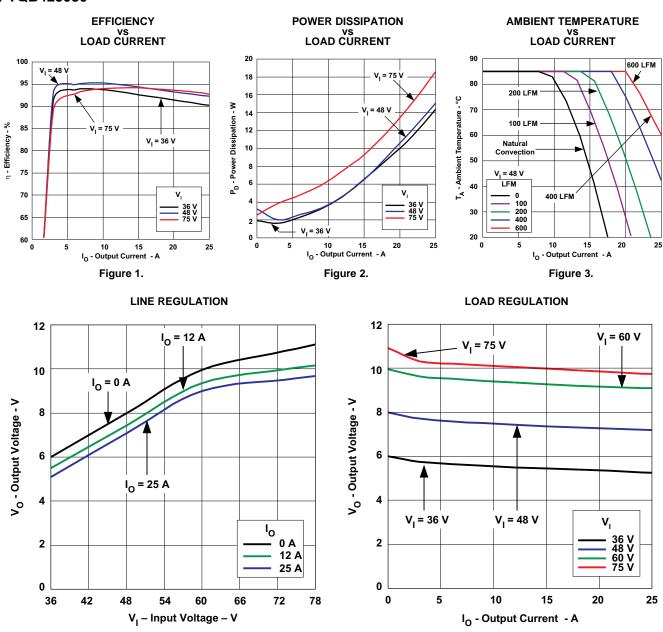
Copyright © 2006–2007, Texas Instruments Incorporated

SLTS269B - DECEMBER 2006 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2007

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PTQB425080 (1) (2)

ISTRUMENTS



- (1) All data listed in Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 4, and Figure 5 have been developed from actual products tested at 25°C. This data is considered typical data for the dc-dc converter.
- (2) The temperature derating curves represent operating conditions at which internal components are at or below manufacturer's maximum rated operating temperature. Derating limits apply to modules soldered directly to a 100–mm x 100–mm, double-sided PCB with 2 oz. copper. For surface mount packages, multiple vias (plated through holes) are required to add thermal paths around the power pins. Please refer to the mechanical specification for more information. Applies to Figure 3.

Copyright © 2006–2007, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Figure 4.

Submit Documentation Feedback

Figure 5.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

SLTS269B - DECEMBER 2006-REVISED NOVEMBER 2007

www.ti.com

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Operating Features and System Considerations for the PTQB425080 Series of DC/DC Converters

Overcurrent Protection

To protect against load faults, these converters incorporate output overcurrent protection. Applying a load to the output that exceeds the converter's overcurrent threshold (see applicable specification) causes the output voltage to momentarily fold back, and then shut down. Following shutdown the module periodically attempts to automatically recover by initiating a soft-start power-up. This is often described as a *hiccup* mode of operation, whereby the module continues in the cycle of successive shutdown and power up until the load fault is removed. Once the fault is removed, the converter automatically recovers and returns to normal operation.

Overtemperature Protection

Overtemperature protection is provided by an internal temperature sensor, which closely monitors the temperature of the converter's printed circuit board (PCB). If the sensor exceeds a temperature of approximately 125°C, the converter shuts down. The converter then automatically restarts when the sensed temperature drops back to approximately 95°C. When operated outside its recommended thermal derating envelope (see data sheet SOA curves), the converter typically cycles on and off at intervals from a few seconds to one or two minutes. This is to ensure that the internal components are not permanently damaged from excessive thermal stress.

Undervoltage Lockout

The Undervoltage lockout (UVLO) is designed to prevent the operation of the converter until the input voltage is at the minimum input voltage. This prevents high start-up current during normal power-up of the converter, and minimizes the current drain from the input source during low input voltage conditions. The UVLO circuitry also overrides the operation of the *Remote On/Off* control.

Primary-Secondary Isolation

The converter incorporates electrical isolation between the input terminals (primary) and the output terminals (secondary). All converters are production tested to a withstand voltage of 1500 VDC. This specification complies with UL60950 and EN60950 requirements. This allows the converter to be configured for either a positive or negative input voltage source. The data sheet *Pin Descriptions* section provides guidance as to the correct reference that must be used for the external control signals.

Input Current Limiting

The converter is not internally fused. For safety and overall system protection, the maximum input current to the converter must be limited. Active or passive current limiting can be used. Passive current limiting can be a fast acting fuse. A 125-V fuse, rated no more than 10 A, is recommended. Active current limiting can be implemented with a current limited *Hot-Swap* controller.

Thermal Considerations

Airflow may be necessary to ensure that the module can supply the desired load current in environments with elevated ambient temperatures. The required airflow rate may be determined from the Safe Operating Area (SOA) thermal derating chart (see typical characteristics).

Submit Documentation Feedback

www.ti.com

SLTS269B - DECEMBER 2006 - REVISED NOVEMBER 2007

Using the Remote On/Off Function on the PTQB425080 Series of DC/DC Converters

For applications requiring output voltage On/Off control, the PTQB425080 series of DC/DC converters incorporate a *Remote On/Off* control (pin 2). This feature can be used to switch the module off without removing the applied input source voltage. When placed in the *Off* state, the standby current drawn from the input source is typically reduced to 3 mA.

Negative Output Enable (N Option)

Models using the negative enable option, the *Remote On/Off* (pin 2) control must be driven to a logic low voltage for the converter to produce an output. This is accomplished by either permanently connecting pin 2 to $-V_1$ (pin 3), or driving it low with an external control signal. Table 2 shows the input requirements of pin 2 for those modules with the *NEN* option.

Table 2. On/Off Control Requirements for Negative Enable

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX
V_{IH}	Disable	2.4 V		20 V
V_{IL}	Enable	-0.2 V		0.8 V
V _{o/c}	Open-Circuit		9 V	15 V
I_{\parallel}	Pin 2 at -V ₁			−0.75 mA

Positive Output Enable (P Option)

For those models with the positive enable option, leaving pin 2 open circuit, (or driving it to an equivalent logic high voltage), enables the converter output. This allows the module to produce an output voltage whenever a valid input source voltage is applied to $+V_1$ with respect to $-V_1$. If a logic-low signal is then applied to pin 2 the converter output is disabled. Table 3 gives the input requirements of pin 2 for modules with the *PEN* option.

Table 3. On/Off Control Requirements for Positive Enable

	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX
V _{IH}	Enable	4.5 V		20 V
V _{IL}	Disable	-0.2 V		0.8 V
V _{o/c}	Open-Circuit		5 V	7 V
I	Pin 2 at –V _I			–0.5 mA

Notes:

- 1. The Remote On/Off control uses -V₁ (pin 3) as its ground reference. All voltages are with respect to -V₁.
- 2. An open-collector device (preferably a discrete transistor) is recommended. A pull-up resistor is not required. If one is added the pull-up voltage should not exceed 20 V.

Caution: Do not use a pull-resistor to $+V_1$ (pin 1). The remote On/Off control has a maximum input voltage of 20 V. Exceeding this voltage can overstress, and possibly damage, the converter.

- 3. The *Remote On/Off* pin may be controlled with devices that have a totem-pole output. This is provided the output high level voltage (V_{OH}) meets the module's minimum V_{IH} specified in Table 2. If a TTL gate is used, a pull-up resistor may be required to the logic supply voltage.
- 4. The converter incorporates an *undervoltage lockout* (UVLO). The UVLO keeps the converter off until the input voltage is close to the minimum specified operating voltage. This is regardless of the state of the *Remote On/Off* control. Consult the product specification for the UVLO input voltage thresholds.

Copyright © 2006–2007, Texas Instruments Incorporated

Submit Docum

SLTS269B - DECEMBER 2006-REVISED NOVEMBER 2007



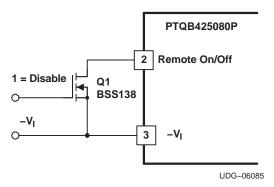
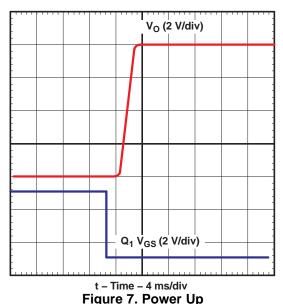


Figure 6. Recommended Control for Remote On/Off Input

Turn-On: With a valid input source voltage applied, the converter produces a regulated output voltage within 75 ms of the output being enabled. Figure 7 shows the output response of the PTQB425080P following the removal of the logic-low signal from the *Remote On/Off* (pin 2); see Figure 6. This corresponds to the drop in Q1 V_{GS} in Figure 7. Although the rise-time of the output voltage is short (<10 ms), the indicated delay time varies depending upon the input voltage and the module's internal timing. The waveforms were measured with 48 VDC input voltage, and a 10-A resistive load.



Simultaneous Power-Up Sequencing Using AutoTrack™ Control (Optional Feature)

The PTQB425080 bus converter provides the input power and coordinate the power-up sequencing to two or more non-isolated, Auto-Track compliant power modules. Figure 8 shows the PTQB425080 converter (U1) configured to provide both the input source and the power-up sequence timing to two wide-nput non-isolated modules. The example shows a simplified block diagram of two PTH08T220W modules (U2 and U3), each rated for up to 16 A of output current. In this case, the number of downstream modules, and their respective output voltage and load current rating, is only limited by the amount of current available at the $+V_0$ output (25 A maximum). In this example, they are set to 3.3 V (R2 = 1.21 k Ω) and 1.8 V (R3 = 4.78 k Ω), respectively. Figure 9 shows the power-up waveforms from when the Track control of all three modules are simply connected together.

The PTQB425080 converter (U1) provides the required intermediate voltage from the +V_Obus output to power the downstream modules, while holding the common Track control at ground potential. After allowing times for U2 and U3 to initialize, U1 removes the ground from the Track control, allowing this voltage to rise. The outputs from the two nonisolated modules then rise simultaneously to their respective set-point voltages.

Submit Documentation Feedback

Copyright © 2006–2007, Texas Instruments Incorporated



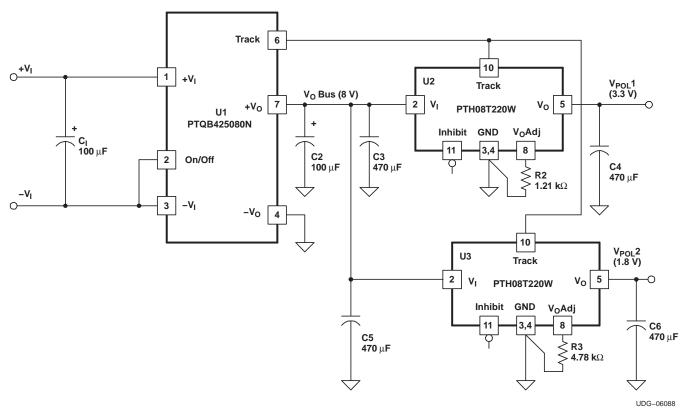


Figure 8. Power-Up Sequencing Using AutoTrack™ Control

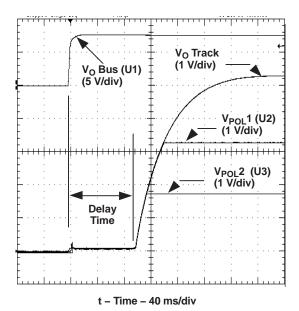


Figure 9. AutoTrack™ Control Waveform

www.ti.com

Synchronizing Multiple POL Modules using SmartSync Clock Drive

The PTQB425080 provides a 275 kHz SmartSync clock signal that may be used to synchronize multiple downstream non-isolated modules to a common frequency. Figure 10 shows a simplified block diagram of the PTQB425080 clock signal driving the SmartSync input of two PTH08T220W modules. Synchronizing modules powered from the same bus, eliminates beat frequencies reflected back to the input supply, and also reduces EMI filtering requirements. These are the benefits of Smart Sync. Power modules can also be synchronized out of phase to minimize source current loading and minimize input capacitance requirements. Figure 10 also shows module U2 synchronized 180° out of phase with module U3 using an inverter circuit.

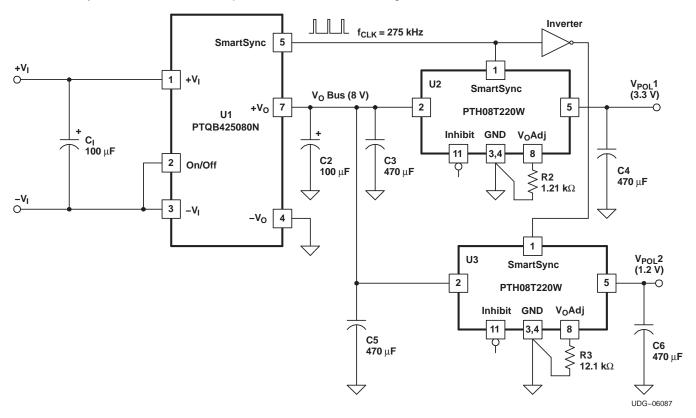


Figure 10. Synchronizing Modules Powered from the Same Bus

0 Submit Documentation Feedback



PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

16-Jul-2020

PACKAGING INFORMATION

www.ti.com

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
PTQB425080N2AD	NRND	Through- Hole Module	EBY	5	9	RoHS (In Work) & Green (In Work)	SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85		
PTQB425080N3AD	NRND	Through- Hole Module	EBY	7	9	RoHS (In Work) & Green (In Work)	SN	N / A for Pkg Type	-40 to 85		

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

Important Information and Disclaimer: The information provided on this page represents TI's knowledge and belief as of the date that it is provided. TI bases its knowledge and belief on information provided by third parties, and makes no representation or warranty as to the accuracy of such information. Efforts are underway to better integrate information from third parties. TI has taken and continues to take reasonable steps to provide representative and accurate information but may not have conducted destructive testing or chemical analysis on incoming materials and chemicals. TI and TI suppliers consider certain information to be proprietary, and thus CAS numbers and other limited information may not be available for release.



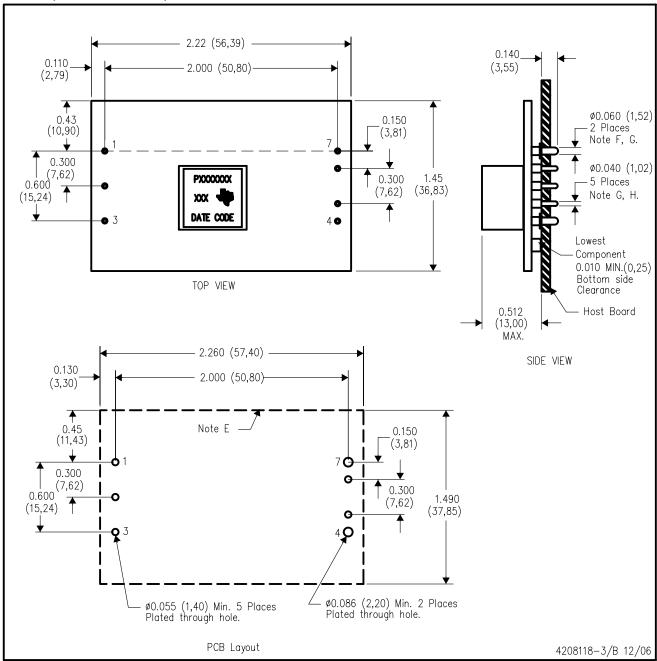
PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

16-Jul-2020

In no event shall TI's liabilit	ty arising out of such information	exceed the total purchase price	ce of the TI part(s) at issue in th	is document sold by TI to Cu	stomer on an annual basis.

EBY (R-PDSS-T7)

DOUBLE SIDED MODULE



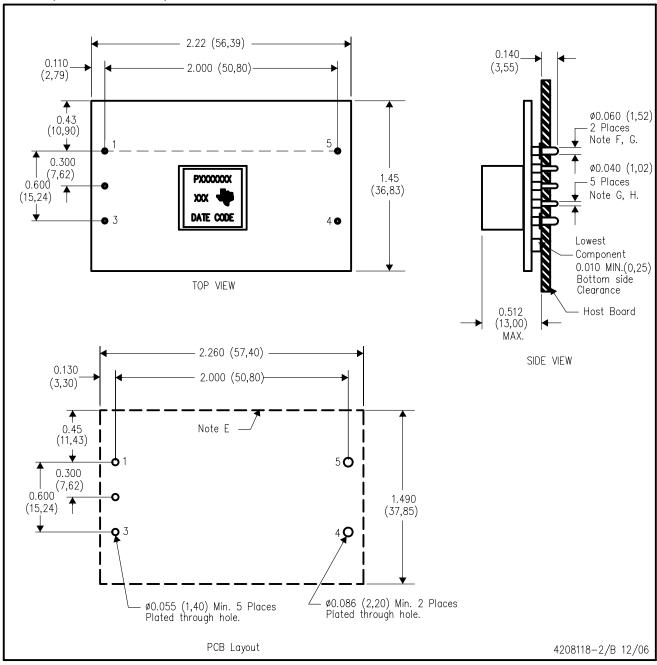
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (mm). B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. 2 place decimals are ± 0.020 ($\pm 0,51$ mm). D. 3 place decimals are ± 0.010 ($\pm 0,25$ mm).
- E. Recommended keep out area for user components.
- F. Pins are 0.060" (1,52) diameter with 0.125" (3,20) diameter standoff shoulder.
- G. All pins: Material Copper Alloy Finish Tin (100%) over Nickel plate
- H. Pins are 0.040" (1,02) diameter with 0.070" (1,78) diameter standoff shoulder.



EBY (R-PDSS-T5)

DOUBLE SIDED MODULE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (mm). B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. 2 place decimals are ± 0.020 ($\pm 0,51$ mm). D. 3 place decimals are ± 0.010 ($\pm 0,25$ mm).
- E. Recommended keep out area for user components.
- F. Pins are 0.060" (1,52) diameter with 0.125" (3,20) diameter standoff shoulder.
- G. All pins: Material Copper Alloy Finish Tin (100%) over Nickel plate
- H. Pins are 0.040" (1,02) diameter with 0.070" (1,78) diameter standoff shoulder.



IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER

TI PROVIDES TECHNICAL AND RELIABILITY DATA (INCLUDING DATASHEETS), DESIGN RESOURCES (INCLUDING REFERENCE DESIGNS), APPLICATION OR OTHER DESIGN ADVICE, WEB TOOLS, SAFETY INFORMATION, AND OTHER RESOURCES "AS IS" AND WITH ALL FAULTS, AND DISCLAIMS ALL WARRANTIES, EXPRESS AND IMPLIED, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR NON-INFRINGEMENT OF THIRD PARTY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS.

These resources are intended for skilled developers designing with TI products. You are solely responsible for (1) selecting the appropriate TI products for your application, (2) designing, validating and testing your application, and (3) ensuring your application meets applicable standards, and any other safety, security, or other requirements. These resources are subject to change without notice. TI grants you permission to use these resources only for development of an application that uses the TI products described in the resource. Other reproduction and display of these resources is prohibited. No license is granted to any other TI intellectual property right or to any third party intellectual property right. TI disclaims responsibility for, and you will fully indemnify TI and its representatives against, any claims, damages, costs, losses, and liabilities arising out of your use of these resources.

Tl's products are provided subject to Tl's Terms of Sale (www.ti.com/legal/termsofsale.html) or other applicable terms available either on ti.com or provided in conjunction with such Tl products. Tl's provision of these resources does not expand or otherwise alter Tl's applicable warranties or warranty disclaimers for Tl products.

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2020, Texas Instruments Incorporated