

SIOV metal oxide varistors

Housed (ThermoFuse) varistors, AdvanceD series

Series/Type: ETFV14 Date: April 2011

© EPCOS AG 2015. Reproduction, publication and dissemination of this publication, enclosures hereto and the information contained therein without EPCOS' prior express consent is prohibited.

EPCOS AG is a TDK Group Company.



ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

Construction

- Round varistor element, leaded
- Coating: epoxy resin, flame-retardant to UL 94 V-0
- Terminals: tinned copper wire, metal compound wire
- Housing: thermoplastic, flame-retardant to UL 94 V-0

Features

- Wide operating voltage range 130 ... 420 V_{RMS}
- Self-protected under abnormal overvoltage conditions
- High-energy AdvanceD series E2

Approvals

- UL 🛛
- IEC
- VDE

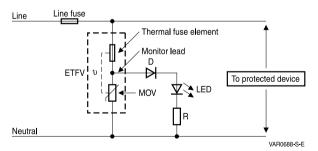
Applications

- Air conditioner, refrigerator, TV, etc.
- Power meter, inverter, telecom equipment, etc.
- Transient voltage surge suppressors (TVSS)
- Solar inverter

Delivery mode

Bulk (standard)

Typical applications



General technical data

| Climatic category | to IEC 60068-1 | 40/85/56 | |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------|-------------------|
| Operating temperature | to IEC 61051 | -40 + 85 | °C |
| Storage temperature | | -40 + 85 | °C |
| Electric strength | to IEC 61051 | ≥ 2.5 | kV _{RMS} |
| Insulation resistance | to IEC 61051 | ≥ 100 | MΩ |
| Response time | | < 25 | ns |

Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.

ETFV14



ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

ETFV14



Electrical specifications and ordering codes Maximum ratings ($T_A = 85 \ ^{\circ}C$)

| Ordering code | Туре | V _{RMS} | V _{DC} | i _{max} | W _{max} | P _{max} |
|-----------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| • | (untaped) | | | (8/20 µs) | (2 ms) | |
| | SIOV- | V | V | Α | J | W |
| B72214T2131K101 | ETFV14K130E2 | 130 | 170 | 6000 | 50 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2141K101 | ETFV14K140E2 | 140 | 180 | 6000 | 55 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2151K101 | ETFV14K150E2 | 150 | 200 | 6000 | 60 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2171K101 | ETFV14K175E2 | 175 | 225 | 6000 | 70 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2211K101 | ETFV14K210E2 | 210 | 270 | 6000 | 80 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2231K101 | ETFV14K230E2 | 230 | 300 | 6000 | 90 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2251K101 | ETFV14K250E2 | 250 | 320 | 6000 | 100 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2271K101 | ETFV14K275E2 | 275 | 350 | 6000 | 110 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2301K101 | ETFV14K300E2 | 300 | 385 | 6000 | 125 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2321K101 | ETFV14K320E2 | 320 | 420 | 6000 | 136 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2351K101 | ETFV14K350E2 | 350 | 460 | 6000 | 136 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2381K101 | ETFV14K385E2 | 385 | 505 | 6000 | 136 | 0.6 |
| B72214T2421K101 | ETFV14K420E2 | 420 | 560 | 6000 | 136 | 0.6 |

Characteristics (T_A = 25 $^{\circ}$ C)

| Ordering code | Туре | V _v | ΔV_v | V _{c,max} | i _c | C _{typ} |
|-----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------|------------------|
| | (untaped) | (1 mA) | (1 mA) | (i _c) | | (1 kHz) |
| | SIOV- | V | % | V | А | pF |
| B72214T2131K101 | ETFV14K130E2 | 205 | ±10 | 340 | 50 | 650 |
| B72214T2141K101 | ETFV14K140E2 | 220 | ±10 | 360 | 50 | 610 |
| B72214T2151K101 | ETFV14K150E2 | 240 | ±10 | 395 | 50 | 570 |
| B72214T2171K101 | ETFV14K175E2 | 270 | ±10 | 455 | 50 | 490 |
| B72214T2211K101 | ETFV14K210E2 | 330 | ±10 | 545 | 50 | 410 |
| B72214T2231K101 | ETFV14K230E2 | 360 | ±10 | 595 | 50 | 380 |
| B72214T2251K101 | ETFV14K250E2 | 390 | ±10 | 650 | 50 | 350 |
| B72214T2271K101 | ETFV14K275E2 | 430 | ±10 | 710 | 50 | 320 |
| B72214T2301K101 | ETFV14K300E2 | 470 | ±10 | 775 | 50 | 300 |
| B72214T2321K101 | ETFV14K320E2 | 510 | ±10 | 840 | 50 | 280 |
| B72214T2351K101 | ETFV14K350E2 | 560 | ±10 | 910 | 50 | 260 |
| B72214T2381K101 | ETFV14K385E2 | 620 | ±10 | 1025 | 50 | 240 |
| B72214T2421K101 | ETFV14K420E2 | 680 | ±10 | 1120 | 50 | 220 |

②TDK

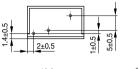


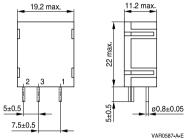
Housed varistors

ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

ETFV14

Dimensional drawings

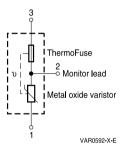




Weight

| Nominal diameter | V _{RMS} | Weight |
|------------------|------------------|---------|
| mm | V | g |
| 14 | 130 420 | 4.0 5.6 |

Lead configuration







Reliability data

Housed varistors

ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

| Test | Test methods/conditions | Requirement |
|---|---|--|
| Varistor voltage | The voltage between two terminals with the specified measuring current applied is called V_v (1 mA _{DC} @ 0.2 2 s). | To meet the specified value |
| Clamping voltage | The maximum voltage between two terminals with the specified standard impulse current (8/20 µs) applied. | To meet the specified value |
| Endurance at upper category temperature | 1000 h at UCT After having continuously applied the maximum allowable AC voltage at UCT $\pm 2 \degree C$ for 1000 h, the specimen shall be stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 h. Thereafter, the change of V _v shall be measured. | ΙΔV/V (1 mA)Ι ≤10% |
| Surge current derating, 8/20 μs | 10 surge currents (8/20 μ s), unipolar, interval 30 s, amplitude corresponding to derating curve for 10 impulses at 20 μ s | I∆V/V (1 mA)I ≤10% (measured in direction of surge current) No visible damage |
| Surge current derating, 2 ms10 surge currents (2 ms), unipolar, interval 120 s, amplitude corresponding to derating curve for 10 impulses at 2 ms | | I∆V/V (1 mA)I ≤10% (measured in direction of surge current) No visible damage |
| Electric strength | IEC 61051-1, test 4.9.2 Metal balls method, 2500 V_{RMS} , 60 s | No breakdown |
| | The varistor is placed in a container holding 1.6 ± 0.2 mm diameter metal balls such that only the terminations of the varistor are protruding. The specified voltage shall be applied between both terminals of the specimen connected together and the electrode inserted between the metal balls. | |





ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

ETFV14

| U U U | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Test | Test methods/conditions | Requirement |
| Climatic sequence | The specimen shall be subjected to: a) dry heat at UCT, 16 h, IEC 60068-2-2, test Ba b) damp heat, 1st cycle: $55 \degree C$, 93% r. H., 24 h, IEC 60068-2-30, test Db c) cold, LCT, 2 h, IEC 60068-2-1, test Aa d) damp heat, additional 5 cycles: $55 \degree C/25 \degree C$, 93% r. H., 24 h/cycle, IEC 60068-2-30, test Db. | IΔV/V (1 mA)I ≤10% R _{ins} ≥100 MΩ |
| | Then the specimen shall be stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 h. Thereafter, the change of V_V shall be measured. Thereafter, insulation resistance R_{ins} shall be measured at V = 500 V. | |
| Rapid change of temperature | IEC 60068-2-14, test Na, LCT/UCT, dwell time 30 min, 5 cycles | l∆V/V (1 mA)l ≤5% No visible damage |
| Damp heat, steady state | IEC 60068-2-78, test Ca | l∆V/V (1 mA)l ≤10% |
| | The specimen shall be subjected to 40 \pm 2 °C, 90 to 95% r. H. for 56 days without load / with 10% of the maxi- mum continuous DC operating voltage V _{DC} . Then stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 h. Thereafter, the change of V _V shall be measured. Thereafter, insulation resis- tance R _{ins} shall be measured at V = 500 V (insulated varistors only). | R _{ins} ≥100 MΩ |

⊗TDK

Housed varistors

ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

| 71 | 12 | W1 | 4 |
|----|----|----|---|
| | | | |



| Test | Test methods/conditions | Requirement |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Solderability | IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 with modified conditions for lead-free solder alloys: 245 °C, 3 s: After dipping the terminals to a depth of approximately 3 mm from the body in a soldering bath of 245 °C for 3 s, the terminals shall be visually examined. | The inspection shall be carried out under adequate light with normal eyesight or with the assistance of a magnifier capable of giving a magnification of 4 to 10 times. The dipped surface shall be covered with a smooth and bright solder coating with no more than small amounts of scattered imperfections such as pinholes or un-wetted or de-wetted areas. These imperfections shall not be concentrated in one area. |
| Resistance to soldering heat | IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1A, 260 °C, 10 s: Each lead shall be dipped into a solder bath having a temperature of 260 ± 5 °C to a point 2.0 to 2.5 mm from the body of the specimen, be held there for 10 ± 1 s and then be stored at room temperature and normal humidity for 1 to 2 h. The change of V _v shall be measured and the specimen shall be visually examined. | l∆V/V (1 mA)l ≤5% No visible damage |
| Tensile strength | IEC 60068-2-21, test Ua1 After gradually applying the force specified below and keeping the unit fixed for 10 s, the terminal shall be visually examined for any damage. Force for wire diameter: 0.6 mm = 10 N 0.8 mm = 10 N 1.0 mm = 20 N | I∆V/V (1 mA)I ≤5% No break of solder joint, no wire break |





ETFV14

ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

| Test | Test methods/conditions | Requirement |
|-------------|---|--|
| Vibration | IEC 60068-2-6, test Fc, method B4 | l∆V/V (1 mA)l ≤5% |
| | Frequency range: $10 \dots 55 \text{ Hz}$ Amplitude: $0.75 \text{ mm or } 98 \text{ m/s}^2$ Duration: $6 \text{ h} (3 \cdot 2 \text{ h})$ Pulse:sine waveAfter repeatedly applying a single harmonic vibration according to the table above.The change of V _V shall be measured and the specimen shall be visually examined. | No visible damage |
| Bump | IEC 60068-2-29, test Eb Pulse duration: 6 ms Max. acceleration: 400 m/s ² Number of bumps: 4000 Pulse: half sine | l∆V/V (1 mA)l ≤5% No visible damage |
| Fire hazard | IEC 60695-11-5 (needle flame test) Severity: vertical 10 s | 5 s max. |



ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series





| Test | Test methods/cond | ditions | | Rec | quirement |
|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------|--|
| Abnormal overvoltage test | The device is designed to meet the limited current abnormal overvoltage condition, outlined in section 39.4 of UL 1449, 3 rd edition. Detailed test voltage applied onto the device for different types as in the following table: | | | sha this | Any of these phenomena shall not be observed, or this specimen will be judged as failed part: 1. Emission of flame, molt metal, glowing or flamin particles through any |
| | Туре | Device rating V | Test voltage V | | openings (pre-existed or created as a result of the test) in the product. |
| | ETFV14K130E2 | 130 | 260 | 2. | Charring, glowing, or |
| | ETFV14K140E2 | 140 | 280 | | flaming of the supportion surface, tissue paper, of cheesecloth. |
| | ETFV14K150E2 | 150 | 300 | | |
| | ETFV14K175E2 | 175 | 350 | 3. | Ignition of the enclosure |
| | ETFV14K210E2 | 210 | 420 | 4. | Creation of any opening |
| | ETFV14K230E2 | 230 | 415 | | in the enclosure that |
| | ETFV14K250E2 | 250 | 500 | | result in accessibility of |
| | ETFV14K275E2 | 275 | 480 | | live parts, when |
| | ETFV14K300E2 | 300 | 600 | | evaluated in accordance |
| | ETFV14K320E2 | 320 | 600 | | with accessibility of live parts test in section 58.2 |
| | ETFV14K350E2 | 350 | 600 | | of UL1449, 3 rd edition. |
| | ETFV14K385E2 | 385 | 600 | | |
| | ETFV14K420E2 | 420 | 600 | | |

Note:

UCT = Upper category temperature

LCT = Lower category temperature

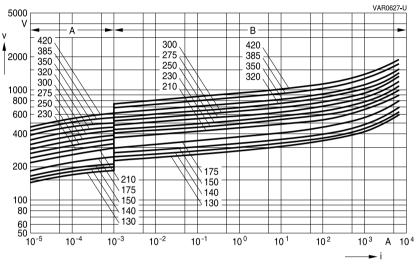
R_{ins} = Insulation resistance

☆TDK



v/i characteristics

v = f (i) for explanation of the characteristics refer to "General technical information", chapter 1.6.3 A = Leakage current, B = Protection level } for worst-case varistor tolerances



SIOV-ETFV14 ... E2



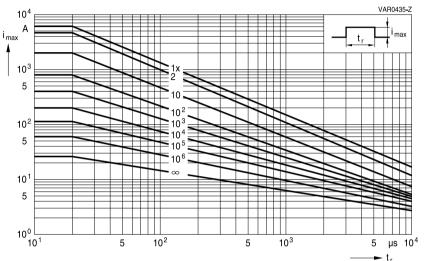
Housed varistors

ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

Derating curves

Maximum surge current $i_{max} = f(t_r, pulse train)$

For explanation of the derating curves refer to "General technical information", section 1.8.1



SIOV-ETFV14 ... E2

☆TDK

ETFV14



Housed varistors

ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

Cautions and warnings

General

- EPCOS metal oxide varistors are designed for specific applications and should not be used for purposes not identified in our specifications, application notes and data books unless otherwise agreed with EPCOS during the design-in-phase.
- 2. Ensure suitability of SIOVs through reliability testing during the design-in phase. SIOVs should be evaluated taking into consideration worst-case conditions.
- 3. For applications of SIOVs in line-to-ground circuits based on various international and local standards there are restrictions existing or additional safety measures required.

Storage

1. Store SIOVs only in original packaging. Do not open the package before storage.

| 2. | Storage conditions in original packaging: | | | | |
|----|---|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | Storage temperature: | −25 °C +45 °C, | | | |
| | Relative humidity: | <75% annual average, | | | |
| | | <95% on maximum 30 days a year. | | | |
| | Dew precipitation: | is to be avoided. | | | |

- 3. Avoid contamination of an SIOV's during storage, handling and processing.
- 4. Avoid storage of SIOVs in harmful environments that can affect the function during long-term operation (examples given under operation precautions).
- 5. The SIOV type series should be soldered within the time specified:

| SIOV-S, -Q, -LS, -B, -SFS | 24 months |
|---------------------------|------------|
| ETFV | 12 months. |

Handling

- 1. SIOVs must not be dropped.
- 2. Components must not be touched with bare hands. Gloves are recommended.
- 3. Avoid contamination of the surface of SIOV electrodes during handling, be careful of the sharp edge of SIOV electrodes.

Soldering (where applicable)

- 1. Use rosin-type flux or non-activated flux.
- 2. Insufficient preheating may cause ceramic cracks.
- 3. Rapid cooling by dipping in solvent is not recommended.
- 4. Complete removal of flux is recommended.



ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

Mounting

- 1. Potting, sealing or adhesive compounds can produce chemical reactions in the SIOV ceramic that will degrade the component's electrical characteristics.
- 2. Overloading SIOVs may result in ruptured packages and expulsion of hot materials. For this reason SIOVs should be physically shielded from adjacent components.

Operation

- 1. Use SIOVs only within the specified temperature operating range.
- 2. Use SIOVs only within the specified voltage and current ranges.
- Environmental conditions must not harm SIOVs. Use SIOVs only in normal atmospheric conditions. Avoid use in deoxidizing gases (chlorine gas, hydrogen sulfide gas, ammonia gas, sulfuric acid gas etc), corrosive agents, humid or salty conditions.Contact with any liquids and solvents should be prevented.





Housed varistors

ThermoFuse varistors, ETFV14 series

Symbols and terms

| Symbol | Term |
|---------------------------|--|
| С | Capacitance |
| C _{typ} | Typical capacitance |
| i | Current |
| i _c | Current at which $V_{c, max}$ is measured |
| I _{leak} | Leakage current |
| i _{max} | Maximum surge current (also termed peak current) |
| l _{max} | Maximum discharge current to IEC 61643-1 |
| l _{nom} | Nominal discharge current to IEC 61643-1 |
| LCT | Lower category temperature |
| L _{typ} | Typical inductance |
| P _{max} | Maximum average power dissipation |
| R _{ins} | Insulation resistance |
| R _{min} | Minimum resistance |
| T _A | Ambient temperature |
| t _r | Duration of equivalent rectangular wave |
| UCT | Upper category temperature |
| v | Voltage |
| V _{clamp} | Clamping voltage |
| V _{c, max} | Maximum clamping voltage at specified current $i_{\rm c}$ |
| V _{DC} | DC operating voltage |
| V_{jump} | Maximum jump start voltage |
| V _{max} | Maximum voltage |
| V _{op} | Operating voltage |
| V _{RMS} | AC operating voltage, root-mean-square value |
| $V_{\text{RMS, op, max}}$ | Root-mean-square value of max. DC operating voltage incl. ripple current |
| V _{surge} | Super imposed surge voltage |
| Vv | Varistor voltage |
| ΔV_V | Tolerance of varistor voltage |
| W_{LD} | Maximum load dump |
| W _{max} | Maximum energy absorption |
| | |
| e | Lead spacing |

All dimensions are given in mm.

The commas used in numerical values denote decimal points.



The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
- 4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous). Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.epcos.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
- 5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, the products described in this publication may change from time to time. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order. We also reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available. The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.
- Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, all orders are subject to the current version of the "General Terms of Delivery for Products and Services in the Electrical Industry" published by the German Electrical and Electronics Industry Association (ZVEI).
- 7. The trade names EPCOS, BAOKE, Alu-X, CeraDiode, CSMP, CSSP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, DSSP, FormFit, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKK, MKD, MLSC, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, SIP5D, SIP5K, ThermoFuse, WindCap are trademarks registered or pending in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.epcos.com/trademarks.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

EPCOS / TDK:

 B72214T2141K101
 B72214T2211K101
 B72214T2231K101
 B72214T2251K101
 B72214T2301K101

 B72214T2351K101
 B72214T2381K101
 ETFV14K420E2
 ETFV14K275E2
 ETFV14K150E2
 ETFV14K130E2

 ETFV14K175E2
 ETFV14K320E2
 B72214T2321K101
 B72214T2321K101
 B72214T2151K101
 B72214T2171K101

 B72214T2131K101
 B72214T2271K101
 B72214T2321K101
 B72214T2151K101
 B72214T2171K101