

ACT45B common-mode chokes for CAN bus systems, EIA 1812 51 ... 100 $\mu H,\,150$... 200 mA

Series/Type: ACT45B

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ACT45B

Common-mode chokes, EIA 1812



Rated voltage 50 V DC Rated inductance 51 ... 100 µH Rated current 150 ... 200 mA

H105198

Construction

- Current-compensated double choke
- Ferrite I core
- Winding: enamel copper wire
- Winding welded to terminals

Features

- Operating temperature range: -40 ... +150 °C
- Qualified to AEC-Q200
- Suitable for lead-free reflow soldering as referenced in JEDEC J-STD 020D
- RoHS-compatible

Function

Suppression of assymetrical interference coupled in on lines, whereas data signals up to some MHz can pass unaffectedly.

Applications

Automotive CAN bus systems

Terminals

One-sided tinned terminals:

- Base material CuSn8
- Electro-plating Sn with Ni underlayer
- Lead-free tinned

Marking

■ Marking on component: L value ("G" = 51 μH, "H" = 100 μH), date of manufacture (YWWD), two last digits of production order (underlined)

Delivery mode and packing unit

- 12-mm blister tape, wound on 330-mm Ø reel
- Packing unit: 2500 pcs./reel

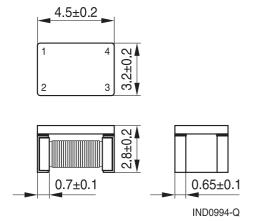


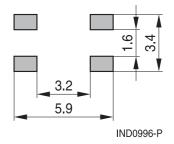
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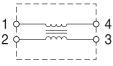
Dimensional drawing and pin configurationLayout recommendation





Dimensions in mm

Circuit diagram

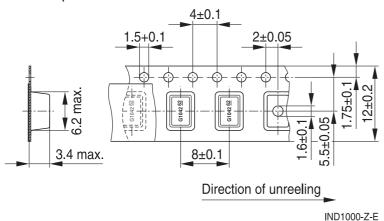


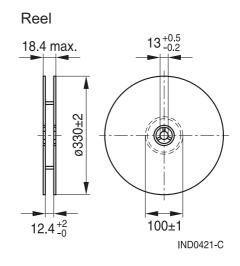
No polarity

IND0995-W

Taping and packing

Blister tape





Dimensions in mm



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Technical data and measuring conditions

Rated voltage V _R	50 V DC			
Max. component temperature	+150 °C			
Rated current I _R	Referred to 50 Hz and +20 °C			
Rated inductance L _R	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 100 kHz, 100 mV, +20 °C Inductance is specified in common-mode			
Inductance tolerance	-30/+50% at +20 °C			
Stray inductance L _{stray,typ}	Measured with Agilent 4284A at 100 kHz, 100 mV, +20 ° typical values			
DC resistance R _{max}	Measured at +20 °C, specified per winding			
Insulation resistance (min)	10 M Ω , measured at 50 V DC			
Rated impedance Z _{min}	Measured at +20 °C, 10 MHz, 100 mV in common-mode			
Rated impedance Z _{typ}	Measured at +20 °C, 10 MHz, 100 mV in common-mode			
Solderability	Dip and look method Sn95.5Ag3.8Cu0.7: +(245 \pm 5) °C, (3 \pm 0.3) s			
	Wetting of soldering area ≥ 90%			
	(based on IEC 60068-2-58)			
Resistance to soldering heat	+260 °C, 40 s as referenced in JEDEC J-STD 020D			
Climatic category	40/150/56 (to IEC 60068-1)			
Storage conditions (packaged)	–25 °C +40 °C, ≤75% RH			
Weight	Approx. 0.14 g			

Characteristics and ordering codes

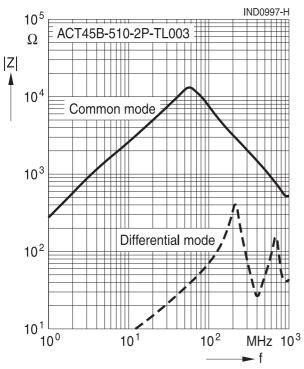
L _R	L _{stray,typ}	I _R	R _{max}	Z _{min}	Z _{typ}	Internal code	Ordering code
μΗ	μΗ	mA	Ω	Ω	Ω		
51	0.15	200	1.0	1000	2800	B82787C0513H002	ACT45B-510-2P-TL003
100	0.20	150	2.0	2000	5800	B82787C0104H002	ACT45B-101-2P-TL003

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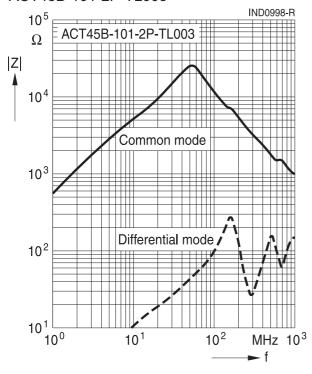


Impedance versus frequency

ACT45B-510-2P-TL003



ACT45B-101-2P-TL003





Cautions and warnings

SMD

- Please note the recommendations in our Inductors data book (latest edition) and in the data sheets.
 - Particular attention should be paid to the derating curves given there.
 - The soldering conditions should also be observed. Temperatures quoted in relation to wave soldering refer to the pin, not the housing.
- If the components are to be washed varnished it is necessary to check whether the washing varnish agent that is used has a negative effect on the wire insulation, any plastics that are used, or on glued joints. In particular, it is possible for washing varnish agent residues to have a negative effect in the long-term on wire insulation.

 Washing processes may damage the product due to the possible static or cyclic mechanical loads (e.g. ultrasonic cleaning). They may cause cracks to develop on the product and its parts, which might lead to reduced reliability or lifetime.
- The following points must be observed if the components are potted in customer applications:
 - Many potting materials shrink as they harden. They therefore exert a pressure on the plastic housing or core. This pressure can have a deleterious effect on electrical properties, and in extreme cases can damage the core or plastic housing mechanically.
 - It is necessary to check whether the potting material used attacks or destroys the wire insulation, plastics or glue.
 - The effect of the potting material can change the high-frequency behaviour of the components.
- Ferrites are sensitive to direct impact. This can cause the core material to flake, or lead to breakage of the core.
- Even for customer-specific products, conclusive validation of the component in the circuit can only be carried out by the customer.

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