OP905, OP906



Features:

- Clear epoxy package
- · Linear response vs. irradiance
- Fast switching time
- Narrow receiving angle
- T-1package style
- Small package style ideal for space-limited applications



Description:

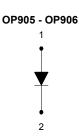
Each **OP905** and **OP906** device consists of a PIN silicon photodiode molded in a clear epoxy package that allows spectral response from visible to infrared light wavelengths. The T-1 package style is ideal for space-limited applications. Both devices have a narrow receiving angle, which provides excellent on-axis coupling. Both are also 100% production tested using infrared light for close correlation with OPTEK's GaAs and GaAiAs emitters.

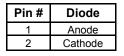
Please refer to Application Bulletins 208 and 210 for additional design information and reliability (degradation) data.

Applications:

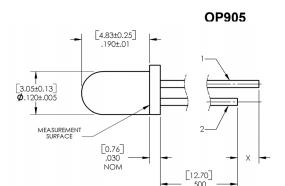
- Non-contact reflective object sensor
- Assembly line automation
- Machine automation
- Machine safety
- End of travel sensor



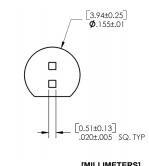




Part Number Sensor Viewing Angle Lead Length OP905 OP906 Photodiode 95° 0.50"

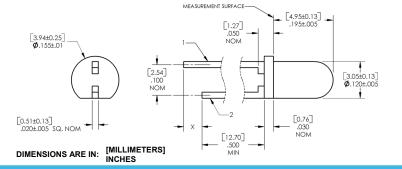


MIN



DIMENSIONS ARE IN: [MILLIMETERS] INCHES

OP906



CONTAINS POLYSULFONE

To avoid stress cracking, we suggest using ND Industries' **Vibra-Tite** for thread-locking. **Vibra-Tite** evaporates fast without causing structural failure in OPTEK'S molded plastics.

General Note

TT Electronics reserves the right to make changes in product specification without notice or liability. All information is subject to TT Electronics' own data and is considered accurate at time of going to print.

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OP905, OP906



Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings (T _A = 25° C unless otherwise noted)				
Reverse Breakdown Voltage	60 V			
Storage & Operating Temperature Range	-40° C to +100° C			
Lead Soldering Temperature [1/16 inch (1.6mm) from the case for 5 sec. with soldering iron]	260° C ⁽¹⁾			
Reverse Breakdown Voltage	60 V			
Power Dissipation	100 mW ⁽²⁾			

Electrical Characteristics (T _A = 25° C unless otherwise noted)							
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	TEST CONDITIONS	
Ι _L	Reverse Light Current OP905 OP906	14 16	-	32 35	μΑ	$V_R = 5 \text{ V, } E_E = 0.50 \text{ mW/cm}^{2 (3)}$	
I _D	Reverse Dark Current	-	1	60	nA	$V_R = 30 \text{ V, } E_E = 0^{(4)}$	
V _(BR)	Reverse Breakdown Voltage	60	-	-	V	Ι _R = 100 μΑ	
V_{F}	Forward Voltage	-	-	1.2	V	I _F = 1 mA	
C_{T}	Total Capacitance	-	4	-	pF	V _R = 20 V, E _E = 0, f = 1.0 MHz	
t _r	Rise Time	-	5	-		V 20 V) 050 mm B 50 O	
t _f	Fall Time	-	5	-	ns	$V_R = 20 \text{ V}, \lambda = 850 \text{ nm}, R_L = 50 \Omega$	

Notes:

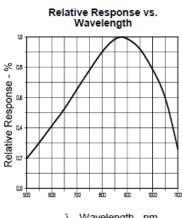
- (1) RMA flux is recommended. Duration can be extended to 10 seconds maximum when flow soldering. A maximum of 20 grams force may be applied to leads when soldering.
- (2) Derate linearly 1.67 mW/° C above 25° C.
- (3) Light source is an unfiltered GaAs LED with a peak emission wavelength of 935 nm and a radiometric intensity level which varies less than 10% over the entire lens surface of the photodiode being tested.

 (4) Calculate the typical dark current in nA using the formula $I_D = 10^{(0.042T_A^{-1.5})}$ where T_A is ambient temperature in °C.

OP905, OP906



Performance **OP905**

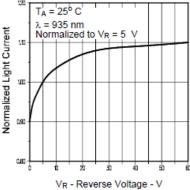


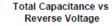
Coupling Characteristics OP905 and OP265 V_R = 5 V I_F = 20 mA Relative Output Current 0.8 0.7 0.6 0.5 0.4 0.3 0,2

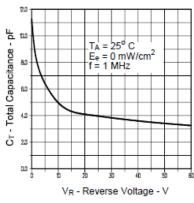
 λ - Wavelength - nm

Distance Between Lens Tips - inches

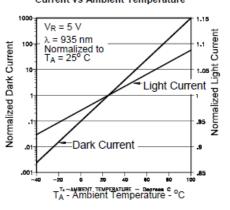




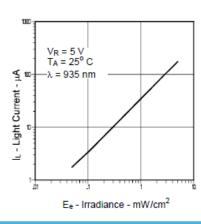




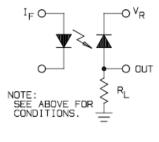
Normalized Light and Dark **Current vs Ambient Temperature**



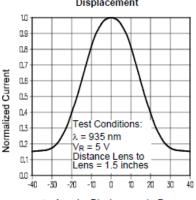
Light Current vs. Irradiance



Switching Time Test Circuit



Light Current vs. Angular Displacement



9 - Angular Displacement - Deg.

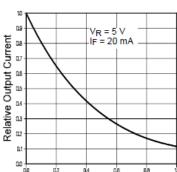
OP905, OP906



Performance OP906

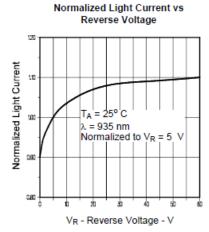
Relative Response vs. Wavelength

Coupling Characteristics OP906 and OP266

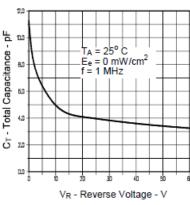


 λ - Wavelength - nm

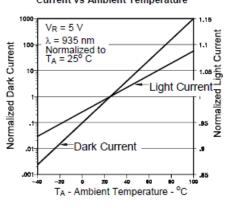
Distance Between Lens Tips -inches



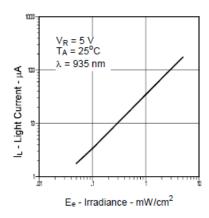




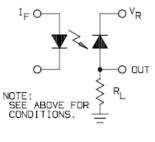
Normalized Light and Dark Current vs Ambient Temperature



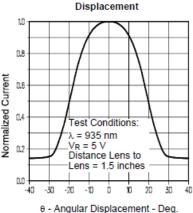
Light Current vs. Irradiance



Switching Time Test Circuit



Light Current vs. Angular



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