# Notice for TAIYO YUDEN Products

Please read this notice before using the TAIYO YUDEN products.

## /!\ REMINDERS

Product information in this catalog is as of October 2017. All of the contents specified herein are subject to change without notice due to technical improvements, etc. Therefore, please check for the latest information carefully before practical application or use of our products.

Please note that TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages and defects in products or equipment incorporating our products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this catalog or individual product specification sheets.

- Please contact TAIYO YUDEN for further details of product specifications as the individual product specification sheets are available.
- Please conduct validation and verification of our products in actual condition of mounting and operating environment before using our products.
- The products listed in this catalog are intended for use in general electronic equipment (e.g., AV equipment, OA equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment including, without limitation, mobile phone, and PC) and medical equipment classified as Class I or II by IMDRF. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using the products for any equipment which may directly cause loss of human life or bodily injury (e.g., transportation equipment including, without limitation, automotive powertrain control system, train control system, and ship control system, traffic signal equipment, disaster prevention equipment, medical equipment classified as Class III by IMDRF, highly public information network equipment including, without limitation, telephone exchange, and base station).

Please do not incorporate our products into any equipment requiring high levels of safety and/or reliability (e.g., aerospace equipment, aviation equipment\*, medical equipment classified as Class IV by IMDRF, nuclear control equipment, undersea equipment, military equipment).

\*Note: There is a possibility that our products can be used only for aviation equipment that does not directly affect the safe operation of aircraft (e.g., in-flight entertainment, cabin light, electric seat, cooking equipment) if such use meets requirements specified separately by TAIYO YUDEN. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using our products for such aviation equipment.

When our products are used even for high safety and/or reliability-required devices or circuits of general electronic equipment, it is strongly recommended to perform a thorough safety evaluation prior to use of our products and to install a protection circuit as necessary.

Please note that unless you obtain prior written consent of TAIYO YUDEN, TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages incurred by you or third parties arising from use of the products listed in this catalog for any equipment requiring inquiry to TAIYO YUDEN or prohibited for use by TAIYO YUDEN as described above.

- Information contained in this catalog is intended to convey examples of typical performances and/or applications of our products and is not intended to make any warranty with respect to the intellectual property rights or any other related rights of TAIYO YUDEN or any third parties nor grant any license under such rights.
- Please note that the scope of warranty for our products is limited to the delivered our products themselves and TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages resulting from a fault or defect in our products. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there is a written agreement (e.g., supply and purchase agreement, quality assurance agreement) signed by TAIYO YUDEN and your company, TAIYO YUDEN will warrant our products in accordance with such agreement.
- The contents of this catalog are applicable to our products which are purchased from our sales offices or authorized distributors (hereinafter "TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel"). Please note that the contents of this catalog are not applicable to our products purchased from any seller other than TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel.
- Caution for Export

Some of our products listed in this catalog may require specific procedures for export according to "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, and other applicable regulations. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

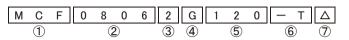
# MULTILAYER COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS(MC SERIES F TYPE)



## ■PARTS NUMBER

\* Operating Temp.:-40~+85°C

△=Blank space



①Series name

Code	Series name
MCF	Multilayer common mode choke coil

②Dimensions

Code 0605 0806		Dimensions[mm]
		0.65 × 0.50
		0.85 × 0.65
	1210	1.25 × 1.0
	2010	2.0 × 1.0

3No. of Lines

Code	No. of Lines
2	2 lines
4	4 lines

## 4 Material

Code	Material
G	Defends invadence comme
E	Refer to impedance curves for material differences
Н	for material differences

5 Nominal common impedance

Code (example)	Nominal common impedance[ $\Omega$ ]	
120	12	
900	90	

6 Packaging

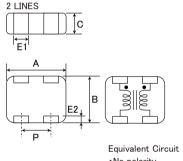
© r dorraging	
Code	Packaging
-T	Taping

(7)Internal code

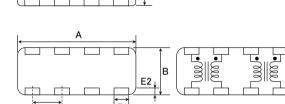
	Outcome code						
Ī	Code	Internal code					
	Δ	Standard					

## ■ STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / STANDARD QUANTITY / EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT

4 LINES



•No polarity



Equivalent Circuit •No polarity

Туре	А	В	С	E1	E2	Р	Standard quantity [pcs] Taping
MCF0605	0.65±0.05 (0.026±0.002)	$0.50 \pm 0.05$ (0.020 \pm 0.002)			0.40±0.10 (0.016±0.004)	15000	
MCF0806	0.85±0.05 (0.033±0.002)	0.65±0.05 (0.026±0.002)	0.40±0.05 (0.016±0.002)	0.27±0.1	0.2 +0.05/-0.1 (0.008 +0.002/-0.004)	0.50±0.10 (0.020±0.004)	10000
MCF1210	1.0±0.15 (0.039±0.006)	1.25±0.15 (0.049±0.006)	0.55±0.1 (0.022±0.004)	0.3±0.1 (0.012±0.004)	0.2±0.1 (0.008±0.004)	0.55±0.10 (0.022±0.004)	5000
MCF2010	2.0±0.15 (0.079±0.006)	1.0±0.15 (0.039±0.006)	0.45±0.1 (0.018±0.004)	0.25 +0.15/-0.1 (0.010 +0.006/-0.004)	0.25±0.15 (0.010±0.006)	0.50±0.10 (0.020±0.004)	4000

Unit:mm(inch)

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## MCF0605 type

Parts number	EHS	No. of Lines	Common mode impedance $\left[ \ \Omega \ \right]$	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω](max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V]	Insulation resistance $[M\Omega]$ (min.)
MCF0605 2G120-T	RoHS	2	12±5	100	2.5	0.05	5	100
MCF0605 2G350-T	RoHS	2	35±20%	100	5.0	0.05	5	100
MCF0605 2E600-T	RoHS	2	60±25%	100	3.5	0.05	5	100
MCF0605 2E900-T	RoHS	2	90±20%	100	3.9	0.05	5	100

## MCF0806 type

Parts number	EHS	No. of Lines	Common mode impedance $\left[ \ \Omega \ \right]$	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω](max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V]	Insulation resistance $[M\Omega]$ (min.)
MCF0806 2G120-T	RoHS	2	12±5	100	2.5	0.13	5	100
MCF0806 2G470-T	RoHS	2	47±20%	100	4.0	0.10	5	100
MCF0806 2G900-T	RoHS	2	90±20%	100	5.0	0.10	5	100
MCF0806 2E300-T	RoHS	2	30±25%	100	1.5	0.15	5	100

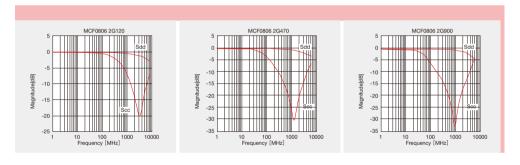
## MCF1210 type

Parts number	EHS	No. of Lines	Common mode impedance $\left[ \ \Omega \ \right]$	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω](max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V]	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
MCF1210 2G400-T	RoHS	2	40±25%	100	2.5	0.10	5	100
MCF1210 2G900-T	RoHS	2	90±25%	100	4.5	0.10	5	100
MCF1210 2H500-T	RoHS	2	50±25%	100	1.5	0.16	5	100
MCF1210 2H900-T	RoHS	2	90±20%	100	2.5	0.15	5	100

## MCF2010 type

Parts number	EHS	No. of Lines	Common mode impedance $\left[ \ \Omega \ \right]$	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V]	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
MCF2010 4G900-T	RoHS	4	90±25%	100	4.5	0.10	5	100

## **■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



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# Multilayer chip inductors

Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type)

Metal Multilayer Chip Power Inductors (MCOIL™ MC series)

PACKAGING

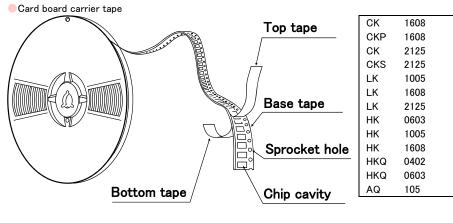
## 1 Minimum Quantity

Tape & Reel Packaging

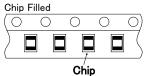
Tape & Reel Packaging			
Type	Thickness		uantity [pcs]
	mm(inch)	Paper Tape	Embossed Tape
CK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
CK2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	_
	1.25(0.049)	_	2000
CKS2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	_
	1.25(0.049)	_	2000
CKP1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
CKP2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
CKP2016 (0806)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
	0.7 (0.028)	_	3000
CKP2520 (1008)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
	1.1 (0.043)	_	2000
NM2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
NM2520(1008)	0.9 (0.035)	_	3000
141412020 (1000)	1.1 (0.043)	_	2000
LK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
LK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
LK2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	_
LN2123(0003)	1.25(0.049)	_	2000
HK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
HK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
HK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
LU(040E (000E)	0.85(0.033)	_	4000
HK2125(0805)	1.0 (0.039)	_	3000
HKQ0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	20000	40000
HKQ0603W(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
HKQ0603S(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
HKQ0603U(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
AQ105(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
BK0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	20000	_
BK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
BK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
BKH0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
BKH1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
BK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
Bit 1000 (0000)	0.85(0.033)	4000	_
BK2125(0805)	1.25(0.049)	_	2000
BK2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	4000	_
BK3216(1206)	0.8 (0.031)	-	4000
BKP0402 (01005)	()	20000	-
BKP0603 (0201)	0.2 (0.008) 0.3 (0.012)	15000	_
BKP1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	_
BKP1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	
BKP2125 (0805)		4000	
	0.85 (0.033)		
MCF0605 (0202)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	10000
MCF0806 (0302)	0.4 (0.016)	_	10000
MCF1210 (0504)	0.55 (0.022)	_	5000
MCF2010(0804)	0.45 (0.018)	-	4000
MCFK1608(0603)	0.6 (0.024)	4000	_
MCFE1608 (0603)	0.65(0.026)	4000	_
MCKK1608 (0603)	1.0 (0.039)		3000
MCHK2012(0806)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	_
MCKK2012 (0805)	1.0(0.039)	_	3000

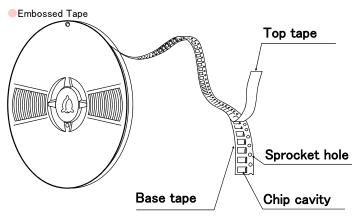
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## **2**Taping material



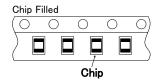
BK	0402	
BK	0603	
вк	1005	
BK	1608	
BK	2125	
BK	2010	
BKP	0402	
BKP	0603	
BKP	1005	
BKP	1608	
BKP	2125	
BKH	0603	
BKH	1005	
MCF	0605	
MC	1608	
MC	2012	



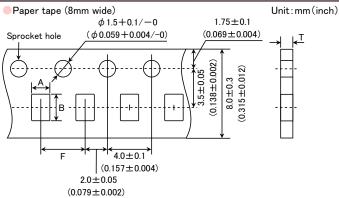


CK	2125	
CKS	2125	
CKP	2012	
CKP	2016	
CKP	2520	
NM	2012	
NM	2520	
LK	2125	
HKQ	0402	
HK	2125	

BK	2125	
BK	3216	
MCF	0806	
MCF	1210	
MCF	2010	
MC	1608	
MC	2012	



## **3**Taping Dimensions

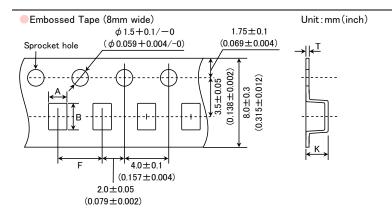


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_	Thickness	Chip	cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness
Туре	mm(inch)	А	В	F	Т
CK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
	0.0 (0.001)	$(0.039 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.071 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.043max)
CK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
		(0.059±0.008)	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	(0.157±0.004)	(0.043max)
CKS2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
		1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
CKP1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	$(0.039 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.071 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.043max)
L K100E (0400)	0.5 (0.000)	0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
LK1005 (0402)	0.5 (0.020)	$(0.026 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.045 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.031max)
LK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
	0.0 (0.001)	$(0.039 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.071 \pm 0.008)$	(0.157±0.004)	(0.043max)
LK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
		0.40±0.06	(0.091±0.008) 0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016±0.002)	$(0.028 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.018max)
	/>	0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
HK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	$(0.026 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.045 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.031max)
HK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
HK1006(0003)	0.6 (0.031)	$(0.039 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.071 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.043max)
HKQ0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25±0.04	0.45±0.04	2.0±0.05	0.36max
	0.2 (0.000)	(0.010±0.002)	(0.018±0.002)	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.014max)
HKQ0603W(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
		(0.016±0.002)	(0.028±0.002)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.018max)
HKQ0603S(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	0.70±0.06 (0.028±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
		0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
HKQ0603U(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.016±0.002)	$(0.028 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.018max)
	( )	0.75±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
AQ105(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	$(0.030 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.045 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.031max)
BK0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25±0.04	0.45±0.04	2.0±0.05	0.36max
BR0402 (01003)	0.2 (0.006)	(0.010±0.002)	(0.018±0.002)	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.014max)
BK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	$0.40 \pm 0.06$	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
	0.0 (0.0.2)	(0.016±0.002)	$(0.028 \pm 0.002)$	(0.079±0.002)	(0.018max)
BK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
_		(0.026±0.004) 1.0±0.2	(0.045±0.004) 1.8±0.2	(0.079±0.002) 4.0±0.1	(0.031max) 1.1max
BK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	$(0.039 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.071 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.043max)
		1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
BK2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	$(0.059 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.043max)
BK2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	1.2±0.1	2.17±0.1	4.0±0.1	0.8max
BR2010(0004)	0.43(0.016)	$(0.047 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.085 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.031max)
BKP0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25±0.04	0.45±0.04	2.0±0.05	0.36max
	_ (======,	(0.010±0.002)	(0.018±0.002)	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.014max)
BKP0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	0.70±0.06 (0.028±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
		0.65±0.1	1.15±0.1	2.0±0.05	0.8max
BKP1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	$(0.026 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.045 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.031max)
DVD1600 (0600)	0.0 (0.001)	1.0±0.2	1.8±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
BKP1608 (0603)	0.8 (0.031)	$(0.039 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.071 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.043max)
BKP2125 (0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.1max
	5.55 (5.550)	$(0.059 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	(0.157±0.004)	(0.043max)
BKH0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06	0.70±0.06	2.0±0.05	0.45max
		(0.016±0.002)	(0.028±0.002)	(0.079±0.002)	(0.018max)
BKH1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65±0.1 (0.026±0.004)	1.15±0.1 (0.045±0.004)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
		0.62±0.03	0.77±0.03	2.0±0.05	0.45max
MCF0605 (0202)	0.3 (0.012)	(0.02±0.00 (0.024±0.001)	$(0.030 \pm 0.001)$	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.018max)
MOEK1000 (0000)	0.0 (0.004)	1.1±0.05	1.9±0.05	4.0±0.1	0.72max
MCFK1608 (0603)	0.6 (0.024)	$(0.043\pm0.002)$	$(0.075 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.028max)
MCFE1608(0603)	0.65(0.026)	1.1±0.05	1.9±0.05	4.0±0.1	0.9max
MOI L1000 (0003)	0.03 (0.020)	$(0.043 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.075 \pm 0.002)$	(0.157±0.004)	(0.035max)
MCHK2012 (0805)	0.8 (0.031)	1.55±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	0.9max
-	<u> </u>	$(0.061 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.035max)

Unit: mm(inch)

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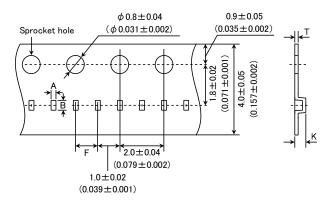
Thickness		Chip	cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Ti	Tape Thickness	
Туре	mm(inch)	А	В	F	K	Т	
OV010E (000E)	1.05(0.040)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	2.0	0.3	
CK2125(0805) 1.25(0.049)		$(0.059 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.079)	(0.012)	
OV0010E (000E)	1.05(0.040)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	2.0	0.3	
CKS2125 (0805) 1.25 (0.049)	1.25(0.049)	$(0.059 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.079)	(0.012)	
OKD0010 (000E)	0.9 (0.035)	1.55±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.3	0.3	
CKP2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	$(0.061 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.051)	(0.012)	
CKP2016 (0806)	0.9 (0.035)	1.8±0.1	2.2±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.3	0.25	
CKP2010 (0800)	0.9 (0.035)	$(0.071 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.087 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.051)	(0.01)	
	0.7 (0.000)				1.4		
	0.7 (0.028)				(0.055)		
OKD0E00 (1000)	0.0 (0.035)	2.3±0.1	2.8±0.1	$4.0 \pm 0.1$	1.4	0.3	
CKP2520 (1008)	0.9 (0.035)	$(0.091 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.110 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.055)	(0.012)	
	1.1 (0.042)				1.7		
	1.1 (0.043)				(0.067)		
NIMAGO 1 G (GGGE)	0.0 (0.005)	1.55±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.3	0.3	
NM2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	$(0.061 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.051)	(0.012)	
	0.9 (0.035)				1.4		
NM2520(1008)	0.9 (0.035)	2.3±0.1	2.8±0.1	4.0±0.1	(0.055)	0.3	
	1.1 (0.040)	$(0.091 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.110 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	1.7	(0.012)	
	1.1 (0.043)				(0.067)		
LK2125 (0805) 1.25 (0.049)	1.05(0.040)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	2.0	0.3	
	$(0.059 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.079)	(0.012)		
0.05/0	0.05(0.000)				1.5		
	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	(0.059)	0.3	
HK2125(0805)	4.0 (0.000)	$(0.059 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	2.0	(0.012)	
	1.0 (0.039)				(0.079)		
DI(010E (000E)	1.05(0.040)	1.5±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	2.0	0.3	
BK2125 (0805)	1.25(0.049)	$(0.059 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.079)	(0.012)	
DI(0010(1000)	0.0(0.004)	1.9±0.1	3.5±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.4	0.3	
BK3216(1206)	0.8(0.031)	$(0.075 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.138 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.055)	(0.012)	
14050000(0000)	0.4 (0.040)	0.75±0.05	0.95±0.05	2.0±0.05	0.55	0.3	
MCF0806(0302)	0.4 (0.016)	$(0.030 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.037 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.079 \pm 0.002)$	(0.022)	(0.012)	
	0.55 (0.000)	1.15±0.05	1.40±0.05	4.0±0.1	0.65	0.3	
MCF1210 (0504)	0.55 (0.022)	$(0.045 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.055 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.026)	(0.012)	
	( )	1.1±0.1	2.3±0.1	4.0±0.1	0.85	0.3	
MCF2010 (0804)	0.45 (0.018)	$(0.043 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.033)	(0.012)	
		1.1±0.1	1.95±0.1	4.0±0.1	1.4	0.25	
MCKK1608(0603)	1.0 (0.039)	$(0.043 \pm 0.004)$	(±0.004)	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.055)	(0.01)	
		1.55±0.2	2.3±0.2	4.0±0.1	1.35	0.25	
MCKK2012 (0805)	1.0 (0.039)	$(0.061 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.091 \pm 0.008)$	$(0.157 \pm 0.004)$	(0.053)	(0.010)	
		(0.001 = 0.000)	(0.001 = 0.000)	(0.107 = 0.004)	(0.000)		

Unit: mm(inch)

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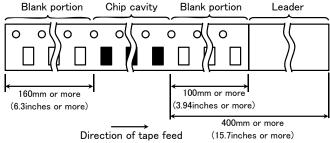
## Embossed Tape (4mm wide)

## Unit:mm(inch)

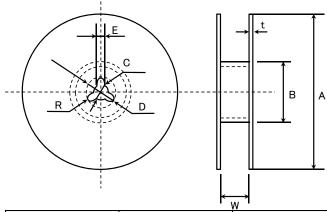


T	Thickness	Chip cavity		Insertion Pitch	Tape Th	nickness
Туре	mm(inch)	Α	В	F	K	Т
HKQ0402 (01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.23	0.43	1.0±0.02	0.5max.	0.25max.
					Unit	: mm

# 4 LEADER AND BLANK PORTION



## **5**Reel Size



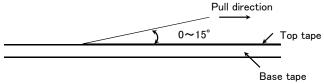
Α	В	С	D	E	R
$\phi$ 178 ± 2.0	$\phi$ 50 or more	$\phi$ 13.0 $\pm$ 0.2	$\phi$ 21.0 ± 0.8	2.0±0.5	1.0

	t	W
4mm width tape	1.5max.	5±1.0
8mm width tape	2.5max.	10±1.5

## (Unit : mm)

## **6**Top tape strength

The top tape requires a peel-off force of  $0.1 \sim 0.7 N$  in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.



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## Multilayer chip inductors

Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type)

Metal Multilayer Chip Power Inductors (MCOIL™ MC series)

REL	Iabi	LITY	' DA	٩ТА

1. Operating Tempe	rature Range				
F	BK0402				
	BK0603				
	BK1005				
	BKH0603				
	BKH1005				
	BK1608				
	BK2125				
		BK2010			
	ARRAY	BK3216			
	BKP0402	BROZTO			
	BKP0603				
	BKP1005				
	BKP1608				
	BKP2125				
MCF 060					
	MCF 0806				
	MCF 1210		—————————————————————————————————————		
	MCF 2010		$\dashv$		
	CK1608				
	CK2125				
	CKS2125				
Specified Value	CKP1608		7		
	CKP2012		-		
	CKP2016				
	CKP2520		-40~+85°C		
	NM2012				
	NM2520				
	LK1005				
	LK1608				
	LK2125		<b>-</b>		
	HKQ0402				
	HK0603		-55~+125°C		
	HK1005				
	HK1608				
	HK2125		-40~+85°C		
	HKQ0603W/HKQ	0603S/HKQ0603U			
	AQ105				
	MCFK1608				
	MCFE1608				
	MCKK1608				
	MCHK2012		-40~+125°C (Including self-generated heat)		
			†		
	MCKK2012				

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0 Ct T	t D				
2. Storage Tempera	BK0402				
	BK0603				
	BK1005 BKH0603				
			FF 140500		
	BKH1005		55~+125°C		
	BK1608				
	BK2125	1			
	ARRAY	BK2010			
		BK3216			
	BKP0402				
	BKP0603				
	BKP1005				
	BKP1608				
	BKP2125				
	MCF 0605				
	MCF 0806		-40~+85°C		
	MCF 1210				
	MCF 2010				
	CK1608				
	CK2125				
Specified Value	CKS2125				
	CKP1608		_		
	CKP2012				
	CKP2016		-40∼+85°C		
	CKP2520				
	NM2012				
	NM2520				
	LK1005				
	LK1608				
	LK2125				
	HKQ0402				
	HK0603				
	HK1005				
	HK1608		-40~+85°C		
	HK2125		10 1000		
		KQ0603S/HKQ0603U			
	AQ105				
	MCFK1608				
	MCFE1608				
	MCKK1608		-40~+85°C		
	MCHK2012				
	MCKK2012				

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3. Rated Current						
	BK0402		150~750mA DC			
	BK0603		100~500mA DC			
	BK1005		120~1000mA DC			
	BKH0603		115~450mA DC			
	BKH1005		200~300mA DC			
	BK1608		150~1500mA DC			
	BK2125		200~1200mA DC			
	ARRAY	BK2010	100mA DC			
	ARRAT	BK3216	100~200mA DC			
	BKP0402		0.55~1.1A DC			
	BKP0603		0.8~1.8A DC			
	BKP1005		0.8~2.4A DC			
	BKP1608		1.0~3.0A DC			
	BKP2125		1.5~4.0A DC			
	MCF 0605		0.05A DC			
	MCF 0806		0.1~0.13A DC			
	MCF 1210		0.1~0.16A DC			
	MCF 2010		0.1A DC			
	CK1608		50~60mA DC			
	CK2125		60~500mA DC			
	CKS2125		110~280mA DC			
Specified Value	CKP1608		0.35~0.9A DC			
Specified value	CKP2012		0.7~1.7A DC			
	CKP2016		0.9~1.6A DC			
	CKP2520		1.1~1.8A DC			
	NM2012		1.0~1.2A DC			
	NM2520		0.9~1.2A DC			
	LK1005		20~25mA DC			
	LK1608		1~150mA DC			
	LK2125		5~300mA DC			
	HK0603		60~470mA DC			
	HK1005		110~300mA DC (-55~+125°C) 200~900mA DC (-55~+85°C)			
	HK1608		150~300mA DC			
	HK2125		300mA DC			
	HKQ0402		100~500mA DC			
	HKQ0603W		100~850mA DC			
	HKQ0603S		130~600mA DC			
	HKQ0603U		190~900mA DC			
	AQ105		280~710mA DC			
	MCFK1608		Idc1 : 1500~2300mA DC, Idc2 : 900~2100mA DC			
	MCFE1608		Idc1 : 1400~2600mA DC, Idc2 : 800~1500mA DC			
	MCKK1608		Idc1 : 2800~2000mA DC			
	1		1			

## Definition of rated current:

MCHK2012

MCKK2012

- •In the CK, CKS and BK Series, the rated current is the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.
- •In the BK Series P type, CK Series P type, NM Series, the rated current is the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 40°C.
- •In the LK, HK, HKQ0603, and AQ Series, the rated current is either the DC value at which the initial L value is decreased within 5% with the application of DC bias, or the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.

 Idc1
 : 2260~4320mA DC,
 Idc2
 : 1470~3600mA DC

 Idc1
 : 3600~6200mA DC,
 Idc2
 : 2100~4000mA DC

- •In the HKQ0402(~9N1), the rated current is either the DC value at which the initial L value is decreased within 5% with the application of DC bias, or the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.
- •In the HKQ0402(10N~), the rated current is either the DC value at which the initial L value is decreased within 5% with the application of DC bias, or the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 25°C.
- •In the MC Series, Idc1 is the DC value at which the initial L value is decreased within 30% and Idc2 is the DC value at which the temperature of element is increased within 40°C by the application of DC bias. (at 20°C)

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### Specified Value    BC4029	4.7			
BRK003	4. Impedance	DICOADO		10 0000   50(100   050(01)
BR(1005				
BRH-0003				
BRH1005				
BR1606   22~5000 ± 25%				
BR2125				
### ARRAV				
ARRAY				
BRP0402		ARRAY		
BKP0603			3210	
BRY1005				
BRF0108   33~4709 ±29%   BRF0125   33~4309 ±29%   MCF 0905   12~909 ±501120, ±204030;2800,±25460;0   MCF 1910   40~900 ±204(21900),±254(0ther)   MCF 2101   50.000   50.000   MCF 2012   50.000   50.000   MCF 2014   50.000   50.000   MCF 2015   50.				
BRP2125   33~300 ± 29%				
MCF 0805				
MGF 1210   40 ~ 90 Ω ± 20 (219 0.0), ± 25 (20 0.0)     MGF 2010   50 Ω ± 20 (219 0.0), ± 25 (20 0.0), ± 25 (20 0.0)     MGF 2010   50 Ω ± 20 (219 0.0), ± 25 (20 0.0), ± 25 (20 0.0)     CK1698   70				
MCF 1210				
McF 2010				
Ck 1608				
CK2125				0011 120%
Specified Value				<del>-</del>
CKP1608				
CKP2012	Specified Value			
CKP2507				1
CKP2507				
NM2520				1
LK1005		NM2012		
LK1508		NM2520		
LK2125		LK1005		
HKQ0402		LK1608		
HK0603		LK2125		_
HK1005		HKQ0402		
HK1608		HK0603		
HK2125		HK1005		
HKQ0603K/HKQ0603S/HKQ0603U				
AQ105				
MCFK1608			S/HKQ0603U	
MCKK1608				
MCKK2012  MCKK2012  BK0402Series, BKP0402Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring ig : 16197A(or its equivalent)  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring ig : 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring ig : 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring ig : 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring ig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring ig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz				_
MCKK2012  BK0402Series, BKP0402Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : E4991A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16197A(or its equivalent)  BK0603Series, BKP0603Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent)  BK1005Series, BKP1005Series, BKH1005Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring gequipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring gequipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 16192A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent), 16192A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW  BK2010·3216Series, MCF Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				_
BK0402Series, BKP0402Series				-
BK0402Series, BKP0402Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring gequipment : E4991A (or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16197A (or its equivalent)  BK0603Series, BKP0603Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring gequipment : 4291A (or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16193A (or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16193A (or its equivalent)  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring gequipment : 4291A (or its equivalent), 16193A (or its equivalent)  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A (or its equivalent), 4195A (or its equivalent)				-
Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring jig : 16197A(or its equivalent)  BK0603Series, BKP0603Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring gequipment : 4291A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring gequipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring gequipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)/HW  BK2010-3216Series, MCF Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)			125 orion	
Measuring equipment : E4991A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16197A(or its equivalent) BK0603Series, BKP0603Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent) BK1005Series, BKP1005Series ,BKH1005Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent) Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent) Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)		,		
Measuring jig : 16197A(or its equivalent) BK0603Series, BKP0603Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring giquipment : 4291A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent) BK1005Series, BKP1005Series BKH1005Series BK1005Series, BKH1005Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring gequipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent) BK1608·2125Series, BKP1608·2125Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)/HW BK2010·3216Series, MCF Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring frequency : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				uivalent)
BK0603Series, BKP0603Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent)  BK1005Series, BKP1005Series BKH1005Series  Test Methods and Remarks  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring gequipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)  BK1608*2125Series, BKP1608*2125Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW  BK2010*3216Series, MCF Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				
Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent) BK1005Series, BKP1005Series BKH1005Series  Test Methods and Remarks  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent) BK1608·2125Series, BKP1608·2125Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW BK2010·3216Series, MCF Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent) Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				
Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16193A(or its equivalent) BK1005Series, BKP1005Series ,BKH1005Series  Test Methods and Remarks  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent) Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW  BK2010•3216Series, MCF Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				
BK1005Series, BKP1005Series ,BKH1005Series  Test Methods and Remarks  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)  BK1608•2125Series, BKP1608•2125Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)/HW  BK2010•3216Series, MCF Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)			: 4291A (or its equi	ivalent)
Test Methods and Remarks  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)  BK1608·2125Series, BKP1608·2125Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW  BK2010·3216Series, MCF Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				uivalent)
Remarks  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent) BK1608 • 2125Series, BKP1608 • 2125Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW BK2010 • 3216Series, MCF Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				
Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)  BK1608•2125Series, BKP1608•2125Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW  BK2010•3216Series, MCF Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				
BK1608 • 2125Series, BKP1608 • 2125Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW  BK2010 • 3216Series, MCF Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)	Remarks			
Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW BK2010•3216Series, MCF Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				uivalent), 16193A(or its equivalent)
Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)  Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW  BK2010•3216Series, MCF Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)		The state of the s		
Measuring jig : 16092A(or its equivalent) or 16192A(or its equivalent)/HW BK2010•3216Series, MCF Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				ivalent) 4195A(or its equivalent)
BK2010•3216Series, MCF Series  Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz  Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				
Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)			· ·	analy of 101001(or to oquitalone)/1111
Measuring equipment : 4291A(or its equivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)				
Measuring jig : 16192A(or its equivalent)				ivalent), 4195A(or its equivalent)
		Measuring jig	: 16192A(or its equ	uivalent)

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5. Inductance			
	BK0402		
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		†
	BK2125		<del>-</del>
	BK2010		-
	ARRAY BK3216		
	BKP0402		-
	BKP0603		-
			-
	BKP1005 BKP1608		-
			-
	BKP2125		-
	MCF 0605		-
	MCF 0806		-
	MCF 1210		-
	MCF 2010		47 100 11 1000
	CK1608		4.7~10.0 µH: ±20%
	CK2125		0.1~10.0 µH: ±20%
	CKS2125		1.0~10.0 µH: ±20%
	CKP1608		0.33~2.2 µH: ±20%
Specified Value	CKP2012		0.47~4.7 µH: ±20%
	CKP2016		0.47~4.7 µH: ±20%
	CKP2520		0.47~4.7 µH: ±20%
	NM2012		0.82~1.0 µH: ±20%
	NM2520		1.0~2.2 µH: ±20%
	LK1005		0.12~2.2 μH: ±10 or 20%
	LK1608		0.047~33.0 \(\mu\)H: \(\pm\)20% \(0.10~12.0 \(\mu\)H: \(\pm\)10%
	LK2125		0.047~33.0 \(\mu\)H: \(\pm 20\)% \(0.10~12.0 \(\mu\)H: \(\pm 10\)%
	HK0603		1.0~6.2nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~100nH: ±5%
	HK1005		1.0~6.2nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~270nH: ±5%
	HK1608		1.0~5.6nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~470nH: ±5%
	HK2125		1.5~5.6nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~470nH: ±5%
	HKQ0402		0.5~3.9nH: ±0.1 or 0.2 or 0.3nH 4.3~5.6nH: ±0.3nH or 3% or 5%
			6.2~47nH: ±3 or 5%
	HKQ0603W		$0.6 \sim 3.9$ nH: $\pm 0.1$ or $0.2$ or $0.3$ nH $4.3 \sim 6.2$ nH: $\pm 0.2$ or $0.3$ nH or $3$ or $5\%$
	HKQ0603S		6.8~30nH: ±3 or 5% 33~100nH: ±5%
	HKQ0603U		0.6~6.2nH: ±0.2 or 0.3nH 6.8~22nH: ±3 or 5% 0.6~4.2nH: ±0.1 or 0.2 or 0.3nH 4.3~6.5nH: ±0.2 or 0.3nH 6.8~22nH: ±3 or 5%
	AQ105		1.0~6.2nH: ±0.3nH 6.8~15nH: ±5%
	MCFK1608		0.24~1.0 µH: ±20%
	MCFE1608		0.24~1.0 µH: ±20%
	MCKK1608		0.24~1.0 µH: ±20% 0.24~1.0 µH: ±20%
	MCHK2012		
	MCKK2012		0.24~1.0 μH: ±20%
	CK, LK, CKP, NM, MC Series	: 2~4MHz(CK16	808)
	Measuring frequency Measuring frequency	: 2~4MHz(CK16 : 2~25MHz(CK2	
	Measuring frequency	: 2~25MHz(CK2	
	Measuring frequency	: 10~25MHz(LK	
	Measuring frequency	: 1~50MHz(LK1	
	Measuring frequency	: 0.4~50MHz(LH	
	Measuring frequency		8 • CKP2012 • CKP2016 • CKP2520 • NM2012 • NM2520 • MCFK1608 • MCFE1608 • MCHK2012 • MCKK2012)
	Measuring equipment /jig		B+16092A(or its equivalent) •4195A+41951+16092A(or its equivalent)
	, 5.6		2A(or its equivalent) ·4291A+16193A(or its equivalent)/LK1005
			11A + 42842C + 42851 - 61100 (or its equivalent) / CKP1608 · CKP2012 · CKP2016 · CKP2520 · NM2012 ·
		NM2520 · MCF	K1608·MCFE1608·MCKK1608·MCHK2012·MCKK2012
Test Methods and	Measuring current	:•1mA rms (0.047	7~4.7 μH)
Remarks		•0.1mA rms(5.6	6~33 (H)
	HK、HKQ、AQ Series	0.1110 (0.0	0 00 July
	Measuring frequency	: 100MHz(HK060	03+HK1005+AQ105)
	Measuring frequency	: 50/100MHz(Hk	
	Measuring frequency		603S • HKQ0603U)
	Measuring frequency	: 300/500MHz(H	
	Measuring frequency	: 100/500MHz(H	
	Measuring equipment /jig	:•4291A+16197	A(or its equivalent)/HK0603·AQ105
		•4291A + 16193	3A(or its equivalent)/HK1005
			97A(or its equivalent)/HKQ0603S•HKQ0603U•HKQ0603W
			2A + in-house made jig(or its equivalent)/HK1608 · HK2125
		•E4991A+161	96D (or its equivalent) / HKQ0402

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0.0			
6. Q	BK0402		
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	BK2010		
	ARRAY BK3216		
	BKP0402		<del> </del>
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		
	CK2125	·	
	CKS2125		
Specified Value	CKP1608		
Spoomod Value	CKP2012		_
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		10~20 min.
	LK1608		10~35 min.
	LK2125 HK0603		15~50 min.
	HK1005		4~5 min.  8 min.
	HK1608		8~12 min.
	HK2125		10~18 min.
	HKQ0402		3~8 min.
	HKQ0603W		6~15 min.
	HKQ0603S		10~13 min.
	HKQ0603U		14 min.
	AQ105		8 min.
	MCFK1608		
	MCFE1608		
	MCKK1608		_
	MCHK2012		
	MCKK2012		
	LK Series		
	Measuring frequency	: 10~25MHz(LK10 : 1~50MHz(LK160	
	Measuring frequency Measuring frequency	: 0.4~50MHz(LK160	
	Measuring requency  Measuring equipment /jig		H16092A(or its equivalent)
	Weasuring equipment / Jig		16092A(or its equivalent)
			(or its equivalent)
			(or its equivalent)/LK1005
	Measuring current	•1mA rms(0.047~	~4.7 µH)
Test Methods and		•0.1mA rms(5.6~	γ33 μH)
Remarks	HK、HKQ、AQ Series		
Nomano	Measuring frequency	: 100MHz(HK0603•	
	Measuring frequency	: 50/100MHz(HK16	
	Measuring frequency : 500MHz(HKQ0603		
	Measuring frequency	: 300/500MHz(HKC : 100/500MHz(HKC	
	Measuring frequency Measuring equipment /jig		or its equivalent)/HK0603•AQ105
			(or its equivalent)/HK1005
			A(or its equivalent)/HKQ0603S+HKQ0603U+HKQ0603W
			+ in-house made jig(or its equivalent)/HK1608, HK2125
			D(or its equivalent)HKQ0402
		· ·	

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7. DC Resistance			
	BK0402		0.07∼1.2Ωmax.
	BK0603		0.065∼1.50 Ω max.
	BK1005		0.03~0.90 Ω max.
	BKH0603		0.26~3.20 Ω max.
	BKH1005		0.85~2.00 Ω max.
	BK1608		0.05∼1.10Ω max.
	BK2125		0.05~0.75Ω max.
		BK2010	0.10~0.90Ω max.
	ARRAY	BK3216	0.15~0.80 Ω max.
	BKP0402		0.05~0.15 Ω max.
	BKP0603		0.030~0.180Ω max.
	BKP1005		0.0273~0.220Ω max.
	BKP1608		0.025~0.18 Ω max.
	BKP2125		0.020~0.075Ω max.
	MCF 0605		2.5~5.0Ω max
	MCF 0806		1.5~5.0 Ω max.
	MCF 1210		1.5~4.5 Ω max.
	MCF 2010		$4.5\Omega$ max.
	CK1608		$0.45 \sim 0.85  \Omega(\pm 30\%)$
	CK2125		0.16~0.65 Ω max.
	CKS2125		0.12~0.52 Ω max.
	CKP1608		0.15~0.35 Ω max.
Specified Value	CKP2012		0.08~0.28 Ω max.
	CKP2016		0.075~0.20 Ω max
	CKP2520		0.05~0.16 Ω max.
	NM2012		0.10~0.15Ω max.
	NM2520		0.11~0.22 Ω max.
	LK1005		0.41 ~ 1.16 Ω max.
	LK1608		$0.2\sim2.2\Omega$ max.
	LK2125		0.2 × 2.2 x max. 0.1 ~ 1.1 Ω max.
	HK0603		0.11~3.74Ω max.
	HK1005		0.08~4.8Ω max.
	HK1608		0.05~2.6 Ω max.
			0.05~2.6 Ω max. 0.10~1.5 Ω max.
	HK2125 HKQ0402		0.10~1.5 Ω max. 0.08~5.0 Ω max.
	· ·		
	HKQ0603W		0.07~4.1 Ω max.
	HKQ0603S		0.06~1.29 Ω max.
	HKQ0603U		0.06~1.29 Ω max.
	AQ105		0.07~0.45Ω max.
	MCFK1608		0.050~0.224Ω max.
	MCFE1608		0.100~0.340Ω max.
	MCKK1608		0.038~0.123Ω max.
	MCHK2012		0.024~0.111Ω max.
	MCKK2012		0.025 ~ 0.090 Ω max.
Test Methods and Remarks	Measuring equipm	ent:VOAC-7412, VOA	AC-7512, VOAC-7521 (made by Iwasaki Tsushinki), HIOKI3227 (or its equivalent)

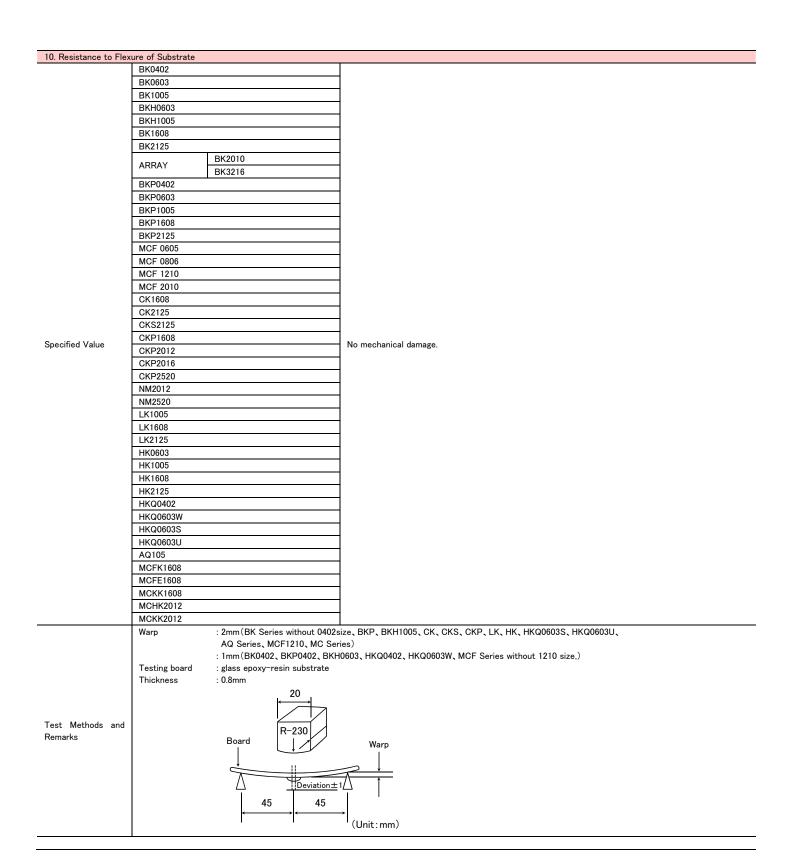
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8. Self Resonance Fre	conance Frequency(SRF)					
	BK0402					
	BK0603					
	BK1005					
	BKH0603					
	BKH1005					
	BK1608					
	BK2125					
		BK2010				
	ARRAY	BK3216				
	BKP0402			-		
	BKP0603					
	BKP1005					
	BKP1608					
	BKP2125					
	MCF 0605					
	MCF 0806					
	MCF 0800					
	MCF 2010			17∼25MHz min.		
	CK1608					
	CK2125			24~235MHz min. 24~75MHz min.		
	CKS2125			24~75WHz min.		
Specified Value	CKP1608					
	CKP2012					
	CKP2016			_		
	CKP2520					
	NM2012					
	NM2520					
	LK1005			40~180MHz min.		
	LK1608			9~260MHz min.		
	LK2125			13~320MHz min.		
	HK0603			900~10000MHz min.		
	HK1005			400~10000MHz min.		
	HK1608			300∼10000MHz min.		
	HK2125			200∼4000MHz min.		
	HKQ0402			1200∼10000MHz min.		
	HKQ0603W			800∼10000MHz min.		
	HKQ0603S			1900∼10000MHz min.		
	HKQ0603U			1900~10000MHz min.		
	AQ105			2300∼10000MHz min.		
	MCFK1608					
	MCFE1608					
	MCKK1608			-		
	MCHK2012					
	MCKK2012					
	LK, CK Series :					
Test Methods and	Measuring equip	oment	: 4195A (or its equiv	valent)		
Remarks	Measuring jig		: 41951+16092A(o	r its equivalent)		
· tomanto	HK, HKQ, AQ Series:					
	Measuring equip	oment	: 8719C (or its equiv	valent) • 8753D (or its equivalent) / HK2125		

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9. Temperature Chara						
	BK0402					
	BK0603					
	BK1005					
	BKH0603					
	BKH1005					
	BK1608					
	BK2125					
	ARRAY	BK2010				
		BK3216				
	BKP0402					
	BKP0603					
	BKP1005					
	BKP1608					
	BKP2125					
	MCF 0605			_		
	MCF 0806					
	MCF 1210					
	MCF 2010					
	CK1608					
	CK2125					
	CKS2125					
Specified Value	CKP1608					
_	CKP2012					
	CKP2016					
	CKP2520					
	NM2012					
	NM2520					
	LK1005					
	LK1608					
	LK2125					
	HK0603					
	HK1005					
	HK1608					
	HK2125					
	HKQ0402					
	HKQ0603W					
	HKQ0603S			Inductance change: Within ±10%		
	HKQ0603U			Industries strange that is a second		
	AQ105					
	MCFK1608					
	MCFE1608					
	MCKK1608					
	MCHK2012					
	MCKK2012					
	HK、HKQ、AQ Se					
<b>-</b>	Temperature ran		: −30~+85°C			
Test Methods and	Reference temp	perature	: +20°C			
Remarks	MC Series:		. —40 a. 1 05°C			
	Temperature range : -40~+85°C  Reference temperature : +20°C					
	oror orros comp		200			

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11. Solderability	I =1/0./00		
	BK0402		
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY	BK2010	
		BK3216	
	BKP0402		
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		At least 90% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.
Specified Value	CKP1608		
Specified Value	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		
	LK1608		
	LK2125		
	HK0603		
	HK1005		
	HK1608		
	HK2125		
	HKQ0402		
	HKQ0603W		
	HKQ0603S		
	HKQ0603U		
	AQ105		
	MCFK1608		
	MCFE1608		
	MCKK1608		
	MCHK2012		
	MCKK2012		
Toot Mothede and	Solder temperatu	ure : 230±5°C (JIS Z 32	282 H60A or H63A)
Test Methods and Remarks	Solder temperatu	ure : 245±3°C (Sn/3.0A	.g/0.5Cu)
Nemarks	Duration	:4±1 sec.	

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12. Resistance to Soldering						
	BK0402					
	BK0603					
	BK1005					
	BKH0603					
	BKH1005					
	BK1608					
	BK2125			Appearance: No significant abnormality		
	ARRAY	BK2010		Impedance change:Within ±30%		
		BK3216				
	BKP0402					
	BKP0603					
	BKP1005					
	BKP1608					
	BKP2125					
	MCF 0605					
	MCF 0806			Appearance: No significant abnormality		
	MCF 1210			Impedance change: Within ±20%		
	MCF 2010					
	CK1608					
	CK2125			Appearance: No significant abnormality		
	CKS2125			Inductance change		
	CKP1608			R10~4R7: Within ±10%		
0 '6 17/1	CKP2012			6R8~100: Within ±15%		
Specified Value	CKP2016			CKS2125: Within ±20% CKP1608, CKP2012, CKP2016, CKP2520, NM2012, NM2520: Within ±30%		
	CKP2520					
	NM2012					
	NM2520			A N 1 100 A 1 100		
	LK1005			Appearance: No significant abnormality		
	LK1608			Inductance change: Within ±15%		
	LK 1608			Appearance: No significant abnormality  Inductance change		
	LK2125			47N~4R7: Within ±10%		
	LIVETED			5R6~330: Within ±15%		
	HK0603					
	HK1005					
	HK1608					
	HK2125			Appearance: No significant abnormality		
	HKQ0402					
	HKQ0603W			Inductance change: Within ±5%		
	HKQ0603S					
	HKQ0603U					
	AQ105					
	MCFK1608					
	MCFE1608			A N 1 20 A 1 12		
	MCKK1608			Appearance: No significant abnormality		
	MCHK2012			Inductance change: Within ±10%		
	MCKK2012					
	Solder temperature : 260±5°C		:260±5°C			
	Duration		:10±0.5 sec.			
Test Methods and	Preheating tempe	erature :	:150 to 180°C			
Remarks	Preheating time :3 min.					
				nethanol solution with colophony for 3 to 5 sec.		
(1) (1) 12"				covery under the standard condition after the test.(See Note 1)		
(Note 1) When there a	When there are questions concerning measurement result; measurement shall be made after 48±2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.					

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12 Th 1 Cl							
13. Thermal Shock	DKO400		1				
	BK0402						
	BK0603						
	BK1005		-				
	BKH0603		-				
	BKH1005		-				
	BK1608						
	BK2125	T =		gnificant abnormality			
	ARRAY	BK2010	Impedance change	: Within ±30%			
		BK3216					
	BKP0402		-				
	BKP0603		-				
	BKP1005		-				
	BKP1608		-				
	BKP2125						
	MCF 0605						
	MCF 0806			gnificant abnormality			
	MCF 1210		Impedance change	: WITNIN ±20%			
	MCF 2010		A	20			
	CK1608			gnificant abnormality			
	CK2125			:Within ±20% Q change:Within ±30%			
	CKS2125		Appearance: No significant abnormality Inductance change: Within ±20%				
Specified Value	CKP1608						
•	CKP2012						
	CKP2016		Appearance: No sig	gnificant abnormality			
	CKP2520		Inductance change				
	NM2012						
	NM2520						
	LK1005		Appearance: No significant abnormality				
	LK1608						
	LK2125		Inductance change	: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±30%			
	HK0603						
	HK1005						
	HK1608						
	HK2125		Appearance: No significant abnormality				
	HKQ0402			minicant abnormanty : Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%			
	HKQ0603W		inductance change	. Muliii ±1070 & Change. Muliii ±2070			
	HKQ0603S		]				
	HKQ0603U						
	AQ105						
	MCFK1608						
	MCFE1608		Annearance : No sis	gnificant abnormality			
	MCKK1608		Inductance change				
	MCHK2012			. main =1070			
	MCKK2012						
	Conditions for 1						
	Step	temperature(°C)		time (min.)			
	1	Minimum operating temperatur	e +0/-3	30±3			
Test Methods and	2	Room temperature		2~3			
Remarks	3	Maximum operating temperatur	re +3/-0	30±3			
	4	Room temperature		2~3			
	Number of cycle		al accordistant - Oct. 1	test (See Note 1)			
	Recovery: 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)						

Recovery: 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)

(Note 1) When there are questions concerning measurement result; measurement shall be made after 48±2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

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14. Damp Heat (Stea								
	BK0402							
	BK0603							
	BK1005							
	BKH0603							
	BKH1005							
	BK1608							
	BK2125	Appearance: No significant abnormality						
	ARRAY BK2010	Impedance change: Within ±30%						
	BK3216							
	BKP0402							
	BKP0603							
	BKP1005							
	BKP1608							
	BKP2125							
	MCF 0605							
	MCF 0806	Appearance: No significant abnormality						
	MCF 1210	Impedance change: Within ±20%						
	MCF 2010	Account No. 100 Count do not the						
	CK1608	Appearance: No significant abnormality						
	CK2125	Inductance change: Within ±20% Q change: Within ±30%						
	CKS2125	Appearance: No significant abnormality Inductance change: Within ±20%						
0 :5 17/1	CKP1608							
Specified Value	CKP2012							
	CKP2016	Appearance: No significant abnormality						
	CKP2520	Inductance change: Within ±30%						
	NM2012							
	NM2520							
	LK1005	Appearance: No significant abnormality						
	LK1608	Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±30%						
	LK2125	Appearance: No significant abnormality						
	HK0603	Inductance change: Within ±20% Q change: Within ±30%						
	HK1005							
	HK1608							
	HK2125	A No. of the last						
	HKQ0402	Appearance: No significant abnormality						
	HKQ0603W	Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%						
	HKQ0603S							
	HKQ0603U							
	AQ105							
	MCFK1608							
	MCFE1608	Appearance: No significant abnormality						
	MCKK1608	Appearance: No significant abnormality  Inductance change: Within ±10%						
	MCHK2012	inductance change. Within ± 1070						
	MCKK2012							
<u> </u>	BK, BKP, BKH, LK, CK, CKS, (	KP, NM Series, MCF Series:						
	Temperature :40±2°C							
	Humidity : 90 to 95%F							
	Duration : 500 +24/-0							
Test Methods and	Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs o	recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.(See Note 1)						
Remarks	HK, HKQ, AQ, MC Series:							
	Temperature : 60±2°C							
	Humidity :90 to 95%F	Н						
	Duration :500 +24/-0							
		recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.(See Note 1)						
(Note 1) When there a		ent result; measurement shall be made after 48±2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.						
	and an appearance of the state							

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15. Loading under Dan	i			
	BK0402		4	
	BK0603		<u> </u>	
	BK1005		<u> </u>	
	BKH0603		<u> </u>	
	BKH1005			
	BK1608			
	BK2125		Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	ARRAY	K2010	Impedance change: Within ±30%	
	В	K3216		
	BKP0402			
	BKP0603			
	BKP1005			
	BKP1608			
	BKP2125			
	CK1608		Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	CK2125		Inductance change: Within ±20% Q change: Within ±30%	
	CKS2125		Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	ONOZIZO		Inductance change: Within ±20%	
	CKP1608			
	CKP2012			
	CKP2016		Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	CKP2520		Inductance change: Within ±30%	
Specified Value	NM2012			
	NM2520			
	LK1005		Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	LICTORO		Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±30%	
			Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	LK1608		Inductance change: $0.047 \sim 12.0 \mu\text{H}$ : Within $\pm 10\%$ $15.0 \sim 33.0 \mu\text{H}$ : Within $\pm 15\%$	
			Q change: Within ±30%	
	LK2125		Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	LUCOCOC		Inductance change: Within ±20% Q change: Within ±30%	
	HK0603		-	
	HK1005		-	
	HK1608 HK2125		-	
			Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	HKQ0402		Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%	
	HKQ0603W		4	
	HKQ0603S		-	
	HKQ0603U		4	
	AQ105			
	MCFK1608※		-	
	MCFE1608※		Appearance: No significant abnormality	
	MCKK1608※		Inductance change: Within ±10%	
	MCHK2012※ MCKK2012※		-	
		OK OKE OKE NIM C:		
	Temperature	CK、CKS、CKP、NM Series: :40±2°C		
	Humidity	: 90 to 95%RH		
	Applied current	: Rated current		
	Duration	:500 +24/-0 hrs		
	Recovery		der the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.(See Note 1)	
Test Methods and		o		
Remarks	HK, HKQ, AQ, MC S	Series:		
	Temperature	:60±2°C		
	Humidity	:90 to 95%RH		
	Applied current	:Rated current ※MC ser	ies ; Idc2max	
	Duration	:500 +24/-0 hrs		
	Recovery	:2 to 3 hrs of recovery un	der the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.(See Note 1)	
Make an akandandaan	Indition: "etandard condition" referred to have in in defined as follows:			

Note on standard condition: "standard condition" referred to herein is defined as follows:

5 to  $35^{\circ}\!\text{C}\,$  of temperature, 45 to 85% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

When there are questions concerning measurement results:

In order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under condition of  $20\pm2^{\circ}C$  of temperature, 60 to 70% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition."

(Note 1) Measurement shall be made after  $48\pm2$  hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

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16. Loading at High Te	mperature	
	BK0402	
	BK0603	
	BK1005	
	BKH0603	
	BKH1005	
	BK1608	
	BK2125	Appearance: No significant abnormality
	BK2010	Impedance change: Within ±30%
	ARRAY BK3216	
	BKP0402	
	BKP0603	
	BKP1005	
	BKP1608	
	BKP2125	
	MCF 0605	-
	MCF 0806	Appearance: No significant abnormality
	MCF 1210	Impedance change: Within ±20%
	MCF 2010	impedance change. Within ±2070
	CK1608	Appearance: No significant abnormality
	CK2125	Inductance change: Within ±20% Q change: Within ±30%
	GRZ123	Appearance: No significant abnormality
	CKS2125	Inductance change: Within ±20%
	CKP1608	inductance change. Within ±2070
	CKP2012	
Specified Value	CKP2012 CKP2016	Annayana Na simificant showns lity
Opcomed value	CKP2520	Appearance: No significant abnormality Inductance change: Within ±30%
	NM2012	inductance change. Within ±3070
-		
	NM2520	Annayana Ma simificant shaquasitt
	LK1005	Appearance: No significant abnormality
		Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±30%  Appearance: No significant abnormality
	LK1608	Inductance change: $0.047 \sim 12.0 \mu\text{H}$ : Within $\pm 10\%$ 15.0 $\sim 33.0 \mu\text{H}$ : Within $\pm 15\%$
	EKTOOO	Q change: Within ±30%
		Appearance: No significant abnormality
	LK2125	Inductance change: Within ±20% Q change: Within ±30%
	HK0603	and control of an agent that in the control of an angent that in the control of an agent that in the control of a control of
	HK1005	
	HK1608	
	HK2125	
	HKQ0402	Appearance: No significant abnormality
	HKQ0603W	Inductance change: Within ±10% Q change: Within ±20%
	HKQ0603S	
	HKQ0603U	
	AQ105	
	MCFK1608※	
	MCFE1608%	
	MCKK1608%	Appearance: No significant abnormality
	MCHK2012%	Inductance change: Within ±10%
	MCKK2012%	
Test Methods and Remarks	Temperature : Maximum operatin Applied current : Rated current X: Duration : 500 +24/-0 hrs	g temperature MC series ; Idc2max very under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber.

Note on standard condition: "standard condition" referred to herein is defined as follows:

5 to  $35^{\circ}\!C\,$  of temperature, 45 to 85% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

When there are questions concerning measurement results:

In order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under condition of  $20\pm2^{\circ}C$  of temperature, 60 to 70% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure. Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition."

(Note 1) Measurement shall be made after  $48\pm2$  hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

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Precautions on the use of Multilayer chip inductors

Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type)

Metal Multilayer Chip Power Inductors (MCOIL<sup>TM</sup> MC series)

## **PRECAUTIONS**

## 1. Circuit Design

- ◆ Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance
  - 1. A malfunction in medical equipment, spacecraft, nuclear reactors, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications

## Precautions

As such, any inductors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and/or reliability considerations and should be clearly differentiated from components used in general purpose applications.

- ◆Operating Current(Verification of Rated current)
  - 1. The operating current including inrush current for inductors must always be lower than their rated values.
- 2. Do not apply current in excess of the rated value because the inductance may be reduced due to the magnetic saturation effect.

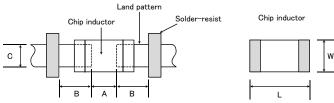
## 2. PCB Design

Precautions

- ◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
- 1. When inductors are mounted on a PCB, the size of land patterns and the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect inductor performance.

Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of solder land patterns:

- (1) The amount of solder applied can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses which may lead to breaking or cracking. Therefore, when designing land-patterns it is necessary to consider the appropriate size and configuration of the solder pads which in turn determines the amount of solder necessary to form the fillets.
- (2) When more than one part is jointly soldered onto the same land or pad, the pad must be designed so that each component's soldering point is separated by solder-resist.
- (3) The larger size of land patterns and amount of solder, the smaller Q value after mounting on PCB. It makes higher the Q value to design land patterns smaller than terminal electrode of chips.
- ◆Pattern configurations (Inductor layout on panelized[ breakaway] PC boards)
  - After inductors have been mounted on the boards, chips can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering the reflow soldered boards etc.) For this reason, planning pattern configurations and the position of SMD inductors should be carefully performed to minimize stress.
- ◆Pattern configurations(Design of Land-patterns)
  - The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts (larger fillets
    which extend above the component end terminations). Examples of improper pattern designs are also shown.
    - (1) Recommended land dimensions for a typical chip inductor land patterns for PCBs



Recommended land dimensions for wave-soldering (Unit:mm)

Ту	ре	1608	2012	2125	2016	2520	3216
Size	L	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.2
Size	W	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.6	2.0	1.6
A	١	0.8~1.0	1.0~1.4	1.0~1.4	1.0~1.4	1.0~1.4	1.8~2.5
В		0.5~0.8	0.8~1.5	0.8~1.5	0.8~1.5	0.6~1.0	0.8~1.7
С		0.6~0.8	0.9~1.2	0.9~1.2	1.3~1.6	1.6~2.0	1.2~1.6

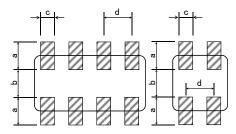
# Technical considerations

Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering (Unit:mm)

T	уре	0402	0603	1005	105	1608	2012	2125	2016	2520	3216
Size	L	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.0	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.2
Size	W	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.6	2.0	1.6
	A	0.15~0.25	0.20~0.30	0.45~0.55	0.50~0.55	0.8~1.0	0.8~1.2	0.8~1.2	0.8~1.2	1.0~1.4	1.8~2.5
	В	0.10~0.20	0.20~0.30	0.40~0.50	0.30~0.40	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.2	0.8~1.2	0.8~1.2	0.6~1.0	0.6~1.5
	С	0.15~0.30	0.25~0.40	0.45~0.55	0.60~0.70	0.6~0.8	0.9~1.6	0.9~1.6	1.2~2.0	1.8~2.2	1.2~2.0

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Excess solder can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses. Therefore, please take proper precautions when designing land-patterns.



Recommended land dimension for Reflow-soldering

Ту	ре	3216	2010	1210	0806	0605
Size	┙	3.2	2.0	1.25	0.85	0.65
Size	W	1.6	1.0	1.0	0.65	0.50
а	1	0.7~0.9	0.5~0.6	0.45~0.55	0.25~0.35	0.27~0.33
b	)	0.8~1.0	0.5~0.6	0.7~0.8	0.25~0.35	0.17~0.23
С	;	0.4~0.5	0.2~0.3	0.25~0.35	0.25~0.35	0.20~0.26
d		0.8	0.5	0.55	0.5	0.4

(Unit:mm)

((2) Examples of good and bad solder application

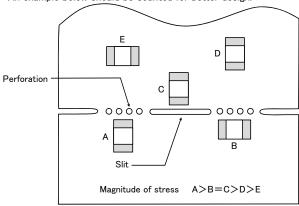
۷.	Examples of good and bad solde	r application	
	Item	Not recommended	Recommended
	Mixed mounting of SMD and leaded components	Lead wire of component	Solder-resist
	Component placement close to the chassis	Chassis Solder (for grounding) Electrode pattern	Solder-resist
	Hand-soldering of leaded components near mounted components	Lead wire of component Soldering iron	Solder-resist -
	Horizontal component placement		Solder-resist

- ◆Pattern configurations (Inductor layout on panelized[ breakaway] PC boards)
  - 1-1. The following are examples of good and bad inductor layout; SMD inductors should be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.

Item	Not recommended	Recommended	
Deflection of the board		Position the component at a right angle to the direction of the mechanical stresses that are anticipated.	of

1-2. To layout the inductors for the breakaway PC board, it should be noted that the amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on inductor layout.

An example below should be counted for better design.



1-3. When breaking PC boards along their perforations, the amount of mechanical stress on the inductors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, any ideal SMD inductor layout must also consider the PCB splitting procedure.

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## 3. Considerations for automatic placement

- ◆Adjustment of mounting machine
  - 1. Excessive impact load should not be imposed on the inductors when mounting onto the PC boards.
  - 2. The maintenance and inspection of the mounter should be conducted periodically.

## Precautions

## ◆Selection of Adhesives

- 1. Mounting inductors with adhesives in preliminary assembly, before the soldering stage, may lead to degraded inductor characteristics unless the following factors are appropriately checked; the size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, it is imperative to consult the manufacturer of the adhesives on proper usage and amounts of adhesive to use.
- ◆Adjustment of mounting machine
  - 1. If the lower limit of the pick-up nozzle is low, too much force may be imposed on the inductors, causing damage. To avoid this, the following points should be considered before lowering the pick-up nozzle:
    - The lower limit of the pick-up nozzle should be adjusted to the surface level of the PC board after correcting for deflection of the board.
    - (2) The pick-up pressure should be adjusted between 1 and 3N static loads.
    - (3) To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins should be used under the PC board. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good pick-up nozzle placement:

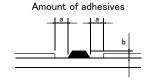
Item	Improper method	Proper method
Single-sided mounting	chipping or cracking	supporting pins or back-up pins
Double-sided mounting	chipping or cracking	supporting pins or back-up pins

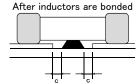
# Technical considerations

- 2. As the alignment pin wears out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of the inductors because of mechanical impact on the inductors. To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pin in the stopped position, and maintenance, inspection and replacement of the pin should be conducted periodically.
- ◆Selection of Adhesives
  - 1. Some adhesives may cause reduced insulation resistance. The difference between the shrinkage percentage of the adhesive and that of the inductors may result in stresses on the inductors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect component placement, so the following precautions should be noted in the application of adhesives.
    - (1) Required adhesive characteristics
      - a. The adhesive should be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process.
      - b. The adhesive should have sufficient strength at high temperatures.
      - c. The adhesive should have good coating and thickness consistency.
      - d. The adhesive should be used during its prescribed shelf life.
      - e. The adhesive should harden rapidly.
      - f. The adhesive must not be contaminated.
      - g. The adhesive should have excellent insulation characteristics.
      - h. The adhesive should not be toxic and have no emission of toxic gasses.
    - (2) When using adhesives to mount inductors on a PCB, inappropriate amounts of adhesive on the board may adversely affect component placement. Too little adhesive may cause the inductors to fall off the board during the solder process. Too much adhesive may cause defective soldering due excessive flow of adhesive on to the land or solder pad.

## [Recommended conditions]

Figure	0805 case sizes as examples
а	0.3mm min
b	100∼120 μm
С	Area with no adhesive





## 4. Soldering

Precautions

## ◆Selection of Flux

- 1. Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of inductors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use;
  - (1) Flux used should be with less than or equal to 0.1 wt% (Chlorine conversion method) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content should not be applied.
  - (2) When soldering inductors on the board, the amount of flux applied should be controlled at the optimum level.
  - (3) When using water-soluble flux, special care should be taken to properly clean the boards.

## ◆Soldering

1. Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. are specified in accordance with the following recommended conditions, and please contact us about peak temperature when you use lead-free paste.

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## ◆Selection of Flux

- 1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate the flux, or highly acidic flux is used, an excessive amount of residue after soldering may lead to corrosion of the terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surface of the Inductor.
- 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in flow soldering, but if too much is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may detrimentally affect solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved by water content in the air, the residue on the surface of Inductor in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and therefore affect the reliability of the components. The cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used should also be considered carefully when selecting water-soluble flux.

## Soldering

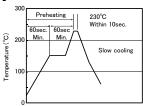
## 1-1. Preheating when soldering

Heating: Chip inductor components should be preheated to within  $100 \text{ to } 130^{\circ}\text{C}$  of the soldering. Cooling: The temperature difference between the components and cleaning process should not be greater than  $100^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

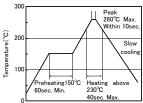
Chip inductors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling. Therefore, the soldering process must be conducted with a great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock.

## [Reflow soldering]

## [Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



## [Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



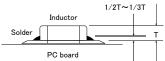
- %Ceramic chip components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering.
- \*Assured to be reflow soldering for 2 times.
- \*MC series; Peak 230°C(eutectic soldering), 260°C(Pb-free soldering)max within 5sec.

## Caution

Technical

considerations

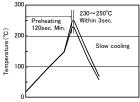
1. The ideal condition is to have solder mass (fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of the inductor, as shown below:



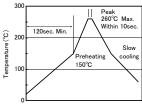
2. Because excessive dwell times can detrimentally affect solderability, soldering duration should be kept as close to recommended times as possible.

## [Wave soldering]

## [Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



## [Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



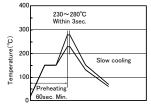
- $\mbox{\%}$ Ceramic chip components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering.
- XAssured to be wave soldering for 1 time.
- Except for reflow soldering type.

## Caution

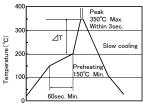
- 1. Make sure the inductors are preheated sufficiently.
- 2. The temperature difference between the inductor and melted solder should not be greater than 100 to  $130^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- 3. Cooling after soldering should be as gradual as possible.
- 4. Wave soldering must not be applied to the inductors designated as for reflow soldering only.

## [Hand soldering]

## [Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering



## [Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]



- (**※**⊿T≦190°C( 3216Type max), ⊿T≦130°C( 3225 Type min)
- $\times$ It is recommended to use 20W soldering iron and the tip is 1  $\phi$  or less.
- \*The soldering iron should not directly touch the components.
- \*Assured to be soldering iron for 1 time

Note: The above profiles are the maximum allowable soldering condition, therefore these profiles are not always recommended.

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## Caution 1. Use a 20W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm. 2. The soldering iron should not directly touch the inductor.

## 5. Cleaning ◆Cleaning conditions 1. When cleaning the PC board after the Inductors are all mounted, select the appropriate cleaning solution according to the type of flux Precautions

used and purpose of the cleaning (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.) 2. Cleaning conditions should be determined after verifying, through a test run, that the cleaning process does not affect the inductor's

characteristics. Cleaning conditions

> 1. The use of inappropriate solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to the inductor, resulting in a degradation of the inductor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance).

2. Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may detrimentally affect the performance of the inductors.

(1) Excessive cleaning

a. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of the PC board which may lead to the cracking of the inductor or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Thus the following conditions should be carefully checked:

Ultrasonic output Below 20W/Q Ultrasonic frequency Below 40kHz 5 min. or less Ultrasonic washing period

## 6. Post cleaning processes

◆Application of resin coatings, moldings, etc. to the PCB and components.

## Precautions

**Technical** 

considerations

- 1. With some type of resins a decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period or while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the inductor's performance.
- 2. When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than the inductor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excess heat may lead to inductor damage or destruction.
- 3. Stress caused by a resin's temperature generated expansion and contraction may damage inductors.

The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.

## 7. Handling

- ◆Breakaway PC boards (splitting along perforations)
  - 1. When splitting the PC board after mounting inductors and other components, care is required so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board.
  - 2. Board separation should not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices.
- General handling precautions
  - 1. Always wear static control bands to protect against ESD.
  - 2. Keep the inductors away from all magnets and magnetic objects.
- 3. Use non-magnetic tweezers when handling inductors. Precautions
  - 4. Any devices used with the inductors (soldering irons, measuring instruments) should be properly grounded.
  - 5. Keep bare hands and metal products (i.e., metal desk) away from chip electrodes or conductive areas that lead to chip electrodes.
  - 6. Keep inductors away from items that generate magnetic fields such as speakers or coils.
  - Mechanical considerations
  - 1. Be careful not to subject the inductors to excessive mechanical shocks.
    - (1) If inductors are dropped on the floor or a hard surface they should not be used.
    - (2) When handling the mounted boards, be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.

## 8. Storage conditions

# temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible.

## Recommended conditions

Ambient temperature: Below 30°C Humidity: Below 70% RH

The ambient temperature must be kept below 40°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, solderability of inductor is deteriorated as time passes, so inductors should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.

1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packaging material in good condition, care must be taken to control

•Inductor should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.

## Technical considerations

Precautions

## ◆Storage

1. If the parts are stocked in a high temperature and humidity environment, problems such as reduced solderability caused by oxidation of terminal electrodes and deterioration of taping/packaging materials may take place. For this reason, components should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the inductors.

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# SMD COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES





## ■PARTS NUMBER

\*Operating Temp.: -25~+105°C (Including self-generated heat)



△=Blank space

## 1)Series name

Code	Series name
BU	Common mode choke coil

## ②Dimensions of core

Code	Dimensions of core[mm]
05	5.0

(3)SI	nape	
	_	-

Code	Shape
MC	Surface mount type

## 4 Product classification code

Code	Product classification code
△01~△10	Product classification code

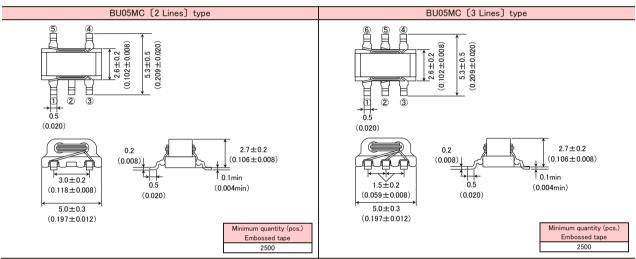
## ⑤Packaging

Code	Packaging
ΔΤ	Taping

## 6 Internal code

Code	Internal code
Δ	Standard

## ■STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / MINIMUM QUANTITY



Unit:mm(inch)

The values without tolerance are for reference only.

## ■PARTS NUMBER

Parts number	EHS	Number of lines	Impedance [ Ω] (typ.)	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [ Ω] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V] (D.C.)	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
BU05MC 01 T	RoHS	2	1000	60	0.12	1.0	50	100
BU05MC 08 T	RoHS	3	700	60	0.11	0.5	50	100

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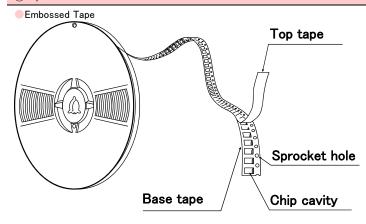
# SMD COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES, BALUN TRANSFORMERS

## **■**PACKAGING

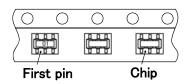
## 1 Minimum Quantity

Type	Minimum Quantity [pcs]		
туре	Вох	Taping	
BU05MC	_	2500	
BU06MB	150	_	

## **2**Tape material

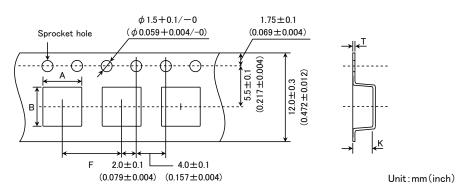


## Chip Filled



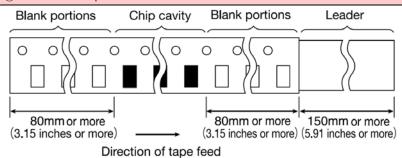
## 3 Taping dimensions

## Embossed tape 12mm wide (0.472 inches wide)

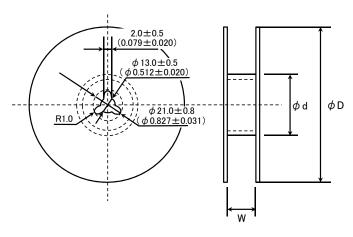


Туре	Insertion	Chip (	cavity	Tape thickness		
туре	pitch	Α	В	K	Т	
BU05MC	8.0±0.1 (0.315±0.004)	5.2±0.1 (0.205±0.004)	5.6±0.1 (0.220±0.004)	3.2±0.1 (0.126±0.004)	0.4±0.05 (0.016±0.002)	
					Unit:mm(inch)	

## 4 Leader and Blank portion



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Type	$\phi$ D	$\phi$ d	W	
BU05MC	330±2.0	80±1.0	13.5±1.0	
POOSINIC	(12.99±0.079)	(3.15±0.039)	$(0.53\pm0.039)$	

Unit:mm(inch)

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# SMD COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES, BALUN TRANSFORMERS

## PRECAUTIONS

## 1. Circuit Design

## Precautions

## ◆Operating environment

1. The products described in this specification are intended for use in general electronic equipment, (office supply equipment, telecommunications systems, measuring equipment, and household equipment). They are not intended for use in mission-critical equipment or systems requiring special quality and high reliability (traffic systems, safety equipment, aerospace systems, nuclear control systems and medical equipment including life-support systems,) where product failure might result in loss of life, injury or damage. For such uses, contact TAIYO YUDEN Sales Department in advance.

# Precautions A Land pattern design 1. Please contact any of our offices for a land pattern, and refer to a recommended land pattern of specifications. A Land pattern design Surface Mounting Mounting and soldering conditions should be checked beforehand. Applicable soldering process to these products is reflow soldering only. Recommended Land Patterns [BU05MC] 0.5 0.5 1.4 3.2 1.4

## 3. Considerations for automatic placement

## Precautions

- Adjustment of mounting machine
  - 1. Excessive impact load should not be imposed on the products when mounting onto the PC boards.
- 2. Mounting and soldering conditions should be checked beforehand.

Unit:mm

# Technical considerations

- ◆Adjustment of mounting machine
  - 1. When installing products, care should be taken not to apply distortion stress as it may deform the products.

## 4. Soldering

## ◆Reflow soldering

- 1. Please contact any of our offices for a reflow soldering, and refer to the recommended condition specified.
- 2. This product can be used reflow soldering only.
- 3. Please do not add any stress to a product until it returns in normal temperature after reflow soldering.

## ◆Lead free soldering

## Precautions

- 1. When using products with lead free soldering, we request to use them after confirming adhesion, temperature of resistance to soldering heat, soldering etc sufficiently.
- ◆Recommended conditions for using a soldering iron

#### ▼Recomm 【BU05MC】

- Put the soldering iron on the land-pattern.
- Soldering iron's temperature Below 350°C
- Duration 3 seconds or less
- The soldering iron should not directly touch the inductor.

## ◆Reflow soldering

# Technical considerations

- If products are used beyond the range of the recommended conditions, heat stresses may deform the products, and consequently degrade the reliability of the products.
- ◆Recommended conditions for using a soldering iron

If products are used beyond the range of the recommended conditions, heat stresses may deform the products, and consequently degrade the reliability of the products.

## 5. Cleaning

## Precautions

- ◆Cleaning conditions
- 1. Please contact any of our offices for a cleaning.

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## 6. Handling ◆Handling 1. Keep the product away from all magnets and magnetic objects. ◆Breakaway PC boards (splitting along perforations) 1. When splitting the PC board after mounting product, care should be taken not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board. 2. Board separation should not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices. ◆Mechanical considerations Precautions 1. Please do not give the product any excessive mechanical shocks. 2. Please do not add any shock and power to a product in transportation. ◆Pick-up pressure 1. Please do not push to add any pressure to a winding part. Please do not give any shock and push onto an exposed part of ferrite cores. ◆Packing 1. Please avoid accumulation of a packing box as much as possible. 1. There is a case that a characteristic varies with magnetic influence. ◆Breakaway PC boards (splitting along perforations) 1. The position of the product on PCBs shall be carefully considered to minimize the stress caused from splitting of the PCBs. ◆Mechanical considerations Technical 1. There is a case to be damaged by a mechanical shock. considerations 2. There is a case to be broken by the handling in transportation. ◆Pick-up pressure 1. An excessive shock or stress may cause a damage to the product or a deterioration of a characteristic. **♦**Packing 1. If packing boxes are accumulated, that could cause a deformation on packing tapes or a damage on the products.

7. Storage condi	tions
Precautions	<ul> <li>♦ Storage         <ol> <li>To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packing material in good condition, temperature and humidity in the storage area should be controlled.</li> <li>Recommended conditions</li></ol></li></ul>
Technical considerations	◆Storage 1. Under a high temperature and humidity environment, problems such as reduced solderability caused by oxidation of terminal electrodes and deterioration of taping/packaging materials may take place.

## LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES



WAVE

## ■PARTS NUMBER

\* Operating Temp.:-25~+105°C (Including self-generated heat)



△=Blank space

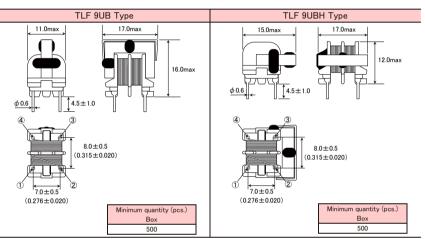
## ①Series name

Code	Series name				
TLF	Common mode choke coil				
2Dimensions of	core				
Code	Dimensions of core[mm]				
△9	9				
3Shape					
Code	Shape				
UB△	U core, vertically split wound				
UBH	U core, horizontally split wound				

## 4 Nominal inductance

Code (example)	Nominal inductance[ μ H]			
302	3000			
203	20000			
⑤Inductance tolerance				
Code	Inductance tolerance			
W	+100/-10%			
6Internal code				
Code	Internal code			
K1	Adhesive fixation			

## ■STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / MINIMUM QUANTITY



Unit:mm(inch)

## ■PARTS NUMBER

Parts number	EHS	Number of lines	Nominal inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance [ Ω] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V] (D.C.)	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
TLF 9UBH302W K1	RoHS	2	3.0	+100/-10%	1.5	0.40	50	100
TLF 9UB 302W K1	RoHS	2	3.0	+100/-10%	1.5	0.40	50	100
TLF 9UBH802W K1	RoHS	2	8.0	+100/-10%	3.0	0.30	50	100
TLF 9UB 802W K1	RoHS	2	8.0	+100/-10%	3.0	0.30	50	100
TLF 9UBH203W K1	RoHS	2	20.0	+100/-10%	6.5	0.18	50	100
TLF 9UB 203W K1	RoHS	2	20.0	+100/-10%	6.5	0.18	50	100

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# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES

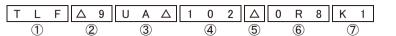




## PARTS NUMBER

\*Operating Temp. : -25~+105°C (Including self-generated heat)

△=Blank space



1)Series	name

Code	Series name
TLF	Common mode choke
TLH	Hybrid choke

## 2Dimensions of core

Code	Dimensions of core[mm]
△9	9
10	10

## 3Shape

<u> </u>					
Code	Shape				
UAΔ	U core, vertical type				
UAH	U core, horizontal type				
UB△	U core, vertically split wound				
СВ△	Square type core vertically split wound				
CBH	Square type core horizontally split wound				
НВ△	Double-square type core vertically split wound				
НВН	Double-square type core horizontally split				
	wound				

## 4 Nominal Inductance

Code (example)	Nominal Inductance [ $\mu$ H]
102	1000
103	10000

## 5 Inductance tolerance

Code	Inductance tolerance
Δ	Nominal Values or higher
W	+100/-10%

## ⑥Rated current

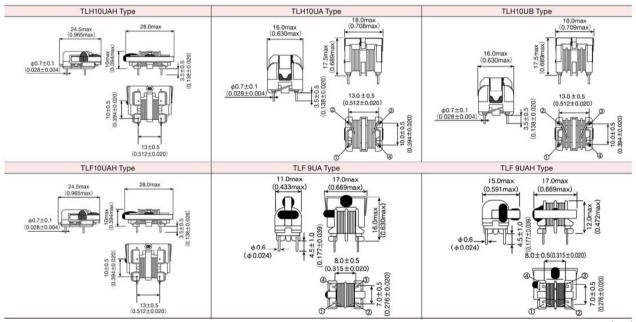
Code	Rated current[A]
R54	0.54
0R8	0.8

\*R=Decimal point

## (7)Internal code

O Internal code						
Code	Internal code					
K1	Adhesive fixation					

## ■ STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / MINIMUM QUANTITY



Unit:mm(inch)

Type	Minimum quantity(pcs.) Box
TLH type	500
TLF type	500

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## TLH10UAH type (Hybrid choke)

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	Normal mode inductance [mH] (typ.)	DC Resistance $[\Omega]$ (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLH10UAH872 0R7	RoHS	8.7	min.	0.70	1.00	0.7	250
TLH10UAH992 0R6	RoHS	9.9	min.	0.85	1.35	0.6	250
TLH10UAH123 0R5	RoHS	12	min.	1.06	1.60	0.5	250

## TLH10UA type (Hybrid choke)

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	Normal mode inductance [mH] (typ.)	DC Resistance $[\Omega]$ (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLH10UA 901 2R0	RoHS	0.9	min.	0.067	0.089	2.0	250
TLH10UA 112 1R8	RoHS	1.1	min.	0.087	0.126	1.8	250
TLH10UA 152 1R6	RoHS	1.5	min.	0.126	0.171	1.6	250
TLH10UA 212 1R4	RoHS	2.1	min.	0.160	0.222	1.4	250
TLH10UA 282 1R2	RoHS	2.8	min.	0.215	0.272	1.2	250
TLH10UA 432 1R0	RoHS	4.3	min.	0.330	0.398	1.0	250
TLH10UA 622 0R8	RoHS	6.2	min.	0.430	0.578	0.8	250
TLH10UA 872 0R7	RoHS	8.7	min.	0.644	0.878	0.7	250
TLH10UA 992 0R6	RoHS	9.9	min.	0.836	1.138	0.6	250
TLH10UA 143 0R5	R₀HS	14	min.	1.256	1.567	0.5	250

## TLH10UB type (Hybrid choke)

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	Normal mode inductance [mH] (typ.)	DC Resistance $[\Omega]$ (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLH10UB 701 2R0	RoHS	0.7	min.	0.056	0.097	2.0	250
TLH10UB 112 1R7	RoHS	1.1	min.	0.068	0.133	1.7	250
TLH10UB 142 1R4	RoHS	1.4	min.	0.113	0.214	1.4	250
TLH10UB 232 1R2	RoHS	2.3	min.	0.150	0.274	1.2	250
TLH10UB 352 1R0	RoHS	3.5	min.	0.232	0.422	1.0	250
TLH10UB 442 0R8	RoHS	4.4	min.	0.328	0.624	0.8	250
TLH10UB 872 0R7	RoHS	8.7	min.	0.580	0.982	0.7	250
TLH10UB 972 0R6	RoHS	9.7	min.	0.735	1.314	0.6	250
TLH10UB 113 0R5	R <sub>0</sub> HS	11	min.	0.877	1.577	0.5	250

## TLF10UAH type

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance [Ω](max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLF10UAH872 0R7	RoHS	8.7	min.	1.00	0.7	250
TLF10UAH992 0R6	RoHS	9.9	min.	1.35	0.6	250
TLF10UAH123 0R5	RoHS.	12	min.	1.60	0.5	250

## TLF 9UA type

TEI JOA type						
Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance $[\Omega]$ (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLF 9UA 102W0R8K1	RoHS	1.0	+100/-10%	0.5	0.80	250
TLF 9UA 202WR54K1	R <sub>0</sub> HS	2.0	+100/-10%	1.0	0.54	250
TLF 9UA 302WR42K1	R <sub>0</sub> HS	3.0	+100/-10%	1.5	0.42	250
TLF 9UA 502WR32K1	RoHS	5.0	+100/-10%	2.5	0.32	250
TLF 9UA 802WR25K1	R₀HS	8.0	+100/-10%	4.0	0.25	250
TLF 9UA 103WR23K1	RoHS	10	+100/-10%	4.5	0.23	250

## TLF 9UAH type

TEP 90AIT type						
Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance $[\Omega]$ (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLF 9UAH102W0R8K1	RoHS	1.0	+100/-10%	0.5	0.80	250
TLF 9UAH202WR54K1	R₀HS	2.0	+100/-10%	1.0	0.54	250
TLF 9UAH302WR42K1	R₀HS	3.0	+100/-10%	1.5	0.42	250
TLF 9UAH502WR32K1	RoHS	5.0	+100/-10%	2.5	0.32	250
TLF 9UAH802WR25K1	RoHS	8.0	+100/-10%	4.0	0.25	250
TLF 9UAH103WR23K1	R₀HS	10	+100/-10%	4.5	0.23	250

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# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES

## **■**PACKAGING

## 1 Minimum Quantity

## TLH/TLF Type

Time	Minimum Quantity[pcs]
Туре	Box
TLH10UA□	
TLH10UB	1000
TLF10UAH	
TLF9UA□	500
TLF9UB□	500

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## LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES, LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES

## RELIABILITY DATA 1. Operating Temperature Range -25~+ 105°C Specified Value TLH, TLF Type Test Method and Including temperature rise due to self-generated heat. Remarks 2. Storage temperature range -40~+ 85°C Specified Value TLH, TLF Type 3. Rated current Specified Value TLH, TLF Type Within the specified range TLH10U, TLF10UA : The maximum value of AC current within the temperature rise of $60^{\circ}\text{C}$ Test Method and TLF9UA, : The maximum value of AC current within the temperature rise of 45°C Remarks TLF9UB : The maximum value of DC current within the temperature rise of $45^{\circ}\text{C}$ 4. Inductance Specified Value TLH, TLF Type Within the specified tolerance TLF9U: : LCR meter 4284A or its equivalent Measuring equipment Measuring frequency : 1kHz Test Method and : 1Vrms Measuring voltage Remarks TLH, TLF(except TLF9U): Measuring equipment : LCR meter 4284A or its equivalent : 1kHz Measuring frequency Measuring voltage : 0.1Vrms 5. DC resistance Specified Value TLH, TLF Type Within the specified tolerance Test Method and : DC ohmmeter Measuring equipment Remarks 6. Terminal strength tensile force TLH, TLF Type Specified Value No abnormality TLH10UA, TLH10UB, TLF9U: Apply the stated tensile force gradually in the direction to draw terminal. force [N] duration [s] 5 30±5 Test Method and Remarks TLH10UAH, TLF (except TLF9U): Apply the stated tensile force gradually in the direction to draw terminal. force [N] duration [s] $30\pm5$ 10 7. Insulation resistance between wires Specified Value TLH, TLF Type 100M $\Omega$ min. : 500VDC (TLH, TLF (except TLF9UB)) Applied voltage Test Method and : 250VDC (TLF9UB) Remarks Duration : 60sec.

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8. Insulation resists	nce between wire and co	ore	
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type		100MΩ min.(except TLH, TLF10UAH Type)
Test Method and Remarks	:	500VDC (TLF (except 250VDC (TLF9UB) 60 sec.	TLF9UB))
9. Withstanding : be	tween wires		
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type		No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	:	2000VAC (TLH, TLF (e 500VDC (TLF9UB) 60sec	except TLF9UB))
10. Withstanding : b	etween wires and core		
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type		No abnormality(except TLH, TLF10UAH Type)
Test Method and Remarks	:	2000VAC (TLF (except 500VDC (TLF9UB) 60sec.	t TLF9UB))
44 D			
11. Rated voltage			
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type		Within the specified range
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF (except TLF TLF9UB	9UB) : 250VAC : 50VDC	
12. Resistance to v	ibration		
Specified Value TLH, TLF Type			TLF9U : Inductance change : Within ±5% TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Appearance is no abnormality and within the specified range
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF : According Direction Frequency range Amplitude Mounting method Recovery	: 2hrs each in X, Y a : 10 to 55 to 10Hz ( : 1.5mm (shall not e : soldering onto PC	xceed acceleration 196m/s²) board covery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the
13. Solderability			
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type		At least 90% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.
Test Method and	TLH, TLF: Solder temperature Duration Immersion depth	: 235±0.5°C : 2±0.5sec. : Up to 1.5 to 2.0mn	n from PBC mounted level.
Remarks	TLH, TLF : Solder temperature Duration Immersion depth	: 245±5°C : 4±1sec. : Up to 1.0 to 1.5mn	n from PBC mounted level.

<sup>►</sup> This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).

14. Resistance to s	soldering heat	
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9UA : Inductance change : Within ±5%
Test Method and Remarks	Recovery : At least 1hr of re measurement with TLH, TLF: Solder temperature : 260±5°C Duration : 10±1sec. Immersion depth : Up to 1.0 to 1.5mm	n from PBC mounted level. covery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the
15. Thermal shock		
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9UA : Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$ TLH, TLF (except TLF9UA) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF: According to JIS C60068-2-14.  Conditions for 1 cycle -25°C~+85°C, keep each 30min  Number of cycles : 10  Recovery : At least 1hr of recover measurement within the conditions of the	very under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the 2 hrs.
16. Damp heat		
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9UA : Inductance change : Within ±15% TLH, TLF (except TLF9UA) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF:  Temperature : 60±2°C : 40±2°C (※except TLF9L  Humidity : 90~95%RH  Duration : 500 hrs  Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery un	J)  Inder the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.
17. Loading under	damp heat	
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type	Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	Applied voltage         : Apply the following specified           TLF9UA         25           TLF9UB         50	LF9U )  Jurrent across windings (※except TLF9U )  Jecified voltage between windings.  JOVAC  NDC  Ty under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.

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18. Low temperatur	e life test	
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9U : Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$ TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF: Temperature : −25±2°C : −40±2°C (※TLF•T Duration : 500 hrs Recovery : At least 1hr of recove	TLH ) ery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.

19. High Temperatu	ire life test		
Specified Value	TLH, TLF Type		TLF9U : Inductance change : Within ±15% TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TL F: Temperature Duration Recovery	: 105±3°C (※ TLF•TLH) : 500 hrs : At least 1hr of recovery ur	nder the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.

# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES, LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES

## **■**PRECAUTIONS

## 1. Circuit Design Operating environment 1. The products described in this specification are intended for use in general electronic equipment, (office supply equipment, telecommunications systems, measuring equipment, and household equipment). They are not intended for use in mission-critical Precautions equipment or systems requiring special quality and high reliability (traffic systems, safety equipment, aerospace systems, nuclear control systems and medical equipment including life-support systems) where product failure might result in loss of life, injury or damage. For such uses, contact TAIYO YUDEN Sales Department in advance. 2. PCB Design Design Precautions 1. Please design insertion pitches as matching to that of leads of the component on PCBs. ◆Design Technical 1. When Inductors are mounted onto a PC board, hole dimensions on the board should match the lead pitch of the component, if not, it will considerations cause breakage of the terminals or cracking of terminal roots covered with resin as excess stress travels through the terminal legs. 3. Soldering ◆Wave soldering 1. Please refer to the specifications in the catalog for a wave soldering. 2. Do not immerse the entire inductor in the flux during the soldering operation. Lead free soldering 1. When using products with lead free soldering, we request to use them after confirming of adhesion, temperature of resistance to Precautions soldering heat, etc. sufficiently. Recommended conditions for using a soldering iron Put the soldering iron on the land-pattern. Soldering iron's temperature – Below 350°C Duration – 3 seconds or less · The soldering iron should not directly touch the product. ◆Lead free soldering 1. If products are used beyond the range of the recommended conditions, heat stresses may deform the products, and consequently Technical degrade the reliability of the products. considerations ◆Recommended conditions for using a soldering iron If products are used beyond the range of the recommended conditions, heat stresses may deform the products, and consequently degrade the reliability of the products. 4. Cleaning ◆Cleaning conditions Precautions 1. TLF type Please contact any of our offices for about a cleaning. 5. Handling Handling 1. Keep the product away from all magnets and magnetic objects. Mechanical considerations 1. Please do not give the product any excessive mechanical shocks. 2. TLF type Precautions Please do not add any shock or power to a product in transportation. 1. Please do not give the product any excessive mechanical shocks. In loading, please pay attention to handling indication mentioned in a packing box (a loading direction / number of maximum loading / ◆Handling 1. There is a case that a characteristic varies with magnetic influence. Mechanical considerations Technical 1. There is a case to be damaged by a mechanical shock. considerations 2. TLF type There is a case to be broken by a fall. **◆**Packing

1. There is a case that a lead route turns at by a fall or an excessive shock.

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## 6. Storage conditions ◆Storage 1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packing material in good condition, temperature and humidity in the storage area should be controlled. Recommended conditions Ambient temperature : 0~40°C Precautions Humidity: Below 70% RH The ambient temperature must be kept below 30°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, the solderbility of electrodes decreases gradually, so the products should be mounted within one year from the time of delivery. In case of storage over 6 months, solderability shall be checked before actual usage. **♦**Storage Technical 1. Under a high temperature and humidity environment, problems such as reduced solderability caused by oxidation of terminal electrodes considerations and deterioration of taping/packaging materials may take place.

# **Mouser Electronics**

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