

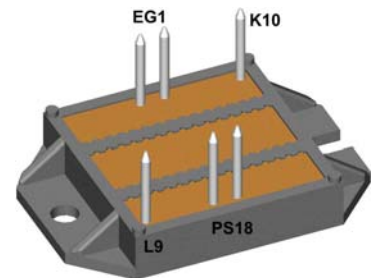
Standard Rectifier Module

1~ Rectifier
$V_{RRM} = 1200\text{ V}$
$I_{DAV} = 90\text{ A}$
$I_{FSM} = 1000\text{ A}$

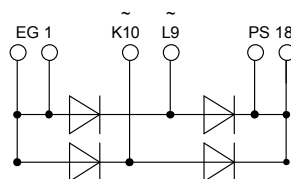
1~ Rectifier Bridge

Part number

VBO88-12NO7



 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

Applications:

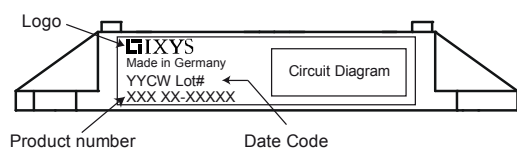
- Diode for main rectification
- For one phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

Package: ECO-PAC2

- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Height: 9 mm
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				1300	V
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				1200	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 1200\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			100	μA
		$V_R = 1200\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			2	mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 50\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.13	V
		$I_F = 100\text{ A}$				1.31	V
		$I_F = 50\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.05	V
		$I_F = 100\text{ A}$				1.28	V
I_{DAV}	bridge output current	$T_C = 115^{\circ}\text{C}$ rectangular	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ d = 0.5			90	A
V_{FO}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.80	V
r_F	slope resistance					4.6	m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					0.6	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.3		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				205	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.00	kA
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			1.08	kA
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			850	A
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			920	A
I^2t	value for fusing	t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$			5.00	kA ² s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			4.85	kA ² s
		t = 10 ms; (50 Hz), sine	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			3.62	kA ² s
		t = 8,3 ms; (60 Hz), sine	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			3.52	kA ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$			35		pF

Package ECO-PAC2			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal			100	A
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-40		125	°C
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature		-40		150	°C
Weight				24		g
M_D	mounting torque		1.5		2	Nm
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	6.0			mm
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	10.0			mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	3000			V
		t = 1 minute	2500			V

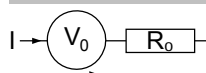


Ordering	Part Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	VBO88-12NO7	VBO88-12NO7	Box	25	494380

Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

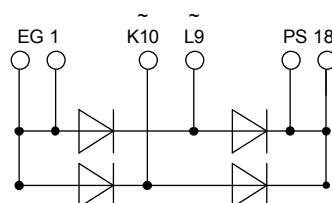
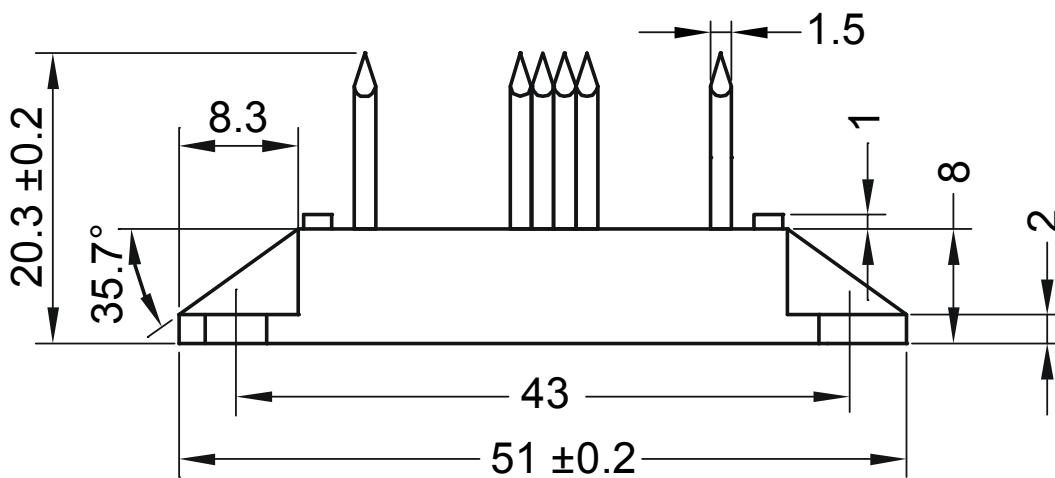
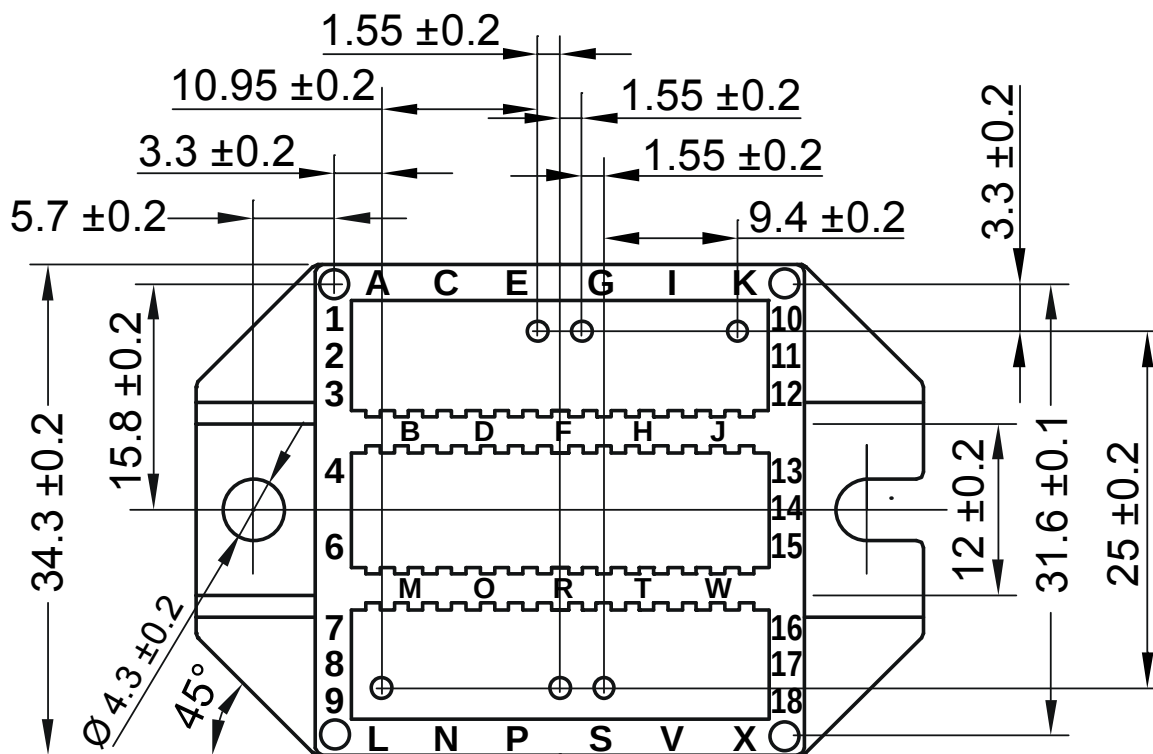
$T_{VJ} = 150\text{ °C}$



Rectifier

$V_{0\max}$	threshold voltage	0.8	V
$R_{0\max}$	slope resistance *	3.4	mΩ

Outlines ECO-PAC2



Rectifier

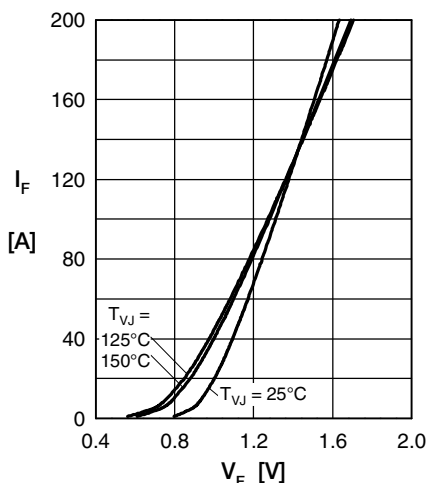


Fig. 1 Forward current vs. voltage drop per diode

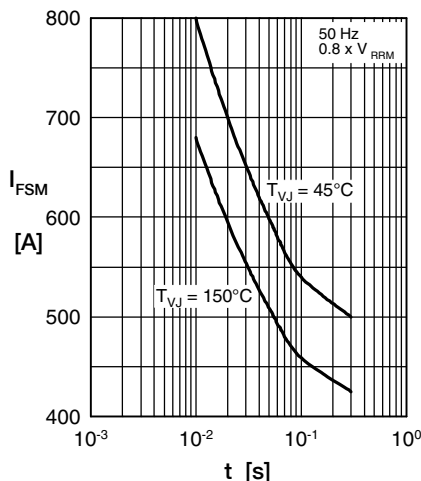


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

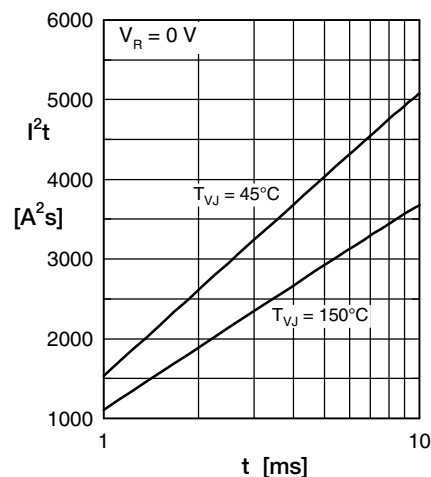


Fig. 3 I^2t vs. time per diode

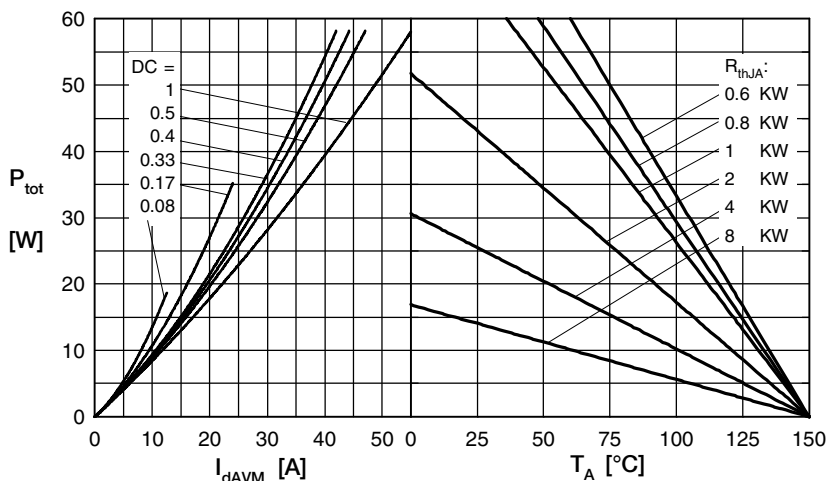


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

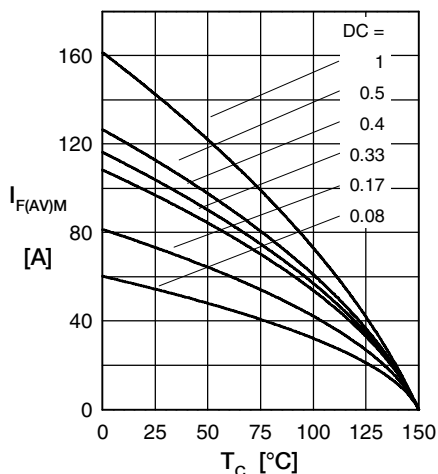


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

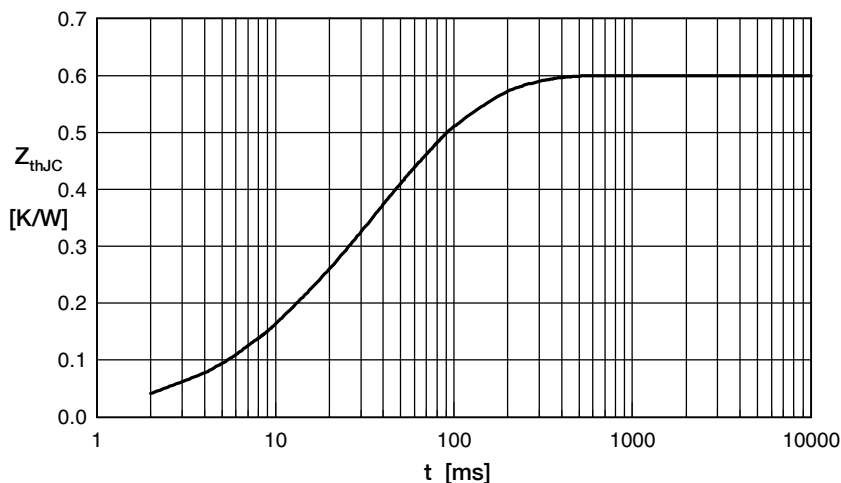


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{th} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.08	0.012
2	0.04	0.007
3	0.29	0.036
4	0.19	0.102

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[VBO88-12NO7](#)