RICOH

# R3118x Series

# Low Voltage Detector with Individual SENSE Pin and Delay Function

No. EA-242-180420

## **OUTLINE**

The R3118x is a voltage detector IC with individual sense pin, high detector threshold accuracy and delay time, and ultra-low supply current, which can be operated at an extremely low voltage and is used for system reset as an example. Each of the IC consists of a voltage reference unit, a hysteresis comparator, resistors net for detector threshold setting, an output driver transistor, and a delay circuit.

V<sub>DD</sub> supply pin for the IC and voltage supervisory sense pin are individual, therefore the output pin can keep "L" level even if the sense pin voltage is going down to 0 V, or there is no indefinite range for the sense pin.

Since a delay circuit is built-in, by connecting an external capacitor, any output delay time can be set. In the R3118x, detector released delay time can be set, and detector delay time is not influenced by the external capacitor for the delay time.

The detector threshold is fixed with high accuracy internally and does not require any adjustment. The tolerance of the detector threshold is  $\pm 22.5$  mV ( $-V_{DET\_S} < 1.6$  V) or  $\pm 1.5\%$  ( $-V_{DET\_S} \ge 1.6$  V).

Minimum detector threshold voltage is 0.6 V, ultra-low voltage detector threshold can be set. Output delay time for the detector release can be set with high accuracy. The tolerance of the IC side is ±30%. Two output types, Nch. open drain type and CMOS type are available. If the sense pin voltage becomes to equal or lower than the detector threshold voltage, the output voltage becomes "L", and if the sense pin voltage becomes to released voltage, the output voltage becomes "H" after the set delay time.

Three types of packages, SOT-23-5, SC-88A, and DFN(PLP)1212-6 are available.

### FEATURES (1)

Operating Voltage Range (Maximum Rating)	.1.0 V to 6.0 V (7.0 V)
Supply Current <sup>(2)</sup>	.Typ. 0.4 $\mu$ A (V <sub>SENSE</sub> ≥ +V <sub>DET</sub> , V <sub>DD</sub> = 6 V)
Operating Temperature Range	. −40°C to 85°C
Detector Threshold Range	.0.6 V to 5.0 V (0.1 V step)
Accuracy Detector Threshold	$\pm 1.5\%$ (-V <sub>DET_S</sub> $\geq 1.6$ V), $\pm 22.5$ mV (-V <sub>DET_S</sub> $< 1.6$ V)
• Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Detector Threshold · ·	Typ. ±30 ppm/°C
Accuracy Detector Released	±30%
• Temperature-Drift Coefficient of Detector Released	Typ. ±0.16 ppm/°C
Output Types	Nch Open Drain and CMOS
Packages	.DFN(PLP)1212-6, SC-88A , SOT-23-5

# **APPLICATIONS**

- · CPU and Logic Circuit Reset
- Battery Checker
- Window Comparator/Level Discrimination
- Battery Back-up Circuit
- Power Failure Detector

<sup>(1)</sup> Ta = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

<sup>(2)</sup> Consumption current through SENSE pin is not included.

# R3118x

No. EA-242-180420

# **SELECTION GUIDE**

The detector threshold, the output type and the package type for the IC can be selected at the users' request.

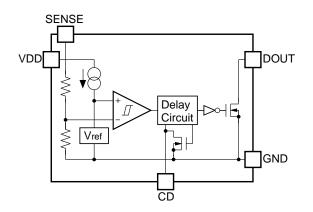
#### **Selection Guide**

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R3118Kxx1*-TR	DFN(PLP)1212-6	5,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3118Qxx2*-TR-FE	SC-88A	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes
R3118Nxx1*-TR-FE	SOT-23-5	3,000 pcs	Yes	Yes

xx: The detector threshold can be designated in the range from 0.6 V (06) to 5.0 V (50) in 0.1 V step.

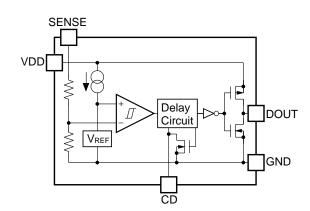
- \* : Designation of Output Type
  - (A) Nch Open Drain
  - (C) CMOS

# **BLOCK DIAGRAMS**



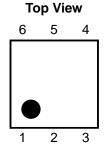
R3118xxxxA (Nch. Open Drain Output)

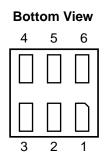
Block Diagram

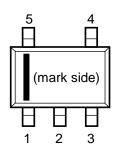


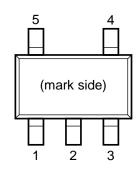
R3118xxxxC (CMOS Output) Block Diagram

# **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**









DFN(PLP)1212-6 Pin Configuration

SC-88A Pin Configuration SOT-23-5 Pin Configuration

DFN(PLP)1212-6 Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	SENSE	Voltage Detector Voltage Sense Pin
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	CD	Pin for External Capacitor (for setting output delay)
4	VDD	Input Pin
5	NC	No Connection
6	DOUT	Output Pin ("L" at detection)

SC-88A Pin Description

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	DOUT	Output Pin ("L" at detection)
2	GND	Ground Pin
3	VDD	Input Pin
4	CD	Pin for External Capacitor (for setting output delay)
5	SENSE	Voltage Detector Voltage Sense Pin

**SOT-23-5 Pin Description** 

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	DOUT	Output Pin ("L" at detection)
2	VDD	Input Pin
3	GND	Ground Pin
4	CD	Pin for External Capacitor (for setting output delay)
5	SENSE	Voltage Detector Voltage Sense Pin

#### R3118x

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# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol		Item		Rating	Unit	
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage		-0.3 to 7.0	V		
V <sub>SENSE</sub>	SENSE Pin Vol	tage		-0.3 to 7.0	V	
	Output Voltage (R3118xxxxA)				M	
V <sub>DOUT</sub>	Output Voltage	$-0.3$ to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V			
	Output Current	rent)	20	A		
I <sub>DOUT</sub>	Output Current	Pch Driver (Source C	-5	mA		
	_	DFN(PLP)1212-6	JEDEC STD.51-7 Test Land Pattern	450		
$P_D$	Power Dissipation <sup>(1)</sup>	SC-88A	Standard Test Land Pattern	380	mW	
	Biodipation	SOT-23-5 JEDEC STD.51-7 Test Land Pattern		660		
Tj	Junction Tempe	-40 to 125	°C			
Tstg	Storage Tempe	rature Range		−55 to 125	°C	

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the lifetime and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

# RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

**Recommended Operating Conditions** 

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage	1.0 to 6.0	V
Та	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to POWER DISSIPATION for detailed information.

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## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $V_{DD} = 1 \text{ V}$  to 6 V, unless otherwise specified. The specifications surrounded by \_\_\_\_\_ are guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

#### R3118xxxxA/C Electrical Characteristics $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$ Symbol **Conditions** Min. Max. Unit Item Тур. $-V_{\mathsf{DET\_S}}$ -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> -0.0225+0.0225 $-V_{DET_S}^{(1)} < 1.6 \text{ V}$ -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> $-V_{\mathsf{DET\_S}}$ -40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 85°C -VDET\_S -0.0375+0.0375 Detector -V<sub>DET</sub> Threshold -VDET S -V<sub>DET</sub> s Ta = 25°C -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> $\times 0.985$ × 1.015 -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> ≥ 1.6 V -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> -40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 85°C -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> × 0.975 × 1.025 -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> -V<sub>DET</sub> s $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ Detector $\times 0.040$ $\times 0.070$ 0.055 threshold $V_{HYS}$ ٧ -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> Hysteresis -40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 85°C X $\times$ 0.035 $\times 0.075$ 0.055 $V_{SENSE} = 0 V, V_{DD} = 6 V$ 0.480 1.450 Supply μΑ $I_{SS}$ Current<sup>(2)</sup> $V_{SENSE} = 6 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 6 \text{ V}$ 0.400 1.200 $V_{SENSE} = 6 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 6 \text{ V}$ RSENSE Sense Resistor 9 34 58 $M\Omega$ $V_{DD} = 1 V$ , $V_{DOUT} = 0.1 V$ 0.150 $V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}, V_{DOUT} = 0.1 \text{ V}$ 0.550 $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{DOUT} = 0.1 \text{ V}$ Nch. 0.850 mΑ $V_{SENSE} = 0 V$ $V_{DD} = 1 \text{ V}, V_{DOUT} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ 0.400 **Output Current** (Driver Output $V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}, V_{DOUT} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ 2.100 **I**DOUT Pin) $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{DOUT} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ 3.300 $V_{DD} = 1 \text{ V}, V_{DOUT} = 0.9 \text{ V}$ 6 Pch $V_{DD} = 3 \text{ V}, V_{DOUT} = 2.9 \text{ V}$ V<sub>SENSE</sub> = 6 V 30 μΑ (R3118xxxxC) $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{DOUT} = 4.9 \text{ V}$ 45 Nch Driver $V_{SENSE} = 6 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 6 \text{ V}, V_{DOUT} = 6 \text{ V}$ Leakage Current 80 nΑ **I**LEAK (R3118xxxxA) Vsense = 6 V, VDD = 1 V, VCD = 0.4 V 2.200 6.200 CD pin Discharge Tr. Vsense = 6 V, VDD = 3 V, VCD = 0.4 V 0.400 1.250 kΩ RDIS On Resistance $V_{SENSE} = 6 \text{ V}, V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ 0.250 0.800

<sup>(1) -</sup>V<sub>DET</sub> s: Set Detector Threshold

<sup>(2)</sup> Consumption current through SENSE pin is not included.

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# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

 $V_{DD} = 1 \text{ V}$  to 6 V, unless otherwise specified. The specifications surrounded by \_\_\_\_\_ are guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Ta} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

#### R3118xxxxA/C Electrical Characteristics

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
treset	Detect Output Delay Time <sup>(1)</sup>	Ta = 25°C		80		μS
<b>+</b>	Release Output	Ta = 25°C	70	100	130	mo
<b>t</b> DELAY	Delay Time <sup>(2)</sup>	-40°C ≤ Ta ≤ 85°C	65	100	145	ms

All of unit are tested and specified under load conditions such that  $Tj \approx Ta = 25$ °C except for Detector Output Delay Time and Release Output Delay Time.

<sup>(1)</sup> **R3118xxxxC:** In the case that a 0.022 μF capacitor is connected to the CD pin, the time interval from forcing pulsive voltage between  $-V_{DET\_S} \times 1.155$  V and  $-V_{DET\_S} \times 0.9$  V to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage of the DOUT pin will reach from "H" to  $V_{DD}/2$ .

**R3118xxxxA:** In the case that a 0.022 μF capacitor is connected to the CD pin and the DOUT pin is pulled up to 5 V with 470 kΩ, the time interval from forcing pulsive voltage between  $-V_{DET\_S} \times 1.155$  V and  $-V_{DET\_S} \times 0.9$  V to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage reaches from "H" to 2.5V.

<sup>(2)</sup> R3118xxxxC: In the case that a 0.022 μF capacitor is connected to the CD pin, the time interval from forcing pulsive voltage between -V<sub>DET\_S</sub>×0.9 V and -V<sub>DET\_S</sub>×1.155 V to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage of the DOUT pin will reach from "L" to  $V_{DD}/2$ .

**R3118xxxxA:** In the case that a 0.022 μF capacitor is connected to the CD pin and the DOUT pin is pulled up to 5 V with 470 kΩ, the time interval from forcing pulsive voltage between -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> ×0.9 V and -V<sub>DET\_S</sub> x1.155 V to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage reaches from "L" to 2.5 V.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**

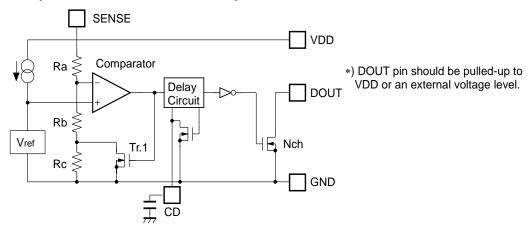
The specifications surrounded by  $\square$  are guaranteed by design engineering at  $-40^{\circ}$ C  $\leq$  Ta  $\leq$  85°C.

# R3118xxxxA/C

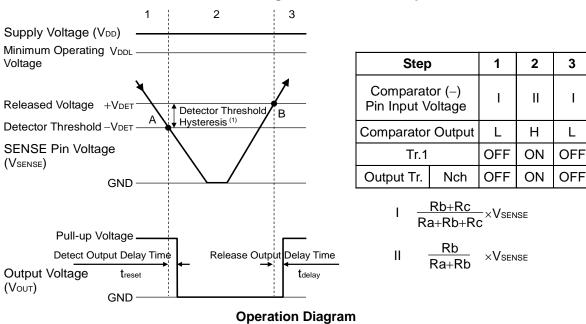
Product -V <sub>DET</sub> [V]				-V <sub>HYS</sub> [V]								
Name	Ta = 25°C -40°C ≤ Ta ≤					85°C	Ta = 25°C $-40$ °C $\leq$ Ta $\leq$ 85°				85°C	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
R3118x06xx	0.5775	0.6000	0.6225	0.5625	0.6000	0.6375	0.0240	0.0330	0.0420	0.0210	0.0330	0.0450
R3118x07xx	0.6775	0.7000	0.7225	0.6625	0.7000	0.7375	0.0280	0.0385	0.0490	0.0245	0.0385	0.0525
R3118x08xx	0.7775	0.8000	0.8225	0.7625	0.8000	0.8375	0.0320	0.0440	0.0560	0.0280	0.0440	0.0600
R3118x09xx	0.8775	0.9000	0.9225	0.8625	0.9000	0.9375	0.0360	0.0495	0.0630	0.0315	0.0495	0.0675
R3118x10xx	0.9775	1.0000	1.0225	0.9625	1.0000	1.0375	0.0400	0.0550	0.0700	0.0350	0.0550	0.0750
R3118x11xx	1.0775	1.1000	1.1225	1.0625	1.1000	1.1375	0.0440	0.0605	0.0770	0.0385	0.0605	0.0825
R3118x12xx	1.1775	1.2000	1.2225	1.1625	1.2000	1.2375	0.0480	0.0660	0.0840	0.0420	0.0660	0.0900
R3118x13xx	1.2775	1.3000	1.3225	1.2625	1.3000	1.3375	0.0520	0.0715	0.0910	0.0455	0.0715	0.0975
R3118x14xx	1.3775	1.4000	1.4225	1.3625	1.4000	1.4375	0.0560	0.0770	0.0980	0.0490	0.0770	0.1050
R3118x15xx	1.4775	1.5000	1.5225	1.4625	1.5000	1.5375	0.0600	0.0825	0.1050	0.0525	0.0825	0.1125
R3118x16xx	1.5760	1.6000	1.6240	1.5600	1.6000	1.6400	0.0640	0.0880	0.1120	0.0560	0.0880	0.1200
R3118x17xx	1.6745	1.7000	1.7255	1.6575	1.7000	1.7425	0.0680	0.0935	0.1190	0.0595	0.0935	0.1275
R3118x18xx	1.7730	1.8000	1.8270	1.7550	1.8000	1.8450	0.0720	0.0990	0.1260	0.0630	0.0990	0.1350
R3118x19xx	1.8715	1.9000	1.9285	1.8525	1.9000	1.9475	0.0760	0.1045	0.1330	0.0665	0.1045	0.1425
R3118x20xx	1.9700	2.0000	2.0300	1.9500	2.0000	2.0500	0.0800	0.1100	0.1400	0.0700	0.1100	0.1500
R3118x21xx	2.0685	2.1000	2.1315	2.0475	2.1000	2.1525	0.0840	0.1155	0.1470	0.0735	0.1155	0.1575
R3118x22xx	2.1670	2.2000	2.2330	2.1450	2.2000	2.2550	0.0880	0.1210	0.1540	0.0770	0.1210	0.1650
R3118x23xx	2.2655	2.3000	2.3345	2.2425	2.3000	2.3575	0.0920	0.1265	0.1610	0.0805	0.1265	0.1725
R3118x24xx	2.3640	2.4000	2.4360	2.3400	2.4000	2.4600	0.0960	0.1320	0.1680	0.0840	0.1320	0.1800
R3118x25xx	2.4625	2.5000	2.5375	2.4375	2.5000	2.5625	0.1000	0.1375	0.1750	0.0875	0.1375	0.1875
R3118x26xx	2.5610	2.6000	2.6390	2.5350	2.6000	2.6650	0.1040	0.1430	0.1820	0.0910	0.1430	0.1950
R3118x271x	2.6595	2.7000	2.7405	2.6325	2.7000	2.7675	0.1080	0.1485	0.1890	0.0945	0.1485	0.2025
R3118x28xx	2.7580	2.8000	2.8420	2.7300	2.8000	2.8700	0.1120	0.1540	0.1960	0.0980	0.1540	0.2100
R3118x29xx	2.8565	2.9000	2.9435	2.8275	2.9000	2.9725	0.1160	0.1595	0.2030	0.1015	0.1595	0.2175
R3118x30xx	2.9550	3.0000	3.0450	2.9250	3.0000	3.0750	0.1200	0.1650	0.2100	0.1050	0.1650	0.2250
R3118x31xx	3.0535	3.1000	3.1465	3.0225	3.1000	3.1775	0.1240	0.1705	0.2170	0.1085	0.1705	0.2325
R3118x32xx	3.1520	3.2000	3.2480	3.1200	3.2000	3.2800	0.1280	0.1760	0.2240	0.1120	0.1760	0.2400
R3118x33xx	3.2505	3.3000	3.3495	3.2175	3.3000	3.3825	0.1320	0.1815	0.2310	0.1155	0.1815	0.2475
R3118x34xx	3.3490	3.4000	3.4510	3.3150	3.4000	3.4850	0.1360	0.1870	0.2380	0.1190	0.1870	0.2550
R3118x35xx	3.4475	3.5000	3.5525	3.4125	3.5000	3.5875	0.1400	0.1925	0.2450	0.1225	0.1925	0.2625
R3118x36xx	3.5460	3.6000	3.6540	3.5100	3.6000	3.6900	0.1440	0.1980	0.2520	0.1260	0.1980	0.2700
R3118x37xx	3.6445	3.7000	3.7555	3.6075	3.7000	3.7925	0.1480	0.2035	0.2590	0.1295	0.2035	0.2775
R3118x38xx	3.7430	3.8000	3.8570	3.7050	3.8000	3.8950	0.1520	0.2090	0.2660	0.1330	0.2090	0.2850
R3118x39xx	3.8415	3.9000	3.9585	3.8025	3.9000	3.9975	0.1560	0.2145	0.2730	0.1365	0.2145	0.2925
R3118x40xx	3.9400	4.0000	4.0600	3.9000	4.0000	4.1000	0.1600	0.2200	0.2800	0.1400	0.2200	0.3000
R3118x41xx	4.0385	4.1000	4.1615	3.9975	4.1000	4.2025	0.1640	0.2255	0.2870	0.1435	0.2255	0.3075
R3118x42xx	4.1370	4.2000	4.2630	4.0950	4.2000	4.3050	0.1680	0.2310	0.2940	0.1470	0.2310	0.3150
R3118x43xx	4.2355	4.3000	4.3645	4.1925	4.3000	4.4075	0.1720	0.2365	0.3010	0.1505	0.2365	0.3225
R3118x44xx	4.3340	4.4000	4.4660	4.2900	4.4000	4.5100	0.1760	0.2420	0.3080	0.1540	0.2420	0.3300
R3118x45xx	4.4325	4.5000	4.5675	4.3875	4.5000	4.6125	0.1800	0.2475	0.3150	0.1575	0.2475	0.3375
R3118x46xx	4.5310	4.6000	4.6690	4.4850	4.6000	4.7150	0.1840	0.2530	0.3220	0.1610	0.2530	0.3450
R3118x47xx	4.6295	4.7000	4.7705	4.5825	4.7000	4.8175	0.1880	0.2585	0.3290	0.1645	0.2585	0.3525
R3118x48xx	4.7280	4.8000	4.8720	4.6800	4.8000	4.9200	0.1920	0.2640	0.3360	0.1680	0.2640	0.3600
R3118x49xx	4.8265	4.9000	4.9735	4.7775	4.9000	5.0225	0.1960	0.2695	0.3430	0.1715	0.2695	0.3675
R3118x50xx	4.9250	5.0000	5.0750	4.8750	5.0000	5.1250	0.2000	0.2750	0.3500	0.1750	0.2750	0.3750

#### THEORY OF OPERATION

#### R3118xxxxA (Nch. OPEN-DRAIN OUTPUT)



#### R3118xxxxA Block Diagram with External Capacitor

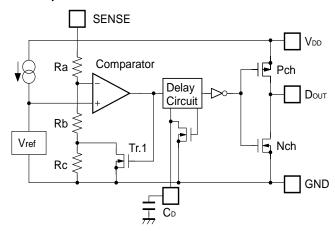


Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage.

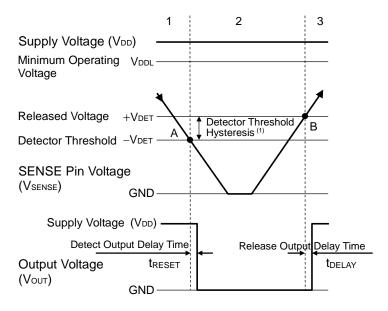
- Step 2. At Point "A", V<sub>REF</sub> ≤ V<sub>SENSE</sub> x (Rb+Rc)/(Ra+Rb+Rc) is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", therefore the output voltage becomes the GND level. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage (-V<sub>DET</sub>). (When the supply voltage is lower than the minimum operating voltage, the operation of the output transistor becomes indefinite. The output voltage is equal to the GND level.)
- Step 3. At Point "B", V<sub>REF</sub> ≤ V<sub>SENSE</sub> x Rb/(Ra+Rb) is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", then the output voltage is equal to the pull-up voltage. The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage (+V<sub>DET</sub>).

<sup>(1)</sup> The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

## R3118xxxxC (CMOS OUTPUT)



#### R3118xxxC Block Diagram with External Capacitor



Step	)	1	2	3
Comparat Pin Input V	ı	II	_	
Comparator	Output	L	Н	L
Tr.1		OFF	ON	OFF
Output Tr.		ON	OFF	ON
Output 11.	Nch	OFF	ON	OFF

I 
$$\frac{Rb+Rc}{Ra+Rb+Rc} \times V_{SENSE}$$
II  $\frac{Rb}{Ra+Rb} \times V_{SENSE}$ 

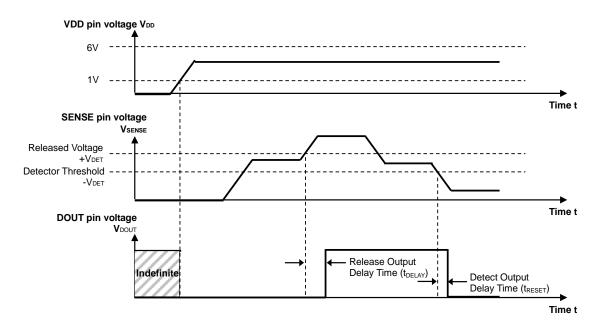
#### **Operation Diagram**

- Step 1. The output voltage is equal to the supply voltage (V<sub>DD</sub>).
- Step 2. At Point "A", V<sub>REF</sub> ≥ V<sub>SENSE</sub> × (Rb+Rc)/(Ra+Rb+Rc) is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "L" to "H", therefore the output voltage becomes the GND level. The voltage level of Point A means a detector threshold voltage (-V<sub>DET</sub>). (When the supply voltage is lower than the minimum operating voltage, the operation of the output transistor becomes indefinite. The output voltage is equal to the GND level.)
- Step 3. At Point "B", V<sub>REF</sub> ≤ V<sub>SENSE</sub> × Rb/(Ra+Rb) is true, as a result, the output of comparator is reversed from "H" to "L", then the output voltage is equal to the supply voltage (V<sub>DD</sub>). The voltage level of Point B means a released voltage (+V<sub>DET</sub>).

<sup>(1)</sup> The difference between a released voltage and a detector threshold voltage is a detector threshold hysteresis.

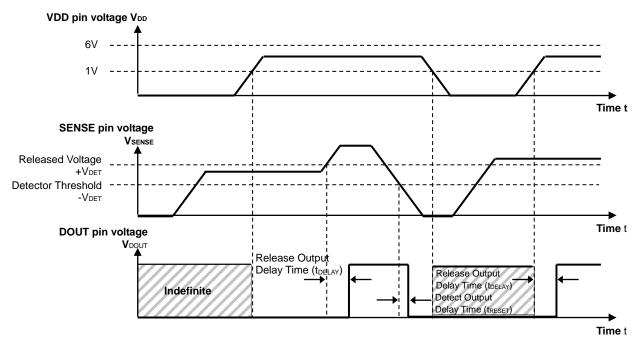
No. EA-242-180420

#### WHEN POWER TO SENSE PIN TURNING-ON AFTER VDD PIN'S POWER-ON



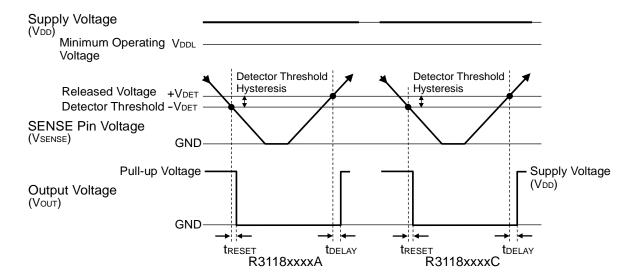
If a voltage is applied to SENSE pin after a power (in the range from 1 V to 6 V) is applied to VDD pin, DOUT pin becomes "L" when the SENSE pin voltage is less than released voltage  $+V_{DET}$ , and DOUT pin becomes "H" when the SENSE pin voltage is equal or more than the released voltage  $+V_{DET}$ .

#### WHEN POWER TO VDD PIN TURNING-ON AFTER SENSE PIN'S POWER-ON



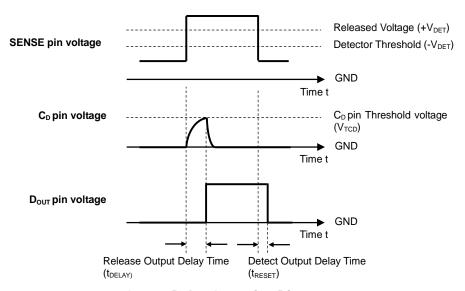
In the case of the SENSE pin voltage is less than released voltage  $+V_{DET}$ , when the  $V_{DD}$  pin voltage becomes to 1 V or more, "L" output of  $D_{OUT}$  is determined. In case of the SENSE pin voltage is equal or more than the released voltage  $+V_{DET}$ , when the  $V_{DD}$  pin voltage becomes to 1 V or more, "H" output of  $D_{OUT}$  is determined. If the turn on speed of the supply voltage of the VDD pin up to 1 V is slower than the1 V/s, connect 0.001  $\mu$ F or more capacitor to CD pin, otherwise, the output of DOUT pin may indefinite.

## **TIMING CHART**



No. EA-242-180420

#### **OUTPUT DELAY OPERATION**



**Output Delay Operation Diagram** 

A higher voltage than the released voltage is forced to the SENSE pin, charge to the capacitor connected to CD pin is started, then the CD pin voltage increases. Until CD pin voltage reaches to CD pin threshold voltage, the output of DOUT pin voltage keeps "L", then when CD pin voltage is higher than CD pin threshold voltage, the DOUT pin voltage changes from "L" to "H". The released output delay time means the time interval from when the released voltage threshold or more voltage level is forced to SENSE pin to when DOUT voltage changes from "L" to "H".

When the voltage of DOUT pin reverses from "L" to "H", the discharge of the external capacitor connected to CD pin starts. Therefore, the time interval from when the voltage lower than the detector threshold is forced to SENSE pin, to when the output voltage reverses from "H" to "L", or detector output delay time is constant and independent from the external capacitance value. However, after the DOUT pin voltage reverses from "L" to "H", if a voltage lower than the detector threshold is forced to SENSE pin before the capacitor connected to CD pin is discharged, delay time will increase. The time interval ( $t_{DIS}$ ) from when the capacitor connected to CD pin is discharged completely to when the capacitor is charged to a certain CD pin voltage (described as  $V_{CD}$ ) herein) can be calculated by power supply voltage ( $V_{DD}$ ), external capacitance ( $C_{DIS}$ ), on resistance of the CD pin discharge transistor ( $R_{DIS}$ ) as in the next formula:

$$t_{DIS} = -R_{DIS} \times C_D \times In(V_{CD} / (V_{DD} \times 0.45))$$

#### **RELEASED OUTPUT DELAY TIME**

The release output delay time ( $t_{DELAY}$ ) can be calculated as in the next formula with an external capacitance value ( $C_D$ ):

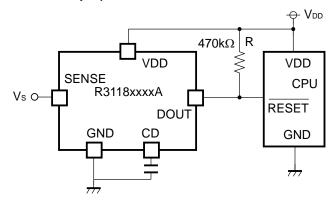
$$t_{DELAY}(s) = 4.545 \times 106 \times C_D(F)$$

During the released delay operation, only a small current will charge the external capacitor connected to CD pin. If the leakage current between CD pin and GND is large, the released delay time may increase or the detector may not be released. And, if the VDD pin voltage varies, the released output delay time will be also shift.

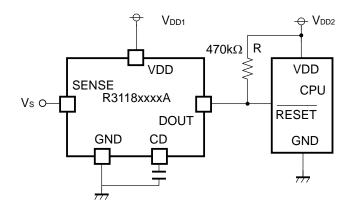
# **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

#### **TYPICAL APPLICATION**

R3118xxxxA (Nch. Open-drain Output) CPU Reset Circuit

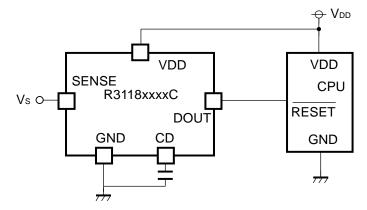


When using a shared input voltage between R3118x and CPU



When using different input voltages between R3118x and CPU

### R3118xxxxC (CMOS Output) CPU Reset Circuit



No. EA-242-180420

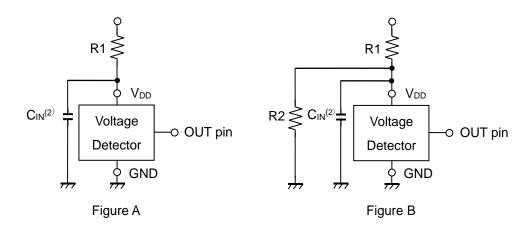
# **TECHNICAL NOTES**

#### WHEN CONNECTING RESISTORS TO THE DEVICE'S INPUT PIN

When connecting a resistor (R1) to an input of this device, the input voltage decreases by [Device's Consumption Current] x [Resistance Value] only. And, the cross conduction current<sup>(1)</sup>, which occurs when changing from the detecting state to the release state, is decreased the input voltage by [Cross Conduction Current] x [Resistance Value] only. And then, this device will enter the re-detecting state if the input voltage reduction is larger than the difference between the detector voltage and the released voltage.

When the input resistance value is large and the VDD is gone up at mildly in the vicinity of the released voltage, repeating the above operation may result in the occurrence of output.

As shown in Figure A/B, set R1 to become 100 k $\Omega$  or less as a guide, and connect  $C_{\text{IN}}^{(2)}$  of 0.1  $\mu$ F and more to between the input pin and GND. Besides, make evaluations including temperature properties under the actual usage condition, with using the evaluation board like this way. As result, make sure that the cross conduction current has no problem.



. .

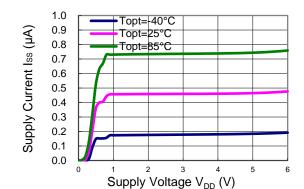
<sup>(1)</sup> In the CMOS output type, a charging current for OUT pin is included.

<sup>(2)</sup> Note the bias dependence of capacitors.

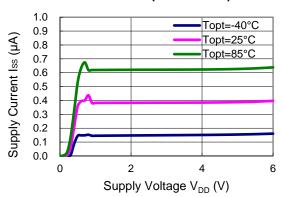
# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Note: Typical Characteristics are intended to be used as reference data; they are not guaranteed.

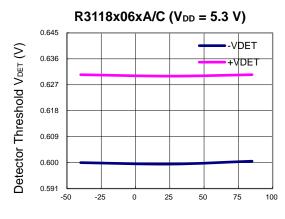
### 1) Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage R3118xxxxA/C (V<sub>SENSE</sub> = 0 V)



### R3118xxxxA/C (V<sub>SENSE</sub> = 6 V)

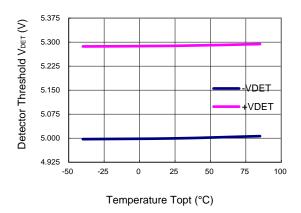


## 2) Detector Threshold vs. Temperature

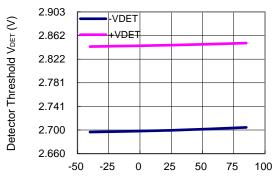


Temperature Topt (°C)

# $R3118x50xA/C (V_{DD} = 5.3 V)$



## $R3118x27xA/C (V_{DD} = 5.3 V)$

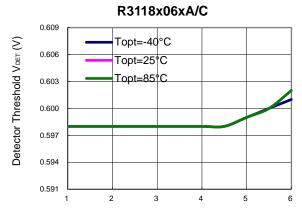


Temperature Topt (°C)

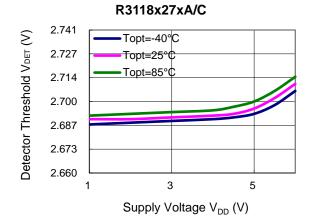
### R3118x

No. EA-242-180420

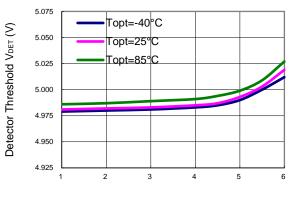
### 3) Detector Threshold vs. Supply Voltage



Supply Voltage  $V_{\rm DD}$  (V)



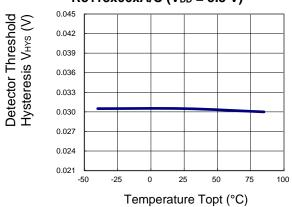




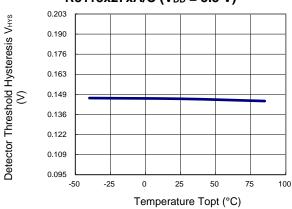
Supply Voltage  $V_{DD}(V)$ 

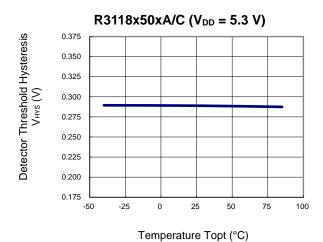
### 4) Hysteresis vs. Temperature



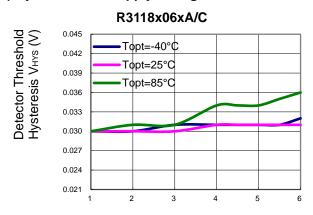


### $R3118x27xA/C (V_{DD} = 5.3 V)$



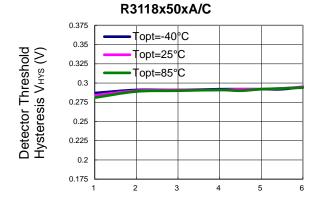


# 5) Hysteresis vs. Supply Voltage

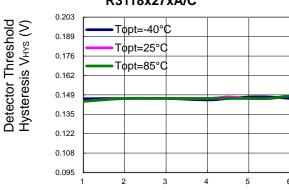




Supply Voltage V<sub>DD</sub> (V)

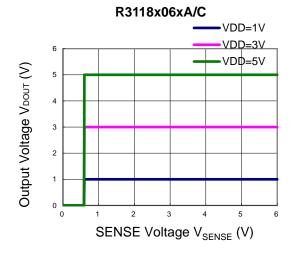


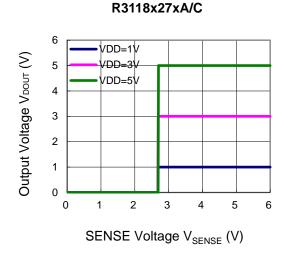
R3118x27xA/C

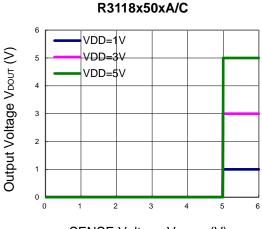


Supply Voltage V<sub>DD</sub> (V)

6) Output Voltage vs. SENSE Voltage (DOUT pin is pulled up to VDD pin via  $470 \text{ k}\Omega$ )

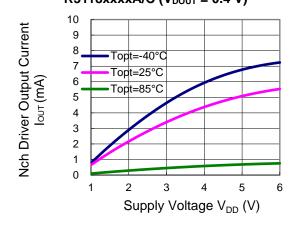




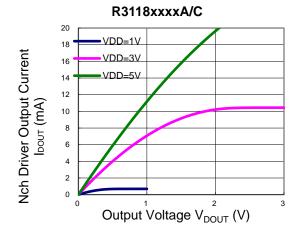


SENSE Voltage V<sub>SENSE</sub> (V)

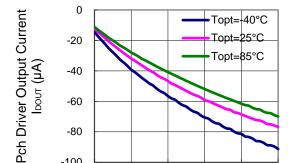
7) Nch. Driver Output Current vs. Supply Voltage R3118xxxxA/C ( $V_{DOUT} = 0.4 V$ )



8) Nch. Driver Output Current vs. Output Voltage



# 9) Pch. Driver Output Current vs. Supply Voltage



2

-100

R3118xxxxA/C ( $V_{DOUT} = V_{DD} - 0.1 V$ )

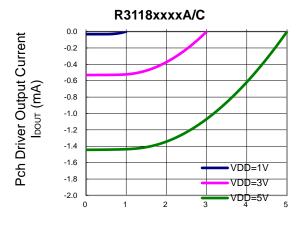
Supply Voltage V<sub>DD</sub> (V)

5

6

3

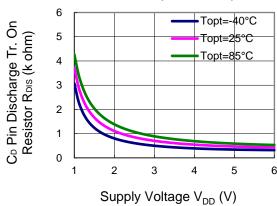
### 10) Pch Driver Output current vs. Output voltage



Output Voltage V<sub>DOUT</sub> (V)

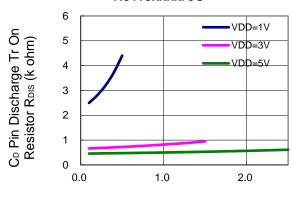
## 11) CD pin Discharge Tr. On Resistance vs. Supply Voltage





### 12) CD pin Discharge Transistor On Resistance vs. CD pin Voltage

#### R3118xxxxA/C



CD Pin Voltage  $V_{CD}$  (V)

95 85 75

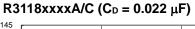
-50

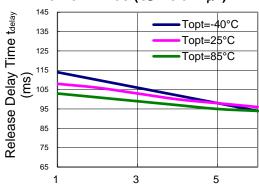
# 13) Release Output Delay Time vs. Temperature

R3118xxxxA/C ( $V_{DD} = 4 V$ ,  $C_D = 0.022 \mu F$ ) Release Delay Time 135 125 115 105

Temperature Topt (°C)

# 14) Release Output Delay Time vs. Supply Voltage

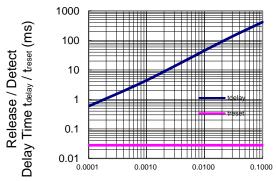




Supply Voltage  $V_{DD}$  (V)

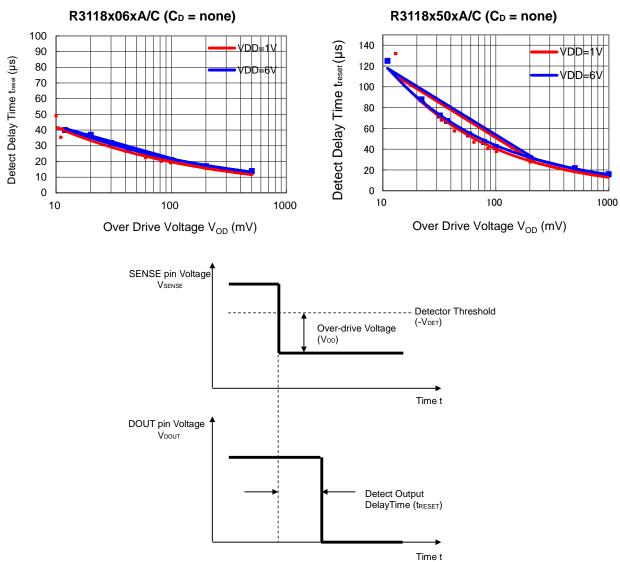
## 15) Detect Output Delay Time/Release Output Delay Time vs. CD pin External Capacitance

## R3118xxxxA/C $(V_{DD} = 4 V)$



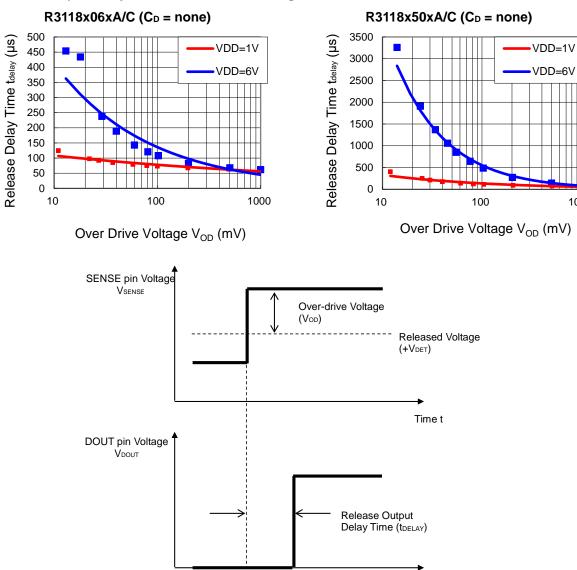
External Capacitance  $C_D$  ( $\mu F$ )

# 16) Detect Output Delay time vs. Over-drive Voltage



Note: The pulse shorter than the detect output delay time cannot be detected, and "L" does not output from DOUT pin.

### 17) Release Output Delay time vs. Over-drive Voltage



1000

#### Notes:

• If the pulse is shorter than the output release delay time, the R3118x cannot be released and "H" does not output from DOUT pin.

Time t

• If the attachment capacitor for CD pin for setting a delay time is too small and the difference between the released voltage threshold and the actual released voltage is too small or the slope for rising voltage of the SENSE pin is too slow, the output delay time tolerance will be worse.

Ex. Attachment capacitor =  $0.0001~\mu F$ , Released voltage threshold = 4.725~V, Actual released voltage = 4.75~V. In this case, the calculated delay time = 0.4545~ms, however, over-drive voltage is only 25~mV. Therefore, the actual delay time will be approximately 2.4545~ms. If the attachment capacitor =  $0.001~\mu F$  and other conditions are same as above, the calculated delay time = 4.545~ms, and the actual delay time will be approximately 6.545~ms. If the attachment capacitor =  $0.01~\mu F$  and other conditions are same as above, the calculated delay time = 45.45~ms, and the actual delay time will be approximately 47.45~ms.

Ver. A

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	φ 0.2 mm × 14 pcs

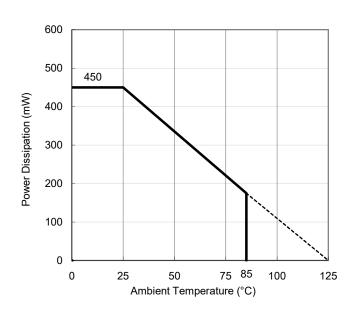
#### **Measurement Result**

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C, Tjmax = 125^{\circ}C)$ 

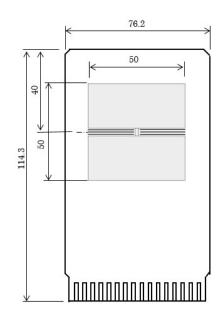
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	450 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 218°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 105°C/W

 $\theta$ ja: Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

ψjt: Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter

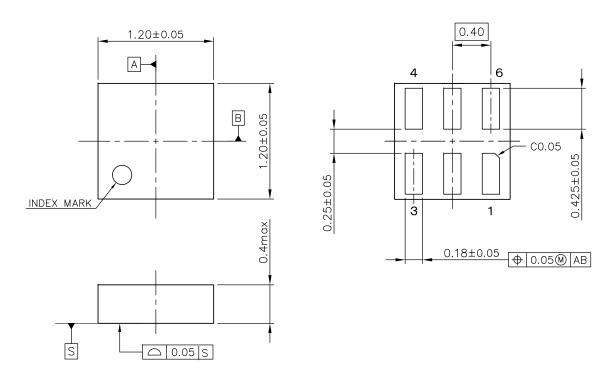


Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



**Measurement Board Pattern** 

Ver. B



UNIT: mm

**DFN(PLP)1212-6 Package Dimensions** 

Ver P

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following conditions are used in this measurement.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

Item	Standard Test Land Pattern
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Double-Sided Board)
Board Dimensions	40 mm × 40 mm × 1.6 mm
Copper Ratio	Top Side: Approx. 50%
Copper Ivalio	Bottom Side: Approx. 50%
Through-holes	φ 0.5 mm × 44 pcs

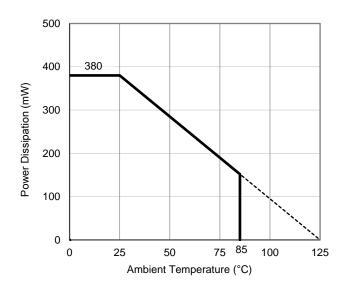
#### **Measurement Result**

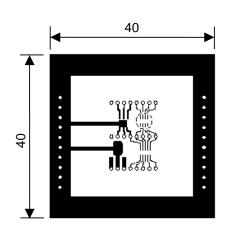
 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C, Tjmax = 125^{\circ}C)$ 

Item	Standard Test Land Pattern
Power Dissipation	380 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 263°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 75°C/W

 $\theta$ ja: Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

ψjt: Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter



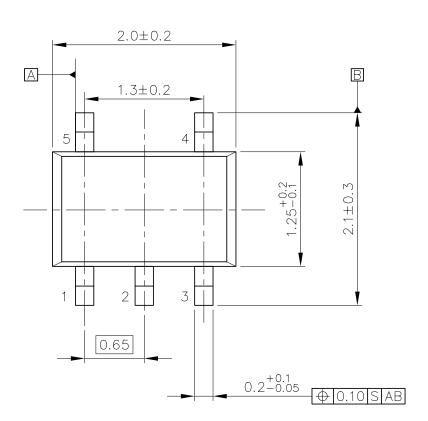


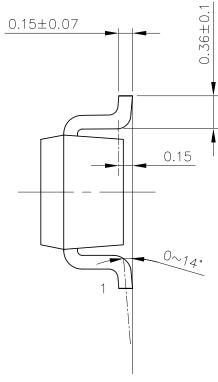
Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

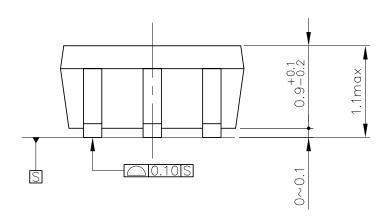
**Measurement Board Pattern** 

i

Ver. A







UNIT: mm

**SC-88A Package Dimensions** 

Ver A

The power dissipation of the package is dependent on PCB material, layout, and environmental conditions. The following measurement conditions are based on JEDEC STD. 51-7.

#### **Measurement Conditions**

Item	Measurement Conditions
Environment	Mounting on Board (Wind Velocity = 0 m/s)
Board Material	Glass Cloth Epoxy Plastic (Four-Layer Board)
Board Dimensions	76.2 mm × 114.3 mm × 0.8 mm
Copper Ratio	Outer Layer (First Layer): Less than 95% of 50 mm Square Inner Layers (Second and Third Layers): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square Outer Layer (Fourth Layer): Approx. 100% of 50 mm Square
Through-holes	φ 0.3 mm × 7 pcs

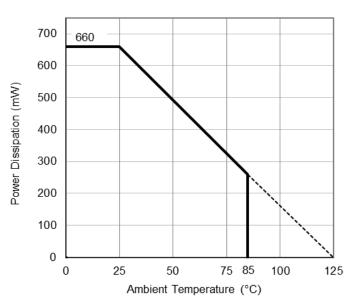
#### **Measurement Result**

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C, Tjmax = 125^{\circ}C)$ 

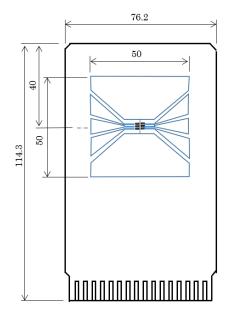
Item	Measurement Result
Power Dissipation	660 mW
Thermal Resistance (θja)	θja = 150°C/W
Thermal Characterization Parameter (ψjt)	ψjt = 51°C/W

 $\theta$ ja: Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

ψjt: Junction-to-Top Thermal Characterization Parameter

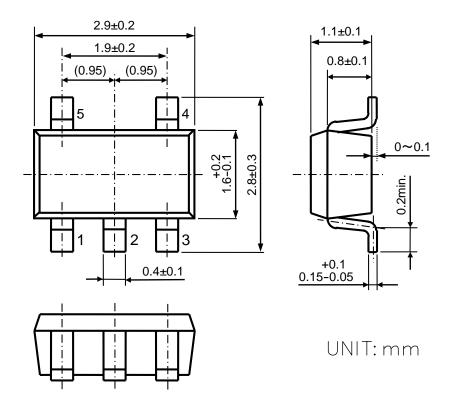


**Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature** 



**Measurement Board Pattern** 

Ver. A



**SOT-23-5 Package Dimensions** 



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- 7. Anti-radiation design is not implemented in the products described in this document.
- 8. The X-ray exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products. Confirm the product functions and characteristics in the evaluation stage.
- 9. WLCSP products should be used in light shielded environments. The light exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products under operation or storage.
- 10. There can be variation in the marking when different AOI (Automated Optical Inspection) equipment is used. In the case of recognizing the marking characteristic with AOI, please contact Ricoh sales or our distributor before attempting
- 11. Please contact Ricoh sales representatives should you have any questions or comments concerning the products or the technical information.



Ricoh is committed to reducing the environmental loading materials in electrical devices with a view to contributing to the protection of human health and the environment.

Halogen Free

Ricoh has been providing RoHS compliant products since April 1, 2006 and Halogen-free products since April 1, 2012.

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#### https://www.e-devices.ricoh.co.jp/en/

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