

WP154A4SUREQBFZGW

T-1 3/4 (5mm) Full Color LED Lamp



DESCRIPTIONS

- The Hyper Red source color devices are made with AIGaInP on GaAs substrate Light Emitting Diode
- The Blue source color devices are made with InGaN Light Emitting Diode
- The Green source color devices are made with InGaN on Sapphire Light Emitting Diode
- · Electrostatic discharge and power surge could damage the LEDs
- · It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LEDs
- · All devices, equipments and machineries must be electrically grounded

FEATURES

- Uniform light output
- Low power consumption
- · Long life-solid state reliability
- · RoHS compliant

APPLICATIONS

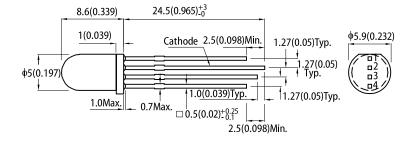
- Status indicator
- Illuminator
- Signage applications
- · Decorative and entertainment lighting
- · Commercial and residential architectural lighting

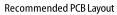
ATTENTION

Observe precautions for handling electrostatic discharge sensitive devices



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS









Notes

- All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
 Tolerance is ±0.25(0.01") unless otherwise noted.
- Lead spacing is measured where the leads emerge from the package.
 The specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the datasheet are subject to change without prior notice

SELECTION GUIDE

Part Number	Emitting Color (Material)	Lens Type	lv (mcd) @ 20mA ^[2]		Viewing Angle ^[1]
			Min.	Тур.	201/2
WP154A4SUREQBFZGW	Hyper Red (AlGaInP)	White Diffused	400	1000	
			*120	*250	
	Blue (InGaN)		300	500	60°
			*300	*500	60
	Green (InGaN)		600	1300	
			*600	*1300	

Notes

- 1. 01/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 of the optical peak value.
 2. Luminous intensity / luminous flux: +/-15%.
 * Luminous intensity value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.

ELECTRICAL / OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS at T_A=25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Ensitting Oplan	Value		l la it	
Parameter	Symbol	Emitting Color	Тур.	Max.	Unit Max.	
Wavelength at Peak Emission $I_F = 20 \text{mA}$	λ_{peak}	Hyper Red Blue Green	645 460 515	-	nm	
Dominant Wavelength I _F = 20mA	λ _{dom} ^[1]	Hyper Red Blue Green	630 465 525	-	nm	
Spectral Bandwidth at 50% Φ REL MAX I _F = 20mA	Δλ	Hyper Red Blue Green	25 25 30	-	nm	
Capacitance	С	Hyper Red Blue Green	45 100 45	-	pF	
Forward Voltage I _F = 20mA	V _F ^[2]	Hyper Red Blue Green	1.9 3.3 3.3	2.5 4 4.1	V	
Reverse Current (V _R = 5V)	I _R	Hyper Red Blue Green	-	10 50 50	uA	

Notes:

1. The dominant wavelength (λd) above is the setup value of the sorting machine. (Tolerance λd : ±1nm.) 2. Forward voltage: ±0.1V.

Provaria voirage: 50.17.
 Wavelength value is traceable to CIE127-2007 standards.
 Excess driving current and / or operating temperature higher than recommended conditions may result in severe light degradation or premature failure.

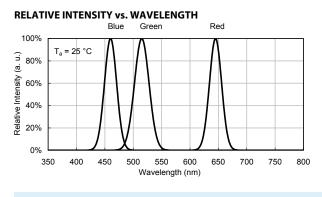
	Symbol	Value			
Parameter		Hyper Red	Blue	Green	Unit
Power Dissipation	P _D	75	120	102.5	mW
Reverse Voltage	V _R	5	5	5	V
Junction Temperature	Tj	115	115	115	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{op}		°C		
Storage Temperature	Storage Temperature T _{stg} -40 to +85				°C
DC Forward Current	l _F	30	30	25	mA
Peak Forward Current	I _{FM} ^[1]	200	150	150	mA
Electrostatic Discharge Threshold (HBM)	-	3000	250	450	V
Lead Solder Temperature [2]		260°C For 3 Seconds			
Lead Solder Temperature ^[3]		260°C For 5 Seconds			

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS at T_A=25°C

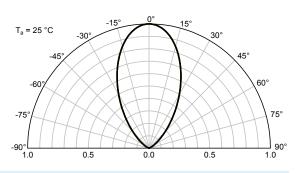
Notes: 1. 1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width. 2. 2mm below package base. 3. 5mm below package base. 4. Relative humidity levels maintained between 40% and 60% in production area are recommended to avoid the build-up of static electricity – Ref JEDEC/JESD625-A and JEDEC/J-STD-033.

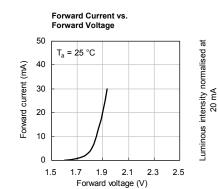
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TECHNICAL DATA

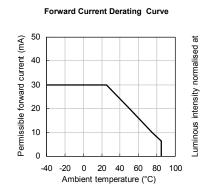


SPATIAL DISTRIBUTION

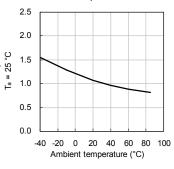


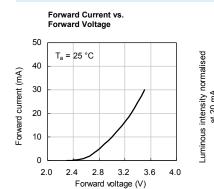


HYPER RED



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature





50

40

20

10

0 2.0

Forward current (mA) 30 Luminous Intensity vs.

Forward current (mA)

Luminous Intensity vs.

Forward Current

T_a = 25 °C

2.5

2.0

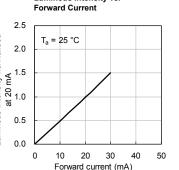
1.5

1.0

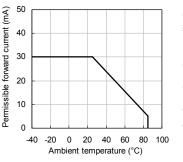
0.5

0.0

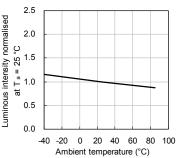
0 10 20 30 40 50



Forward Current Derating Curve



Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature



GREEN

50

40

30

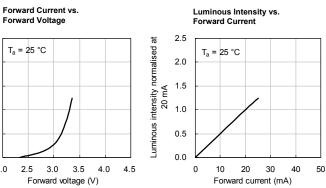
20

10

0

Permissible forward current (mA)

BLUE

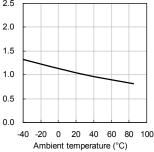


Forward Current Derating Curve

Ambient temperature (°C)

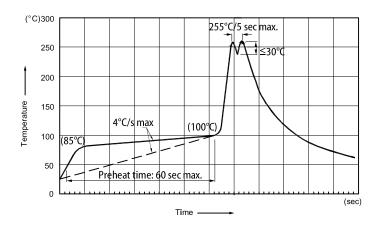
Luminous intensity normalised at $T_a = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ 2.5 -40 -20 0 20 40 60 80 100

Luminous Intensity vs. Ambient Temperature



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RECOMMENDED WAVE SOLDERING PROFILE





- Recommend pre-heat temperature of 105°C or less (as measured with a thermocouple attached to the LED pins) prior to immersion in the solder wave with a maximum solder bath temperature of 260°C.
- Peak wave soldering temperature between 245°C ~ 255°C for 3 sec (5 sec max).
 Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C.
- Do not apply stress to the epoxy resin while the temperature is above 85°C.
 Fixtures should not incur stress on the component when mounting and during soldering process.
- 5. SAC 305 solder alloy is recommended.
- 6. No more than one wave soldering pass

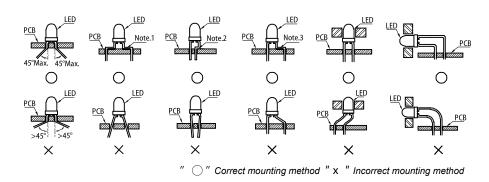
PRECAUTIONS

Storage conditions

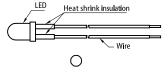
- 1. Avoid continued exposure to the condensing moisture environment and keep the product away from rapid transitions in ambient temperature.
- 2. LEDs should be stored with temperature $\leq 30^{\circ}$ C and relative humidity $< 60^{\circ}$.
- Product in the original sealed package is recommended to be assembled within 72 hours of opening.
 Product in opened package for more than a week should be baked for 30 (+10/-0) hours at 85 ~ 100°C.

LED Mounting Method

 The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures. Note 1-3: Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadtrame and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.



2. When soldering wires to the LED, each wire joint should be separately insulated with heat-shrink tube to prevent short-circuit contact. Do not bundle both wires in one heat shrink tube to avoid pinching the LED leads. Pinching stress on the LED leads may damage the internal structures and cause failure.

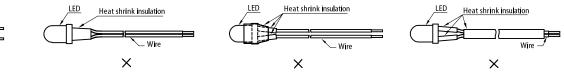


Spacer

LED

(Fig. 1)

Stand-of



- 3. Use stand-offs (Fig. 1) or spacers (Fig. 2) to securely position the LED above the PCB.
- 4. Maintain a minimum of 3mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend (*Fig. 3 , Fig. 4*).
- 5. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (*Fig.* 5)

LED

PCB

(Fig. 2)

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Lead Forming Procedures

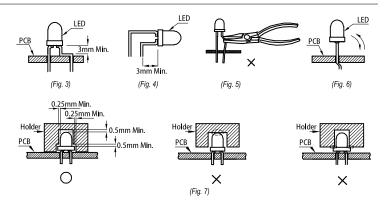
1. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 6)

PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS

- 2. During soldering, component covers and holders should leave clearance to avoid placing damaging stress on the LED during soldering. (Fig. 7)
- 3. The tip of the soldering iron should never touch the lens epoxy.
- 4. Through-hole LEDs are incompatible with reflow soldering.
- 5. If the LED will undergo multiple soldering passes or face other processes where the part may be subjected to intense heat, please check with Kingbright for compatibility.

XXXXXXXXXX-XXXX

1 RoHS Complian



Label Outside Label Kingbright Kingbright 500pcs / Bag 10K / 5# Box 20K / 9# Box

PRECAUTIONARY NOTES

(1P) MFG P/N: XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

> DE: XXXX (4L) COO: XX

TY: **XXXXXXXXXXX-XXXX**

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