

Key Features

- RoHS lead free and lead-solder-exempt products
 are available
- Wide operating temperature range: 0 to 70 °C;
- optional to a range of -40 to 85 °C
- High efficiency synchronous buck topology
- Low noise fixed frequency operation
- Wide input voltage range: 4.5 V-13.8 V
- High continuous output current: 10 A
- Programmable output voltage range: 0.59 V–5.1 V
- Overcurrent, and output overvoltage protections with automatic restart
- Enable input
- Start up into prebiased load
- No minimum load requirements
- High MTBF of 67 million hours
- Industry standard size through-hole single-in-line package and pinout: 0.41 x 0.65 x 0.40 inches (10.4 x 16.51 x 10.16 mm)
- UL94 V-0 flammability rating
- Approved to the latest edition and amendment of ITE Safety standards, UL/CSA 60950-1 and IEC60950-1

YEV09T10 10 A DC-DC POL Converter 4.5 - 13.8 V Input; 0.59 - 5.1 V Output

Bel Power Solutions point-of-load converters are recommended for use with regulated bus converters in an Intermediate Bus Architecture (IBA). The YEV09T10, non-isolated DC-DC point of load (POL) converter, delivers up to 10A of output current in an industry-standard single-in-line (SIP) through-hole package. The YEV09T10 POL converter is an ideal choice for Intermediate Bus Architectures where point of load conversion is a requirement.

Operating from a 4.5-13.8 V input the POL converter provides an extremely tightly regulated programmable output voltage of 0.59 V to 5.1 V. The POL converter offers exceptional thermal performance, even in high temperature environments with minimal airflow. This performance is accomplished through the use of advanced circuit solutions, packaging and processing techniques. The resulting design possesses ultra-high efficiency, excellent thermal management, and a slim body profile that minimizes impedance to system airflow, thus enhancing cooling for both upstream and downstream devices. The use of automation for assembly, coupled with advanced power electronics and thermal design, results in a product with extremely high reliability.

Applications

- Low voltage, high density systems with Intermediate Bus Architectures (IBA)
- Point-of-load regulators for high performance DSP, FPGA, ASIC, and microprocessors
- Desktops, servers, and portable computing
- Broadband, networking, optical, and communications systems

Benefits

- One part that covers many applications
- Reduces board space, system cost and complexity, and time to market

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1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Stresses in excess of the absolute maximum ratings may cause performance degradation, adversely affect long-term reliability, and cause permanent damage to the converter.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | MAX | UNITS |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|------|-----|-------|
| Input Voltage | Continuous | -0.3 | 15 | VDC |
| Ambient Temperature Range | Operating | 0 | 70 | °C |
| Storage Temperature (Ts) | | -55 | 125 | °C |
| Case Temperature (Tc) | Measured on the inductor L100 | | 125 | °C |

2. ENVIRONMENTAL AND MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
|--------------|---|-----|--------|-----------|-------|
| Weight | | | | 2.5 | grams |
| MTBF | Calculated Per Telcordia Technologies SR-332, Method I Case 1, 50% electrical stress, 40°C ambient temperature | 67 | | | MHrs |
| Lead Plating | YEV09T10-x and YEV09T10-xG | | 100% N | latte Tin | |

3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specifications apply at the input voltage from 4.5V to 13.8V, output load from 0 to 10A, output voltage from 0.59V to 5.1V, 22µF external output capacitor, and ambient temperature from 0°C to 70°C unless otherwise noted.

3.1 INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
|--|---|------------|----------|--------------|-------|
| Input voltage (V _{IN}) | $0.59 V \le V_{OUT} \le 3.63 V$ $3.64 V \le V_{OUT} \le 5.1 V$ | 4.5 6.5 | 12 12 | 13.8 13.8 | VDC |
| Undervoltage Lockout Turn On Threshold | Input Voltage Ramping Up | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.5 | VDC |
| Undervoltage Lockout Turn Off Threshold | Input Voltage Ramping Down | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.3 | VDC |
| Standby Input Current | $V_{IN} = 12$ V, POL is disabled via ON/OFF | | 20 | | mADC |
| Input Reflected Ripple Current Peak-to-Peak | BW = 5 MHz to 20 MHz, $L_{SOURCE} = 1 \mu H$, See Figure 21 for setup | | 60 | | mA |



3.2 OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
|---|---|------|--|----------------|----------------------------|
| Output Voltage Range (Vout) | Programmable with a resistor between TRIM and GND pins | 0.59 | | 5.1 | VDC |
| Output Voltage Setpoint Accuracy, V _{ouT} ≥ 1 V | $V_{IN} = 12 V$, $I_{OUT} = I_{OUT MAX}$, 0.1% trim resistor, room temperature | -1.0 | | 1.0 | %Vout |
| Output Voltage Setpoint Accuracy, V _{OUT} < 1 V | $V_{IN} = 12 V$, $I_{OUT} = I_{OUT MAX}$, 0.1% trim resistor, room temperature | -10 | | 10 | mVDC |
| Line Regulation, $V_{OUT} \ge 2.5 V$ | VIN MIN TO VIN MAX | | | 0.5 | %Vout |
| Load Regulation, $V_{OUT} \ge 2.5 V$ | 0 to Iout max | | | 0.4 | %Vout |
| Line Regulation, $V_{OUT} < 2.5 V$ | V _{IN MIN} to V _{IN MAX} | | | 5 | mVDC |
| Load Regulation, $V_{OUT} < 2.5 V$ | 0 to I _{OUT MAX} | | | 10 | mVDC |
| Output Voltage Regulation | Over operating input voltage, resistive load, and temperature conditions until the end of life | -2.0 | | 2.0 | %V _{OUT} |
| Output Voltage Peak-to-Peak Ripple and Noise, BW = 20 MHz, Full Load | | | 10 15 25 | 25 30 40 | mV mV mV |
| Dynamic Regulation Peak Deviation Settling Time | V _{IN} =12V, 50 - 100% load step, Slew rate 1A/µs, to 10% of peak deviation | | 140 50 | 250 100 | mV μs |
| Efficiency V _{IN} = 12 V Full Load Room temperature | $V_{OUT} = 0.6 V$ $V_{OUT} = 0.8 V$ $V_{OUT} = 1.2 V$ $V_{OUT} = 1.5 V$ $V_{OUT} = 1.8 V$ $V_{OUT} = 2.5 V$ $V_{OUT} = 3.3 V$ $V_{OUT} = 5.0 V$ | | 67 75 81 84 85 89 91 93 | | % % % % % % |
| Switching Frequency | | | 500 | | kHz |
| Output Current (I _{OUT}) | V _{IN MIN} to V _{IN MAX} | 0 | | 10 | ADC |
| Turn-On Delay Time ¹ POL is Enabled | ON/OFF pin is pulled high From $V_{IN} = V_{IN MIN}$ to $V_{OUT} = 0.1*V_{OUT.SET}$ | | 0.4 | 1 | ms |
| Turn-On Delay Time ² POL is Disabled | $V_{IN} = 12 V$ From ON/OFF pin changing its state from low to high until $V_{OUT} = 0.1^*V_{OUT,SET}$ | | 0.3 | 1 | ms |
| Rise Time ² $C_{OUT} = 0 \mu F$, Resistive Load | From $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.1^* V_{\text{OUT.SET}}$ to $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.9^* V_{\text{OUT.SET}}$ | | 1.3 | 2 | ms |
| Admissible Output Capacitance | $I_{OUT} = I_{OUT MAX}$, Resistive load, ESR > 1 m Ω | | | 1140 | μF |
| | | | | | |

3.3 PROTECTION SPECIFICATIONS

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
|--|--|-----|--------|---------|---------------------|
| Output Overcurrent Protection | | | | | |
| Туре | | | Auto-F | Restart | |
| Inception Point | | 105 | 150 | 180 | %I _{ОUT} |
| Output Short Circuit Current (RMS value) | ROUT < 0.01 Ω | | 2 | 5 | А |
| Output Overvoltage Protection | | | | | |
| Туре | | | Auto-F | Restart | |
| Threshold | $I_{OUT} = I_{OUT MAX}$, room temperature | 112 | 115 | 118 | %V _{O.SET} |

¹ Total start-up time is the sum of the turn-on delay time and the rise time



3.4 FEATURE SPECIFICATIONS

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION | MIN | NOM | MAX | UNITS |
|---------------------------|---|------|-----|------|-------|
| Enable (ON/OFF pin) | | | | | |
| ON/OFF Logic | Positive (enables the output when ON/OFF pin is open or pulled high) | | | | |
| ON/OFF High Input Voltage | POL is ON | 2.4 | | 5.5 | VDC |
| ON/OFF High Input Current | POL is ON | | | 1.0 | mADC |
| ON/OFF Low Input Voltage | POL is OFF | -0.3 | | 0.4 | VDC |
| ON/OFF Low Input Current | POL is OFF | | | 0.55 | mADC |

4. TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

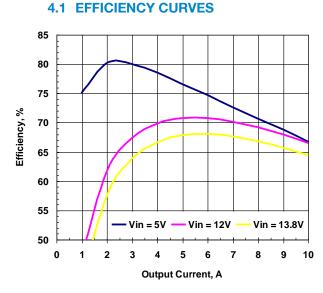


Figure 1. Efficiency vs. Load. Vout=0.6V

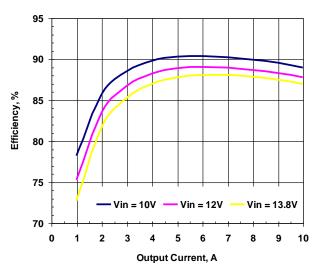


Figure 3. Efficiency vs. Load. Vout=2.5

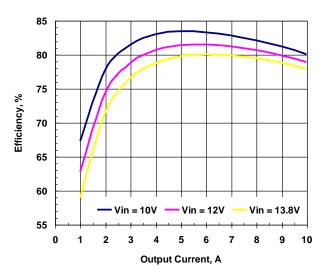


Figure 2. Efficiency vs. Load. Vout=1.2V

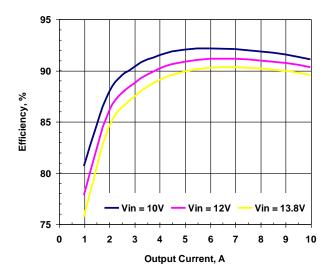


Figure 4. Efficiency vs. Load. Vout=3.3V



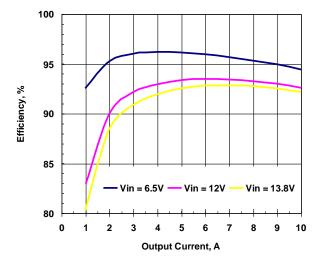
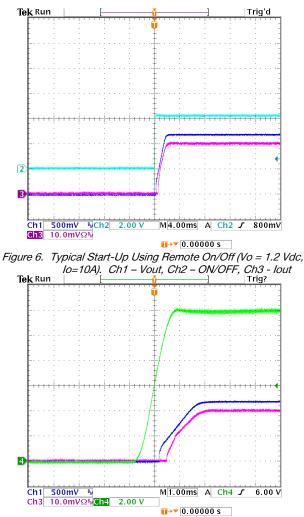


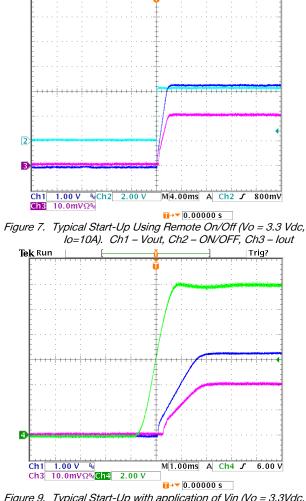
Figure 5. Efficiency vs. Load. Vout=5.0V

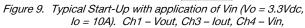
Tek Run



4.2 TURN-ON CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 8. Typical Start-Up with application of Vin (Vo = 1.2Vdc, Io = 10A). Ch1 – Vout, Ch3 – Iout, Ch4 – Vin.





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Trig?



4.3 TRANSIENT RESPONSE

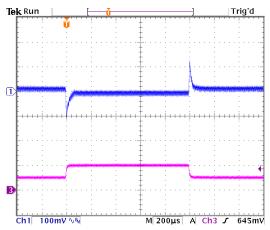


Figure 10. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100% of full load (Vin=12V, Vo=0.6Vdc). Ch3 – lout. Scale=10A/div

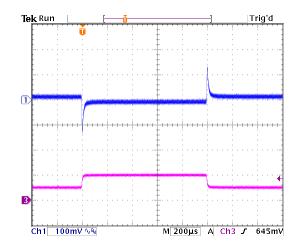


Figure 11. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100% of full load (Vin=12V, Vo=3.3Vdc). Ch3 – lout. Scale=10A/div

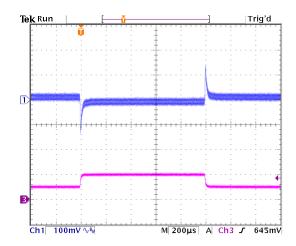


Figure 12. Transient Response to Dynamic Load Change from 50% to 100% of full load (Vin=12V, Vo=5.0Vdc). Ch3 – lout. Scale=10A/div



4.4 DERATING CURVES

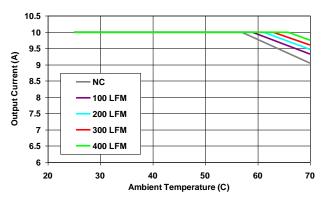


Figure 13. Derating Curves at Vo=0.6Vdc

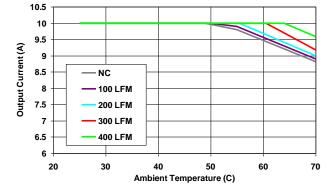


Figure 14. Derating Curves at Vo=1.2Vdc

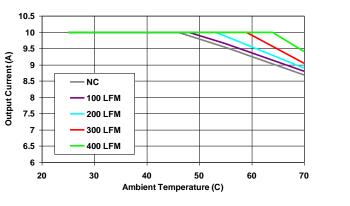


Figure 15. Derating Curves at Vo=1.8Vdc and 300LFM

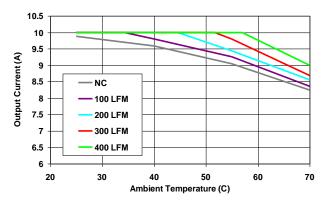


Figure 17. Derating Curves at Vo=3.3Vdc

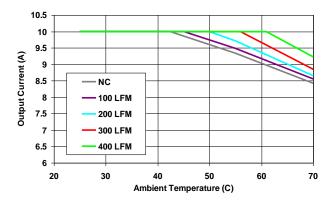


Figure 16. Derating Curves at Vo=2.5Vdc

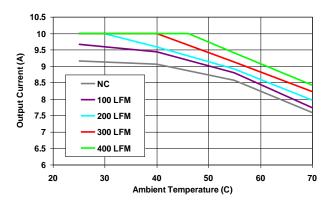


Figure 18. Derating Curves at Vo=5.0Vdc



5. APPLICATION INFORMATION

5.1 INPUT AND OUTPUT IMPEDANCE

The POL converter should be connected to the DC power source via low impedance. In many applications, the inductance associated with the distribution from the power source to the input of the converter can affect the stability of the converter. Internally, the converter includes 4.7μ F (low ESR ceramics) of input capacitance which eliminates the need for external input capacitance. However, if the distribution of the input voltage to the POL converter contains high inductance, it is recommended to add a 100μ F decoupling capacitor placed as close as possible to the converter input pins. A low-ESR tantalum or POS capacitor connected across the input pins help ensuring stability of the POL converter and reduce input ripple voltage.

A 22µF ceramic output capacitor is recommended to improve output ripple and dynamic response.

It is important to keep low resistance and low inductance of PCB traces for connecting load to the output pins of the converter in order to maintain good load regulation.

5.2 OUTPUT VOLTAGE PROGRAMMING

The output voltage can be programmed from 0.59 V to 5.1 V by connecting an external resistor R_{TRIM} between TRIM pin (Pin 5) and GND pin (Pin 3), as shown in Figure 19.

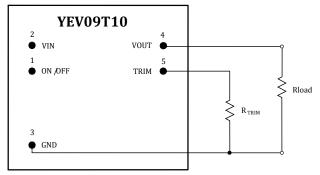


Figure 19. Programming Output Voltage with a Resistor

The trim resistor RTRIM for a desired output voltage can be calculated using the following equation:

$$R_{TRIM} = \frac{1.182}{V_{OUT} - 0.591}, \ k\Omega$$

where:

Vout = Desired (trimmed) value of output voltage V

 R_{TRIM} = Required value of the trim resistor in $k\Omega$

If the R_{TRIM} is not used, the output voltage of the POL converter will be 0.591 V.

Note that the trim resistor tolerance directly affects the output voltage accuracy. It is recommended to use $\pm 0.1\%$ trim resistors to meet the output voltage setpoint accuracy specified in p. 1.1.

| V 0UT, V | Calculated R _{TRIM} , kΩ | Standard Value of 0.1% Resistor, kΩ |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 0.8 | 5.65 | 5.62 |
| 1.2 | 1.94 | 1.93 |
| 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.30 |
| 1.8 | 0.98 | 0.976 |
| 2.5 | 0.62 | 0.619 |
| 3.3 | 0.44 | 0.437 |
| 5.0 | 0.27 | 0.267 |

Table 1. Trim Resistor Values



5.3 ON/OFF (PIN 1)

The ON/OFF pin is used to turn the POL converter ON or OFF remotely by a signal from a system controller. For positive logic, the POL converter is ON when the ON/OFF pin is at a logic high (2.4V min) or left open. The POL converter is OFF when the ON/OFF pin is at a logic low (0.4V max) or connected to GND.

The ON/OFF pin should be controlled with an open collector transistor as shown in Figure 20.

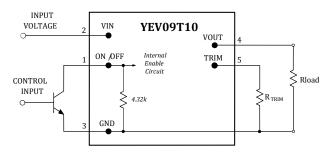


Figure 20. Circuit Configuration For ON/OFF Function

5.4 PROTECTIONS

5.4.1 INPUT UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT

The POL converter will shut down when the input voltage drops below a predetermined voltage. It will start automatically when the input voltage exceeds the specified threshold.

5.4.2 OUTPUT OVERCURRENT PROTECTION

The POL converter is protected against overcurrent and short circuit conditions. Upon sensing an overcurrent condition, the POL converter will enter hiccup mode of operation. Once the overload or short circuit condition is removed, the POL converter will automatically restart and Vout will return to its nominal value.

5.4.3 OUTPUT OVERVOLTAGE PROTECTION

The POL converter is protected against overvoltage on the output. If the output voltage is higher than 115% of its nominal value set by the R_{TRIM} , the high side MOSFET will be immediately turned off and the low side MOSFET will be turned on. The POL converter will remain in the state until the output voltage reduces below 115% of its nominal value. At that point the POL converter will automatically restart.

6. CHARACTERIZATION

6.1 RIPPLE AND NOISE

The output voltage ripple and input reflected ripple current waveforms are measured using the test setup shown in Figure 21.

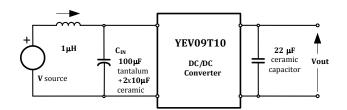


Figure 21. Test Setup for Measuring Input Reflected-Ripple Current and Output Voltage Ripple



7. SAFETY

The YEV09T10 POL converters **do not provide isolation** from input to output. The input devices powering YEV09T10 must provide relevant isolation requirements according to all IEC60950 based standards. Nevertheless, if the system using the converter needs to receive safety agency approval, certain rules must be followed in the design of the system. In particular, all of the creepage and clearance requirements of the end-use safety requirements must be observed. These requirements are included in CSA/UL60950 and EN60950, although specific applications may have other or additional requirements.

The YEV09T10 POL converters have no internal fuse. If required, the external fuse needs to be provided to protect the converter from catastrophic failure. Refer to the "Input Fuse Selection for DC/DC converters" application note on <u>www.belpowersolutions.com</u> for proper selection of the input fuse. Both input traces and the chassis ground trace (if applicable) must be capable of conducting a current of 1.5 times the value of the fuse without opening.

To comply with safety agencies' requirements, a recognized fuse must be used in series with the input line. The fuse must not be placed in the grounded input line. Abnormal and component failure tests were conducted with the POL input protected by a fast-acting 25 A fuse. If a fuse rated greater than 25 A is used, additional testing may be required.

The maximum DC voltage between any two pins is Vin under all operating conditions. In order for the output of the YEV09T10 POL converter to be considered as SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage), according to all IEC60950 based standards, the input to the POL needs to be supplied by an isolated secondary source providing a SELV also.

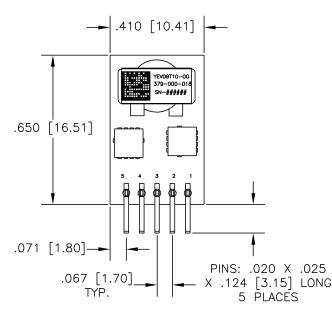
| PIN NAME | PIN NUMBER | PIN TYPE | BUFFER TYPE | PIN DESCRIPTION | NOTES |
|----------|------------|----------|-------------|---------------------|--|
| ON/OFF | 1 | I | PU | Enable | Pull high to turn ON the POL |
| VIN | 2 | Р | | Input Voltage | |
| GND | 3 | Р | | Power Ground | |
| VOUT | 4 | Р | | Output Voltage | |
| TRIM | 5 | I | А | Output Voltage Trim | Connect a high accuracy resistor between TRIM and GMD pins to set the output voltage |

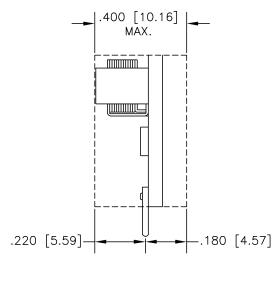
8. PIN ASSIGNMENTS AND DESCRIPTION

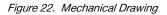
Legend: I=input, O=output, I/O=input/output, P=power, A=analog, PU=internal pull-up

9. MECHANICAL DRAWINGS

NOTE: All Dimensions are in inches. Tolerances: X.XX: ±0.02" X.XXX: ±0.01"









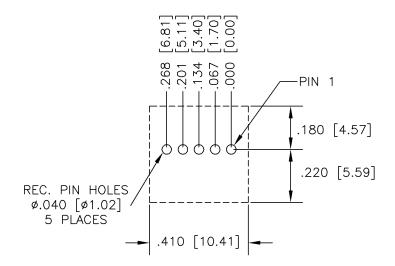


Figure 23. Recommended Footprint – Top View

10. ORDERING INFORMATION

| YE | v | 09 | т | 10 | - | 0 | Z |
|-------------------|----------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------|--|---|
| PRODUCT FAMILY | PROFILE | INPUT VOLTAGE | PCB MOUNTING | OUTPUT CURRENT | DASH | OPTIONS | ROHS COMPLIANCE |
| POL Converter | Vertical | 4.5 V to 13.8 V | Through-hole | 10 A | | 0 - 0 to 70 °C operating range. R40 to 85 °C operating range. | No suffix - RoHS compliant with Pb solder exemption ² G - RoHS compliant for all six substances |

Example: YEV09T10-0G: YEV09T10 POL converter with the commercial temperature range and lead-free solder.

For more information on these products consult: tech.support@psbel.com

NUCLEAR AND MEDICAL APPLICATIONS - Products are not designed or intended for use as critical components in life support systems, equipment used in hazardous environments, or nuclear control systems. TECHNICAL REVISIONS - The appearance of products, including safety agency certifications pictured on labels, may change depending on the

² The solder exemption refers to all the restricted materials except lead in solder. These materials are Cadmium (Cd), Hexavalent chromium (Cr6+), Mercury (Hg), Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), Polybrominated diphenylethers (PBDE), and Lead (Pb) used anywhere except in solder.

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date manufactured. Specifications are subject to change without notice.