OMRON

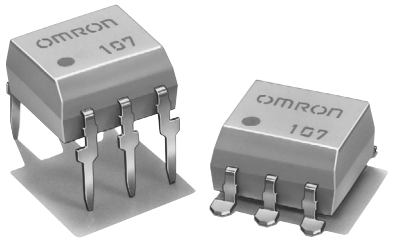
MOS FET Relays

G3VM-61B1/E1

Analog-switching MOS FET Relays for High Switching Currents, with Dielectric Strength of 2.5 kVAC between I/O.

- Upgraded G3VM-61 B/E Series.
- Switches minute analog signals.
- Leakage current of 1 μA max. when output relay is open.

RoHS compliant



Note: The actual product is marked differently from the image shown here.

■ Application Examples

- Measurement devices
- Security systems
- Amusement machines

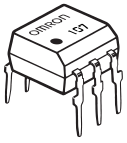
■ List of Models

Contact form	Terminals	Load voltage (peak value)	Model	Number per stick	Number per tape
SPST-NO	PCB terminals	60 VAC	G3VM-61B1	50	---
	Surface-mounting terminals		G3VM-61E1		
			G3VM-61E1(TR)	---	1,500

■ Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

G3VM-61B1



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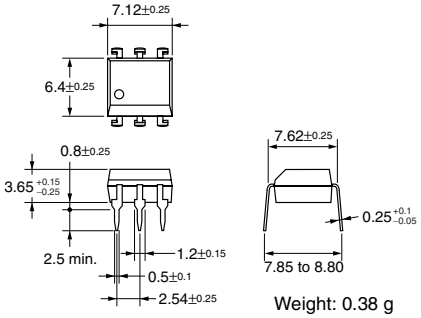
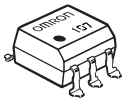


Weight: 0.38 g

G3VM-61E1



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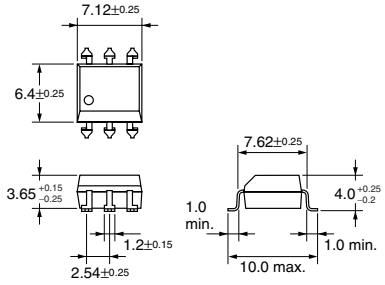
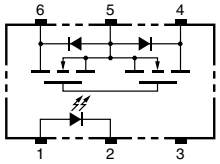


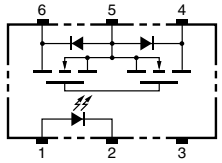
Weight: 0.38 g

■ Terminal Arrangement/Internal Connections (Top View)

G3VM-61B1

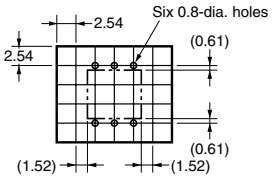


G3VM-61E1



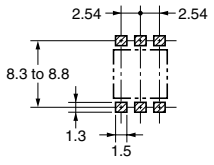
■ PCB Dimensions (Bottom View)

G3VM-61B1



■ Actual Mounting Pad Dimensions (Recommended Value, Top View)

G3VM-61E1

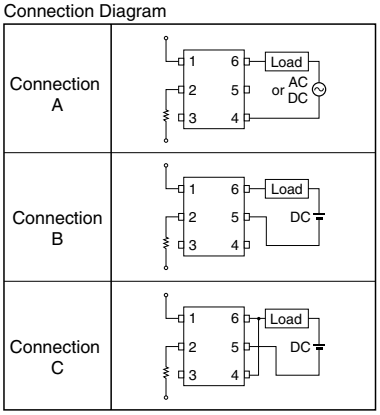


■ Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Item			Symbol	Rating	Unit	Measurement Conditions
Input	LED forward current		I_F	50	mA	
	Repetitive peak LED forward current		I_{FP}	1	A	100 μs pulses, 100 pps
	LED forward current reduction rate		Δ I_F/°C	–0.5	mA/°C	Ta ≥ 25°C
	LED reverse voltage		V_R	5	V	
	Connection temperature		T_j	125	°C	
Output	Output dielectric strength		V_{OFF}	60	V	
	Continuous load current	Connection A	I_O	500	mA	
		Connection B		500		
		Connection C		1,000		
	ON current reduction rate	Connection A	Δ I_{ON}/°C	–5	mA/°C	Ta ≥ 25°C
		Connection B		–5		
		Connection C		–10.0		
	Connection temperature		T_j	125	°C	
Dielectric strength between input and output (See note 1.)			V_{I-O}	2,500	Vrms	AC for 1 min
Operating temperature			T_a	–40 to +85	°C	With no icing or condensation
Storage temperature			T_{stg}	–55 to +125	°C	With no icing or condensation
Soldering temperature (10 s)			---	260	°C	10 s

Note: **1.** The dielectric strength between the input and output was checked by applying voltage between all pins as a group on the LED side and all pins as a group on the light-receiving side.

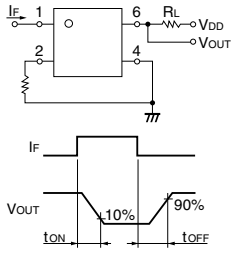
Connection Diagram



■ Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Item			Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit	Measurement conditions
Input	LED forward voltage		V_F	1.0	1.15	1.3	V	I_F = 10 mA
	Reverse current		I_R	---	---	10	μA	V_R = 5 V
	Capacity between terminals		C_T	---	30	---	pF	V = 0, f = 1 MHz
	Trigger LED forward current		I_{FT}	---	1.6	3	mA	I_O = 500 mA
Output	Maximum resistance with output ON	Connection A	R_{ON}	---	1	2	Ω	I_F = 5 mA, I_O = 500 mA
		Connection B		---	0.5	1	Ω	I_F = 5 mA, I_O = 500 mA
		Connection C		---	0.25	---	Ω	I_F = 5 mA, I_O = 1,000 mA
	Current leakage when the relay is open		I_{LEAK}	---	---	1.0	μA	V_{OFF} = 60 V
Capacity between I/O terminals			C_{I-O}	---	0.8	---	pF	f = 1 MHz, Vs = 0 V
Insulation resistance			R_{I-O}	1,000	---	---	MΩ	V_{I-O} = 500 VDC, RoH ≤ 60%
Turn-ON time			tON	---	0.8	2.0	ms	I_F = 5 mA, R_L = 200 Ω, V_{DD} = 20 V (See note 2.)
Turn-OFF time			tOFF	---	0.1	0.5	ms	

Note: **2.** Turn-ON and Turn-OFF Times



■ Recommended Operating Conditions

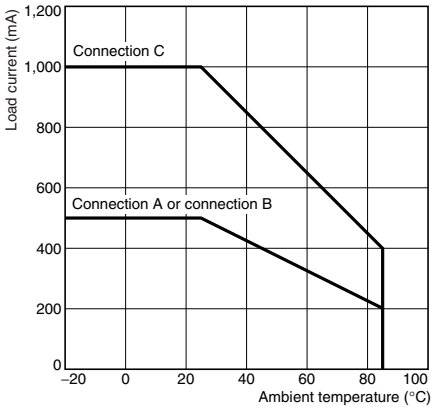
Use the G3VM under the following conditions so that the Relay will operate properly.

Item	Symbol	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Output dielectric strength	V_{DD}	---	---	48	V
Operating LED forward current	I_F	5	7.5	25	mA
Continuous load current	I_O	---	---	500	mA
Operating temperature	T_a	– 20	---	65	°C

■ Engineering Data

Load Current vs. Ambient Temperature

G3VM-61B1(E1)



■ Safety Precautions

Refer to *"Common Precautions"* for all G3VM models.

Common Precautions

⚠ WARNING

Be sure to turn OFF the power when wiring the Relay, otherwise an electric shock may be received.

⚠ WARNING

Do not touch the charged terminals of the SSR, otherwise an electric shock may be received.

⚠ Caution

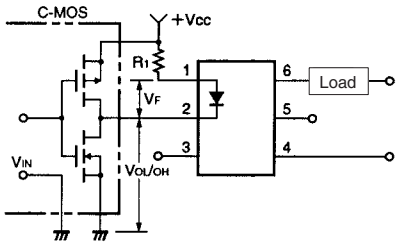
Do not apply overvoltage or overcurrent to the I/O circuits of the SSR, otherwise the SSR may malfunction or burn.

⚠ Caution

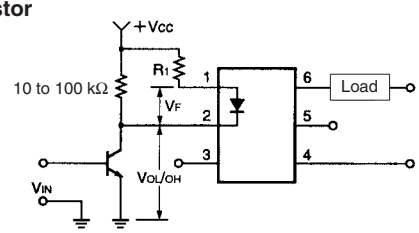
Be sure to wire and solder the Relay under the proper soldering conditions, otherwise the Relay in operation may generate excessive heat and the Relay may burn.

Typical Relay Driving Circuit Examples

C-MOS



Transistor



Use the following formula to obtain the LED current limiting resistance value to assure that the relay operates accurately.

$$R_1 = \frac{V_{CC} - V_{OL} - V_F\,(ON)}{5 \text{ to } 20 \text{ mA}}$$

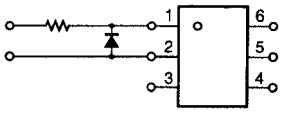
Use the following formula to obtain the LED forward voltage value to assure that the relay releases accurately.

$$V_{F\,(OFF)} = V_{CC} - V_{OH} < 0.8 \text{ V}$$

Protection from Surge Voltage on the Input Terminals

If any reversed surge voltage is imposed on the input terminals, insert a diode in parallel to the input terminals as shown in the following circuit diagram and do not impose a reversed voltage value of 3 V or more.

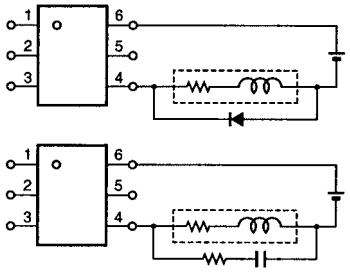
Surge Voltage Protection Circuit Example



Protection from Spike Voltage on the Output Terminals

If a spike voltage exceeding the absolute maximum rated value is generated between the output terminals, insert a C-R snubber or clamping diode in parallel to the load as shown in the following circuit diagram to limit the spike voltage.

Spike Voltage Protection Circuit Example

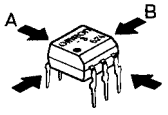


Unused Terminals (6-pin models only)

Terminal 3 is connected to the internal circuit. Do not connect anything to terminal 3 externally.

Pin Strength for Automatic Mounting

In order to maintain the characteristics of the relay, the force imposed on any pin of the relay for automatic mounting must not exceed the following.

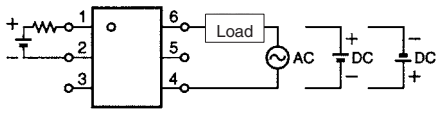


In direction A: 1.96 N
In direction B: 1.96 N

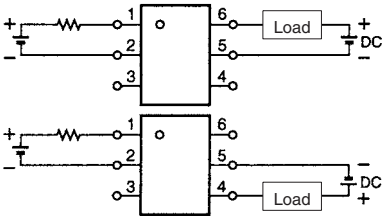
Load Connection

Do not short-circuit the input and output terminals while the relay is operating or the relay may malfunction.

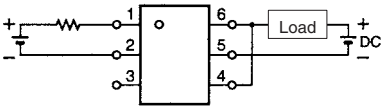
AC Connection



DC Single Connection



DC Parallel Connection



Solder Mounting

Perform solder mounting under the following recommended conditions to prevent the temperature of the Relays from rising.

<Flow Soldering>
Through-hole Mounting (Once Only)

Solder type	Preheating	Soldering
Lead solder SnPb	150°C 60 to 120 s	230 to 260°C 10 s max.
Lead-free solder SnAgCu	150°C 60 to 120 s	245 to 260°C 10 s max.

Note: We recommend that the suitability of solder mounting be verified under actual conditions.

<Reflow Soldering>

Surface Mounting DIP or SOP Packages (Twice Max.)

Solder type	Preheating	Soldering	
Lead solder SnPb	140→160°C 60 to 120 s	210°C 30 s max.	Peak 240°C max.
Lead-free solder SnAgCu	180→190°C 60 to 120 s	230°C 30 to 50 s	Peak 260°C max.

Surface Mounting SSOP Packages (Twice Max.)

Solder type	Preheating	Soldering	
Lead solder SnPb	140→160°C 60 to 120 s	210°C 30 s max.	Peak 240°C max.
Lead-free solder SnAgCu	150→180°C 120 s max.	230°C 30 s max.	Peak 250°C max.

Note: **1.** We recommend that the suitability of solder mounting be verified under actual conditions.

2. Tape cut SSOPs are packaged without humidity resistance. Use manual soldering to mount them.

Manual Soldering (Once Only)

Manually solder at 350°C for 3 s or less or at 260°C for 10 s or less.

SSOP Handling Precautions

<Humidity-resistant Packaging>

Component packages can crack if surface-mounted components that have absorbed moisture are subjected to thermal stress when mounting. To prevent this, observe the following precautions.

1. Unopened components can be stored in the packaging at 5 to 30°C and a humidity of 90% max., but they should be used within 12 months.
2. After the packaging has been opened, components can be stored at 5 to 30°C and a humidity of 60% max., but they should be mounted within 168 hours.
3. If, after opening the packaging, the humidity indicator turns pink to the 30% mark or the expiration data is exceeded, bake the components while they are still on the taping reel, and use them within 72 hours. Do not bake the same components more than once.

   Baking conditions: 60±5°C, 64 to 72 h

   Expiration date: 12 months from the seal date (given on the label)
4. If the same components are baked repeatedly, the tape detachment strength will change, causing problems when mounting. When mounting using dehumidifying measures, always take countermeasures against component damage from static electricity.
5. Do not throw or drop components. If the laminated packaging material is damaged, airtightness will be lost.
6. Tape cut SSOPs are packaged without humidity resistance. Use manual soldering to mount them.

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Authorized Distributor

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