

Free RoHS

High-performance Clock Generator Series

Clock Generator with Built-in VCXO for A/V Equipments

BU2365FV

No.09005EAT05

Description

The ROHM Clock Generator is an IC allowing for the generation of multiple clocks by a single chip through the connection of a single crystal oscillator. The BU2365FV incorporates the ROHM's unique PLL technology to provide the generation of multiple high C/N clocks necessary for the DVD recorder system. This Clock Generator has the built-in high-precision VCXO function and allows for high-precision synchronization with DVD Video clocks. It also has a built-in buffer having high driving force and allows the supply of multiple 27MHz Video clocks for the system, thus providing the reduced number of the system components.

Features

- 1) The ROHM's unique PLL technology allows for the generation of high C/N clocks.
- 2) Built-in high precision VCXO, which is essential for the DVD recorder system
- 3) Built-in buffer having high driving force (Load capacity/output CL=50pF, 27MHz drive, 1 × input / 2 × outputs)
- 4) Built-in half pulse clock protection [HPC]
- 5) Built-in power down function, Icc=0 uA(typ.)
- 6) SSOP-B24 package
- 7) Single power supply of 3.3 V $\,$

Application

DVD recorder

●Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit		
Supply voltage	VDD	-0.3~7.0	V V		
Input voltage	VIN	-0.3~VDD+0.3			
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-30~125	°C		
Power dissipation	PD	820	mW		
110					

*1 Operation is not guaranteed.

*2 In the case of exceeding Ta = 25° C, 8.2mW should be reduced per 1°C.

*3 The radiation-resistance design is not carried out.

*4 Power dissipation is measured when the IC is mounted to the printed circuit board.

Recommended Operating Range

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Supply voltage	VDD	3.0~3.6	V
Input H voltage	VINH	0.8VDD~VDD	V
Input L voltage	VINL 0.0~0.2VDD		V
Operating temperature	Topr	-10~70	°C
22Pin / 19Pin	CL_CLK768FS/384FS	32(MAX)	pF
13Pin , 14Pin	CL_BUFOUT	50(MAX)	pF
18Pin / 24Pin	CL_CLK512FS/54M	15(MAX)	pF

•Electrical characteristics

VDD=3.3V, Ta=25°C, Crystal frequency (XTAL_IN)=27.000000MHz, at no load, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter Symbol		Limit	Limit			
Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition	
IDD	_	55	71.5	mA	At no output loads	
VOH	2.4	_	_	V	When current load = -4.0mA	
VOL	_	_	0.4	V	When current load =4.0mA	
Pull-Up R	168	260	578	kΩ	Specified by a current value running when a voltage of 0V is applied to a measuring pin. (R=DD/I)	
Pull-downR	31	48	106	kΩ	Specified by a current value running when a VDD is applied to a measuring pin. (R=VDD/I)	
CLK768 FS_L	_	33.868800	_	MHz	XTAL_IN × (3136/625)/4	
CLK768 FS_H	_	36.864000	_	MHz	XTAL_IN × (2048/375)/4	
CLK384 FS	_	18.432000	_	MHz	XTAL_IN × (2048/375)/8	
CLK512 FS	_	24.576000	_	MHz	XTAL_IN × (2048/375)/6	
CLK54M	_	54.000000	_	MHz	XTAL_IN × (32/4)/4	
1					L	
Duty1	45	50	55	%	Measured at a voltage of 1/2 of VDD	
Tr	_	2.5	_	nsec	Period of time required for the output to reach 80% from 20% of VDD	
Tf	_	2.5	_	nsec	Period of time required for the output to reach 20% from 80% of VDD	
P-J1σ	_	50	_	psec	% 1	
P-J MIN-MAX	_	300	_	psec	*2	
Tlock	_	_	1	msec	*3	
ΔF/F0	-15	_	15	ppm	T=-10~70°C,VDD=3.3V±0.15V **4	
ΔF/Fc	±30	±45	±60	ppm	*5	
Linearity	-10		10	ppm	<u>ж</u> 5	
Tskew_BUF	-500	_	500	psec	Phase difference between BUF_OUT1 and BUF_OUT2*6	
Td_BUF	_	4	8	nsec	Phase difference between BUF_IN and BUF_OUT	
	Symbol IDD VOH VOL Pull-Up R Pull-downR CLK768 FS_L CLK768 FS_H CLK512 FS CLK54M Pull-downR Particle CLK768 FS_H CLK512 FS CLK54M P-J10 P-J10 P-J10 P-J10 P-J MIN-MAX Tlock ΔF/F0 ΔF/Fc Linearity Tskew_BUF	Symbol Min. IDD - VOH 2.4 VOL - Pull-Up R 168 Pull-downR 31 CLK768 FS_L - CLK768 - FS_H - CLK768 - FS_H - CLK512 - CLK54M - Duty1 45 Tr - Duty1 45 Tr - P-J1σ - P-J1σ - P-J1σ - MIN-MAX - CLK7FC ±30 Linearity -10	Symbol Limit Min. Typ. IDD - 55 VOH 2.4 - VOL - - Pull-Up R 168 260 Pull-downR 31 48 CLK768 FS_L - 33.868800 CLK768 FS_H - 36.864000 CLK512 FS - 24.576000 CLK512 FS - 24.576000 CLK54M - 50 Duty1 45 50 Tr - 2.5 Tf - 300 P-J1σ - 50 P-J1σ - 50 P-J1σ - 50 P-J1σ - 50 P-J - 300 Tlock - - ΔF/F0 -15 - ΔF/Fc ±30 ±45 Linearity -10 -	Symbol Limit Min. Typ. Max. IDD - 55 71.5 VOH 2.4 - - VOL - - 0.4 Pull-Up R 168 260 578 Pull-downR 31 48 106 CLK768 - 33.868800 - CLK768 - 36.864000 - CLK584 - 18.432000 - CLK512 - 24.576000 - CLK54M - 54.000000 - Duty1 45 50 55 Tr - 2.5 - Duty1 45 50 - P-J1σ - 300 - P-J1σ - 300 - Thock - - 1 ΔF/F0 -15 - 15 ΔF/Fc ±30 ±45 ±60 Linearity <	Symbol Limit Max. Unit IDD - 55 71.5 mA VOH 2.4 - - V VOL - - 0.4 V Pull-Up R 168 260 578 kΩ Pull-downR 31 48 106 kΩ CLK768 - 33.868800 - MHz CLK768 - 36.864000 - MHz CLK384 - 18.432000 - MHz CLK512 - 24.576000 - MHz CLK514 - 54.000000 - MHz CLK512 - 18.432000 - MHz Duty1 45 50 55 % Tr - 2.5 - nsec Tf - 300 - psec MIN-MAX - 300 - psec MIN-MAX -	

Note) The output frequency is determined by the arithmetic (frequency division) expression of a frequency input to XTAL_IN.

%1 Period-Jitter 1σ

This parameter represents standard deviation (=1 σ) on cycle distribution data at the time when the output clock cycles are sampled 1000 times consecutively with the TDS7104 Digital Phosphor Oscilloscope of Tektronix Japan, Ltd.

%2 Period-Jitter MIN-MAX

This parameter represents a maximum distribution width on cycle distribution data at the time when the output clock cycles are sampled 1000 times consecutively with the TDS7104 Digital Phosphor Oscilloscope of Tektronix Japan, Ltd.

3 Output Lock-Time

This parameter represents elapsed time after power supply turns ON to reach a voltage of 3.0 V, after the system is switched from Power-Down state to normal operation state, or after the output frequency is switched, until it is stabilized at a specified frequency, respectively.

※4 Frequency stability

f0 : This parameter means an optimum frequency at $T=25^{\circ}C(27.000000 \text{ MHz})$, which represents a value of a single piece of IC. Since no consideration is given to the stability of the crystal oscillator, it should be separately studied according to the system in use.

%5 Frequency sensitivity/Frequency sensitivity linearity

These parameters represents that the frequency falls within the area shown in Fig. 2 in the control circuit of control voltage shown in Fig. 1. It shows the value of IC itself. Since no consideration is given to the stability of the crystal oscillator, it should be separately studied according to the system in use.

Common – Recommended crystal oscillators

The electrical characteristics shown above have been all evaluated with the use of the crystal oscillator NX5032GA (Spec. No. EXS00A-00278) manufactured by NIHON DEMPA KOGYO CO., LTD., under the conditions of Limiting resistance Rd= 30Ω and Crystal oscillator load CL=10pF. Consequently, in order to use the BU2365FV, the said crystal oscillator is recommended.

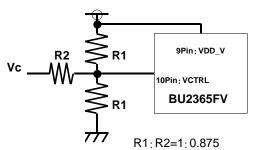


Fig.1 Control Circuit of Control Voltage

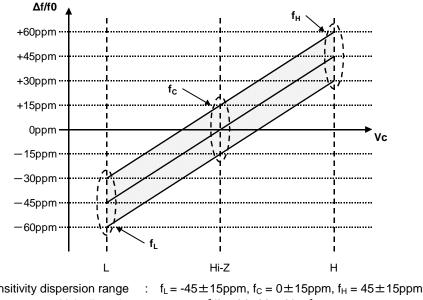
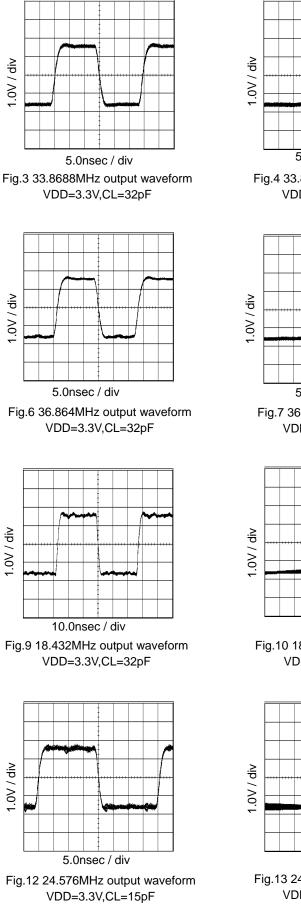


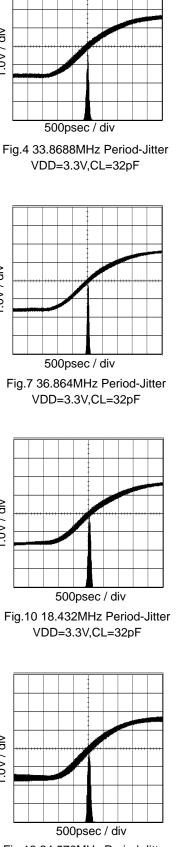
Fig. 2 Frequency Sensitivity Dispersion Range

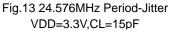
%6 Buffer skew

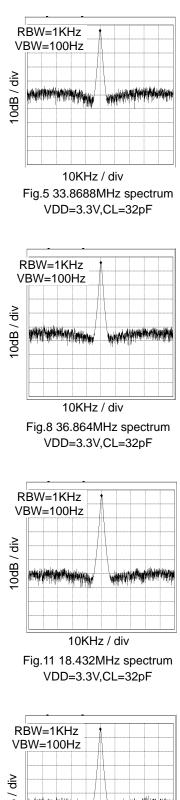
This parameter is only functional when the BUF_OUT1 and the BUF_OUT2 are driven at the same load capacitance.

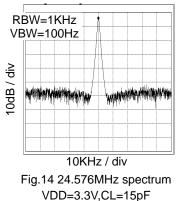
Reference data (Basic data)



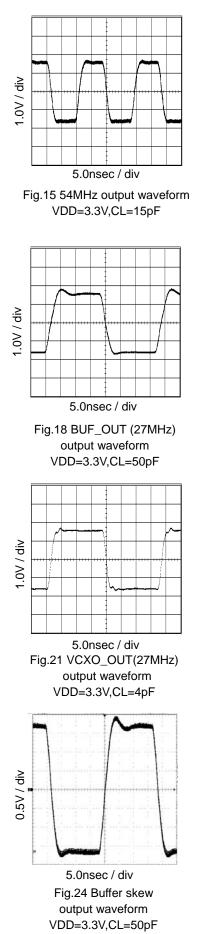


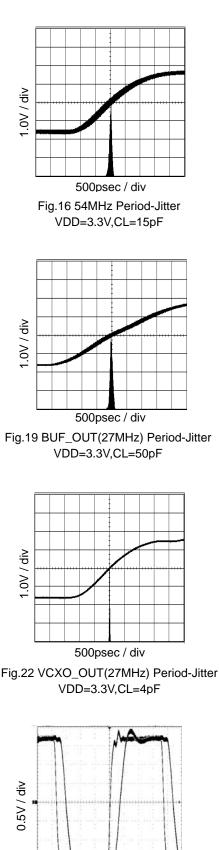






Reference data (Basic data)





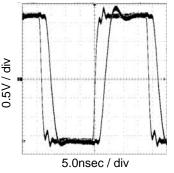


Fig.25 Buffer delay(IN→OUT1) VDD=3.3V,CL=50pF

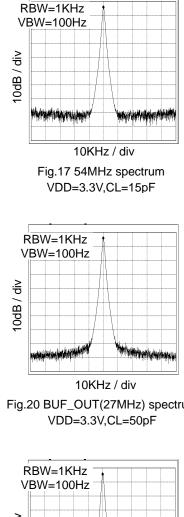


Fig.20 BUF_OUT(27MHz) spectrum

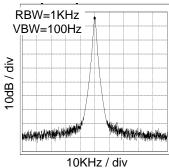
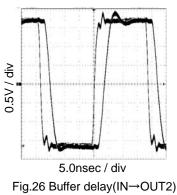
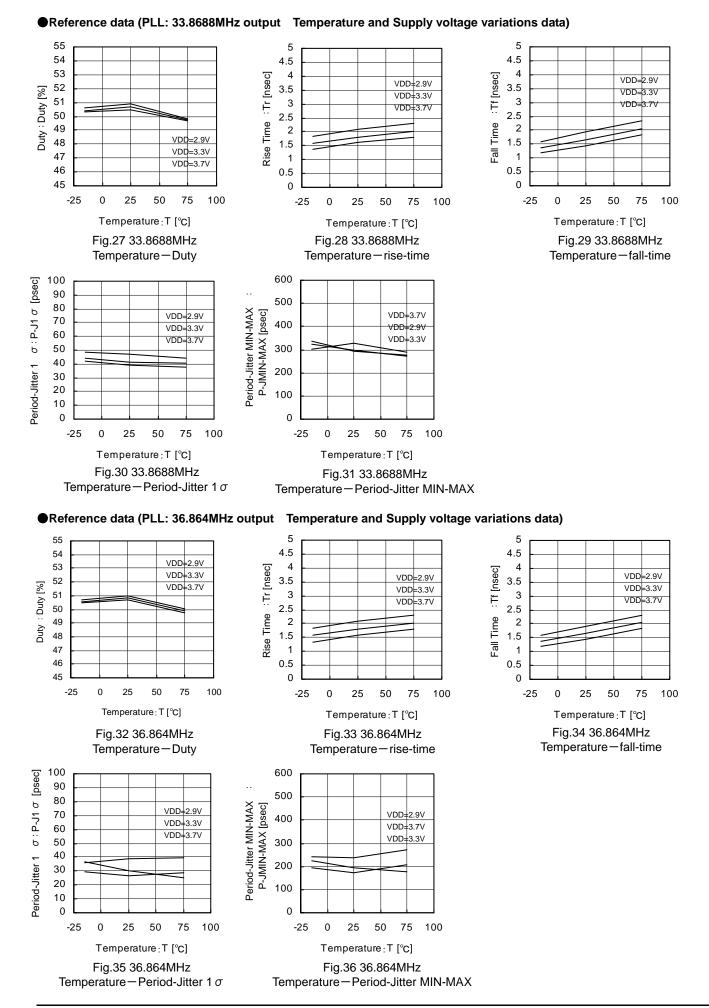
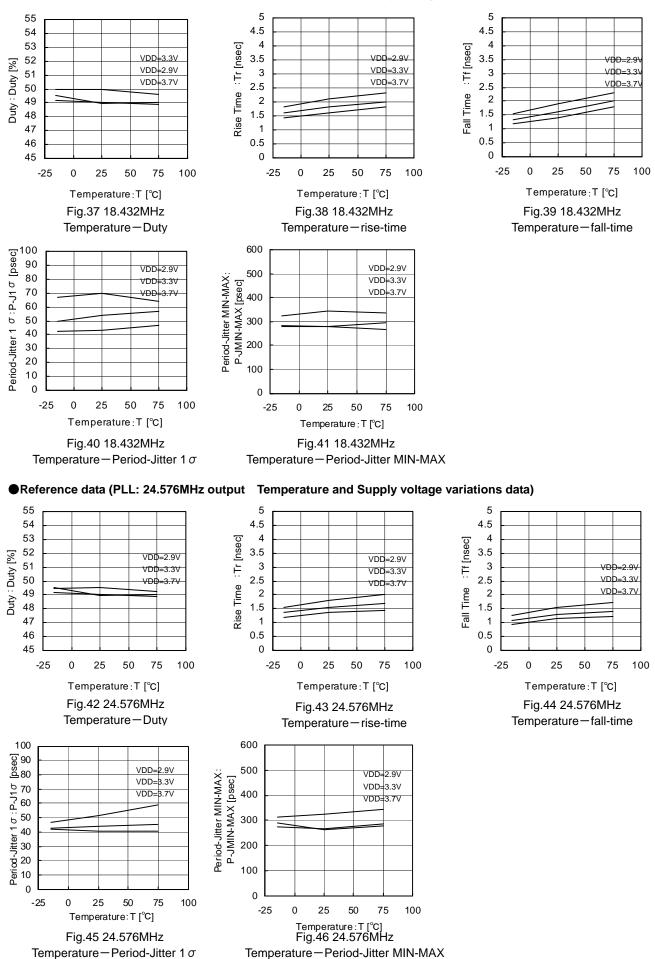


Fig.23 VCXO_OUT(27MHz) spectrum VDD=3.3V,CL=4pF



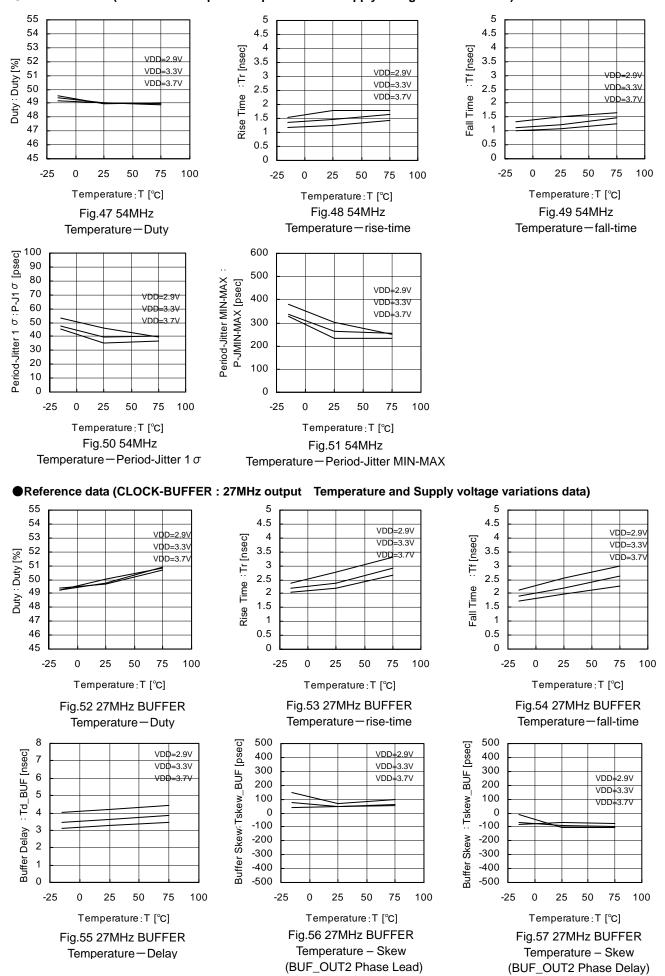
VDD=3.3V,CL=50pF





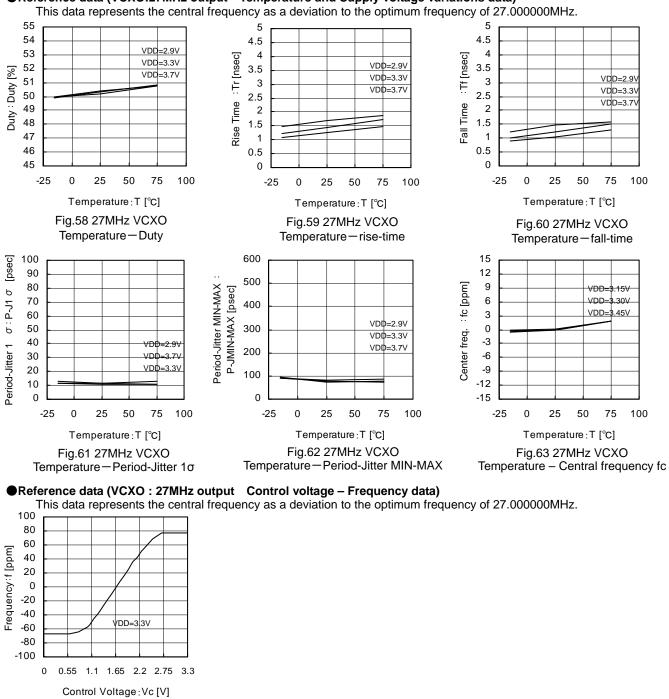
• Reference data (PLL: 18.432MHz output Temperature and Supply voltage variations data)

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Reference data (PLL: 54MHz output Temperature and Supply voltage variations data)

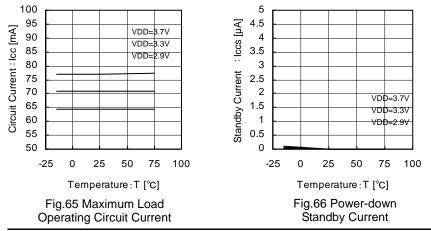
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• Reference data (VCXO:27MHz output Temperature and Supply voltage variations data)

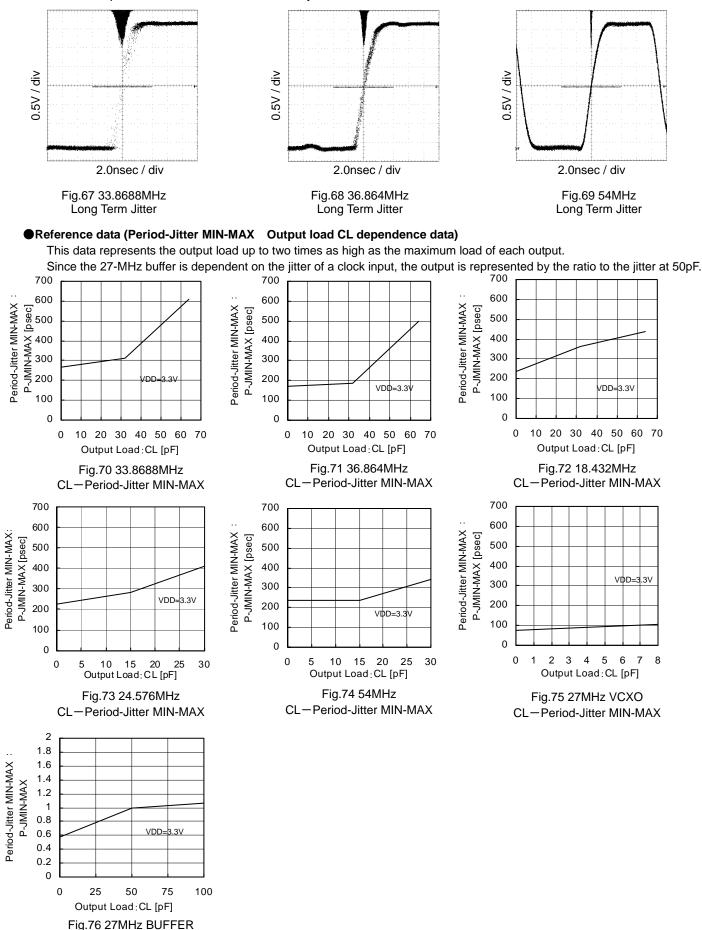
Fig.64 27MHz VCXO Control voltage – Frequency data

•Reference data (BU2365FV consumption current Temperature and Supply voltage variations data)



Reference data (PLL : Long Term Jitter data)

This data represents Period-Jitter at the 1000th cycle.



CL-Period-Jitter MIN-MAX

Block diagram, Pin assignment

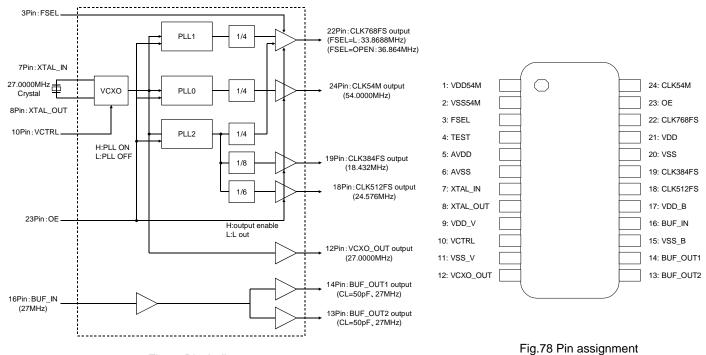


Fig.77 Block diagram

Pin function

Pin functi	011		
Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	
1	VDD54M	Power supply for CLK54M output	
2	VSS54M	GND for CLK54M output	
3	FSEL	FS select (CLK768FS selection)	
		(FSEL=L: 44.1 kHz, FSEL=OPEN: 48 kHz, equipped with pull-up resistor)	
4	TEST	TEST pin, normally "OPEN", equipped with pull-down resistor)	
5	AVDD	Power supply for PLL Analog	
6	AVSS	GND for PLL Analog	
7	XTAL_IN	Crystal oscillator input pin	
8	XTAL_OUT	Crystal oscillator output pin	
9	VDD_V	Power supply for VCXO	
10	VCTRL	VCXO control input pin	
11	VSS_V	GND for VCXO	
12	VCXO_OUT	Monitor pin for VCXO output	
13	BUF_OUT2	BUFFER output pin	
14	BUF_OUT1	BUFFER output pin	
15	VSS_B	GND for BUFFER	
16	BUF_IN	BUFFER input pin	
17	VDD_B	Power supply for BUFFER	
18	CLK512FS	24.576 MHz output	
19	CLK384FS	18.432MHz output	
20	VSS	GND for PLL Logic	
21	VDD	Power supply for PLL Logic	
22	CLK768FS	FSEL=L: 33.8688 MHz output, FSEL=OPEN: 36.864 MHz output	
23	OE	Output enable pin L: POWER DOWN, OPEN: NORMAL, equipped with pull-up resistor	
24	CLK54M	54MHz output	

Audio Clock Functions

1) Output phase relation

The Audio clocks (i.e., CLK768FS, CLK384FS, and CLK512FS) of the BU2365FV are designed so that these clocks will intentionally becomes out of the phase of each output, in order to provide low jitter and noise levels. Thus, overlapped through currents generated at the clock edges can be suppressed to provide low jitter and noise levels.

For the generation of CLK384FS (18.432 MHz), generate two-phase CLK768FS (36.864 MHz) first. The CLK768FS1 and CLK768FS2 will get to the phase relation with one clock out of the PLL2 output (VCO=147.456 MHz). By dividing the frequency in sync with the leading edge of this CLK768FS1, the CLK384FS will fall out of the phase of the CLK768FS2. Since the frequency of CLK512FS is divided into six portions in sync with the trailing edge of the PLL2 output, the CLK512FS will fall out of the phases of CLK768FS and CLK384FS by half cycle.

As described above, the Audio clocks of the BU2365FV fall out of the phases each other, thus providing low jitter and noise levels.

Furthermore, the true values of phase difference (Delay rate) between CLK384FS and CLK768FS are specified as shown below with consideration given to variations in the measurements on the tests before shipment.

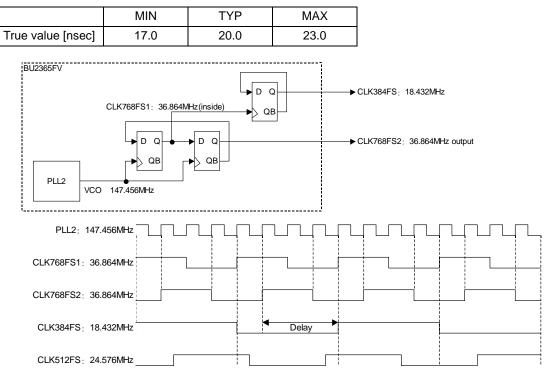


Fig.79 Audio Clock Output Circuit Configuration and Timing Chart

2) Half-pulse clock protection [HPC]

The CLK768FS output is provided with a function used to prevent the occurrence of asynchronous droop of half cycle or less (i.e., half-pulse clock) while in frequency selection under the FSEL pin control.

This function is designed to set the frequency to output L fixed after the elapse of two trailing clocks of output before the selection and to a desired frequency after the elapse of two trailing clocks of output after the selection, when switching the FSEL pin.

Specifically speaking, when the FSEL pin is set to High, the CLK768FS outputs a frequency of 36.864 MHz. With this setting, if the FSEL pin is switched to Low, the CLK768FS will be set to L Fixed after the lapse of two trailing clocks of 36.864 MHz, and then the CLK768FS will output a frequency of 33.8688 MHz after the lapse of two trailing clocks of 33.8688 MHz.

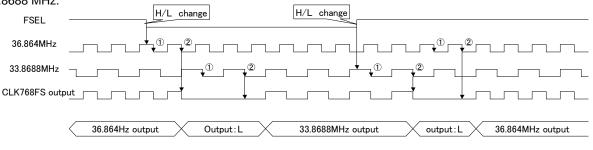
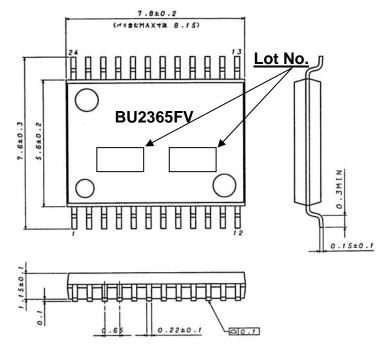


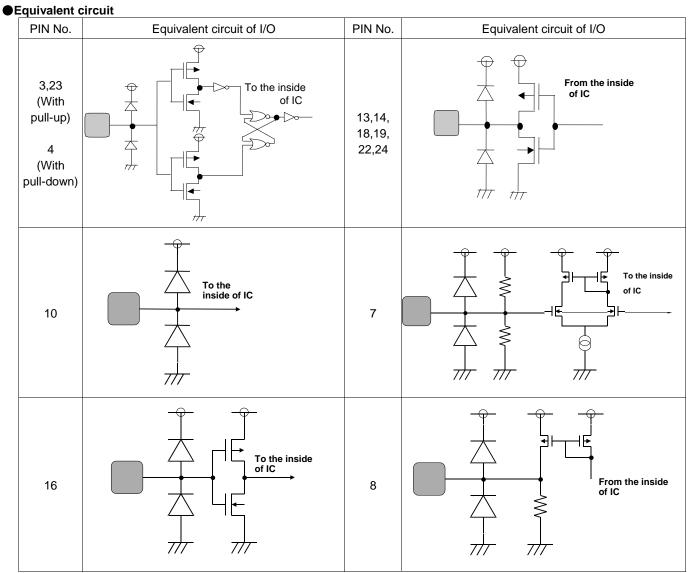
Fig.80 HPC timing chart

Package Outline





(UNIT:mm)



Application Circuit

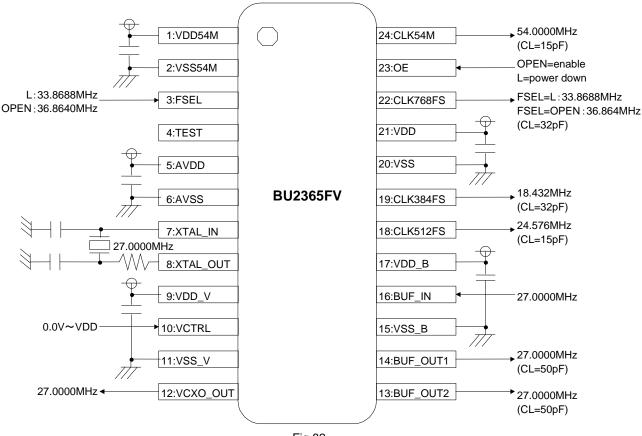


Fig.82

Note)

- Basically, mount ICs to the substrate for use. If the ICs are not mounted to the substrate, the characteristics of ICs may not be fully demonstrated.
 Mount 0.1uF capacitors in the vicinity of the IC pins between 1PIN (VDD54M) and 2PIN (VSS54M), 5PIN (AVDD) and 6PIN (AVSS), 9PIN (VDD_V)
- and 11PIN (VSS_V), 17PIN (VDD_B) and 15PIN (VSS_B), and 21PIN (VDD) and 20PIN (VSS), respectively.
- 3) For the fine-tuning of frequencies, insert several numbers of pF in the 7PIN and 8PIN to GND.
- 4) The electrical characteristics have been all evaluated with the use of the crystal oscillator NX5032GA (Spec. No. EXS00A-00278) manufactured by NIHON DEMPA KOGYO CO., LTD., under the conditions of Limiting resistance Rd=30Ω and Load CL=10pF. Consequently, in order to use the BU2365FV, the said crystal oscillator is recommended.
- 5) As to the jitters, the TYP values vary with the substrate, power supply, output loads, noises, and others. Besides, for the use of the BU2365FV, the operating margin should be thoroughly checked.
- 6) Depending on the conditions of the substrate, mount an additional electrolytic capacitor between the power supply and GND terminal.

7) For EMI protection, it is effective to put ferrite beads in the origin of power supply to be fed to the BU2365FV from the substrate or to insert a capacitor (of 1Ω or less impedance), which bypasses high frequency desired, between the power supply and the GND terminal.

8) Even though we believe that the example of the application circuit is worth of a recommendation, please be sure to thoroughly recheck the characteristics before use.

Cautions on use

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as applied voltage (VDD or VIN), operating temperature range (Topr), etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.

(2) Recommended operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which characteristics can be provided approximately as expected. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

(3) Reverse connection of power supply connector

The reverse connection of power supply connector can break down ICs. Take protective measures against the breakdown due to the reverse connection, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminal.

(4) Power supply line

Design PCB pattern to provide low impedance for the wiring between the power supply and the GND lines.

In this regard, for the digital block power supply and the analog block power supply, even though these power supplies has the same level of potential, separate the power supply pattern for the digital block from that for the analog block, thus suppressing the diffraction of digital noises to the analog block power supply resulting from impedance common to the wiring patterns. For the GND line, give consideration to design the patterns in a similar manner.

Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, mount a capacitor between the power supply and the GND terminal. At the same time, in order to use an electrolytic capacitor, thoroughly check to be sure the characteristics of the capacitor to be used present no problem including the occurrence of capacity dropout at a low temperature, thus determining the constant.

(5) GND voltage

Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal so that it will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.

(6) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting

In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.

(7) Operation in strong electromagnetic field Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.

(8) Inspection with set PCB

On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.

(9) Input terminals

In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals, such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. In addition, even if the power supply voltage is applied, apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the guaranteed value of electrical characteristics.

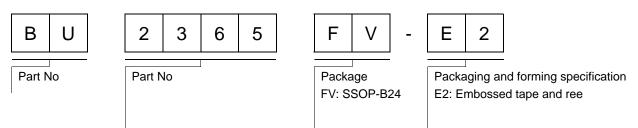
(10) Ground wiring pattern

If small-signal GND and large-current GND are provided, It will be recommended to separate the large-current GND pattern from the small-signal GND pattern and establish a single ground at the reference point of the set PCB so that resistance to the wiring pattern and voltage fluctuations due to a large current will cause no fluctuations in voltages of the small-signal GND. Pay attention not to cause fluctuations in the GND wiring pattern of external parts as well.

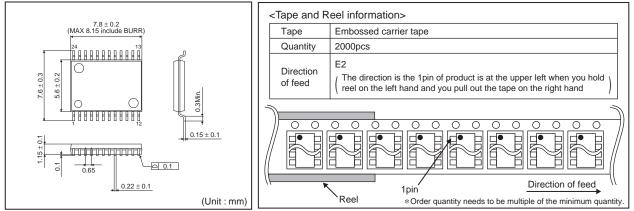
(11) External capacitor

In order to use a ceramic capacitor as the external capacitor, determine the constant with consideration given to a degradation in the nominal capacitance due to DC bias and changes in the capacitance due to temperature, etc.

Ordering part number



SSOP-B24



Notice

Precaution on using ROHM Products

1. Our Products are designed and manufactured for application in ordinary electronic equipments (such as AV equipment, OA equipment, telecommunication equipment, home electronic appliances, amusement equipment, etc.). If you intend to use our Products in devices requiring extremely high reliability (such as medical equipment ^(Note 1), transport equipment, traffic equipment, aircraft/spacecraft, nuclear power controllers, fuel controllers, car equipment including car accessories, safety devices, etc.) and whose malfunction or failure may cause loss of human life, bodily injury or serious damage to property ("Specific Applications"), please consult with the ROHM sales representative in advance. Unless otherwise agreed in writing by ROHM in advance, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of any ROHM's Products for Specific Applications.

JAPAN	USA	EU	CHINA
CLASSⅢ		CLASS II b	
CLASSⅣ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSⅢ	CLASSII

- 2. ROHM designs and manufactures its Products subject to strict quality control system. However, semiconductor products can fail or malfunction at a certain rate. Please be sure to implement, at your own responsibilities, adequate safety measures including but not limited to fail-safe design against the physical injury, damage to any property, which a failure or malfunction of our Products may cause. The following are examples of safety measures:
 - [a] Installation of protection circuits or other protective devices to improve system safety
 - [b] Installation of redundant circuits to reduce the impact of single or multiple circuit failure
- 3. Our Products are designed and manufactured for use under standard conditions and not under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions, as exemplified below. Accordingly, ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses arising from the use of any ROHM's Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions. If you intend to use our Products under any special or extraordinary environments or conditions (as exemplified below), your independent verification and confirmation of product performance, reliability, etc, prior to use, must be necessary:
 - [a] Use of our Products in any types of liquid, including water, oils, chemicals, and organic solvents
 - [b] Use of our Products outdoors or in places where the Products are exposed to direct sunlight or dust
 - [C] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, including Cl₂, H₂S, NH₃, SO₂, and NO₂
 - [d] Use of our Products in places where the Products are exposed to static electricity or electromagnetic waves
 - [e] Use of our Products in proximity to heat-producing components, plastic cords, or other flammable items
 - [f] Sealing or coating our Products with resin or other coating materials
 - [g] Use of our Products without cleaning residue of flux (even if you use no-clean type fluxes, cleaning residue of flux is recommended); or Washing our Products by using water or water-soluble cleaning agents for cleaning residue after soldering
 - [h] Use of the Products in places subject to dew condensation
- 4. The Products are not subject to radiation-proof design.
- 5. Please verify and confirm characteristics of the final or mounted products in using the Products.
- 6. In particular, if a transient load (a large amount of load applied in a short period of time, such as pulse. is applied, confirmation of performance characteristics after on-board mounting is strongly recommended. Avoid applying power exceeding normal rated power; exceeding the power rating under steady-state loading condition may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 7. De-rate Power Dissipation (Pd) depending on Ambient temperature (Ta). When used in sealed area, confirm the actual ambient temperature.
- 8. Confirm that operation temperature is within the specified range described in the product specification.
- 9. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for failure induced under deviant condition from what is defined in this document.

Precaution for Mounting / Circuit board design

- 1. When a highly active halogenous (chlorine, bromine, etc.) flux is used, the residue of flux may negatively affect product performance and reliability.
- 2. In principle, the reflow soldering method must be used; if flow soldering method is preferred, please consult with the ROHM representative in advance.

For details, please refer to ROHM Mounting specification

Precautions Regarding Application Examples and External Circuits

- 1. If change is made to the constant of an external circuit, please allow a sufficient margin considering variations of the characteristics of the Products and external components, including transient characteristics, as well as static characteristics.
- 2. You agree that application notes, reference designs, and associated data and information contained in this document are presented only as guidance for Products use. Therefore, in case you use such information, you are solely responsible for it and you must exercise your own independent verification and judgment in the use of such information contained in this document. ROHM shall not be in any way responsible or liable for any damages, expenses or losses incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of such information.

Precaution for Electrostatic

This Product is electrostatic sensitive product, which may be damaged due to electrostatic discharge. Please take proper caution in your manufacturing process and storage so that voltage exceeding the Products maximum rating will not be applied to Products. Please take special care under dry condition (e.g. Grounding of human body / equipment / solder iron, isolation from charged objects, setting of lonizer, friction prevention and temperature / humidity control).

Precaution for Storage / Transportation

- 1. Product performance and soldered connections may deteriorate if the Products are stored in the places where:
 - [a] the Products are exposed to sea winds or corrosive gases, including Cl2, H2S, NH3, SO2, and NO2
 - [b] the temperature or humidity exceeds those recommended by ROHM
 - [c] the Products are exposed to direct sunshine or condensation
 - [d] the Products are exposed to high Electrostatic
- 2. Even under ROHM recommended storage condition, solderability of products out of recommended storage time period may be degraded. It is strongly recommended to confirm solderability before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.
- 3. Store / transport cartons in the correct direction, which is indicated on a carton with a symbol. Otherwise bent leads may occur due to excessive stress applied when dropping of a carton.
- 4. Use Products within the specified time after opening a humidity barrier bag. Baking is required before using Products of which storage time is exceeding the recommended storage time period.

Precaution for Product Label

QR code printed on ROHM Products label is for ROHM's internal use only.

Precaution for Disposition

When disposing Products please dispose them properly using an authorized industry waste company.

Precaution for Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade act

Since our Products might fall under controlled goods prescribed by the applicable foreign exchange and foreign trade act, please consult with ROHM representative in case of export.

Precaution Regarding Intellectual Property Rights

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General Precaution

- 1. Before you use our Products, you are requested to care fully read this document and fully understand its contents. ROHM shall not be in an y way responsible or liable for failure, malfunction or accident arising from the use of a ny ROHM's Products against warning, caution or note contained in this document.
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