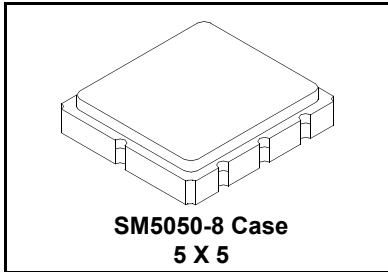


RO3144C

**916.5 MHz
SAW
Resonator**



- **Ideal for 916.5 MHz Remote Control and Data Telemetry Transmitters**
- **Very Low Series Resistance**
- **Quartz Stability**
- **Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)**



The RO3144C is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of low power transmitters operating at 916.5 MHz. This SAW resonator is specifically designed for transmitters used in remote control and data telemetry applications operating in the USA under FCC Part 15 and in Canada under DoC RSS-210.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
Input Power Level	0	dBm
DC Voltage	12	VDC
Storage Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
Soldering Temperature (10 seconds / 5 cycles maximum)	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units		
Frequency, +25 °C	Absolute Frequency	f_C	2, 3, 4, 5	916.300		916.700	MHz		
	Tolerance from 916.500 MHz	Δf_C						±200	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL	2, 5, 6		1.2	2.5	dB		
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q_U			26000				
	50Ω Loaded Q	Q_L			2800				
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T_O	6, 7, 8	10	25	40	°C		
	Turnover Frequency	f_O						f_C	
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC						0.032	ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	$ f_A $	1, 6		10		ppm/yr		
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals			5	1.0			MΩ		
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_M	5, 7, 9		12.7		Ω		
	Motional Inductance	L_M						55.9	μH
	Motional Capacitance	C_M						.54	fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	C_O						2.2	pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L_{TEST}	2, 7		13.5		nH		
Lid Symbolization		691 // YWWS							
Standard Reel Quantity	Reel Size 7 Inch	500 Pieces / Reel							
	Reel Size 13 Inch	3000 Pieces / Reel							

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

NOTES:

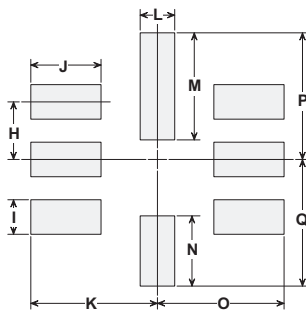
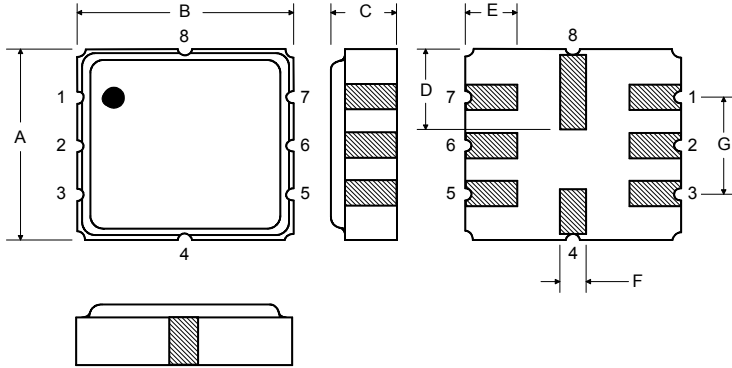
1. Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65 °C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65 °C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
2. The center frequency, f_C , is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL_{MIN} , with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system (VSWR ≤ 1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L_{TEST} , is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_C . Typically, $f_{OSCILLATOR}$ or $f_{TRANSMITTER}$ is approximately equal to the resonator f_C .
3. One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4,616,197.
4. Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
5. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_C = +25 \pm 2$ °C.
6. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.
7. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C , IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C , and C_O .
8. Turnover temperature, T_O , is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O . The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C , may be calculated from: $f = f_O [1 - FTC (T_O - T_C)^2]$. Typically *oscillator* T_O is approximately equal to the specified *resonator* T_O .
9. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_O is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between the two terminals measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes parasitic capacitance with "NC" pads unconnected. Case parasitic capacitance is approximately 0.05 pF. Transducer parallel capacitance can be calculated as: $C_P \approx C_O - 0.05$ pF.

Discontinued

Electrical Connections

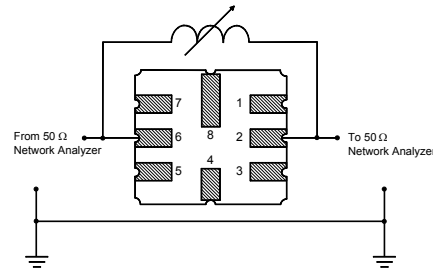
The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.

Pin	Connection
1	NC
2	Terminal
3	NC
4	NC
5	NC
6	Terminal
7	NC
8	NC

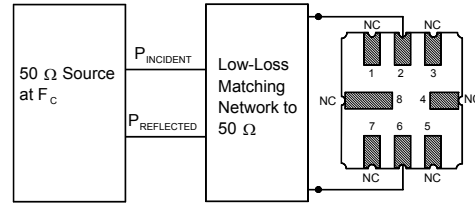


Dimension	mm			Inches		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
A	4.80	5.00	5.20	0.189	0.197	0.205
B	4.80	5.00	5.20	0.189	0.197	0.205
C	1.30	1.50	1.70	0.050	0.060	0.067
D	1.98	2.08	2.18	0.078	0.082	0.086
E	1.07	1.17	1.27	0.042	0.046	0.050
F	0.50	0.64	0.70	0.020	0.025	0.028
G	2.39	2.54	2.69	0.094	0.100	0.106
H		1.27			0.050	
I		0.76			0.030	
J		1.55			0.061	
K		2.79			0.110	
L		0.76			0.030	
M		2.36			0.093	
N		1.55			0.061	
O		2.79			0.110	
P		2.79			0.110	
Q		2.79			0.110	

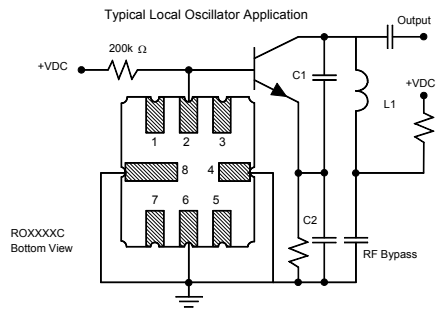
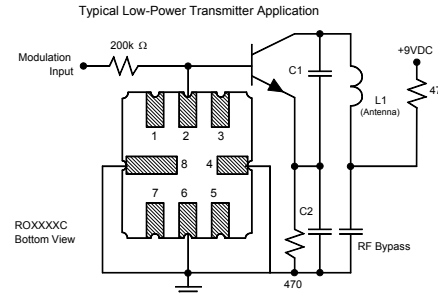
Parameter Test Circuit



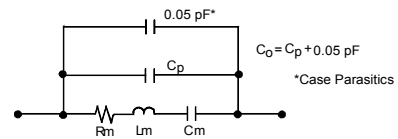
Power Test Circuit



Example Application Circuits

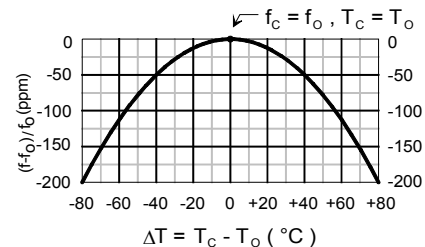


Equivalent RLC Model



Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.



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