January 1990 Revised November 1999 74ACTQ533 Quiet Series Octal Transparent Latch with 3-STATE Outputs

FAIRCHILD

SEMICONDUCTOR

74ACTQ533 Quiet Series Octal Transparent Latch with 3-STATE Outputs

General Description

The ACTQ533 consists of eight latches with 3-STATE outputs for bus organized system applications. The flip-flops appear transparent to the data when Latch Enable (LE) is HIGH. When LE is LOW, the data satisfying the input timing requirements is latched. Data appears on the bus when the Output Enable (OE) is LOW. When OE is HIGH, the bus output is in the high impedance state.

The ACTQ533 utilizes Fairchild Quiet Series™ technology to guarantee quiet output switching and improve dynamic threshold performance. FACT Quiet Series features GTO™ output control and undershoot corrector in addition to a split ground bus for superior performance.

Features

- I_{CC} and I_{OZ} reduced by 50%
- Guaranteed simultaneous switching noise level and dynamic threshold performance
- Guaranteed pin-to-pin skew AC performance
- Improved latch up immunity
- Eight latches in a single package
- 3-STATE outputs drive bus lines or buffer memory address registers
- Outputs source/sink 24 mA
- Inverted version of the ACTQ373
- 4 kV minimum ESD immunity

Ordering Code:

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description				
74ACTQ533SC	M20B	20-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-013, 0.300" Wide Body				
74ACTQ533MTC	MTC20	20-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide				
74ACTQ533PC N20A 20-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide						
Device also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code						



Connection Diagram

ŌĒ —	1	\bigcirc	20	_v _{cc}
ō,-	2		19	- ō7
D ₀ —	3		18	-D7
D ₁ -	4		17	-D ₆
ō,—	5		16	—ō ₆
ō2-	6		15	—ō₅
D ₂ —	7		14	-D5
D3 —	8		13	-D4
ō3-	9		12	-ō₄
GND -	10		11	LE

Pin Descriptions

Pin Names	Description			
D ₀ -D ₇	Data Inputs			
LE	Latch Enable Input			
OE	Output Enable Input			
$\overline{O}_0 - \overline{O}_7$	3-STATE Latch Outputs			

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Truth Table

	Outputs		
LE	OE	D _n	\overline{O}_n
х	н	х	Z
н	L	L	н
н	L	н	L
L	L	х	\overline{O}_0

H = HIGH Voltage Level L = LOW Voltage Level

Z = High Impedance

 $\frac{X = \text{Immaterial}}{\overline{O}_0 = \text{Previous }\overline{O}_0 \text{ before HIGH-to-LOW transition of Latch Enable}}$

Functional Description

The ACTQ533 contains eight D-type latches with 3-STATE standard outputs. When the Latch Enable (LE) input is HIGH, data on the D_n inputs enters the latches. In this condition the latches are transparent, i.e., a latch output will change state each time its D input changes. When LE is LOW, the latches store the information that was present on the D inputs at setup time preceding the HIGH-to-LOW

transition of LE. The 3-STATE standard outputs are controlled by the Output Enable (\overline{OE}) input. When \overline{OE} is LOW, the standard outputs are in the 2-state mode. When \overline{OE} is HIGH, the standard outputs are in the high impedance mode but this does not interfere with entering new data into the latches.

Logic Diagram



Please note that this diagram is provided only for the understanding of logic operations and should not be used to estimate propagation delays.

Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

	-
Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	-0.5V to $+7.0V$
DC Input Diode Current (I _{IK})	
$V_{I} = -0.5V$	– 20 mA
$V_I = V_{CC} + 0.5V$	+ 20 mA
DC Input Voltage (V _I)	-0.5V to V _{CC} + 0.5V
DC Output Diode Current (I _{OK})	
$V_0 = -0.5V$	– 20 mA
$V_O = V_{CC} + 0.5V$	+ 20 mA
DC Output Voltage (V _O)	$-$ 0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5V
DC Output Source	
or Sink Current (I _O)	\pm 50 mA
DC V _{CC} or Ground Current	
per Output Pin (I _{CC} or I _{GND})	\pm 50 mA
Storage Temperature (T _{STG})	$-65^{\circ}C$ to $+150^{\circ}C$
DC Latchup Source	
or Sink Current	± 300 mA
Junction Temperature (T _J)	
PDIP	140°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	4.5V to 5.5V
Input Voltage (V _I)	0V to V_{CC}
Output Voltage (V _O)	0V to V_{CC}
Operating Temperature (T _A)	$-40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$
Minimum Input Edge Rate $\Delta V/\Delta t$	125 mV/ns
V _{IN} from 0.8V to 2.0V	
V _{CC} @ 4.5V, 5.5V	

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Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. The databook specifications should be met, without exception, to ensure that the system design is reliable over its power supply, temperature, and output/input loading variables. Fairchild does not recommend operation of FACT™ circuits outside databook specifications.

DC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	V _{cc}	T _A =	+25°C	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	Units	Conditions
Symbol	Minimum HIGH Level	(V)	Тур	Guaranteed Limits		Units	Conditions
VIH		4.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	V	V _{OUT} = 0.1V
	Input Voltage	5.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	v	or $V_{CC} - 0.1V$
V _{IL}	Maximum LOW Level	4.5	1.5	0.8	0.8	V	V _{OUT} = 0.1V
	Input Voltage	5.5	1.5	0.8	0.8	v	or $V_{CC} - 0.1V$
V _{OH}	Minimum HIGH Level	4.5	4.49	4.4	4.4	V	L 50 A
	Output Voltage	5.5	5.49	5.4	5.4	v	$I_{OUT} = -50 \ \mu A$
							$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$
		4.5		3.86	3.76	V	$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$
		5.5		4.86	4.76		I _{OH} = -24 mA (Note 2)
/ _{OL}	Maximum LOW Level	4.5	0.001	0.1	0.1	V	I _{OUT} = 50 μA
	Output Voltage	5.5	0.001	0.1	0.1	v	$I_{OUT} = 50 \mu A$
							$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$
		4.5		0.36	0.44	V	$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$
		5.5		0.36	0.44		I _{OL} = 24 mA (Note 2)
I _{IN}	Maximum Input	5.5		±0.1	±1.0	μA	$V_1 = V_{CC}$, GND
	Leakage Current	5.5		10.1	1.0	μΑ	
l _{oz}	Maximum 3-STATE	5.5		±0.25	±2.5	μA	$V_I = V_{IL}, V_{IH}$
	Leakage Current	5.5		10.25	±2.5	μΑ	$V_{O} = V_{CC}, GND$
I _{CCT}	Maximum	5.5	0.6		1.5	mA	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 2.1V$
	I _{CC} /Input	0.0	0.0		1.5	ШA	
OLD	Minimum Dynamic	5.5			75	mA	V _{OLD} = 1.65V Max
онр	Output Current (Note 3)	5.5			-75	mA	V _{OHD} = 3.85V Min
I _{CC}	Maximum Quiescent	5.5		4.0	40.0	μA	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$
	Supply Current	0.0		4.0	40.0	μΑ	or GND
V _{OLP}	Quiet Output	5.0	1.1	1.5		V	Figures 1, 2
	Maximum Dynamic V _{OL}	0.0		1.5		v	(Note 4)(Note 5)
V _{OLV}	Quiet Output	5.0	-0.6	-1.2		V	Figures 1, 2
	Minimum Dynamic V _{OL}	0.0	-0.0	-1.2		v	(Note 4)(Note 5)
V _{IHD}	Minimum HIGH Level	5.0	1.9	2.2		V	(Note 4)(Note 6)
	Dynamic Input Voltage	3.0	1.5	2.2		v	(14010 4)(14010 0)

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DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	V _{CC}	T _A = -	+25°C	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	Units	Conditions	
c)	Symbol Parameter		Тур	Guaranteed Limits		onito	Contaitions	
V _{ILD}	Maximum LOW Level Dynamic Input Voltage	5.0	1.2	0.8		V	(Note 4)(Note 6)	

Note 2: All outputs loaded; thresholds on input associated with output under test.

Note 3: Maximum test duration 2.0 ms, one output loaded at a time.

Note 4: DIP package.

Note 5: Max number of outputs defined as (n). Data inputs are driven 0V to 3V. One output @ GND.

Note 6: Max number of data inputs (n) switching. (n-1) inputs switching 0V to 3V Input-under-test switching: 3V to threshold (V_{ILD}), 0V to threshold (V_{IHD}), f = 1 MHz.

AC Electrical Characteristics

		V _{CC}		$T_A = + 25^{\circ}C$		$T_A = -40^{\circ}$	C to + 85°C	
Symbol	Symbol Parameter		C _L = 50 pF			$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$		Units
		(Note 7)	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Max	
t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay	5.0	2.0	6.0	8.0	2.0	8.5	ns
t _{PLH}	D _n to O _n	5.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	115
t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay	5.0	2.5	7.0	9.0	2.5	9.5	ns
t _{PLH}	LE to O _n	5.0	2.5	7.0	9.0	2.0	9.0	115
t _{PZL} , t _{PZH}	Output Enable Time	5.0	2.0	7.0	9.0	2.0	9.5	ns
t _{PHZ} , t _{PLZ}	Output Disable Time	5.0	1.0	8.0	10.0	1.0	10.5	ns
t _{OSHL}	Output to Output Skew	5.0		0.5	1.0		1.0	
t _{OSLH}	D _n to O _n (Note 8)	5.0		0.5	1.0		1.0	ns

Note 7: Voltage Range 5.0 is 5.0V \pm 0.5V.

Note 8: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t_{OSHL}) or LOW-to-HIGH (t_{OSLH}). Parameter guaranteed by design.

AC Operating Requirements

Symbol	ymbol Parameter		T _A = + C _L = +	⊦ 25°C 50 pF	$T_{A} = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$ $C_{L} = 50 \text{ pF}$	Units
		(Note 9)	Тур	G	uaranteed Minimum	Ī
t _S	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW	5.0	0	3.0	3.0	20
	D _n to LE	5.0	U	3.0	5.0	ns
t _H	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW	5.0	0	1.5	1.5	20
	D _n to LE	5.0	U	1.5	1.5	ns
t _W	LE Pulse Width, HIGH	5.0	2.0	4.0	4.0	ns

Note 9: Voltage Range 5.0 is $5.0V \pm 0.5V$.

Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Тур	Units	Conditions
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	4.5	pF	V _{CC} = OPEN
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	40	pF	$V_{CC} = 5.0V$

FACT Noise Characteristics

The setup of a noise characteristics measurement is critical to the accuracy and repeatability of the tests. The following is a brief description of the setup used to measure the noise characteristics of FACT.

Equipment:

Hewlett Packard Model 8180A Word Generator

PC-163A Test Fixture Tektronics Model 7854 Oscilloscope

Procedure:

- 1. Verify Test Fixture Loading: Standard Load 50 pF, 500 Ω .
- Deskew the HFS generator so that no two channels have greater than 150 ps skew between them. This requires that the oscilloscope be deskewed first. It is important to deskew the HFS generator channels before testing. This will ensure that the outputs switch simultaneously.
- Terminate all inputs and outputs to ensure proper loading of the outputs and that the input levels are at the correct voltage.
- Set the HFS generator to toggle all but one output at a frequency of 1 MHz. Greater frequencies will increase DUT heating and effect the results of the measurement.
- Set the HFS generator input levels at 0V LOW and 3V HIGH for ACT devices and 0V LOW and 5V HIGH for AC devices. Verify levels with a digital volt meter.



FIGURE 1. Quiet Output Noise Voltage Waveforms

Note 10: V_{OHV} and V_{OLP} are measured with respect to ground reference. Note 11: Input pulses have the following characteristics:

 $f = 1 \text{ MHz}, t_r = 3 \text{ ns}, t_f = 3 \text{ ns}, \text{ skew} < 150 \text{ ps}.$

$V_{\mbox{\scriptsize OLP}}/V_{\mbox{\scriptsize OLV}}$ and $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize OHP}}/V_{\mbox{\scriptsize OHV}}$:

- Determine the quiet output pin that demonstrates the greatest noise levels. The worst case pin will usually be the furthest from the ground pin. Monitor the output voltages using a 50 Ω coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- Measure V_{OLP} and V_{OLV} on the quiet output during the worst case transition for active and enable. Measure V_{OHP} and V_{OHV} on the quiet output during the worst case active and enable transition.
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.

 V_{ILD} and V_{IHD} :

- Monitor one of the switching outputs using a 50Ω coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- First increase the input LOW voltage level, V_{IL}, until the output begins to oscillate or steps out a min of 2 ns. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V_{IL} limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V_{IH} limits. The input LOW voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V_{ILD}.
- Next decrease the input HIGH voltage level on the V_{IH} until the output begins to oscillate or steps out a min of 2 ns. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V_{IL} limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V_{IH} limits. The input HIGH voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V_{IHD}.

Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.



FIGURE 2. Simultaneous Switching Test Circuit

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